



MODEL:
SPCIE-C2160

Full-Size PICMG 1.3 CPU Card Supports LGA1155 Intel® Xeon® E3/Core™ i3/Pentium®/Celeron® CPU, Intel® C216 Chipset, DDR3, VGA, DVI-D, Dual Intel® PCIe GbE, Two SATA 6Gb/s Ports, PCIe Mini, HD Audio and RoHS

User Manual

Revision

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November 16, 2015	1.02	Updated Section 1.7: Technical Specifications
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May 7, 2013	1.00	Initial release

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Manual Conventions



WARNING

Warnings appear where overlooked details may cause damage to the equipment or result in personal injury. Warnings should be taken seriously.



CAUTION

Cautionary messages should be heeded to help reduce the chance of losing data or damaging the product.



NOTE

These messages inform the reader of essential but non-critical information. These messages should be read carefully as any directions or instructions contained therein can help avoid making mistakes.



HOT SURFACE

This symbol indicates a hot surface that should not be touched without taking care.

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Chapter

1

Introduction

1.1 Introduction

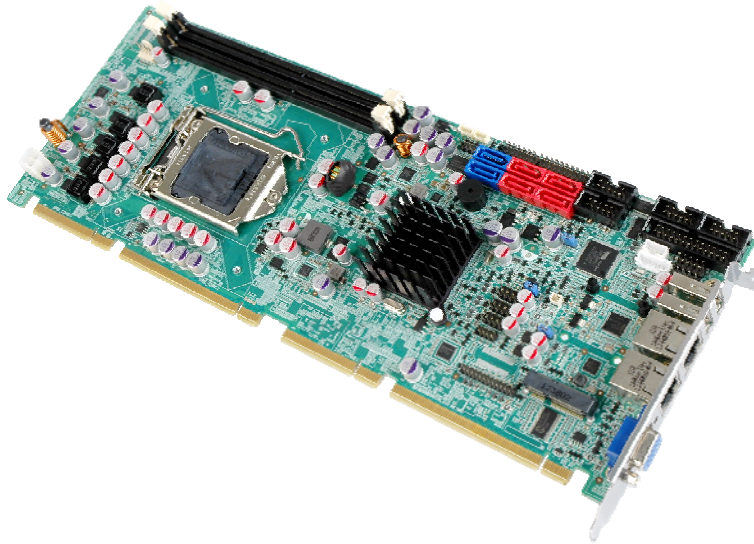


Figure 1-1: SPCIE-C2160

The SPCIE-C2160 is a PICMG 1.3 CPU card. It accepts a Socket LGA1155 Intel® Xeon® E3/Core™ i3/Pentium®/Celeron® processor and supports two 240-pin 1600/1333 MHz dual-channel DDR3 DIMM modules up to 16.0 GB.

The SPCIE-C2160 supports two GbE interfaces through the Intel® 82579 Ethernet PHY (with Intel® AMT 8.0 support) and the Intel® 82574L Ethernet controller.

The integrated Intel® C216 chipset supports two SATA 6Gb/s and four SATA 3Gb/s drives. Two USB 2.0 on the rear panel, six USB 2.0 by pin header and one PCIe Mini interface provide flexible expansion options. High Definition Audio (HDA) support ensures HDA devices can be easily implemented on the SPCIE-C2160.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

1.2 Model Variations

The model variations of the SPCIE-C2160 are listed below.

Model No.	CPU Supported	DVI-D by 26-pin header
SPCIE-C2160-DVI-R10	LGA1155 Intel® Xeon® E3/ Core™ i3/Pentium®/Celeron®	Yes
SPCIE-C2160-R10	LGA1155 Intel® Xeon® E3/ Core™ i3/Pentium®/Celeron®	No

Table 1-1: SPCIE-C2160 Model Variations

1.3 Features

Some of the SPCIE-C2160 motherboard features are listed below:

- PICMG 1.3 full-size graphics grade solution
- LGA1155 CPU socket
- Intel® C216 chipset
- Dual-channel DDR3 DIMMs support up to 16.0 GB
- Dual independent display by VGA and DVI-D (DVI model only)
- One PCIe Mini expansion slot
- Two Intel® PCIe Gigabit Ethernet connectors (LAN2 with Intel® AMT 8.0 support)
- Two SATA 6Gb/s connectors with RAID function
- Four SATA 3Gb/s connectors with RAID function
- TPM V1.2 hardware security function supported by the TPM module
- High Definition Audio
- RoHS compliant

1.4 Connectors

The connectors on the SPCIE-C2160 are shown in the figure below.

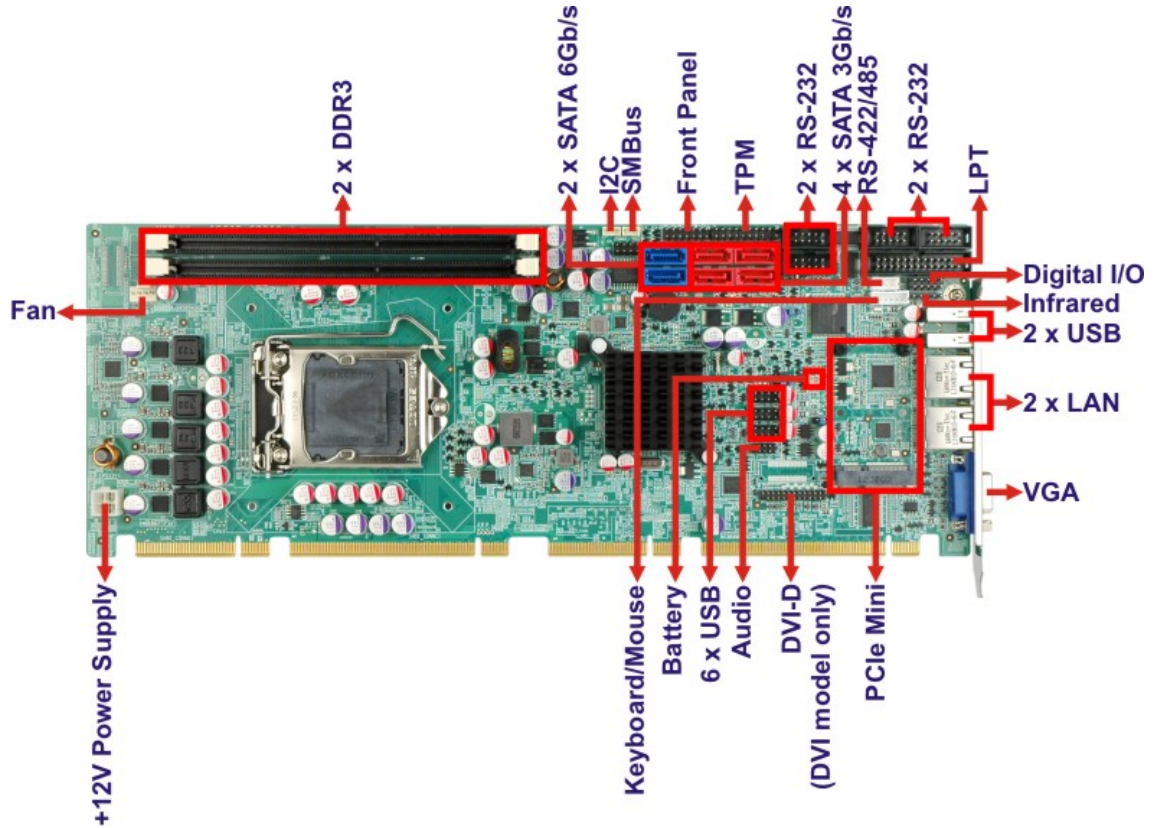


Figure 1-2: Connectors

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

1.5 Dimensions

The main dimensions of the SPCIE-C2160 are shown in the diagram below.

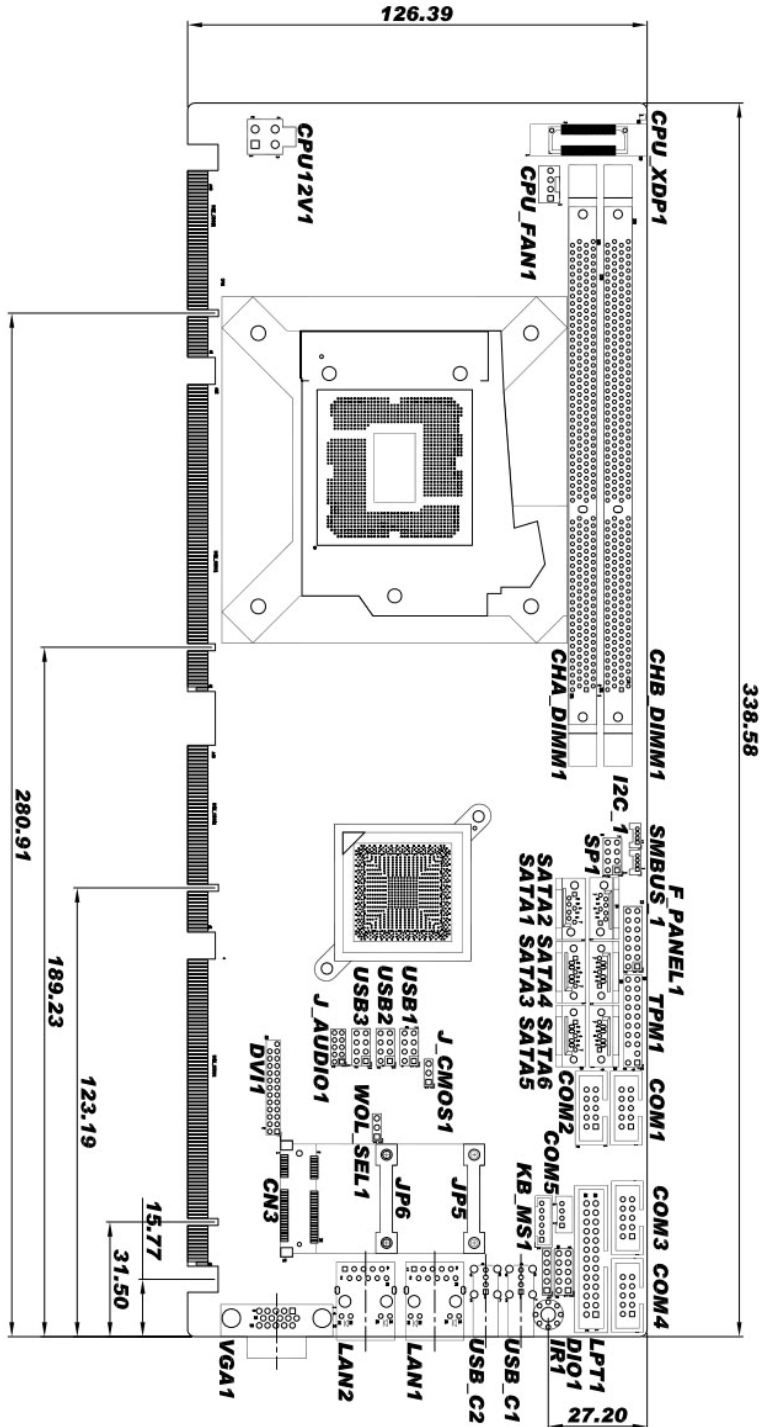


Figure 1-3: SPCIE-C2160 Dimensions (mm)

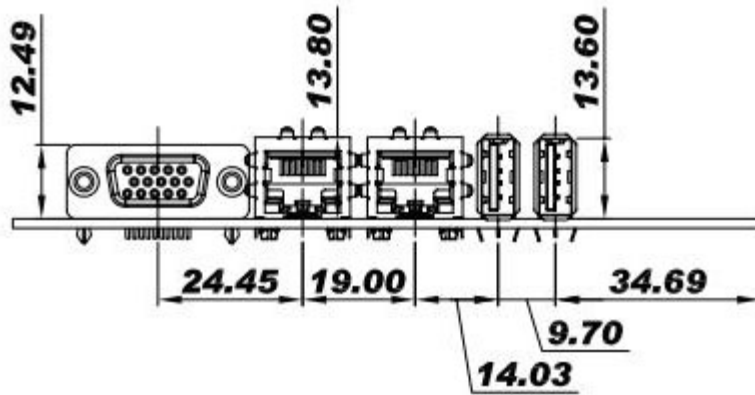


Figure 1-4: External Interface Panel Dimensions (mm)

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

1.6 Data Flow

Figure 1-5 shows the data flow between the system chipset, the CPU and other components installed on the motherboard.

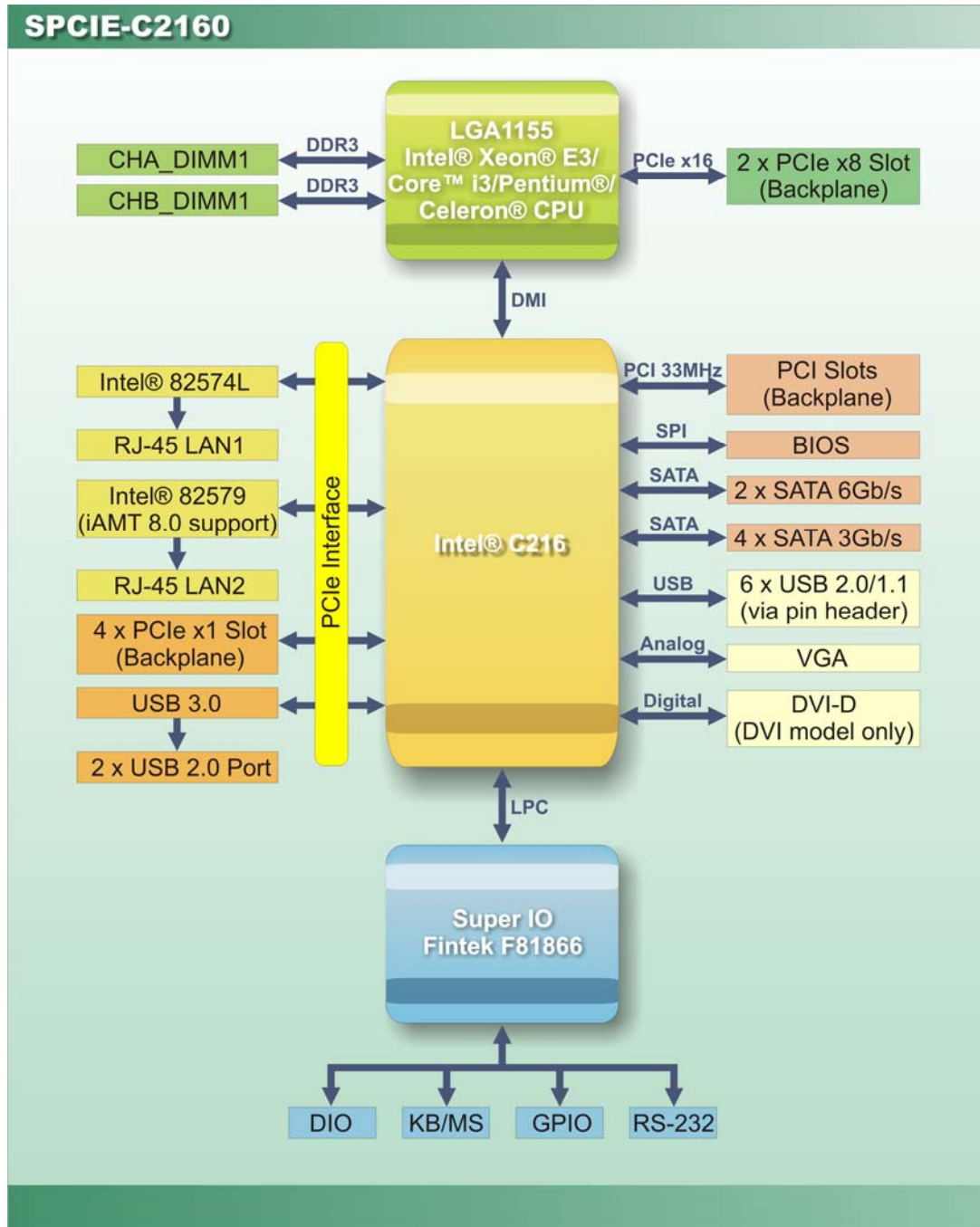


Figure 1-5: Data Flow Diagram

1.7 Technical Specifications

The SPCIE-C2160 technical specifications are listed below.

Specification/Model	SPCIE-C2160
Form Factor	PICMG 1.3
CPU Supported	LGA1155 Intel® Xeon® E3/Core™ i3/Pentium®/Celeron® CPU
Chipset	Intel® C216
Memory	Two 240-pin 1600/1333 MHz dual-channel ECC/non-ECC unbuffered DDR3 SDRAM DIMMs support (system max. 16.0 GB)
Graphics Engine	Intel® HD Graphics Gen 7 supports DirectX 11 and OpenCL 1.1 Full MPEG2, VC1, AVC Decode
Audio	Supports IEI AC-KIT-892HD-R10 audio kit
BIOS	UEFI BIOS B285ARxx supports one PCIe x4 slot (default) B285APxx supports four PCIe x1 slots
Ethernet Controllers	Intel® 82574L PCIe Ethernet controller (LAN1) Intel® 82579 PHY with Intel® AMT 8.0 support (LAN2)
Super I/O Controller	Fintek F81866
Watchdog Timer	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. system reset
Expansions	One PCIe Mini slot (with USB 2.0/1.1 signal) 4 x PCI link via golden finger 16-lane PCIe link from CPU via golden finger: Support either one PCIe x16 slot, two PCIe x8 slots or two PCIe x4 plus one PCIe x8 slots on the backplane (selected by BIOS) 4-lane PCIe link from PCH via golden finger: Support either one PCIe x4 slot or four PCIe x1 slots on the backplane For installing PCIe x1 devices on the backplane, the user must update BIOS to the version which supports four PCIe x1 slots

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

I/O Interface Connectors	
Audio Connector	One internal audio connector (10-pin header)
Digital I/O	8-bit digital I/O
Display Output	One VGA One DVI-D (via 26-pin header to IO-KIT-001-R20 DVI-D/USB module) (DVI model only)
Ethernet	Two RJ-45 GbE ports
Fan	One 4-pin wafer connector
Front Panel	One 14-pin header (power LED, HDD LED, speaker, power button, reset button)
I2C	One 4-pin wafer connector
Infrared	One via 5-pin header
Keyboard/Mouse	One 6-pin wafer connector
Parallel Port	One parallel port via internal 26-pin box header
Serial ATA	Four SATA 3Gb/s connectors (support RAID 0, 1, 5, 10) Two SATA 6Gb/s connectors (support RAID 0, 1, 5, 10)
Serial Ports	Four RS-232 via internal box headers One RS-422/485 via internal 4-pin wafer connector
SMBus	One 4-pin wafer connector
TPM	One via 20-pin header
USB Ports	Two external USB 2.0 ports on rear IO Six internal USB 2.0 ports by three pin headers
Environmental and Power Specifications	
Power Supply	AT/ATX power supported
Power Consumption	5V@3.98A , 12V@0.38A, Vcore_12V@7.81A, 3.3V@1.61A, 5VSB@0.15A (3.4 GHz Intel® Xeon® E3 CPU with two 2GB 1333 MHz DDR3 memory)
Operating Temperature	-10°C ~ 60°C

Storage Temperature	-20°C ~ 70°C
Humidity	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)
Physical Specifications	
Dimensions	338 mm x 126 mm
Weight (GW/NW)	1200 g / 420 g

Table 1-2: SPCIE-C2160 Specifications

Chapter

2

Packing List

2.1 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING!

Static electricity can destroy certain electronics. Make sure to follow the ESD precautions to prevent damage to the product, and injury to the user.

Make sure to adhere to the following guidelines:

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** Wearing an anti-static wristband can prevent electrostatic discharge.
- **Self-grounding:** Touch a grounded conductor every few minutes to discharge any excess static buildup.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring any circuit board, place it on an anti-static mat.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:** Don't touch the surface of the motherboard. Hold the motherboard by the edges when handling.

2.2 Unpacking Precautions

When the SPCIE-C2160 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the anti-static guidelines above.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards when opening.
- Make sure all the packing list items are present.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card






2.3 Packing List



NOTE:

If any of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor the SPCIE-C2160 was purchased from or contact an IEI sales representative directly by sending an email to sales@ieiworld.com.

The SPCIE-C2160 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	SPCIE-C2160 CPU card	
4	SATA cable (P/N: 32000-062800-RS)	
1	Dual RS-232 cable (P/N: 19800-000051-RS)	
1	Dual-port USB cable with bracket (P/N: 19800-003100-300-RS)	
1	Mini jumper pack	









Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	DVI-D/USB kit (DVI model only) (P/N: IO-KIT-001-R20)	
1	One Key Recovery CD	
1	Utility CD	
1	Quick Installation Guide	

Table 2-1: Packing List

2.4 Optional Items

The following are optional components which may be separately purchased:

Item and Part Number	Image
RS-422/485 cable, 200 mm (P/N: 32205-003800-300-RS)	
KB/MS cable with bracket (P/N: 19800-000075-RS)	
SATA to IDE/CF converter board (P/N: SAIDE-KIT01-R10)	
SATA power cable (P/N: 32102-000100-200-RS)	

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Item and Part Number	Image
LPT cable (P/N: 19800-000049-RS)	
7.1-channel HD audio kit with Realtek ALC892 audio codec supporting dual audio stream (P/N: AC-KIT-892HD-R10)	
LGA1155/LGA1156 cooler kit (1U chassis compatible, 73W) (P/N: CF-1156A-RS-R11)	
LGA1155/LGA1156 cooler kit (1U chassis compatible, 45W) (P/N: CF-1156C-RS)	
LGA1155/LGA1156 cooler kit (1U chassis compatible, 65W) (P/N: CF-1156D-RS)	
LGA1155/LGA1156 cooler kit (95W) (P/N: CF-1156E-R11)	

Table 2-2: Optional Items

Chapter

3

Connectors

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

3.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

This chapter details all the jumpers and connectors.

3.1.1 SPCIE-C2160 Layout

The figures below show all the connectors and jumpers.

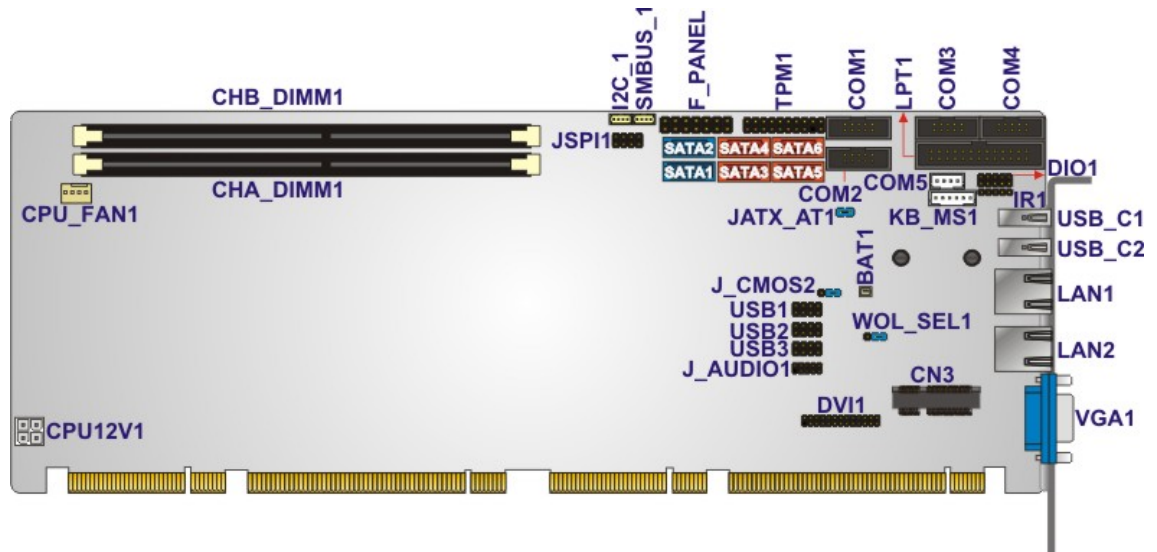


Figure 3-1: Connectors and Jumpers

3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors

The table below lists all the connectors on the board.

Connector	Type	Label
+12V ATX power supply connector	4-pin Molex power connector	CPU12V1
Audio kit connector	10-pin header	J_AUDIO1
Battery connector	2-pin wafer	BT2
DDR3 DIMM sockets	240-pin socket	CHA_DIMM1 CHB_DIMM1
Digital I/O connector	10-pin header	DIO1
DVI-D connector (DVI model only)	26-pin header	DVI1

Connector	Type	Label
Fan connector (CPU)	4-pin wafer	CPU_FAN1
Front panel connector	14-pin header	F_PANEL1
I2C connector	4-pin wafer	I2C_1
Infrared connector	5-pin header	IR1
Keyboard and mouse connector	6-pin wafer	KB_MS1
Parallel port connector	26-pin box header	LPT1
PCIe Mini slot	PCIe Mini	CN3
SATA 3Gb/s drive connector	7-pin SATA connector	SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6
SATA 6Gb/s drive connector	7-pin SATA connector	SATA1, SATA2
Serial port, RS-422/485	4-pin wafer	COM5
Serial port, RS-232	10-pin box header	COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4
SMBus connector	4-pin wafer	SMBUS_1
SPI ROM connector	8-pin header	JSPI1
TPM connector	20-pin header	TPM1
USB connectors	8-pin header	USB1, USB2, USB3

Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors

3.1.3 External Interface Panel Connectors

The table below lists the connectors on the external I/O panel.

Connector	Type	Label
Ethernet connector	RJ-45	LAN1
Ethernet connector	RJ-45	LAN2
USB port	USB	USB_C1
USB port	USB	USB_C2

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Connector	Type	Label
VGA connector	15-pin female	VGA1

Table 3-2: Rear Panel Connectors

3.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

The section describes all of the connectors on the SPCIE-C2160.

3.2.1 12V Power Connector

- CN Label:** CPU12V1
- CN Type:** 4-pin Molex power connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-2**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-3**

The connector supports the 12V power supply.

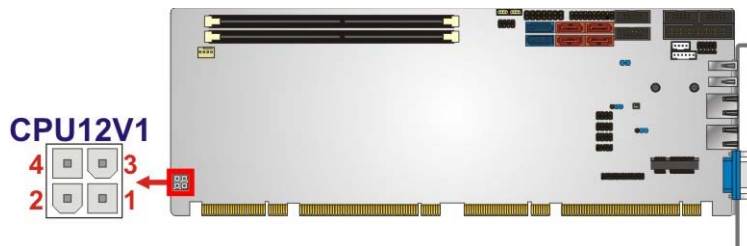


Figure 3-2: ATX Power Connector Pinout Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	GND
3	+12V	4	+12V

Table 3-3: ATX Power Connector Pinouts

3.2.2 Audio Kit Connector

- CN Label:** J_AUDIO1
- CN Type:** 10-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-3**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-4**

This connector connects to an external audio kit.

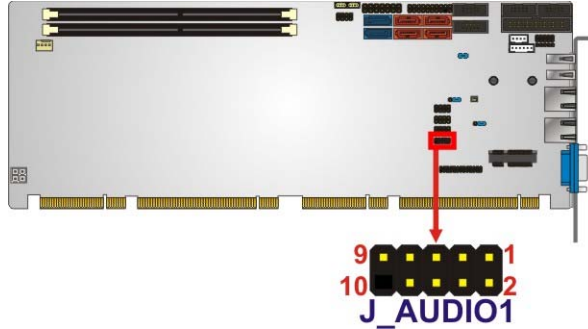


Figure 3-3: Audio Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	ACZ_SYNC	2	ACZ_BITCLK
3	ACZ_SDOUT	4	ACZ_PCBEEP
5	ACZ_SDIN	6	ACZ_RST#
7	ACZ_VCC	8	ACZ_GND
9	ACZ_12V	10	ACZ_GND

Table 3-4: Audio Connector Pinouts

3.2.3 Battery Connector



CAUTION:

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Only certified engineers should replace the on-board battery.

Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

CN Label: BAT1
CN Type: 2-pin wafer
CN Location: See **Figure 3-4**

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-5**

This is connected to the system battery. The battery provides power to the system clock to retain the time when power is turned off.

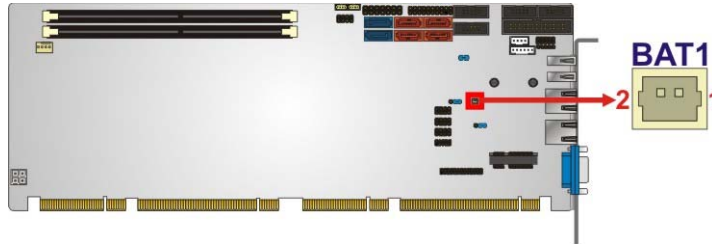


Figure 3-4: Battery Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	GND
2	Battery+

Table 3-5: Battery Connector (BT2) Pinouts

3.2.4 DDR3 DIMM Slots

CN Label: CHA_DIMM1, CHB_DIMM1

CN Type: DDR3 DIMM slot

CN Location: See **Figure 3-5**

The DIMM slots are for DDR3 DIMM memory modules.

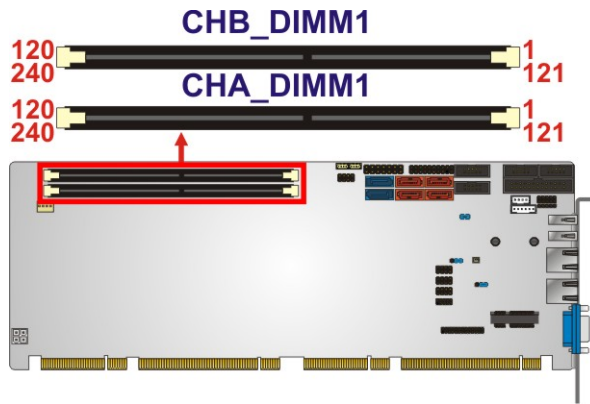


Figure 3-5: DDR3 DIMM Slot Locations

3.2.5 Digital I/O Connector

- CN Label:** DIO1
- CN Type:** 10-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-6**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-6**

The digital I/O connector provides programmable input and output for external devices. The digital I/O provides 4-bit output and 4-bit input.

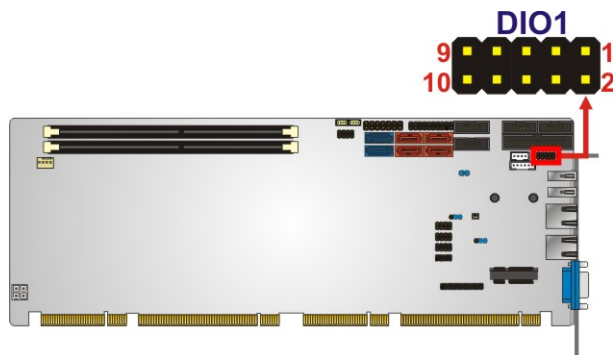


Figure 3-6: Digital I/O Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	2	VCC
3	Output 3	4	Output 2
5	Output 1	6	Output 0

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PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
7	Input 3	8	Input 2
9	Input 1	10	Input 0

Table 3-6: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts

3.2.6 DVI-D Connector (DVI Model Only)

- CN Label:** DVI1
- CN Type:** 26-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-7**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-7**

The DVI-D connector connects to a monitor that supports DVI video input via the DVI-D/USB kit.

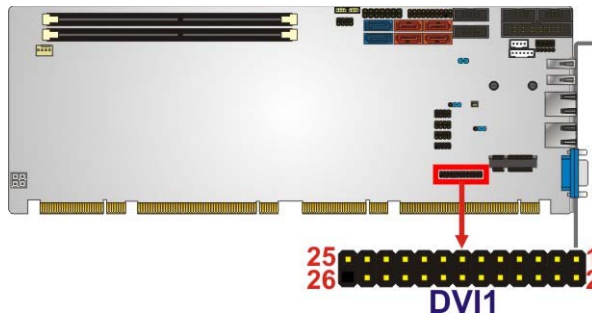


Figure 3-7: DVI-D Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Data 2-	2	Data 2+
3	GND	4	NC
5	NC	6	DDC Clock
7	DDC Data	8	NC
9	Data 1-	10	Data 1+
11	GND	12	NC
13	NC	14	VCC
15	GND	16	Hot Plug Detect
17	Data 0-	18	Data 0+

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
19	GND	20	NC
21	NC	22	GND
23	Clock +	24	Clock -
25	GND	26	NC

Table 3-7: DVI-D Connector Pinouts

3.2.7 Fan Connector (CPU)

- CN Label:** CPU_FAN1
- CN Type:** 4-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-8**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-8**

The fan connector attaches to a CPU cooling fan.

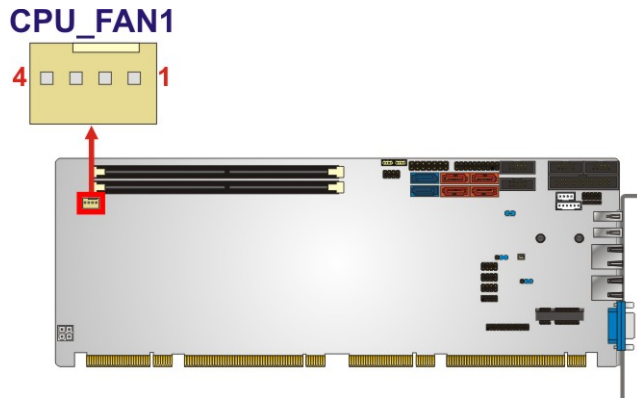


Figure 3-8: CPU Fan Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	+12 V
3	Rotation Signal
4	PWM Control Signal

Table 3-8: CPU Fan Connector Pinouts

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

3.2.8 Front Panel Connector

- CN Label:** F_PANEL1
- CN Type:** 14-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-9**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-9**

The front panel connector connects to the indicator LEDs and buttons on the computer's front panel.

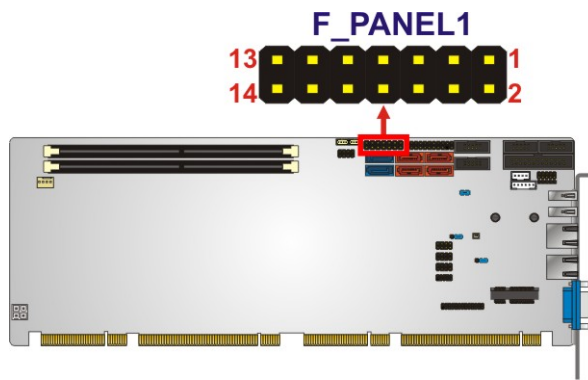


Figure 3-9: Front Panel Connector Location

FUNCTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION	FUNCTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
Power LED	1	+5V	Speaker	2	+5V
	3	N/C		4	N/C
	5	GROUND		6	N/C
Power Button	7	PWR_BTN+	Reset	8	Speaker
	9	PWR_BTN-		10	N/C
HDD LED	11	+5V		12	RESET-
	13	HDD_LED-		14	GROUND

Table 3-9: Front Panel Connector Pinouts

3.2.9 I2C Connector

- CN Label:** I2C_1
- CN Type:** 4-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-10**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-10**

The I2C connector is for system debug.

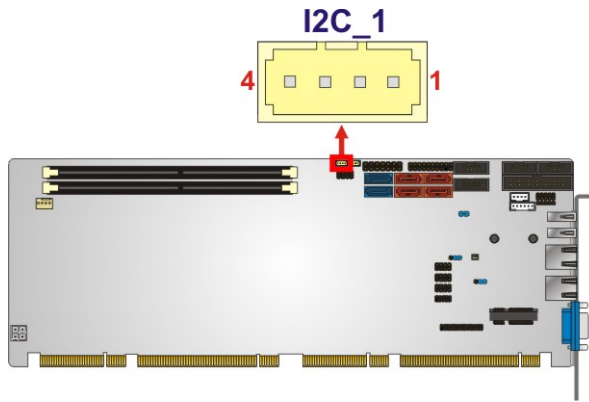


Figure 3-10: I2C Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	GND
2	PCH_GP38_PU
3	PCH_GP39_PU
4	+5VS

Table 3-10: I2C Connector Pinouts

3.2.10 Infrared Interface Connector

- CN Label:** IR1
- CN Type:** 5-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-11**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-11**

The infrared connector attaches to an infrared receiver for use with remote controls.

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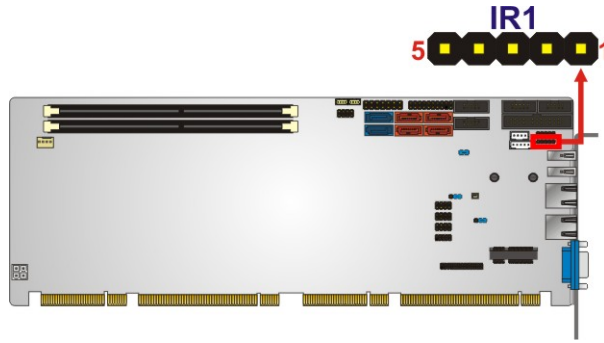


Figure 3-11: Infrared Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	VCC
2	NC
3	IR-RX
4	GND
5	IR-TX

Table 3-11: Infrared Connector Pinouts

3.2.11 Keyboard/Mouse Connector

CN Label: KB_MS1

CN Type: 6-pin wafer

CN Location: See **Figure 3-12**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-12**

The keyboard/mouse connector connects to a PS/2 Y-cable that can be connected to a PS/2 keyboard and mouse.

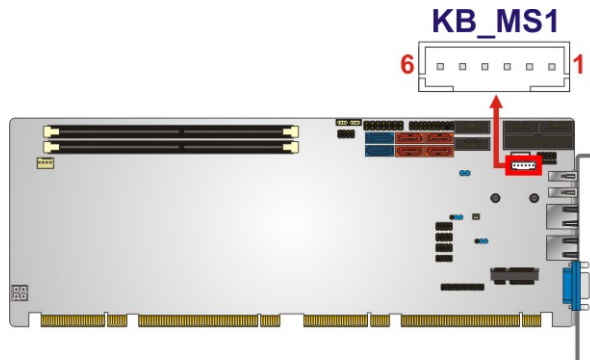


Figure 3-12: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	+5 VCC
2	Mouse Data
3	Mouse Clock
4	Keyboard Data
5	Keyboard Clock
6	GROUND

Table 3-12: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Pinouts

3.2.12 Parallel Port Connector

- CN Label:** LPT1
- CN Type:** 26-pin box header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-13**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-13**

The parallel port connector connects to a parallel port connector interface or some other parallel port device such as a printer.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

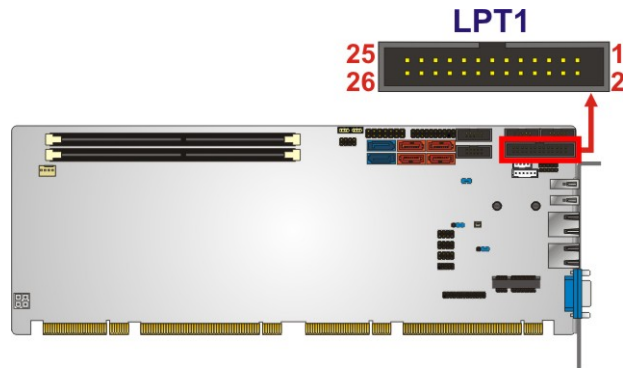


Figure 3-13: Parallel Port Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	STROBE#	2	DATA0
3	DATA1	4	DATA2
5	DATA3	6	DATA4
7	DATA5	8	DATA6
9	DATA7	10	ACKNOWLEDGE#
11	BUSY	12	PAPER EMPTY
13	PRINTER SELECT	14	AUTO FORM FEED #
15	ERROR#	16	INITIALIZE#
17	PRINTER SELECT LN#	18	GND
19	GND	20	GND
21	GND	22	GND
23	GND	24	GND
25	GND		

Table 3-13: Parallel Port Connector Pinouts

3.2.13 PCIe Mini Card Slot

- CN Label:** CN3
- CN Type:** PCIe Mini card slot
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-14**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-14**

The PCIe Mini card slot is for installing a PCIe Mini expansion card.

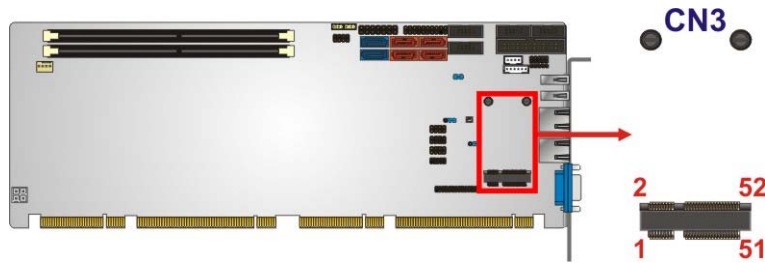


Figure 3-14: PCIe Mini Card Slot Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	PCIE_WAKE#	2	VCC3
3	NC	4	GND
5	NC	6	1.5V
7	CLKREQ#	8	LFRAME#
9	GND	10	LAD3
11	CLK-	12	LAD2
13	CLK+	14	LAD1
15	GND	16	LAD0
17	PCIRST#	18	GND
19	LPC	20	VCC3
21	GND	22	PCIRST#
23	PERN2	24	3VDual
25	PERP2	26	GND
27	GND	28	1.5V
29	GND	30	SMBCLK
31	PETN2	32	SMBDATA
33	PETP2	34	GND
35	GND	36	USB-
37	NC	38	USB+
39	NC	40	GND
41	NC	42	NC
43	NC	44	RF_LINK#
45	NC	46	BLUELED#

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Pin	Description	Pin	Description
47	NC	48	1.5V
49	NC	50	GND
51	NC	52	VCC3

Table 3-14: PCIe Mini Card Slot Pinouts

3.2.14 SATA 3Gb/s Drive Connector

CN Label: SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6

CN Type: 7-pin SATA drive connector

CN Location: See Figure 3-15

CN Pinouts: See Table 3-15

The SATA drive connectors can be connected to SATA drives and support up to 3Gb/s data transfer rate.

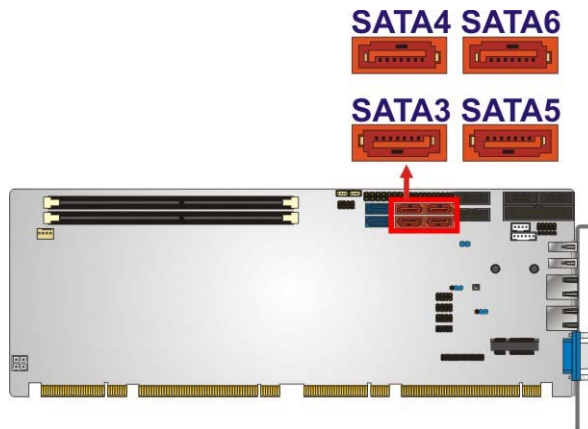


Figure 3-15: SATA 3Gb/s Drive Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	TX+
3	TX-	4	GND
5	RX-	6	RX+
7	GND		

Table 3-15: SATA 3Gb/s Drive Connector Pinouts

3.2.15 SATA 6Gb/s Drive Connector

- CN Label:** SATA1, SATA2
- CN Type:** 7-pin SATA drive connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-16**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-16**

The SATA drive connectors can be connected to SATA drives and support up to 6Gb/s data transfer rate.

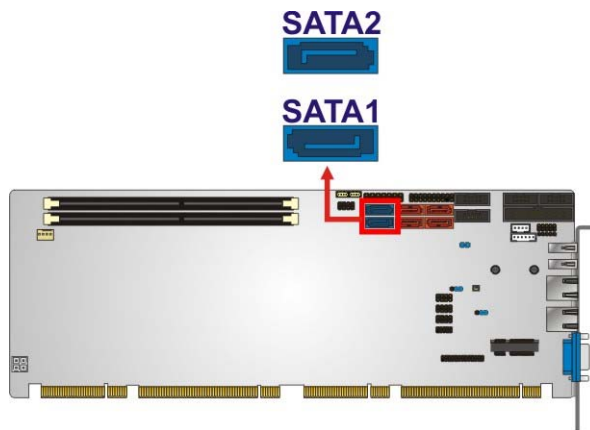


Figure 3-16: SATA 6Gb/s Drive Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	TX+
3	TX-	4	GND
5	RX-	6	RX+
7	GND		

Table 3-16: SATA 6Gb/s Drive Connector Pinouts

3.2.16 Serial Port Connectors, RS-232

- CN Label:** COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4
- CN Type:** 10-pin box header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-17**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-17**

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Each of these connectors provides RS-232 connections.

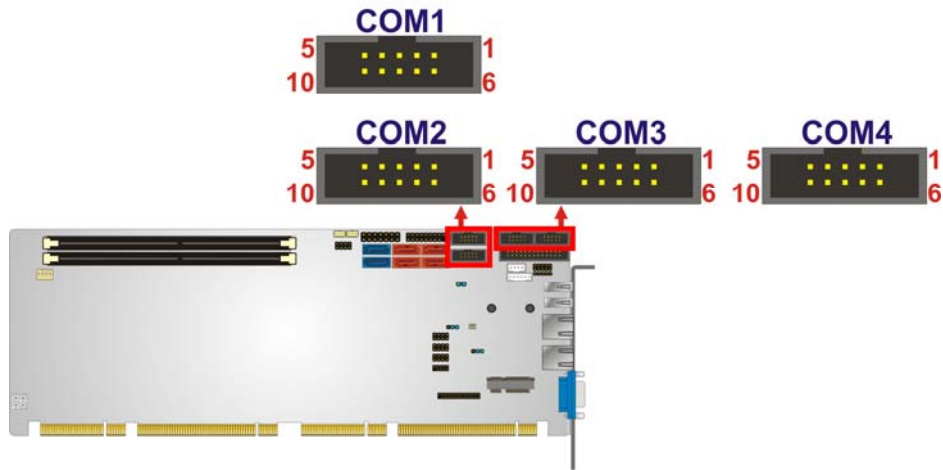


Figure 3-17: Serial Port Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Data Carrier Direct (DCD)	2	Receive Data (RXD)
3	Transmit Data (TXD)	4	Data Terminal Ready (DTR)
5	Ground (GND)	6	Data Set Ready (DSR)
7	Request To Send (RTS)	8	Clear To Send (CTS)
9	Ring Indicator (RI)	10	N/C

Table 3-17: Serial Port Connector Pinouts

3.2.17 Serial Port Connector, RS-422/485

- CN Label:** COM5
- CN Type:** 4-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-18**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-18**

This connector provides RS-422 or RS-485 communications.

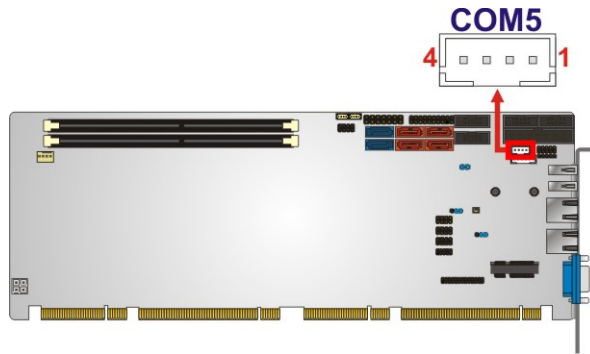


Figure 3-18: RS-422/485 Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	RXD422-	3	TXD422+/TXD485+
2	RXD422+	4	TXD422-/TXD485-

Table 3-18: RS-422/485 Connector Pinouts

Use the optional RS-422/485 cable to connect to a serial device. The pinouts of the DB-9 connector are listed below.

RS-422 Pinouts	RS-485 Pinouts

Table 3-19: DB-9 RS-422/485 Pinouts

3.2.18 SMBus Connector

- CN Label:** SMBUS_1
- CN Type:** 4-pin wafer
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-20**

The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector provides low-speed system management communications.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

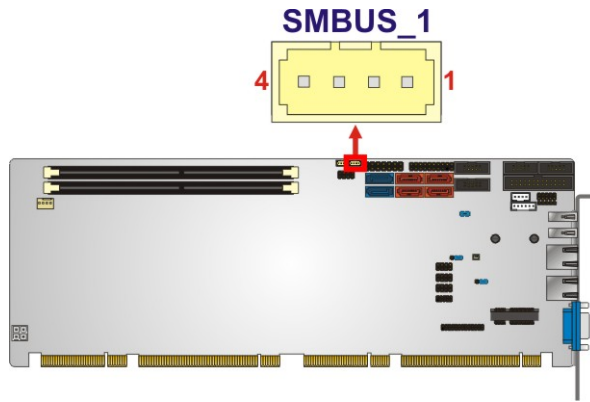


Figure 3-19: SMBus Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	GND
2	SMB_DATA
3	SMB_CLK
4	+V5S

Table 3-20: SMBus Connector Pinouts

3.2.19 SPI ROM Connector

- CN Label:** JSPI1
- CN Type:** 8-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-20**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-21**

The SPI connector is used to flash the BIOS.

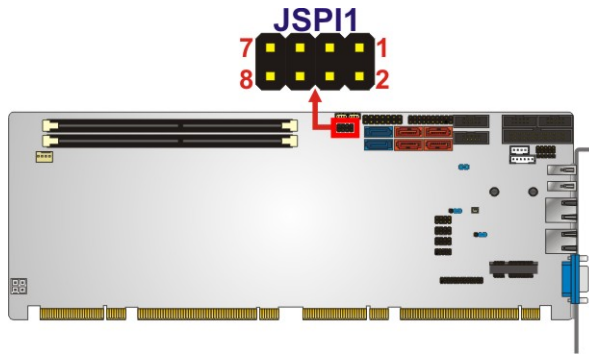


Figure 3-20: SPI Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+3.3V	2	GND
3	SPI_CS0	4	SPI_CLK
5	SPI_S00	6	SPI_SI
7	NC	8	NC

Table 3-21: SPI Connector Pinouts

3.2.20 TPM Connector

- CN Label:** TPM1
- CN Type:** 20-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-21**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-22**

The TPM connector connects to a TPM module.

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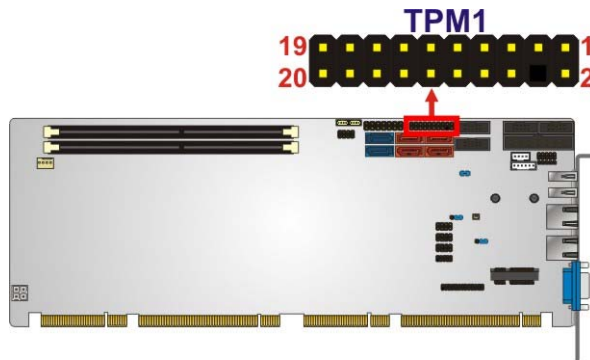


Figure 3-21: TPM Connector Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	CLK	2	GND
3	ERAME#	4	NC
5	RESRT#	6	+5V
7	AD3	8	AD2
9	+3V	10	AD1
11	AD0	12	GND
13	SMB_CLK	14	SMB_DATA
15	SB3V	16	SERIRO
17	GND	18	CLKRUN#
19	PM_SUS_STAT#	20	DRQ#

Table 3-22: TPM Connector Pinouts

3.2.21 USB Connectors

CN Label: USB1, USB2, USB3

CN Type: 8-pin header

CN Location: See **Figure 3-22**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-23**

The USB connectors connect to USB devices. Each pin header provides two USB ports.

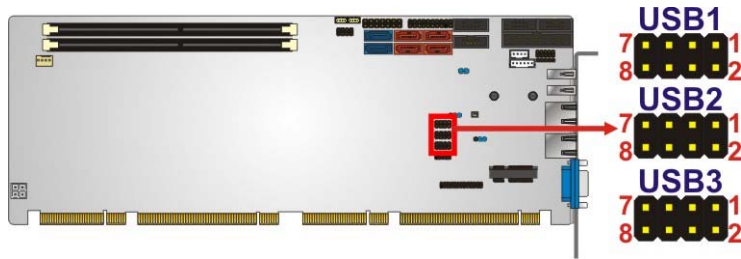


Figure 3-22: USB Connector Pinout Locations

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC	2	GND
3	DATA-	4	DATA+
5	DATA+	6	DATA-
7	GND	8	VCC

Table 3-23: USB Port Connector Pinouts

3.3 External Peripheral Interface Connector Panel

The figure below shows the external peripheral interface connector (EPIC) panel. The EPIC panel consists of the following:

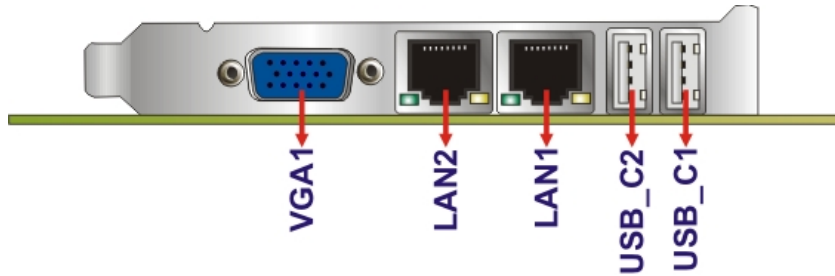


Figure 3-23: External Peripheral Interface Connector

3.3.1 Ethernet Connectors

- CN Label:** LAN1 and LAN2
- CN Type:** RJ-45
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-23**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Figure 3-24** and **Table 3-24**

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The SPCIE-C2160 is equipped with two built-in RJ-45 Ethernet controllers. Each controller can connect to the LAN through one RJ-45 LAN connector.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	MDIA3-	5	MDIA2+
2	MDIA3+	6	MDIA1+
3	MDIA1-	7	MDIA0-
4	MDIA2-	8	MDIA0+

Table 3-24: LAN Pinouts

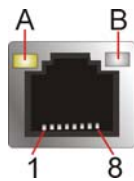


Figure 3-24: Ethernet Connector

LED	Description	LED	Description
A	on: linked blinking: data is being sent/received	B	off: 10 Mb/s green: 100 Mb/s orange: 1000 Mb/s

Table 3-25: Connector LEDs

3.3.2 USB Connectors

CN Label: USB_C1 and USB_C2

CN Type: USB port

CN Location: See **Figure 3-23**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-26**

The SPCIE-C2160 has two external USB 2.0 ports. The ports connect to both USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 devices.

Pin	Description
1	VCC
2	DATA-

Pin	Description
3	DATA+
4	GROUND

Table 3-26: USB Port Pinouts

3.3.3 VGA Connector

- CN Label:** VGA1
- CN Type:** 15-pin Female
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-23**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Figure 3-25** and **Table 3-27**

The VGA connector connects to a monitor that accepts a standard VGA input.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	RED	2	GREEN
3	BLUE	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	VGAVCC	10	GND
11	NC	12	DCCDAT
13	HSYNC	14	VSYNC
15	DDCCLK		

Table 3-27: VGA Connector Pinouts

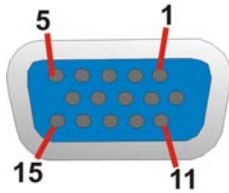


Figure 3-25: VGA Connector

Chapter

4

Installation

4.1 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the SPCIE-C2160 may result in permanent damage to the SPCIE-C2160 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the SPCIE-C2160. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the SPCIE-C2160 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- **Wear an anti-static wristband:** - Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- **Self-grounding:**- Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- **Use an anti-static pad:** When configuring the SPCIE-C2160, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the SPCIE-C2160.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB:-:** When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

4.2 Installation Considerations



NOTE:

The following installation notices and installation considerations should be read and understood before installation. All installation notices must be strictly adhered to. Failing to adhere to these precautions may lead to severe damage and injury to the person performing the installation.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card



WARNING:

The installation instructions described in this manual should be carefully followed in order to prevent damage to the components and injury to the user.

Before and during the installation please **DO** the following:

- Read the user manual:
 - The user manual provides a complete description of the SPCIE-C2160 installation instructions and configuration options.
- Wear an electrostatic discharge cuff (ESD):
 - Electronic components are easily damaged by ESD. Wearing an ESD cuff removes ESD from the body and helps prevent ESD damage.
- Place the SPCIE-C2160 on an anti-static pad:
 - When installing or configuring the motherboard, place it on an anti-static pad. This helps to prevent potential ESD damage.
- Turn all power to the SPCIE-C2160 off:
 - When working with the SPCIE-C2160, make sure that it is disconnected from all power supplies and that no electricity is being fed into the system.

Before and during the installation of the SPCIE-C2160 **DO NOT:**

- Remove any of the stickers on the PCB board. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Use the product before verifying all the cables and power connectors are properly connected.
- Allow screws to come in contact with the PCB circuit, connector pins, or its components.

4.2.1 Socket LGA1155 CPU Installation

**WARNING:**

CPUs are expensive and sensitive components. When installing the CPU please be careful not to damage it in anyway. Make sure the CPU is installed properly and ensure the correct cooling kit is properly installed.

DO NOT touch the pins at the bottom of the CPU. When handling the CPU, only hold it on the sides.

To install the CPU, follow the steps below.

Step 1: Disengage the load lever by pressing the lever down and slightly outward to clear the retention tab. Fully open the lever. See **Figure 4-1**.

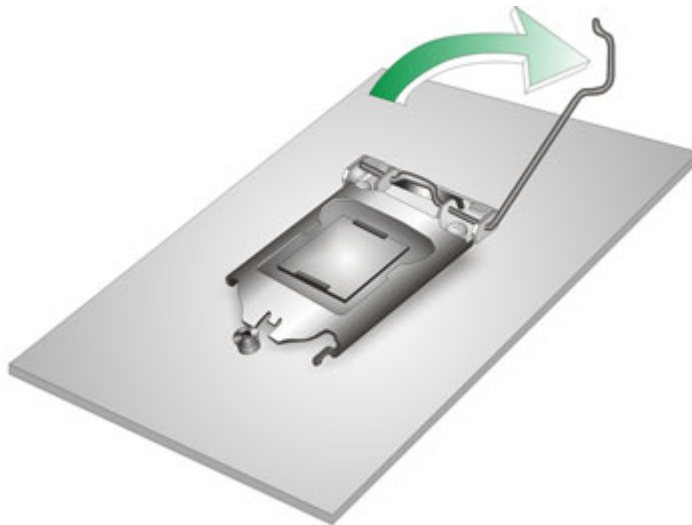


Figure 4-1: Disengage the CPU Socket Load Lever

Step 2: Open the socket and remove the protective cover. The black protective cover can be removed by pulling up on the tab labeled "Remove". See **Figure 4-2**.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

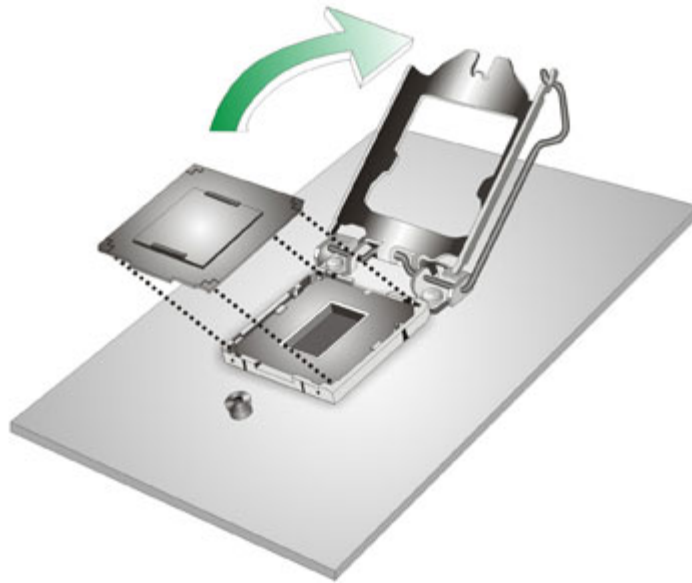


Figure 4-2: Remove Protective Cover

- Step 3: Inspect the CPU socket.** Make sure there are no bent pins and make sure the socket contacts are free of foreign material. If any debris is found, remove it with compressed air.
- Step 4: Orientate the CPU properly.** The contact array should be facing the CPU socket.
- Step 5: Correctly position the CPU.** Match the Pin 1 mark with the cut edge on the CPU socket.
- Step 6: Align the CPU pins.** Locate pin 1 and the two orientation notches on the CPU. Carefully match the two orientation notches on the CPU with the socket alignment keys.
- Step 7: Insert the CPU.** Gently insert the CPU into the socket. If the CPU pins are properly aligned, the CPU should slide into the CPU socket smoothly. See **Figure 4-3**.

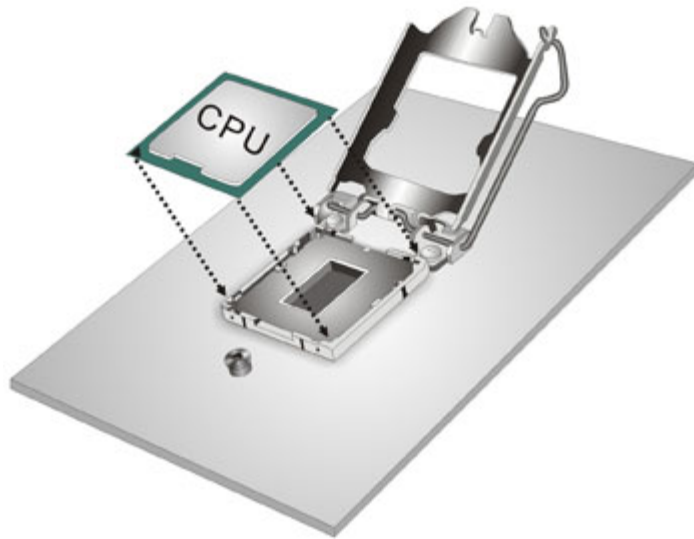


Figure 4-3: Insert the Socket LGA1155 CPU

Step 8: Close the CPU socket. Close the load plate and pull the load lever back a little to have the load plate be able to secure to the knob. Engage the load lever by pushing it back to its original position (**Figure 4-4**). There will be some resistance, but will not require extreme pressure.

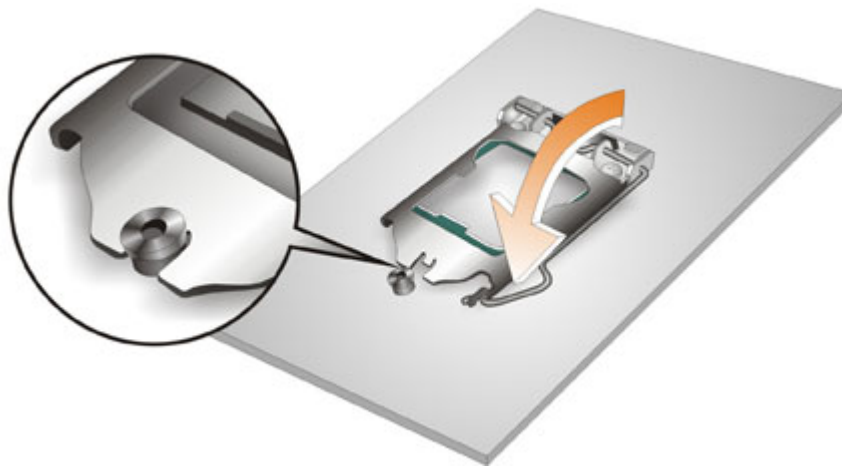


Figure 4-4: Close the Socket LGA1155

Step 9: Connect the 12 V power to the board. Connect the 12 V power from the power supply to the board.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

4.2.2 Socket LGA1155 Cooling Kit Installation

The cooling kit can be bought from IEI. The cooling kit has a heatsink and fan.



WARNING:

Do not wipe off (accidentally or otherwise) the pre-sprayed layer of thermal paste on the bottom of the heat sink. The thermal paste between the CPU and the heat sink is important for optimum heat dissipation.

To install the cooling kit, follow the instructions below.

Step 1: A cooling kit bracket is pre-installed on the rear of the motherboard. See **Figure 4-5**.

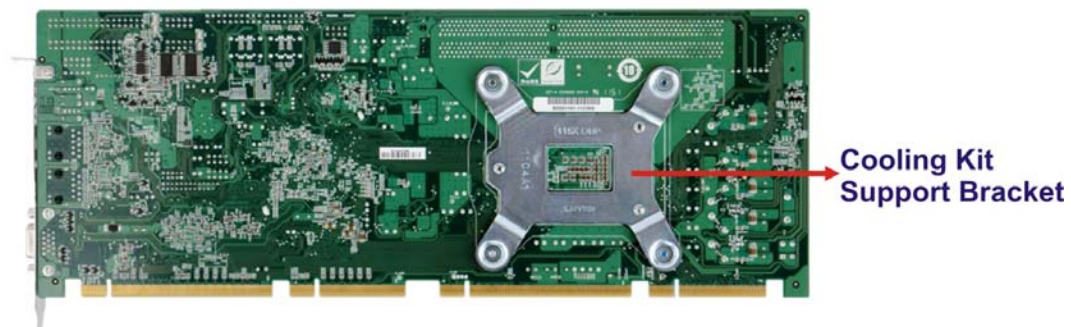


Figure 4-5: Cooling Kit Support Bracket

Step 2: Place the cooling kit onto the socket LGA1155 CPU. Make sure the CPU cable can be properly routed when the cooling kit is installed.

Step 3: Mount the cooling kit. Gently place the cooling kit on top of the CPU. Make sure the four threaded screws on the corners of the cooling kit properly pass through the holes of the cooling kit bracket.

Step 4: Secure the cooling kit by fastening the four retention screws of the cooling kit.

Step 5: Connect the fan cable. Connect the cooling kit fan cable to the fan connector on the SPCIE-C2160. Carefully route the cable and avoid heat generating chips and fan blades.

4.2.3 DIMM Installation

To install a DIMM, please follow the steps below and refer to **Figure 4-6**.

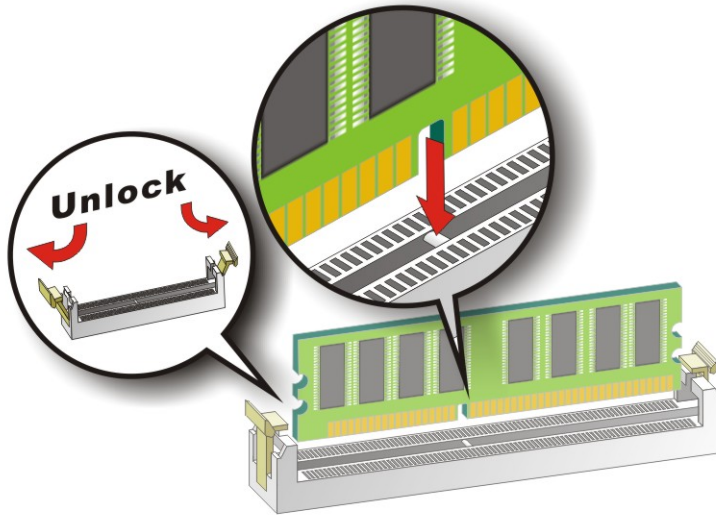


Figure 4-6: DIMM Installation

- Step 1: Open the DIMM socket handles.** Open the two handles outwards as far as they can. See **Figure 4-6**.
- Step 2: Align the DIMM with the socket.** Align the DIMM so the notch on the memory lines up with the notch on the memory socket. See **Figure 4-6**.
- Step 3: Insert the DIMM.** Once aligned, press down until the DIMM is properly seated. Clip the two handles into place. See **Figure 4-6**.
- Step 4: Removing a DIMM.** To remove a DIMM, push both handles outward. The memory module is ejected by a mechanism in the socket.

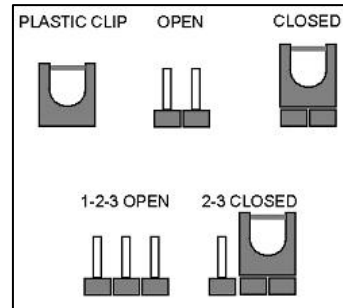
SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

4.3 Jumper Settings



NOTE:

A jumper is a metal bridge used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two or three metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.



The hardware jumpers must be set before installation. Jumpers are shown in **Table 4-1**.

Description	Label	Type
AT/ATX power select	JATX_AT1	2-pin header
Clear CMOS jumper	J_CMOS1	3-pin header
Wake-on LAN	WOL_SEL1	3-pin header

Table 4-1: Jumpers

4.3.1 AT/ATX Power Select Jumper

- Jumper Label:** JATX_AT1
- Jumper Type:** 2-pin header
- Jumper Settings:** See **Table 4-2**
- Jumper Location:** See **Figure 4-7**

The AT/ATX Power Select jumper specifies the systems power mode as AT or ATX.

Setting	Description
Closed	ATX power (Default)
Open	AT power

Table 4-2: AT/ATX Power Mode Jumper Settings

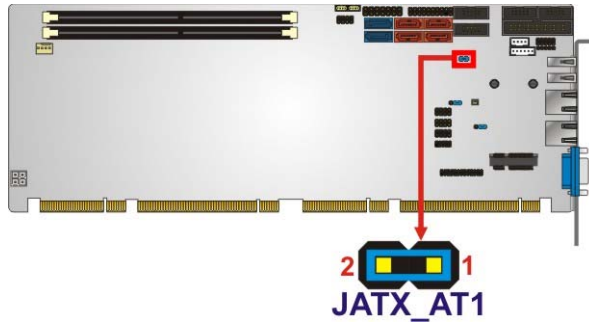


Figure 4-7: AT/ATX Power Mode Jumper Location

4.3.2 Clear CMOS Jumper

- Jumper Label:** J_CMOS1
- Jumper Type:** 3-pin header
- Jumper Settings:** See Table 4-3
- Jumper Location:** See Figure 4-8

To reset the BIOS, move the jumper to the "Clear BIOS" position for 3 seconds or more, and then move back to the default position.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	Normal
Short 2-3	Clear BIOS

Table 4-3: Clear BIOS Jumper Settings

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

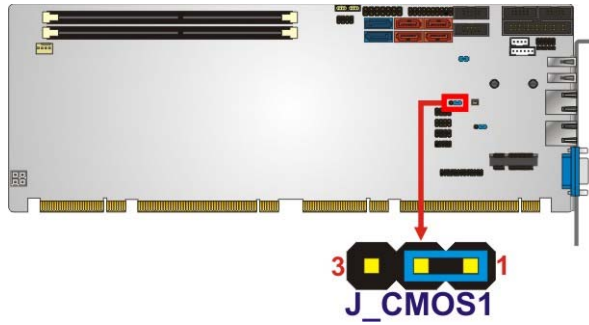


Figure 4-8: Clear BIOS Jumper Location

4.3.3 Wake-on LAN Jumper

- CN Label:** WOL_SEL1
- CN Type:** 3-pin header
- CN Location:** See Figure 4-9
- CN Pinouts:** See Table 4-4

The Wake-on LAN connector allows the user to enable or disable the Wake-on LAN (WOL) function.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
Short 1-2	Enable Wake-on LAN (Default)
Short 2-3	Disable Wake-on LAN

Table 4-4: Wake-on LAN Connector Pinouts

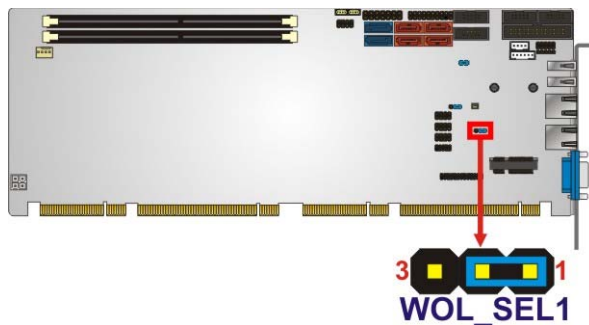


Figure 4-9: Wake-on LAN Connector Pinout Locations

4.4 Chassis Installation

4.4.1 Airflow



WARNING:

Airflow is critical to the cooling of the CPU and other onboard components. The chassis in which the SPCIE-C2160 must have air vents to allow cool air to move into the system and hot air to move out.

The SPCIE-C2160 must be installed in a chassis with ventilation holes on the sides allowing airflow to travel through the heat sink surface. In a system with an individual power supply unit, the cooling fan of a power supply can also help generate airflow through the board surface.

4.4.2 CPU Card Installation

To install the CPU card onto the backplane, carefully align the CPU card edge connector with the CPU card socket on the backplane. To do this, please refer to the reference material that came with the backplane. Next, secure the CPU card to the chassis. To do this, please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis.

4.5 Internal Peripheral Device Connections

This section outlines the installation of peripheral devices to the onboard connectors.

4.5.1 Dual RS-232 Cable with Slot Bracket

The dual RS-232 cable slot connector consists of two connectors attached to two independent cables. Each cable is then attached to a D-sub 9 male connector that is mounted onto a slot. To install the dual RS-232 cable, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Locate the connectors. The locations of the RS-232 connectors are shown in Chapter 3.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Step 2: **Insert the cable connectors.** Insert one connector into each serial port box headers (**Figure 4-10**). A key on the front of the cable connectors ensures the connector can only be installed in one direction.

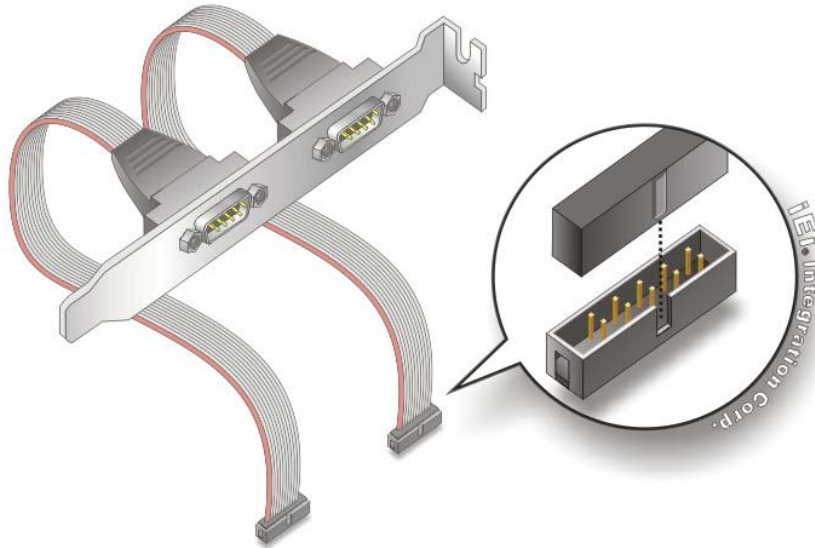


Figure 4-10: Dual RS-232 Cable Installation

Step 3: **Secure the bracket.** The dual RS-232 connector has two D-sub 9 male connectors secured on a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis.

4.5.2 DVI-D/USB Kit Installation (DVI Model Only)

The DVI-D/USB kit, consisting of one DVI-D and four USB ports, connects to the DVI-D and USB connectors on the SPCIE-C2160. To install the DVI-D/USB kit, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Connect the cables to the DVI-D/USB kit.** Connect the included cables to the DVI-D/USB kit.

Step 2: **Connect the cables to the board.** Connect the other ends of the included cables to the board.

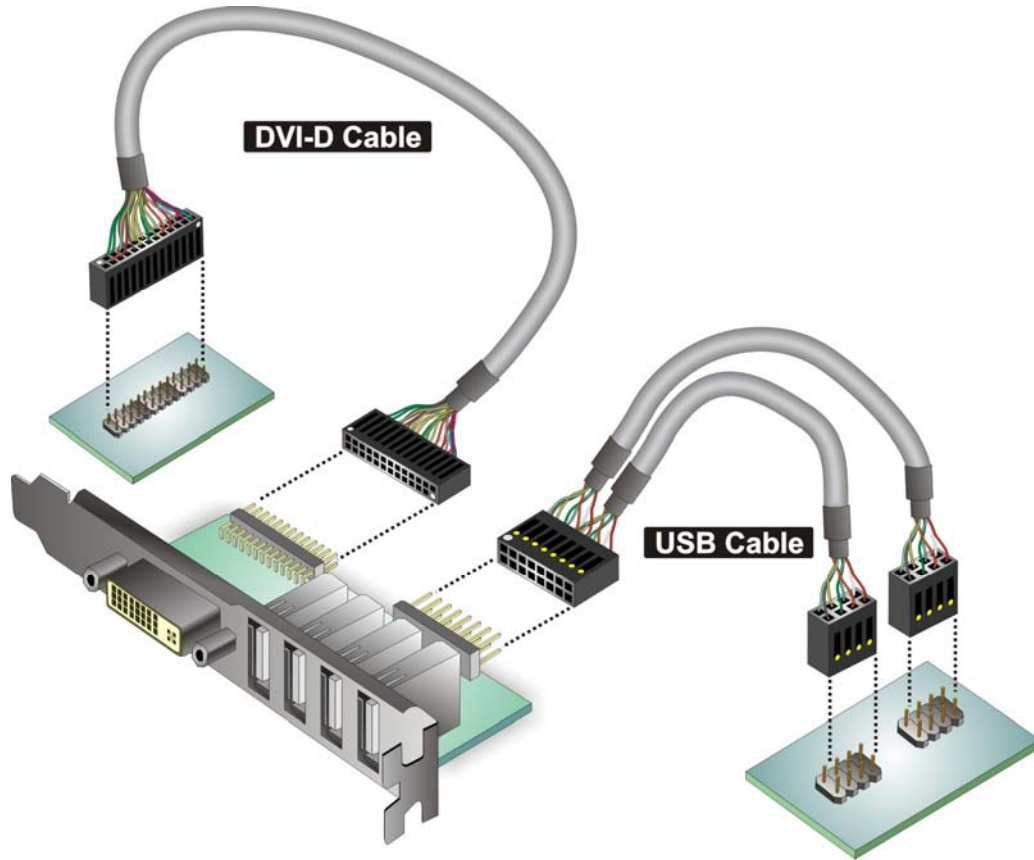


Figure 4-11: DVI-D/USB Kit Installation

Step 3: Mount the DVI-D/USB kit onto the chassis. Once the DVI-D/USB kit is connected to the board, secure the DVI-D/USB kit bracket to the system chassis.

4.5.3 SATA Drive Connection

The SPCIE-C2160 is shipped with four SATA drive cables. To connect the SATA drives to the connectors, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Locate the connectors. The locations of the SATA drive connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: Insert the cable connector. Press the clip on the connector at the end of the SATA cable and insert the cable connector into the on-board SATA drive connector. See **Figure 4-12**.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

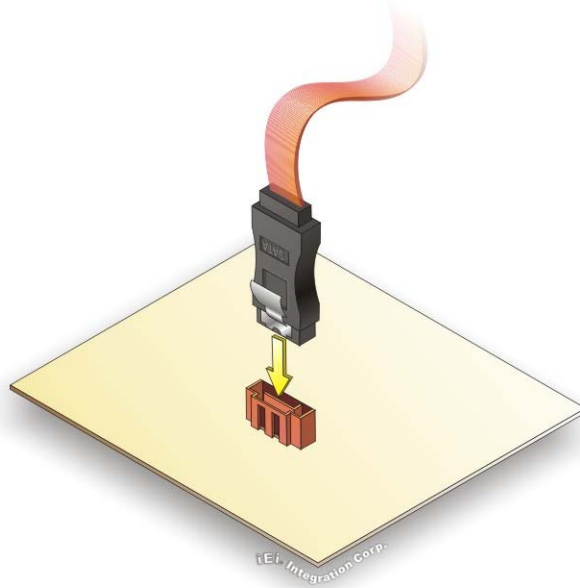


Figure 4-12: SATA Drive Cable Connection

Step 3: **Connect the cable to the SATA disk.** Connect the connector on the other end of the cable to the connector at the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-13**.

Step 4: **Connect the SATA power cable (optional).** Connect the SATA power connector to the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-13**.

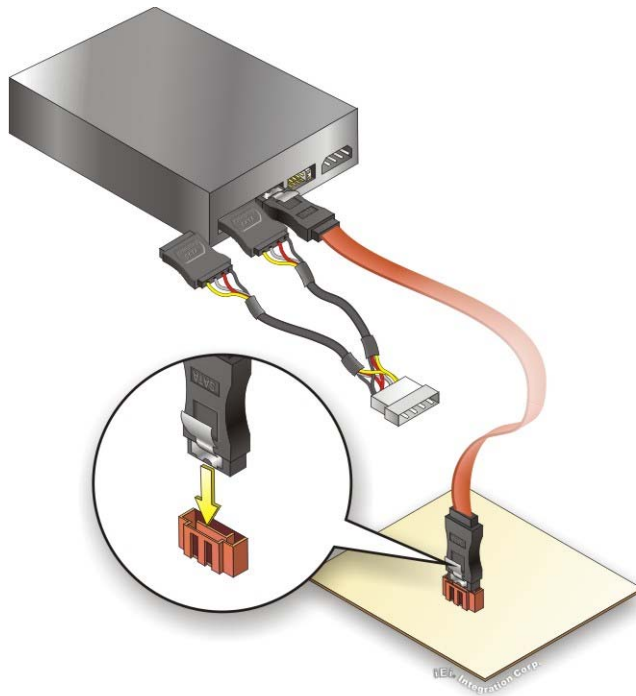


Figure 4-13: SATA Power Drive Connection

4.5.4 USB Cable (Dual Port) with Slot Bracket

The SPCIE-C2160 is shipped with a dual port USB 2.0 cable. To connect the USB cable connector, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Locate the connectors.** The locations of the USB connectors are shown in **Chapter 3.**



WARNING:

If the USB pins are not properly aligned, the USB device can burn out.

Step 2: **Align the connectors.** The cable has two connectors. Correctly align pin 1 on each cable connector with pin 1 on the SPCIE-C2160 USB connector.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Step 3: Insert the cable connectors. Once the cable connectors are properly aligned with the USB connectors on the SPCIE-C2160, connect the cable connectors to the on-board connectors. See **Figure 4-14**.

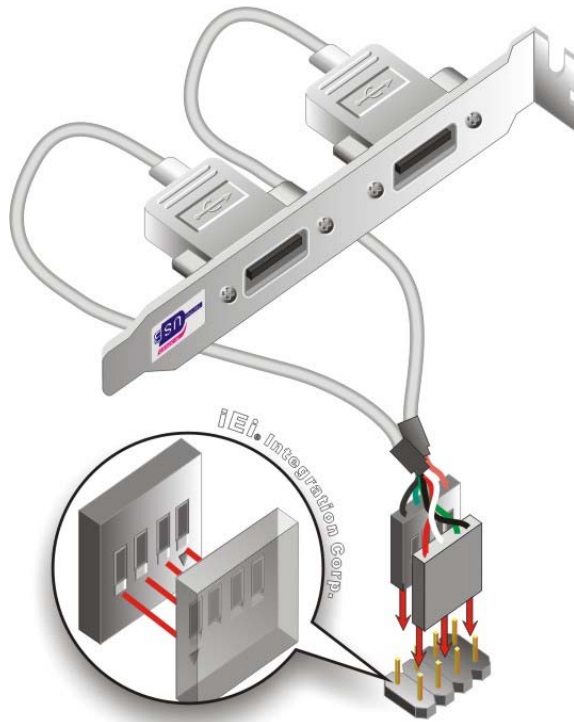


Figure 4-14: Dual USB Cable Connection

Step 4: Attach the bracket to the chassis. The USB 2.0 connectors are attached to a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.

4.5.5 PCIe Mini Card Installation

To install the PCIe Mini card, please refer to the diagram and instructions below.

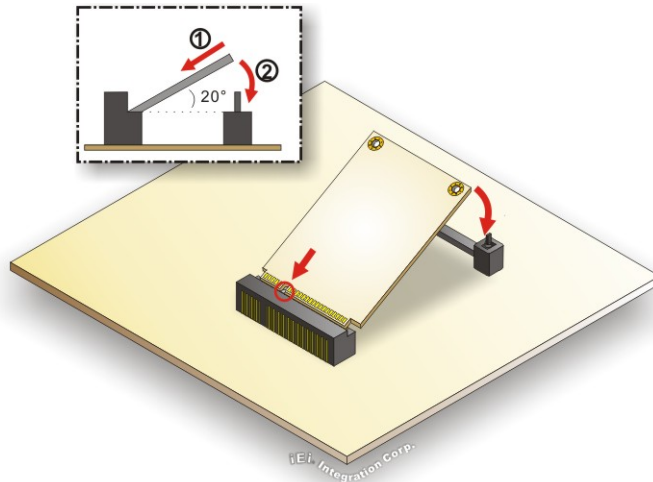


Figure 4-15: PCIe Mini Card Installation

- Step 1:** **Insert into the socket at an angle.** Line up the notch on the card with the notch on the connector. Slide the PCIe Mini card into the socket at an angle of about 20°.
- Step 2:** **Push down until the card clips into place.** Push the other end of the card down until it clips into place on the plastic connector.

4.6 External Peripheral Interface Connection

This section describes connecting devices to the external connectors on the SPCIE-C2160.

4.6.1 LAN Connection

There are two external RJ-45 LAN connectors. The RJ-45 connectors enable connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

- Step 1:** **Locate the RJ-45 connectors.** The locations of the USB connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.
- Step 2:** **Align the connectors.** Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with one of the RJ-45 connectors on the SPCIE-C2160. See **Figure 4-16**.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

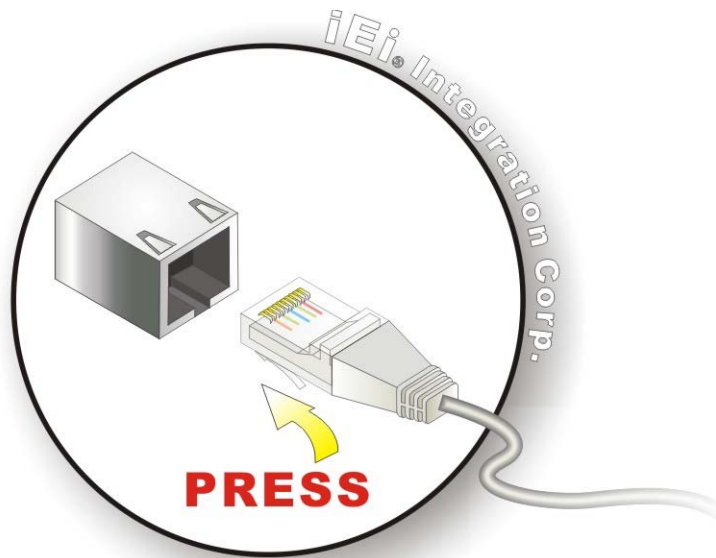


Figure 4-16: LAN Connection

Step 3: Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector. Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the on-board RJ-45 connector.

4.6.2 USB Device Connection (Single Connector)

There are two external USB 2.0 connectors. Both connectors are perpendicular to the SPCIE-C2160. To connect a USB 2.0 or USB 1.1 device, please follow the instructions below.

Step 1: Located the USB connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown in Chapter 3.

Step 2: Align the connectors. Align the USB device connector with one of the connectors on the SPCIE-C2160. See **Figure 4-17**.

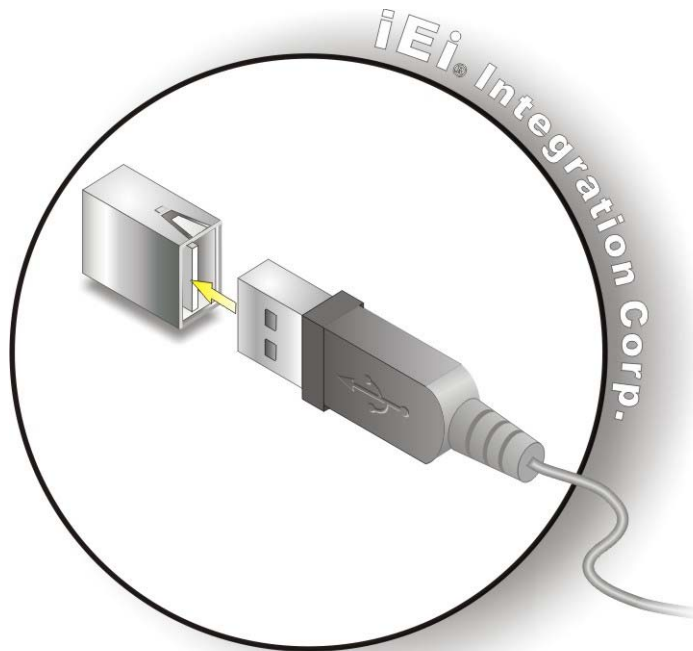


Figure 4-17: USB Device Connection

Step 3: **Insert the device connector.** Once aligned, gently insert the USB device connector into the on-board connector.

4.6.3 VGA Monitor Connection

The SPCIE-C2160 has a single female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface panel. The DB-15 connector is connected to a CRT or VGA monitor. To connect a monitor to the SPCIE-C2160, please follow the instructions below.

- Step 1:** **Locate the female DB-15 connector.** The location of the female DB-15 connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.
- Step 2:** **Align the VGA connector.** Align the male DB-15 connector on the VGA screen cable with the female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface.
- Step 3:** **Insert the VGA connector** Once the connectors are properly aligned with the insert the male connector from the VGA screen into the female connector on the SPCIE-C2160. See **Figure 4-18**.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

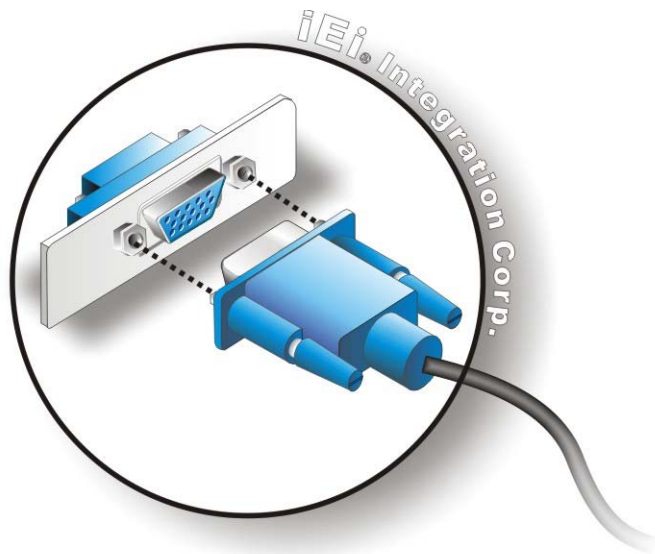


Figure 4-18: VGA Connector

Step 4: **Secure the connector.** Secure the DB-15 VGA connector from the VGA monitor to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

4.7 Intel® AMT Setup Procedure

The SPCIE-C2160 is featured with the Intel® Active Management Technology (AMT). To enable the Intel® AMT function, follow the steps below.

- Step 1:** Make sure the DIMM socket is installed with one DDR3 memory.
- Step 2:** Connect an Ethernet cable to the RJ-45 connector labeled **LAN2**.
- Step 3:** The AMI BIOS options regarding the Intel® ME or Intel® AMT must be enabled,
- Step 4:** Properly install the Intel® Management Engine Components drivers from the iAMT Driver & Utility directory in the driver CD. See **Section 6.8**.
- Step 5:** Configure the Intel® Management Engine BIOS extension (MEBx). To get into the Intel® MEBx settings, press <Ctrl+P> after a single beep during boot-up

process. Enter the Intel® current ME password as it requires (the Intel® default password is **admin**).

**NOTE:**

To change the password, enter a new password following the strong password rule (containing at least one upper case letter, one lower case letter, one digit and one special character, and be at least eight characters).

Chapter

5

BIOS

5.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.



NOTE:

Some of the BIOS options may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and are subject to change without prior notice.

5.1.1 Starting Setup

The UEFI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

1. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key as soon as the system is turned on or
2. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key when the “**Press DEL or F2 to enter SETUP**” message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DEL** or **F2** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **ESC** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
+	Increase the numeric value or make changes

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Key	Function
-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
Page Up key	Move to the previous page
Page Dn key	Move to the next page
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu -- Exit current page and return to Main Menu
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2	Load previous values
F3	Load optimized defaults
F4	Save changes and Exit BIOS

Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

5.1.4 Unable to Reboot after Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Chapter 4.

5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main – Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced – Changes the advanced system settings.
- Chipset – Changes the chipset settings.
- Boot – Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security – Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.

- Save & Exit – Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

5.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (**BIOS Menu 1**) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered.

The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.					
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit
BIOS Information				Set the Date. Use Tab to switch between Data elements.	
BIOS Vendor	American Megatrends				
Core Version	4.6.5.3				
Compliance	UEFI 2.3; PI 1.2				
Project Version	VOWDAR11.ROM				
Build Date and Time	03/27/2013 11:53:40				
Processor Information					
Name	SandyBridge				
Brand String	Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU				
Frequency	3100 MHz				
Processor ID	206a7				
Stepping	D2				
Number of Processors	4Core(s) / 4Thread(s)				
Microcode Revision	28				
GT Info	GT2 (1350 MHz)		-----		
IGFX VBIOS Version		2137			
Memory RC Version		1.2.2.0			
Total Memory		2048 MB (DDR3)			
Memory Frequency		1333 MHz			
PCH Information					
Name	PantherPoint				
Stepping	04/C1				
TXT Capability of Platform/PCH		Supported			
LAN PHY Revision		C0			
ME FW Version		8.0.0.1351		→←: Select Screen	
ME Firmware SKU		5MB		↑ ↓: Select Item	
				Enter: Select	
SPI Clock Frequency				+/-: Change Opt.	
DOFR Support		Unsupported		F1: General Help	
Read Status Clock Frequency		33 MHz		F2: Previous Values	
Write Status Clock Frequency		33 MHz		F3: Optimized Defaults	
Fast Read Status Clock Frequency		33 MHz		F4: Save & Exit	
				ESC: Exit	
System Date		[Mon 04/01/2013]			
System Time		[15:10:27]			
Access Level		Administrator			
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.					

BIOS Menu 1: Main

→ System Overview

The system overview lists a brief summary of the BIOS. The fields in system overview cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- BIOS Information
- Processor Information
- Memory Information
- PCH Information
- SPI Clock Frequency

The **Main** menu has two user configurable fields:

→ System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

→ System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu (**BIOS Menu 2**) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



WARNING!

Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main  Advanced  Chipset  Boot  Security  Save & Exit
-----
> ACPI Settings
> RTC Wake Settings
> Trusted Computing
> CPU Configuration
> SATA Configuration
> Intel TXT(LT) Configuration
> AMT Configuration
> USB Configuration
> F81866 Super IO Configuration
> F81866 H/M Monitor
> Serial Port Console Redirection
> iEi Feature

System ACPI Parameters
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

BIOS Menu 2: Advanced

5.3.1 ACPI Settings

The **ACPI Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) configures the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) options.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.
Advanced
-----
ACPI Settings
ACPI Sleep State          [S1 only(CPU Stop C...)]

Select ACPI sleep state
the system will enter
when the SUSPEND button
is pressed.
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

BIOS Menu 3: ACPI Configuration

→ **ACPI Sleep State [S1 only (CPU Stop Clock)]**

Use the **ACPI Sleep State** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

→ **Suspend Disabled**

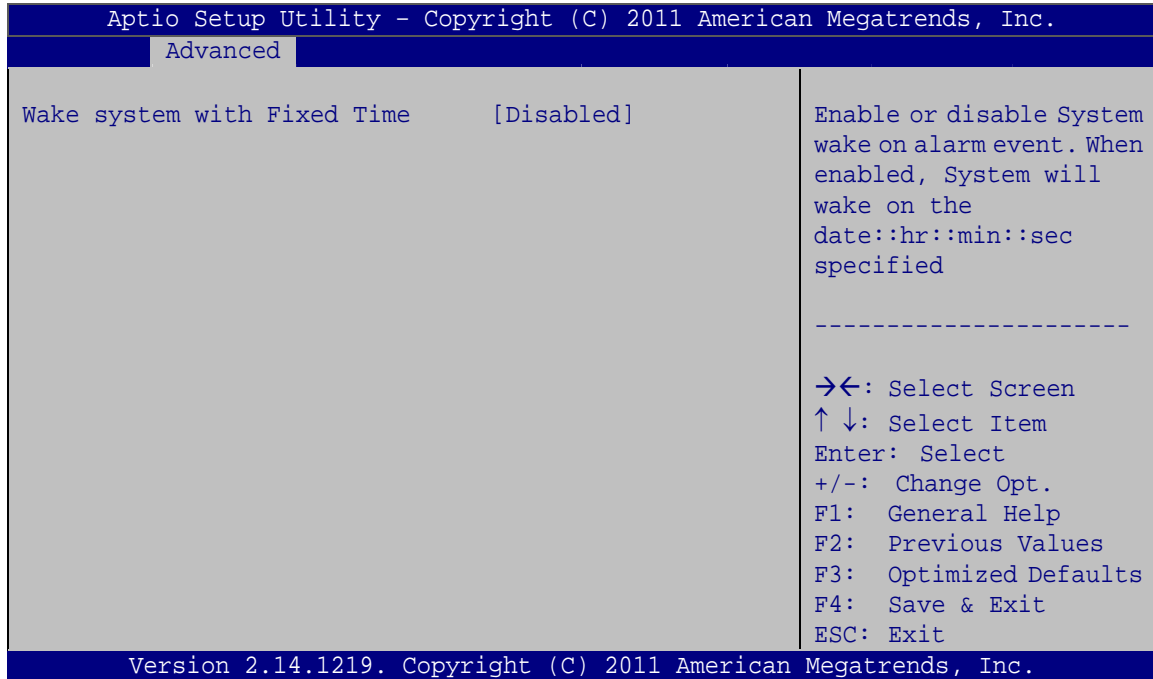
→ **S1 only (CPU Stop Clock)** **DEFAULT** The system enters S1(POS) sleep state. The system appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is refreshed; the system is running in a low power mode.

→ **S3 only (Suspend to RAM)** The caches are flushed and the CPU is powered off. Power to the RAM is maintained. The computer returns slower to a working state, but more power is saved.

5.3.2 RTC Wake Settings

The **RTC Wake Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) enables the system to wake at the specified time.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card



BIOS Menu 4: RTC Wake Settings

→ Wake system with Fixed Time [Disabled]

Use the **Wake system with Fixed Time** option to enable or disable the system wake on alarm event.

→ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake event

→ **Enabled** If selected, the **Wake up every day** option appears allowing you to enable to disable the system to wake every day at the specified time. Besides, the following options appear with values that can be selected:

Wake up date

Wake up hour

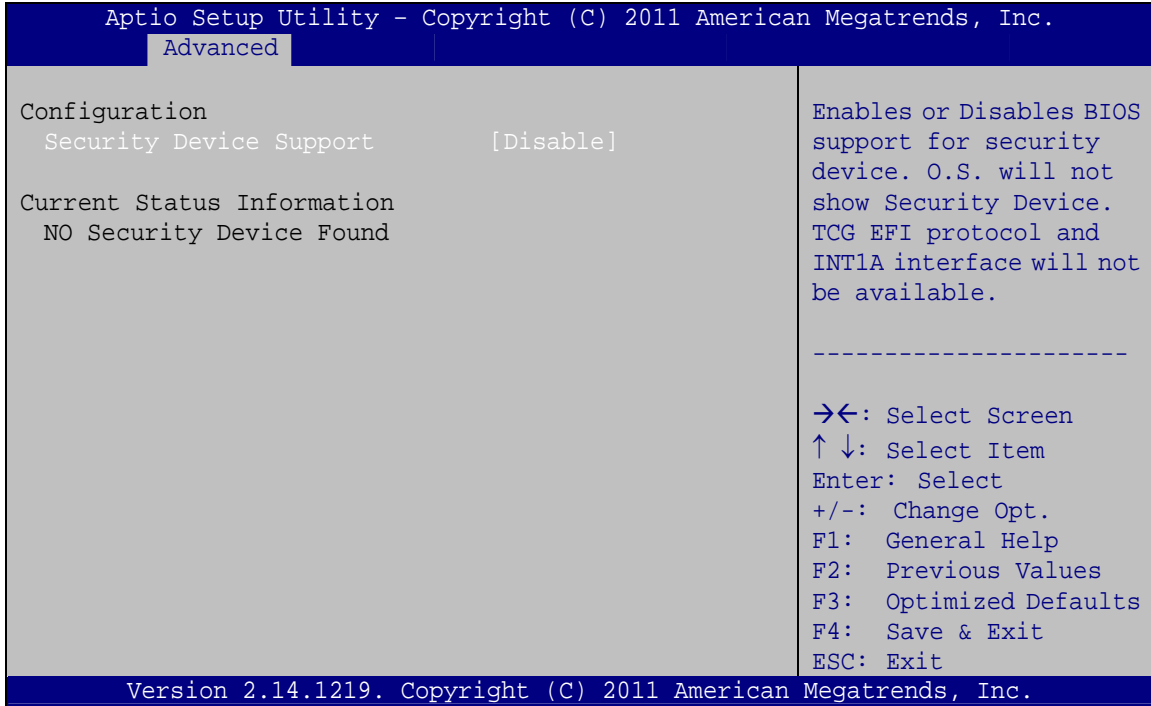
Wake up minute

Wake up second

After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

5.3.3 Trusted Computing

Use the **Trusted Computing** menu (**BIOS Menu 5**) to configure settings related to the Trusted Computing Group (TCG) Trusted Platform Module (TPM).



BIOS Menu 5: Trusted Computing

→ Security Device Support [Disable]

Use the **Security Device Support** option to configure support for the TPM.

- **Disable** DEFAULT TPM support is disabled.
- **Enable** TPM support is enabled.

5.3.4 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 6**) to view detailed CPU specifications or enable the Intel Virtualization Technology.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

Advanced

CPU Configuration		When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology
Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E31225 @ 3.10GHz		
CPU Signature	206a7	
Microcode Patch	28	
Max CPU Speed	3100 MHz	
Min CPU Speed	1600 MHz	
CPU Speed	3100 MHz	
Processor Cores	4	
Intel HT Technology	Not Supported	
Intel VT-x Technology	Supported	→←: Select Screen
Intel SMX Technology	Supported	↑ ↓: Select Item
64-bit	Supported	Enter: Select
		+/-: Change Opt.
L1 Data Cache	32 kB x 4	F1: General Help
L1 Code Cache	32 kB x 4	F2: Previous Values
L2 Cache	256 kB x 4	F3: Optimized Defaults
L3 Cache	6144 kB	F4: Save & Exit
		ESC: Exit
Intel Virtualization Technology	[Disabled]	

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BIOS Menu 6: CPU Configuration

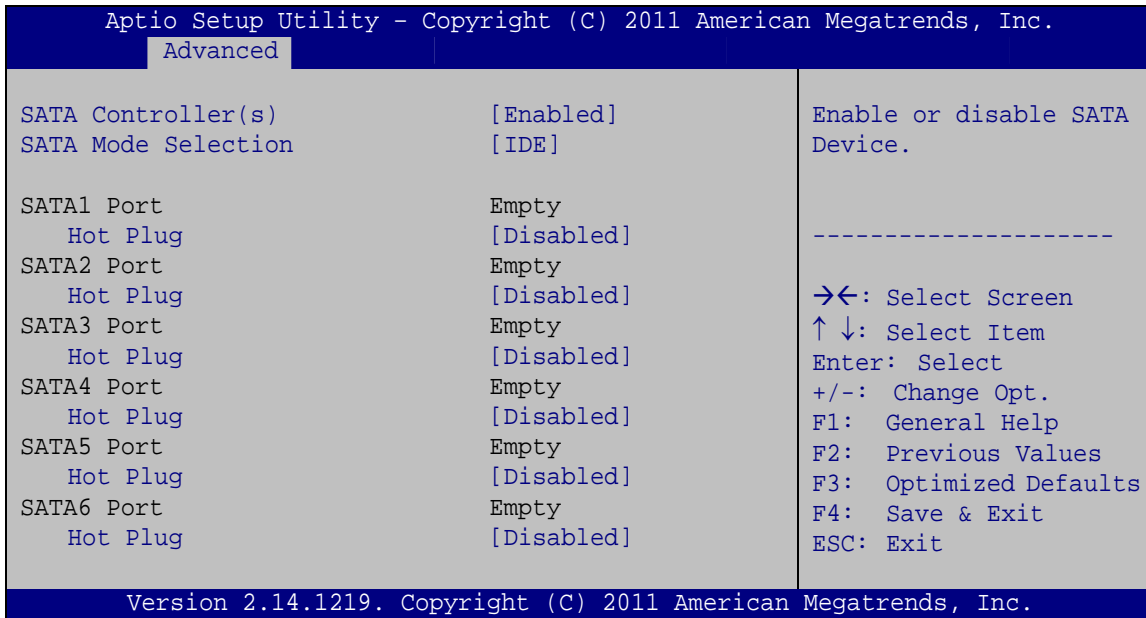
→ Intel Virtualization Technology [Disabled]

Use the **Intel Virtualization Technology** option to enable or disable virtualization on the system. When combined with third party software, Intel® Virtualization technology allows several OSs to run on the same system at the same time.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disables Intel Virtualization Technology.
- **Enabled** Enables Intel Virtualization Technology.

5.3.5 SATA Configuration

Use the **SATA Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 7**) to change and/or set the configuration of the SATA devices installed in the system.



BIOS Menu 7: SATA Configuration

→ SATA Controller(s) [Enabled]

Use the **SATA Controller(s)** option to configure the serial ATA controller.

- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enables the on-board SATA controller.
- **Disabled** Disables the on-board SATA controller.

→ SATA Mode Selection [IDE]

Use the **SATA Mode Selection** option to configure SATA devices as normal IDE devices.

- **IDE** **DEFAULT** Configures SATA devices as normal IDE device.
- **AHCI** Configures SATA devices as AHCI device.
- **RAID** Configures SATA devices as RAID device.

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→ Hot Plug [Disabled]

Use the **Hot Plug** option to enable or disable the hot plug function.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disables the hot plug function.
- **Enabled** Enables the hot plug function.

5.3.6 Intel TXT(LT) Configuration

Use the **Intel TXT(LT) Configuration** menu to configure Intel Trusted Execution Technology support.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
-----
Advanced
-----
Intel Trusted Execution Technology Configuration

Intel TXT support only can be enabled/disabled if SMX
is enabled. VT and VT-d support must also be enabled prior
to TXT.

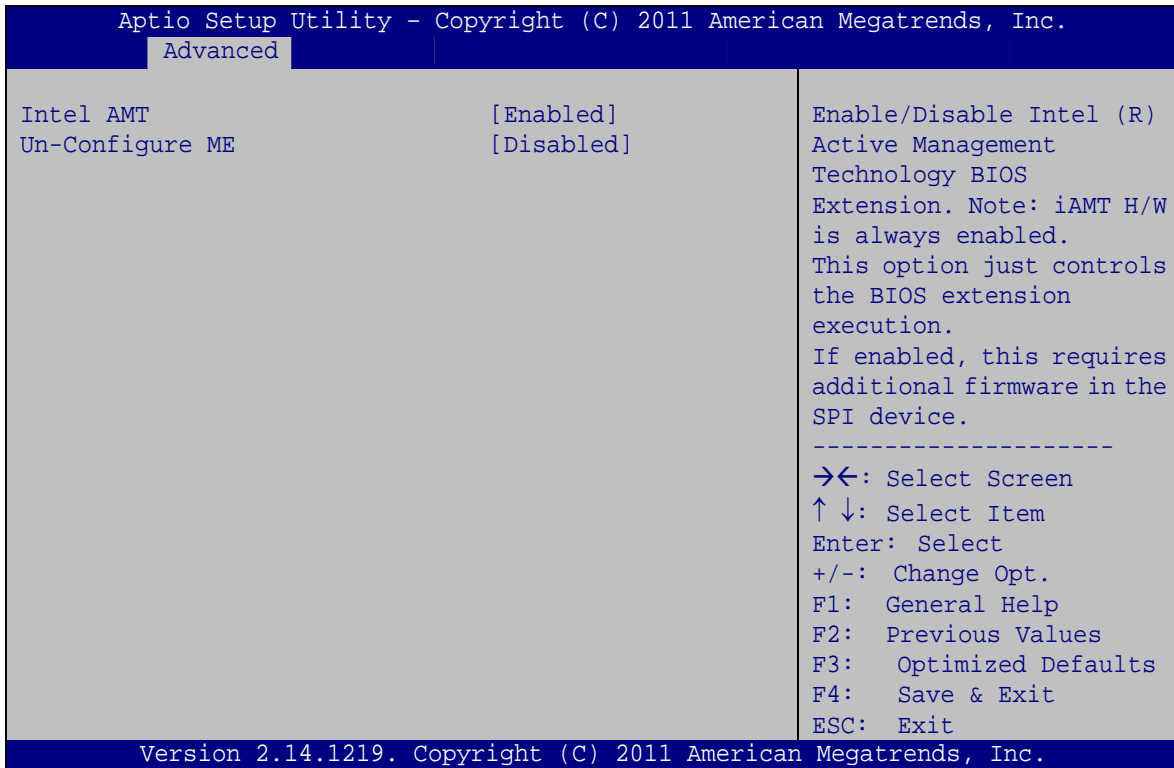
Secure Mode Extensions (SMX)      Enabled
Intel TXT(LT) Support              [Disabled]

-----
→←: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit
-----
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

BIOS Menu 8: Intel TXT(LT) Configuration

5.3.7 AMT Configuration

The **AMT Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) allows the advanced power management options to be configured.



BIOS Menu 9: AMT Configuration

→ Intel AMT [Enabled]

Use **Intel AMT** option to enable or disable the Intel® AMT function.

- **Disabled** Intel® AMT is disabled
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Intel® AMT is enabled

→ Un-Configure ME [Disabled]

Use the **Un-Configure ME** option to perform ME unconfigure without password operation.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Not perform ME unconfigure
- **Enabled** To perform ME unconfigure

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5.3.8 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  Advanced
-----
USB Configuration
USB Devices:
  1 Keyboard, 2 Hubs
Legacy USB Support          [Enabled]
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit
-----
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
  
```

BIOS Menu 10: USB Configuration

➔ USB Devices

The **USB Devices** field lists the USB devices that are enabled on the system

➔ Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

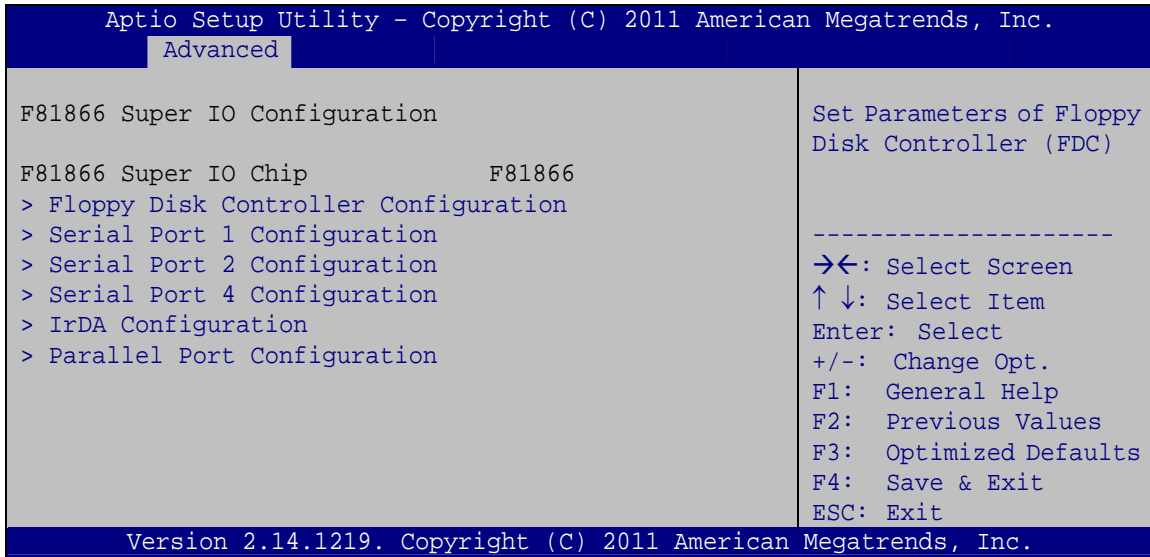
Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support. Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

➔ **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Legacy USB support enabled

- ➔ **Disabled** Legacy USB support disabled
- ➔ **Auto** Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

5.3.9 F81866 Super IO Configuration

Use the **F81866 Super IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 11**) to set or change the configurations for the parallel ports and serial ports.

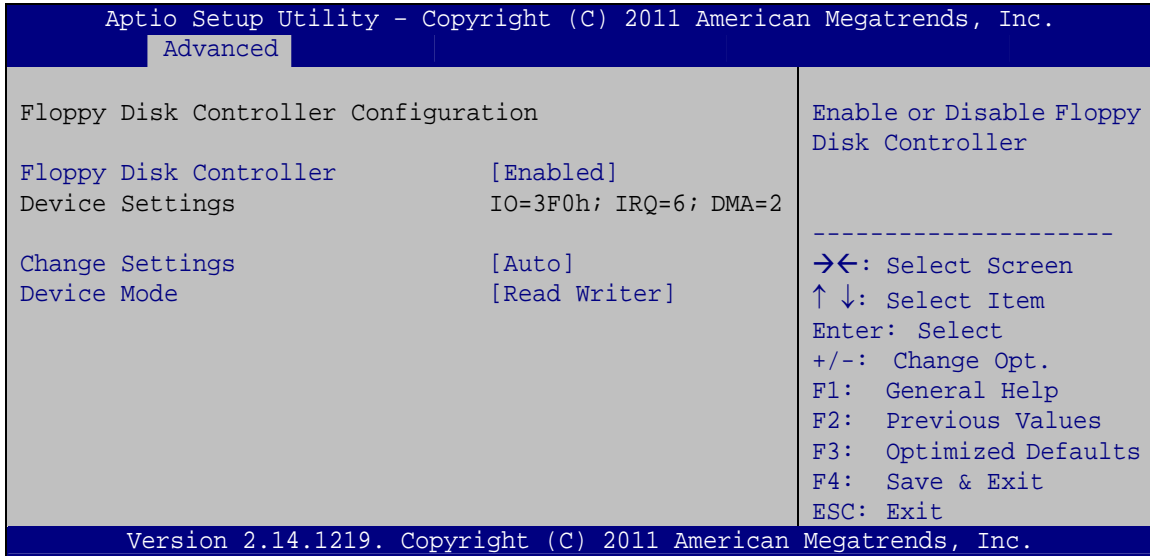


BIOS Menu 11: F81866 Super IO Configuration

5.3.9.1 Floppy Disk Controller Configuration

Use the **Floppy Disk Controller Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 12**) to set the parameters of the floppy disk controller.

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BIOS Menu 12: Floppy Disk Controller Configuration Menu

→ Floppy Disk Controller [Enabled]

Use the **Floppy Disk Controller** option to enable or disable the floppy disk controller.

- **Disabled** Floppy disk controller disabled
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Floppy disk controller enabled

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to select an optimal setting for the super IO device.

- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The super IO device settings are automatically detected.
- **IO=3F0h;**
IRQ=6;
DMA=2 The I/O port address is 3F0h, the interrupt address is IRQ6 and the DMA is 2.

→ Device Mode [Read Write]

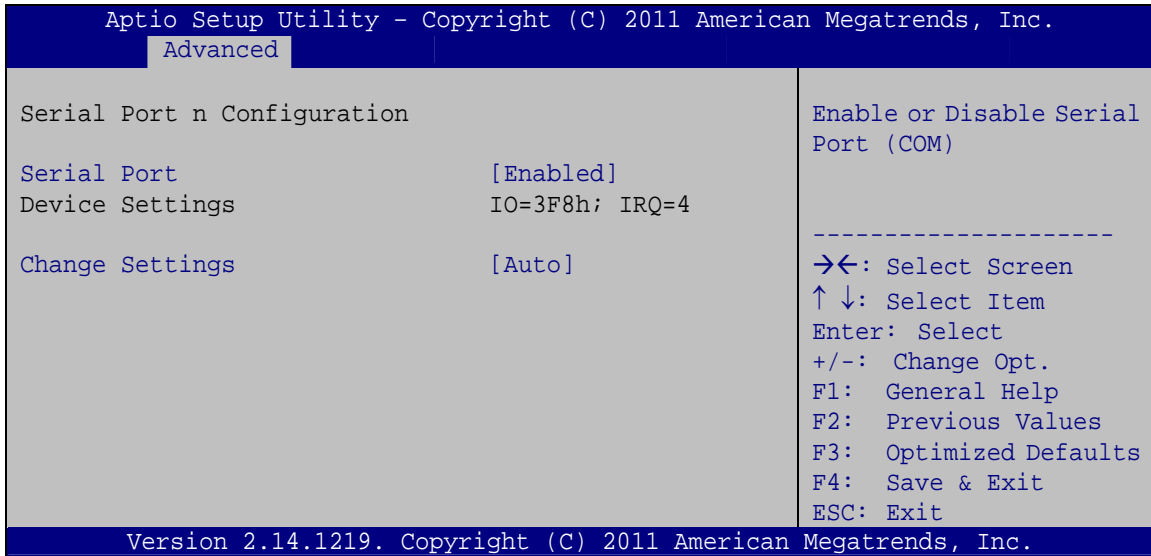
Use the **Device Mode** option to select the floppy disk controller mode.

- **Read Write** **DEFAULT** Select this option for normal operation.

- **Write Protect** Select this option for read only operation.

5.3.9.2 Serial Port n Configuration

Use the **Serial Port n Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 13**) to configure the serial port n.



BIOS Menu 13: Serial Port n Configuration Menu

5.3.9.2.1 Serial Port 1 Configuration

→ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled** Disable the serial port
- **Enabled DEFAULT** Enable the serial port

→ **Change Settings [Auto]**

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

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- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=3F8h;**
IRQ=4 Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- **IO=3F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C0h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C8h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

5.3.9.2.2 Serial Port 2 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled** Disable the serial port
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=2F8h;**
IRQ=3 Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3
- **IO=3F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

- **IO=2F8h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C0h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
- **IO=2C8h;**
IRQ=3, 4 Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

5.3.9.2.3 Serial Port 4 Configuration

→ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

- **Disabled** Disable the serial port
- **Enabled DEFAULT** Enable the serial port

→ **Change Settings [Auto]**

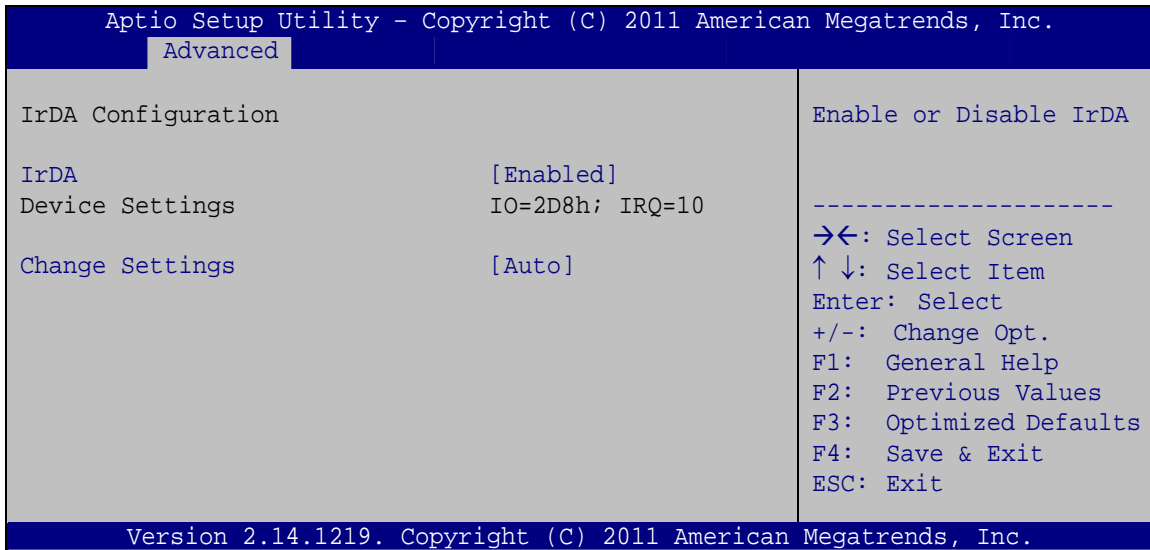
Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto DEFAULT** The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=2E8h;**
IRQ=10 Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10
- **IO=3E8h;**
IRQ=10, 11 Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- **IO=2E8h;**
IRQ=10, 11 Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- **IO=2D0h;**
IRQ=10, 11 Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
- **IO=2D8h;**
IRQ=10, 11 Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11

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5.3.9.3 IrDA Configuration

Use the **IrDA Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) to set the parameters of the floppy disk controller.



BIOS Menu 14: IrDA Configuration Menu

→ IrDA [Enabled]

Use the **IrDA** option to enable or disable the IrDA function.

- **Disabled** Disable the IrDA function
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Enable the IrDA function

→ Change Settings [Auto]

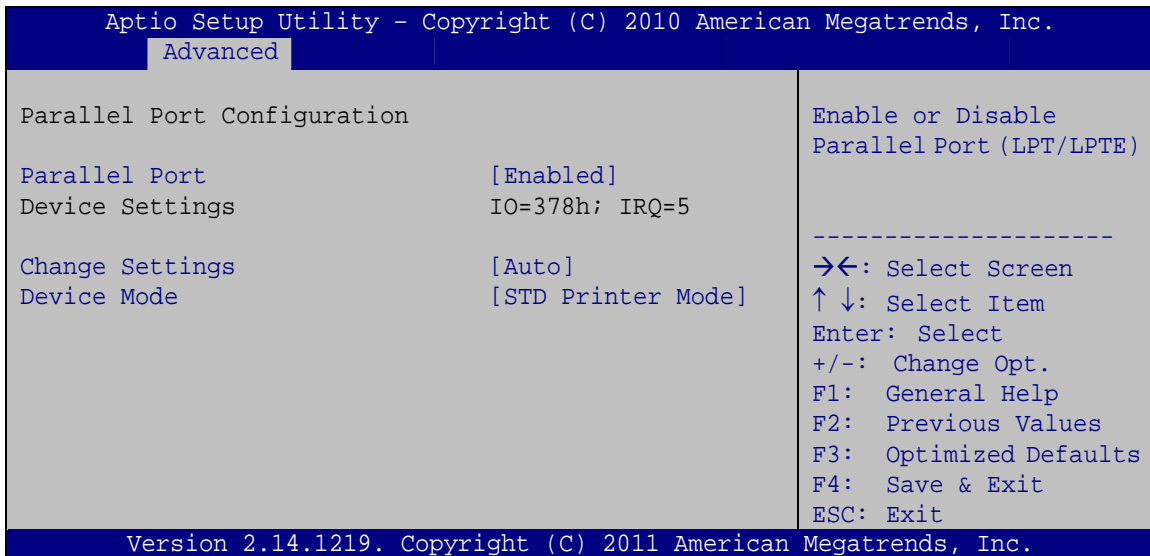
Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
- **IO=2D8h;**
IRQ=10 Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10

- ➔ **IO=2C0h;** Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
IRQ=10, 11
- ➔ **IO=2C8h;** Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
IRQ=10, 11
- ➔ **IO=2D0h;** Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
IRQ=10, 11
- ➔ **IO=2D8h;** Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
IRQ=10, 11
- ➔ **IO=2E0h;** Serial Port I/O port address is 2E0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
IRQ=10, 11

5.3.9.4 Parallel Port Configuration

Use the **Parallel Port Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure the serial port n.



BIOS Menu 15: Parallel Port Configuration Menu

- ➔ **Parallel Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Parallel Port** option to enable or disable the parallel port.

- ➔ **Disabled** Disable the parallel port
- ➔ **Enabled DEFAULT** Enable the parallel port

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→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the parallel port IO port address and interrupt address.

- | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------|---|
| → | Auto | DEFAULT | The parallel port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected. |
| → | IO=378h;
IRQ=5 | | Parallel Port I/O port address is 378h and the interrupt address is IRQ5 |
| → | IO=378h;
IRQ=5, 7 | | Parallel Port I/O port address is 378h and the interrupt address is IRQ5, 7 |
| → | IO=278h;
IRQ=5, 7 | | Parallel Port I/O port address is 278h and the interrupt address is IRQ5, 7 |
| → | IO=3BCh;
IRQ=5, 7 | | Parallel Port I/O port address is 3BCh and the interrupt address is IRQ5, 7 |

→ Device Mode [STD Printer Mode]

Use the **Device Mode** option to select the mode the parallel port operates in. Configuration options are listed below.

- | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|
| ▪ | STD Printer Mode | Default |
| ▪ | SPP Mode | |
| ▪ | EPP-1.9 and SPP Mode | |
| ▪ | EPP-1.7 and SPP Mode | |
| ▪ | ECP Mode | |
| ▪ | ECP and EPP 1.9 Mode | |
| ▪ | ECP and EPP 1.7 Mode | |

5.3.10 F81866 H/W Monitor

The **F81866 H/W Monitor** menu (**BIOS Menu 16**) contains the fan configuration submenu, and displays the system temperature and CPU fan speed.

```
Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Advanced
PC Health Status
> Smart Fan Mode Configuration
CPU Temperature      :+27 C
System Temperature   :+36 C
CPU_FAN1 Speed       :2362 RPM
Smart Fan Mode Select
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 16: F81866 H/W Monitor

→ PC Health Status

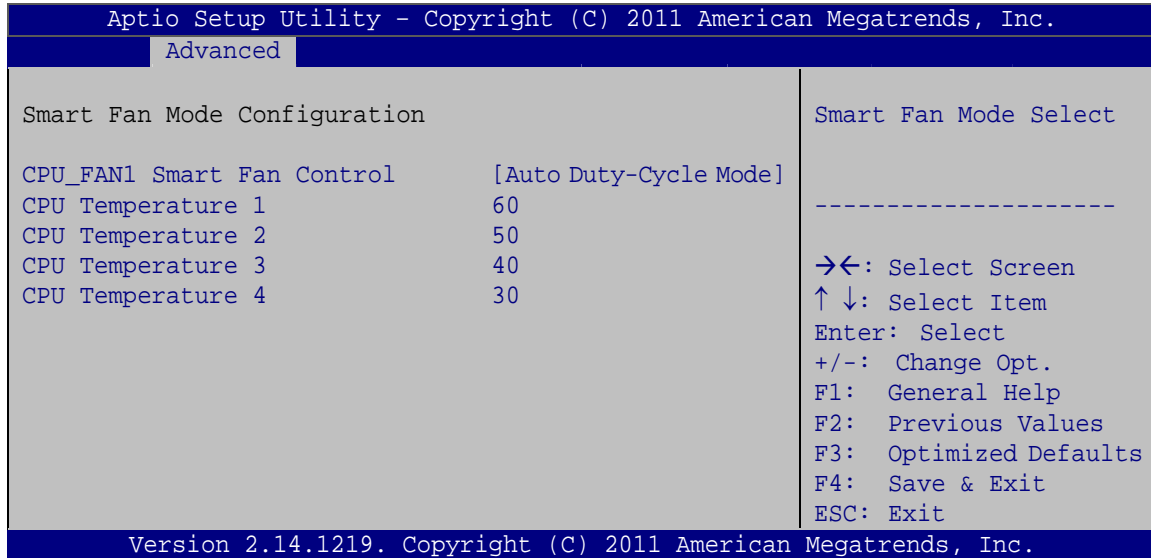
The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

- CPU Temperature
- System Temperature
- CPU Fan Speed

5.3.10.1 Smart Fan Mode Configuration

Use the **Smart Fan Mode Configuration** submenu (BIOS Menu 17) to configure fan 1 temperature and speed settings.

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BIOS Menu 17: Smart Fan Mode Configuration

→ CPU_FAN1 Smart Fan Control [Auto Duty-Cycle Mode]

Use the **CPU_FAN1 Smart Fan Control** option to configure the CPU Smart Fan.

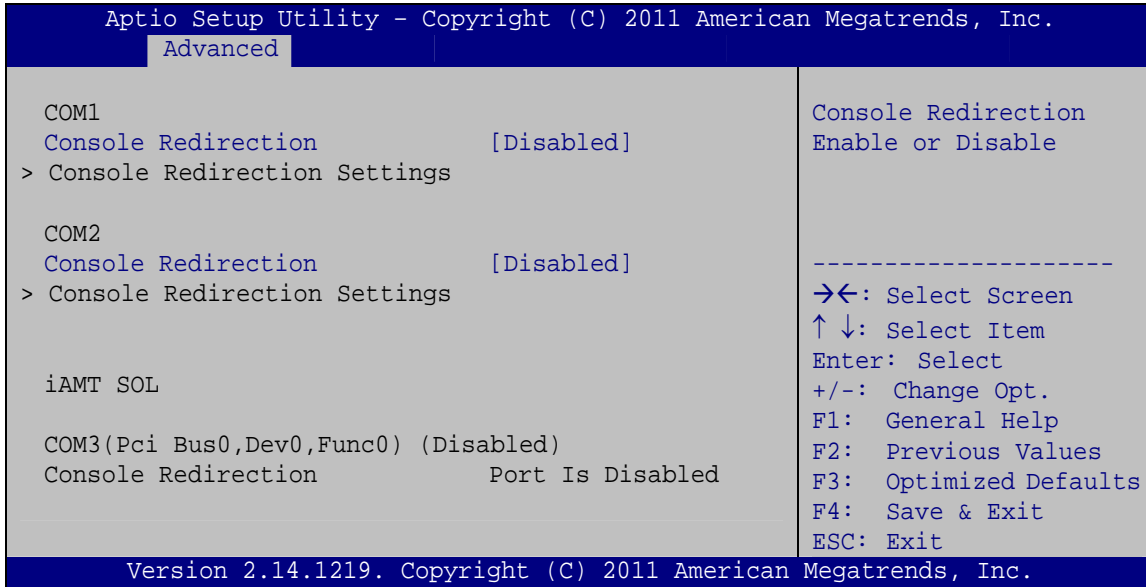
- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The fan adjusts its speed using Auto Duty-Cycle Mode settings
- **Manual Duty** The fan spins at the speed set in Manual Duty Mode settings

→ CPU Temperature n

Use the +/- key or enter a decimal number to change the **CPU Temperature n** value.

5.3.11 Serial Port Console Redirection

The **Serial Port Console Redirection** menu (**BIOS Menu 18**) allows the console redirection options to be configured. Console redirection allows users to maintain a system remotely by re-directing keyboard input and text output through the serial port.



BIOS Menu 18: Serial Port Console Redirection

→ **Console Redirection [Disabled]**

Use **Console Redirection** option to enable or disable the console redirection function.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disabled the console redirection function
- **Enabled** Enabled the console redirection function

→ **Terminal Type [ANSI]**

Use the **Terminal Type** option to specify the remote terminal type.

- **VT100** The target terminal type is VT100
- **VT100+** The target terminal type is VT100+
- **VT-UTF8** The target terminal type is VT-UTF8
- **ANSI** **DEFAULT** The target terminal type is ANSI

→ **Bits per second [115200]**

Use the **Bits per second** option to specify the serial port transmission speed. The speed must match the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

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- **9600** Sets the serial port transmission speed at 9600.
- **19200** Sets the serial port transmission speed at 19200.
- **38400** Sets the serial port transmission speed at 38400.
- **57600** Sets the serial port transmission speed at 57600.
- **115200** **DEFAULT** Sets the serial port transmission speed at 115200.

→ **Data Bits [8]**

Use the **Data Bits** option to specify the number of data bits.

- **7** Sets the data bits at 7.
- **8** **DEFAULT** Sets the data bits at 8.

→ **Parity [None]**

Use the **Parity** option to specify the parity bit that can be sent with the data bits for detecting the transmission errors.

- **None** **DEFAULT** No parity bit is sent with the data bits.
- **Even** The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is even.
- **Odd** The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is odd.
- **Mark** The parity bit is always 1. This option does not provide error detection.
- **Space** The parity bit is always 0. This option does not provide error detection.

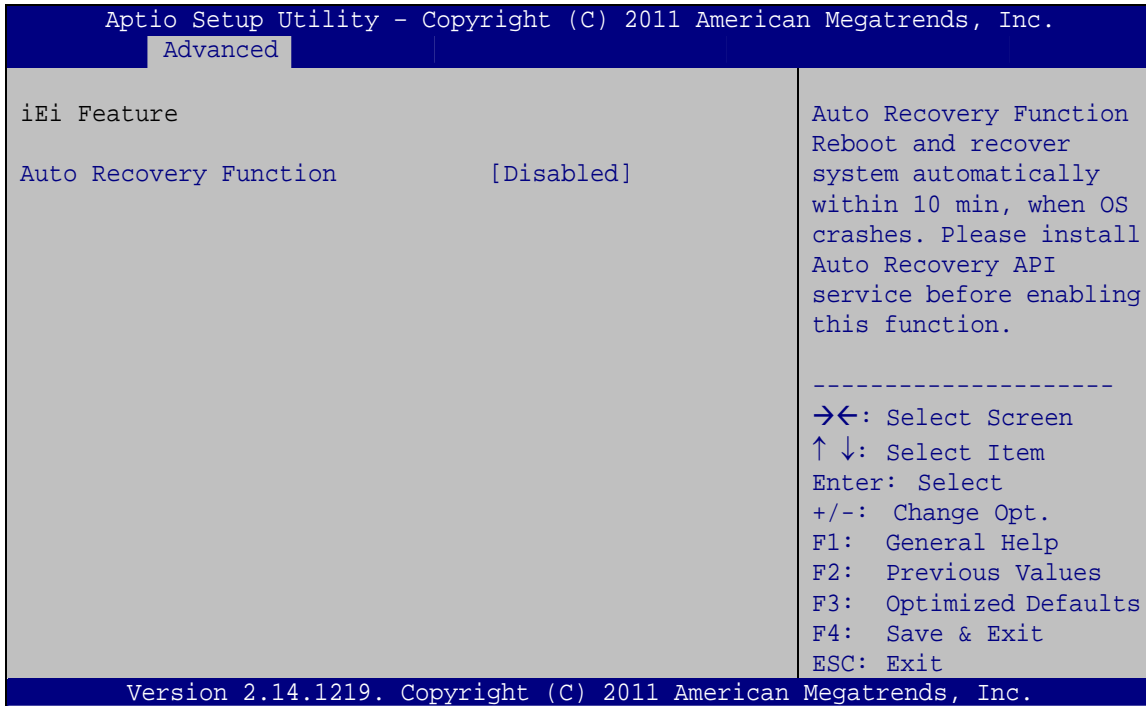
→ **Stop Bits [1]**

Use the **Stop Bits** option to specify the number of stop bits used to indicate the end of a serial data packet. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

- ➔ 1 **DEFAULT** Sets the number of stop bits at 1.
- ➔ 2 Sets the number of stop bits at 2.

5.3.12 iEi Feature

Use the **iEi Feature** menu (**BIOS Menu 19**) to configure One Key Recovery function.



BIOS Menu 19: iEi Feature

➔ **Auto Recovery Function [Disabled]**

Use the **Auto Recovery Function** BIOS option to enable or disable the auto recovery function of the IEI One Key Recovery.

- ➔ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Auto recovery function disabled
- ➔ **Enabled** Auto recovery function enabled

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5.4 Chipset

Use the **Chipset** menu (**BIOS Menu 20**) to access the PCH IO and System Agent (SA) configuration menus.



WARNING!

Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main   Advanced  Chipset  Boot   Security  Save & Exit
-----
> System Agent (SA) Configuration      System Agent (SA)
> PCH-IO Configuration                Parameters

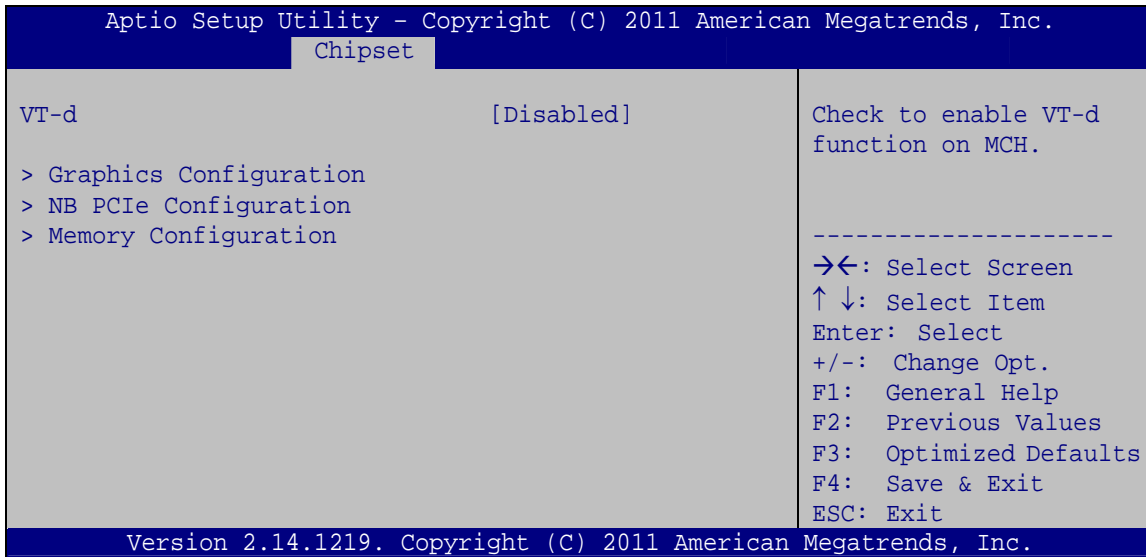
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1:  General Help
F2:  Previous Values
F3:  Optimized Defaults
F4:  Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
    
```

BIOS Menu 20: Chipset

5.4.1 System Agent (SA) Configuration

Use the **System Agent (SA) Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 21**) to configure the System Agent (SA) parameters.



BIOS Menu 21: System Agent (SA) Configuration

→ VT-d [Disabled]

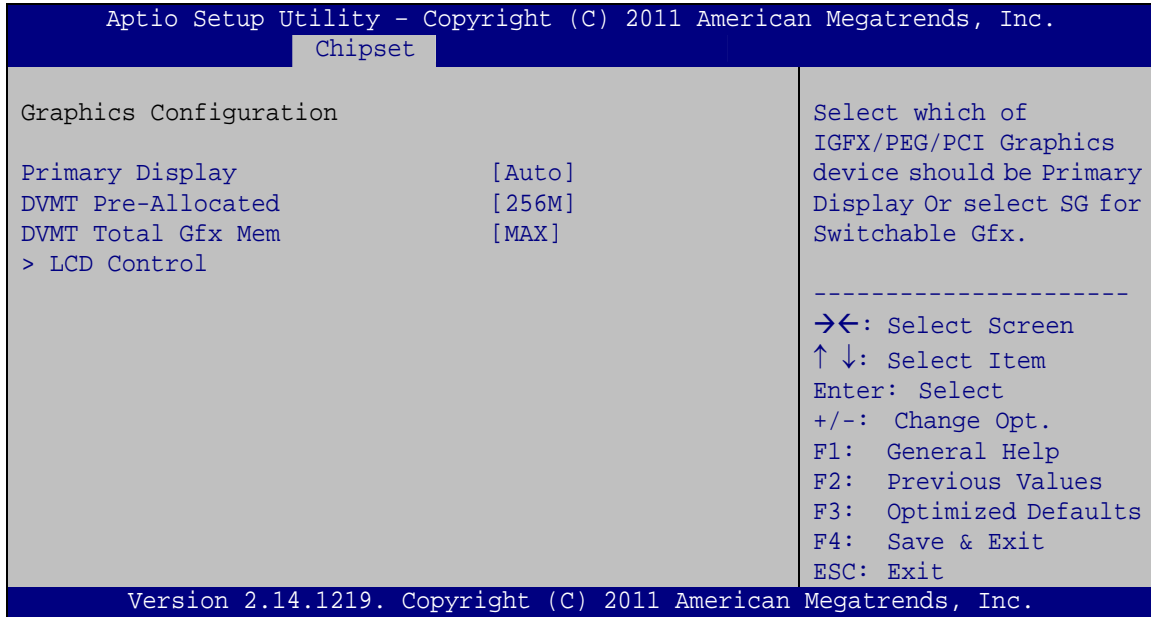
Use the **VT-d** option to enable or disable VT-d support.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disables VT-d support.
- **Enabled** Enables VT-d support.

5.4.1.1 Graphics Configuration

Use the **Graphics Configuration (BIOS Menu 22)** menu to configure the video device connected to the system.

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BIOS Menu 22: Graphics Configuration

→ Primary Display [Auto]

Use the **Primary Display** option to select the primary graphics controller the system uses.

The following options are available:

- Auto **Default**
- IGFX
- PEG
- PCI

→ DVMT Pre-Allocated [256M]

Use the **DVMT Pre-Allocated** option to set the amount of system memory allocated to the integrated graphics processor when the system boots. The system memory allocated can then only be used as graphics memory, and is no longer available to applications or the operating system. Configuration options are listed below:

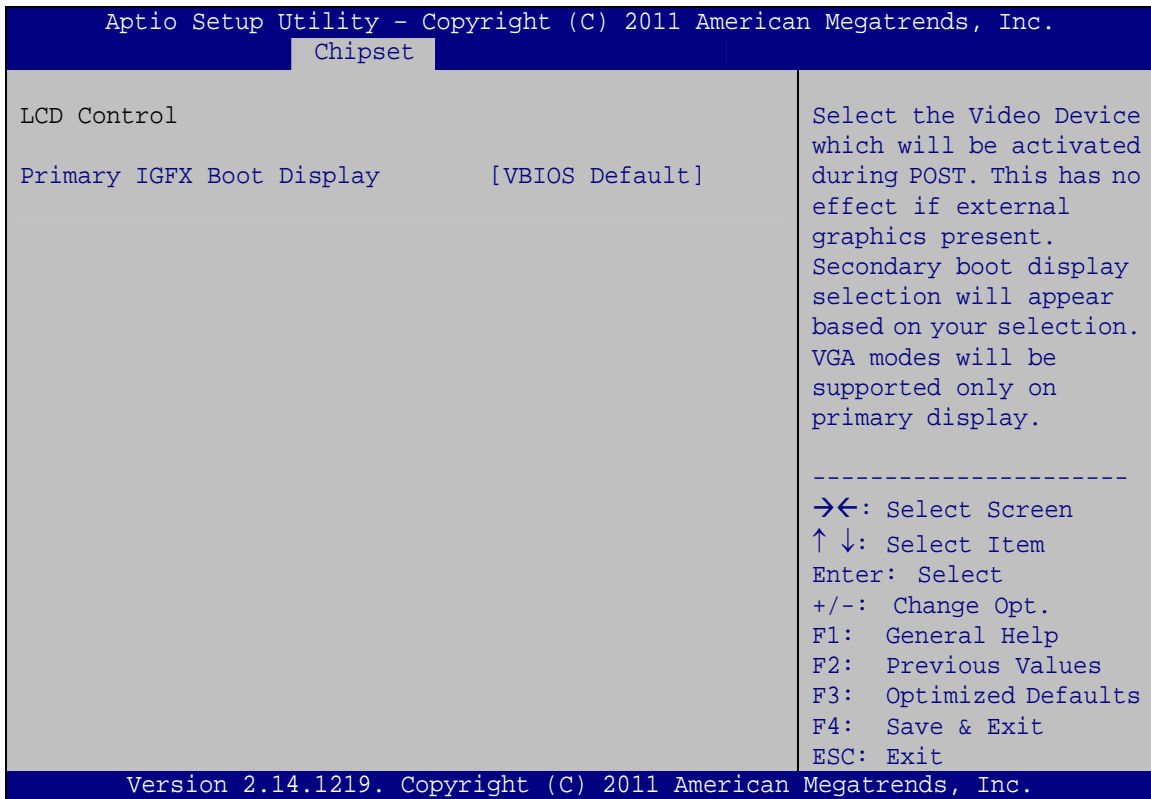
- 32M
- 64M
- 128M
- 256M **Default**
- 512M

➔ **DVMT Total Gfx Mem [MAX]**

Use the **DVMT Total Gfx Mem** option to select DVMT5.0 total graphic memory size used by the internal graphic device. The following options are available:

- 128M
- 256M
- MAX **Default**

5.4.1.1.1 LCD Control



BIOS Menu 23: LCD Control

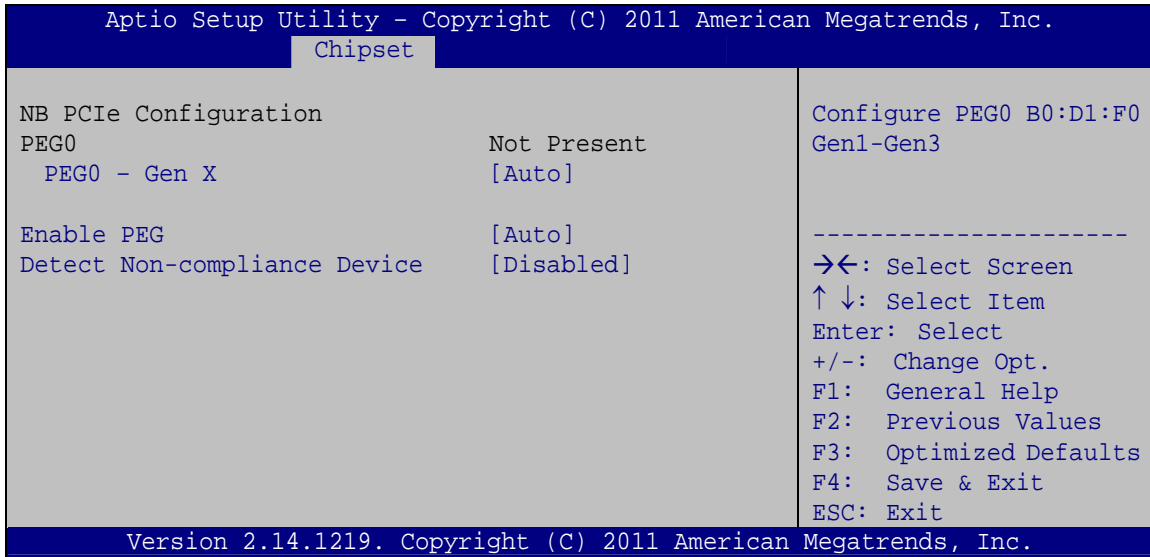
➔ **Primary IGFX Boot Display [VBIOS Default]**

Use the **Primary IGFX Boot Display** option to select the display device used by the system when it boots. Configuration options are listed below.

- VBIOS **DEFAULT**
- CRT
- DVI

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5.4.1.2 NB PCIe Configuration



BIOS Menu 24: NB PCIe Configuration

→ PEG0 – Gen X [Auto]

Use the **PEG0 – Gen X** option to select the support type of the PCI Express (PEG) controller. The following options are available:

- Auto **Default**
- Gen1
- Gen2
- Gen3

→ Enable PEG [Auto]

Use the **Enable PEG** option to enable or disable the PCI Express (PEG) controller.

- **Disabled** Disables the PCI Express (PEG) controller.
- **Enabled** Enables the PCI Express (PEG) controller.
- **Auto** **DEFAULT** The PCI Express (PEG) controller is disabled if no PCI Express devices are connected.

➔ **Detect Non-Compliance Device [Disabled]**

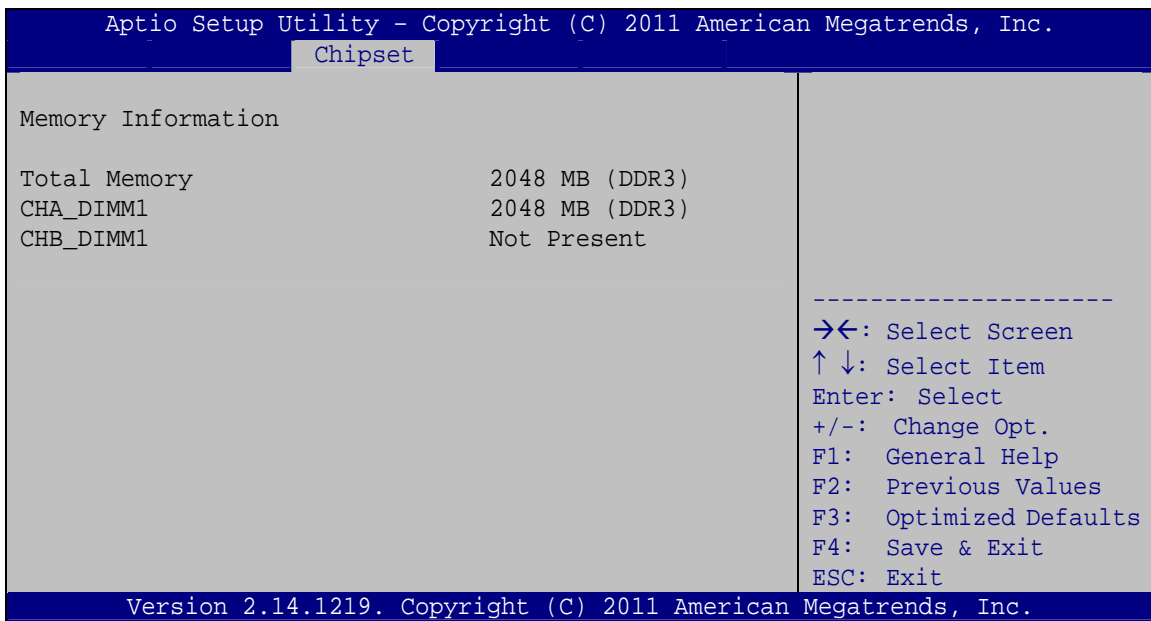
Use the **Detect Non-Compliance Device** option to enable or disable detecting if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

➔ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disables to detect if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

➔ **Enabled** Enables to detect if a non-compliance PCI Express device is connected to the PCI Express port.

5.4.1.3 Memory Configuration

Use the **Memory Configuration** submenu (**BIOS Menu 25**) to view memory information.

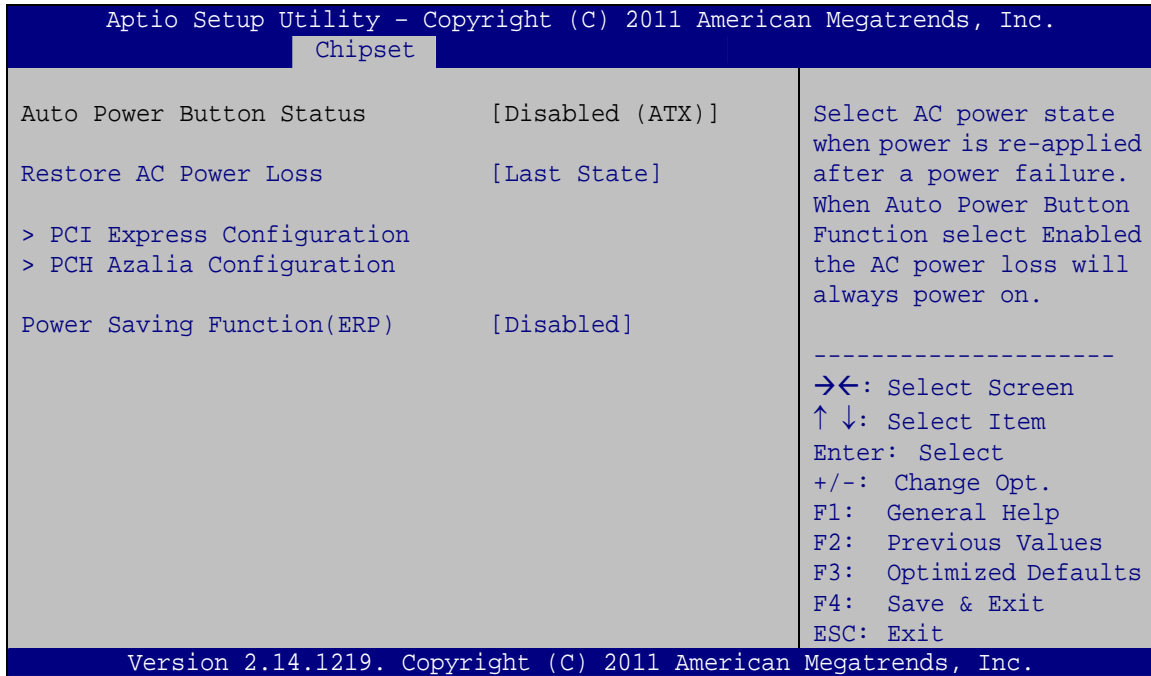


BIOS Menu 25: Memory Configuration

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5.4.2 PCH-IO Configuration

Use the **PCH-IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 26**) to configure the PCH parameters.



BIOS Menu 26: PCH-IO Configuration

→ Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

Use the **Restore AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

- **Power Off** The system remains turned off
- **Power On** The system turns on
- **Last State** **DEFAULT** The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

→ Power Saving Function(ERP) [Disabled]

Use the **Power Saving Function(ERP)** BIOS option to enable or disable the power saving function.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Power saving function is disabled.
- **Enabled** Power saving function is enabled. It will reduce power consumption when the system is off.

5.4.2.1 PCI Express Configuration

Use the **PCI Express Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 24**) to select the support type of the PCI Express or PCIe Mini slots.

```
Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Chipset
PCI Express Configuration
> PCIEX1_1
> PCIEX1_2
> PCIEX1_3
> PCIEX1_4
> Mini PCIE
PCI Express Root Port 1
<PCIEX1_1> Settings.
-----
-><: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 27: PCI Express Configuration

→ PCIEX1_1/ PCIEX1_2/ PCIEX1_3/ PCIEX1_4/Mini PCIE

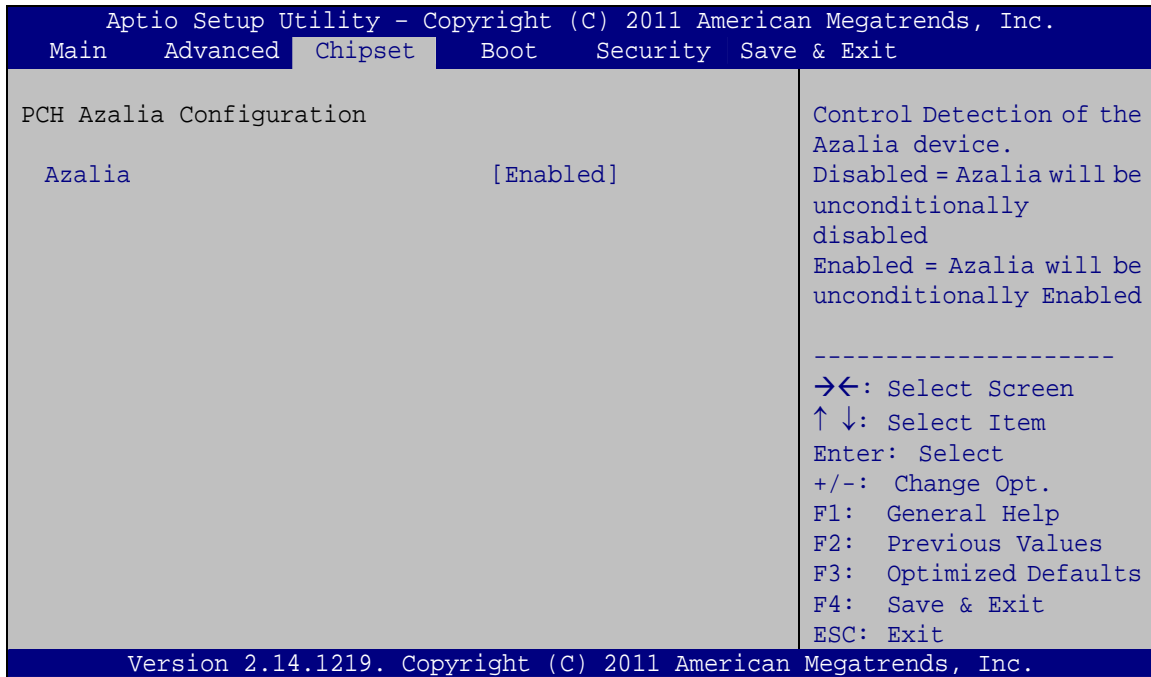
Use this option to select the support type of the PCI Express or PCIe Mini slots. The following options are available:

- Auto **Default**
- Gen1
- Gen2

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5.4.2.2 PCH Azalia Configuration

Use the **PCH Azalia Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 28**) to configure the PCH Azalia settings.



BIOS Menu 28: PCH Azalia Configuration Menu

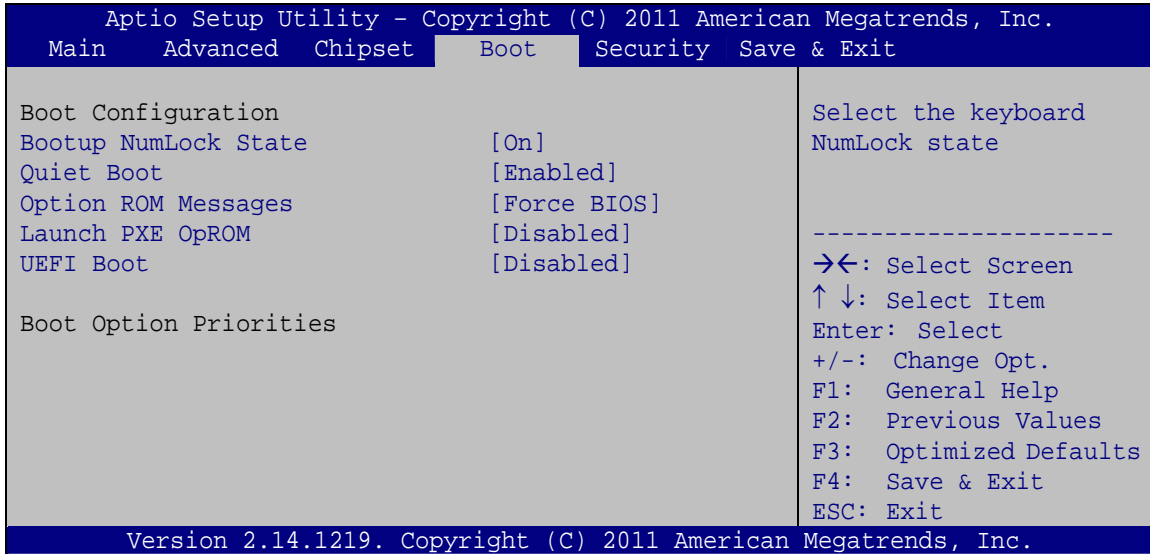
→ Azalia [Enabled]

Use the **Azalia** option to enable or disable the High Definition Audio controller.

- **Disabled** The onboard High Definition Audio controller is disabled
- **Enabled DEFAULT** The onboard High Definition Audio controller automatically detected and enabled

5.5 Boot

Use the **Boot** menu (**BIOS Menu 29**) to configure system boot options.



BIOS Menu 29: Boot

→ Bootup NumLock State [On]

Use the **Bootup NumLock State** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

→ **On** **DEFAULT** Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

→ **Off** Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.

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→ Quiet Boot [Enabled]

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

- **Disabled** Normal POST messages displayed
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

→ Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]

Use the **Option ROM Messages** option to set the Option ROM display mode.

- **Force BIOS** **DEFAULT** Sets display mode to force BIOS.
- **Keep Current** Sets display mode to current.

→ Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled]

Use the **Launch PXE OpROM** option to enable or disable boot option for legacy network devices.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Ignore all PXE Option ROMs
- **Enabled** Load PXE Option ROMs.

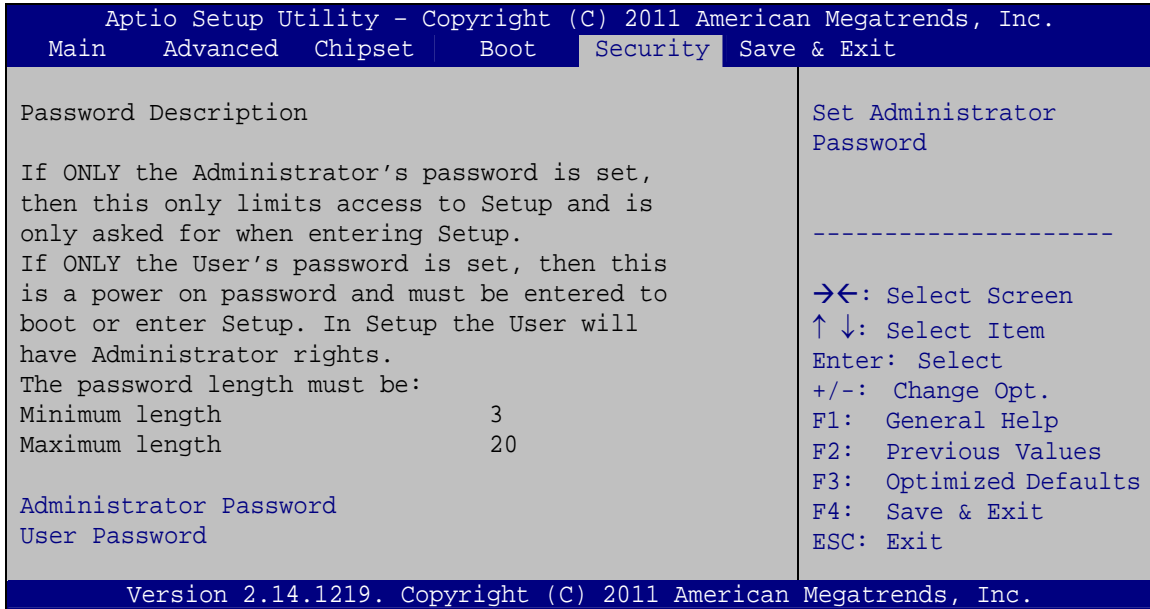
→ UEFI Boot [Disabled]

Use the **UEFI Boot** option to enable or disable to boot from the UEFI devices.

- **Enabled** Boot from UEFI devices is enabled.
- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Boot from UEFI devices is disabled.

5.6 Security

Use the **Security** menu (**BIOS Menu 30**) to set system and user passwords.



BIOS Menu 30: Security

→ Administrator Password

Use the **Administrator Password** to set or change a administrator password.

→ User Password

Use the **User Password** to set or change a user password.

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5.7 Save & Exit

Use the **Safe & Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 31**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main   Advanced  Chipset  Boot   Security  Save & Exit

Save Changes and Reset
Discard Changes and Reset

Restore Defaults
Save as User Defaults
Restore User Defaults

Exit the system after
saving the changes.

-----
-><: Select Screen
↑ ↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1:  General Help
F2:  Previous Values
F3:  Optimized Defaults
F4:  Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

```

BIOS Menu 31: Save & Exit**→ Save Changes and Reset**

Use the **Save Changes and Reset** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and reset the system.

→ Discard Changes and Reset

Use the **Discard Changes and Reset** option to exit the system without saving the changes made to the BIOS configuration setup program.

→ Restore Defaults

Use the **Restore Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F3 key can be used for this operation.**

→ **Save as User Defaults**

Use the **Save as User Defaults** option to save the changes done so far as user defaults.

→ **Restore User Defaults**

Use the **Restore User Defaults** option to restore the user defaults to all the setup options.

Chapter

6

Software Drivers

6.1 Available Software Drivers



NOTE:

The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice. Visit the IEI website or contact technical support for the latest updates.

The following drivers can be installed on the system:

- Chipset
- VGA
- LAN
- Audio
- SATA (Intel® Rapid Storage Technology)
- Intel® AMT

Installation instructions are given below.

6.2 Software Installation

All the drivers for the SPCIE-C2160 are on the CD that came with the system. To install the drivers, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Insert the CD into a CD drive connected to the system.



NOTE:

If the installation program doesn't start automatically:
Click "Start->My Computer->CD Drive->autorun.exe"

Step 2: The driver main menu appears. Click SPCIE-C2160.

Step 3: A new screen with a list of available drivers appears (**Figure 6-1**).

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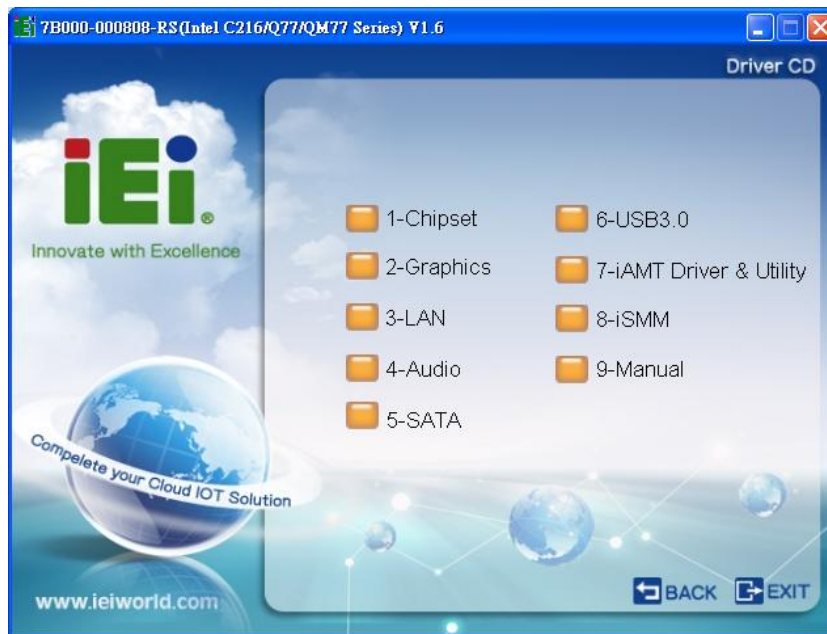


Figure 6-1: Available Drivers

Step 4: Install all of the necessary drivers in this menu.

6.3 Chipset Driver Installation

To install the chipset driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click “1-Chipset”.

Step 3: Locate the setup file and double click on it.

Step 4: When the setup files are completely extracted, the **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-2** appears.

Step 5: Click **Next** to continue.



Figure 6-2: Chipset Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: The license agreement in **Figure 6-3** appears.

Step 7: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 8: Click **Yes** to continue.



Figure 6-3: Chipset Driver License Agreement

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Step 9: The **Read Me** file in **Figure 6-4** appears.

Step 10: Click **Next** to continue.

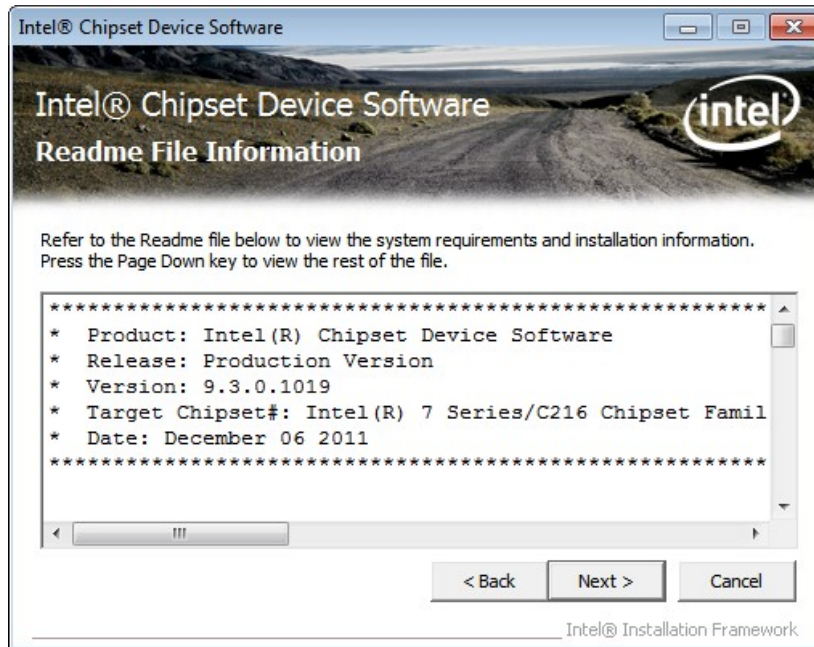


Figure 6-4: Chipset Driver Read Me File

Step 11: **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in **Figure 6-5**.

Step 12: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.

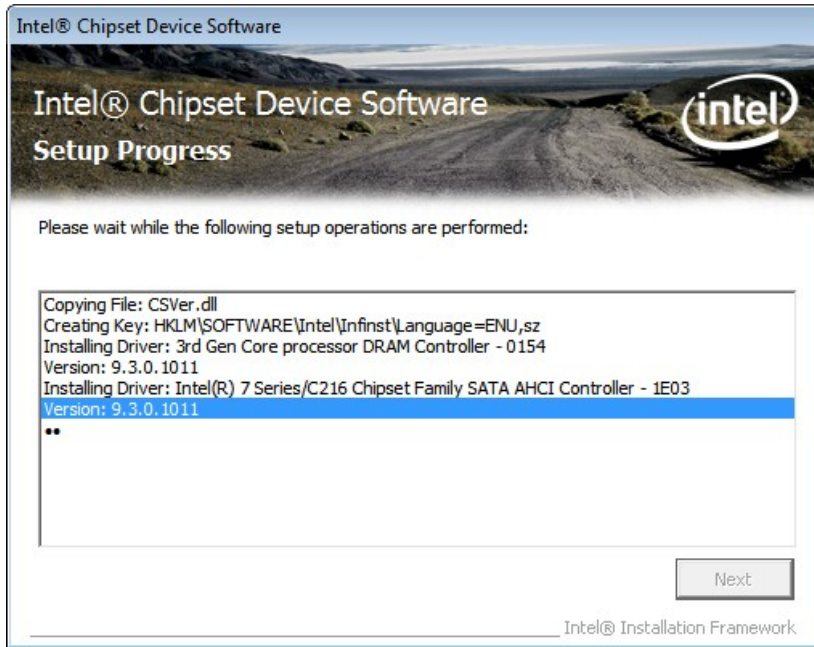


Figure 6-5: Chipset Driver Setup Operations

Step 13: The **Finish** screen in **Figure 6-6** appears.

Step 14: Select **“Yes, I want to restart this computer now”** and click **Finish**.



Figure 6-6: Chipset Driver Installation Finish Screen

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

6.4 Graphics Driver Installation

To install the Graphics driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click **"2-VGA"** and select the folder which corresponds to the operating system.

Step 3: Double click the setup file.

Step 4: The **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-7** appears.

Step 5: Click **Next** to continue.

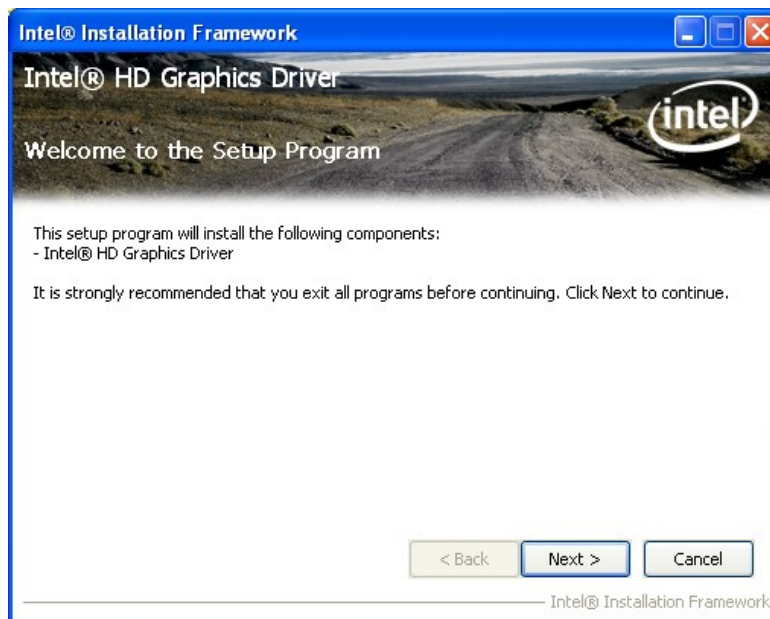


Figure 6-7: Graphics Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: The **License Agreement** in **Figure 6-8** appears.

Step 7: Click **Yes** to accept the agreement and continue.



Figure 6-8: Graphics Driver License Agreement

Step 8: The Read Me file in **Figure 6-9** appears. Click **Next** to continue.

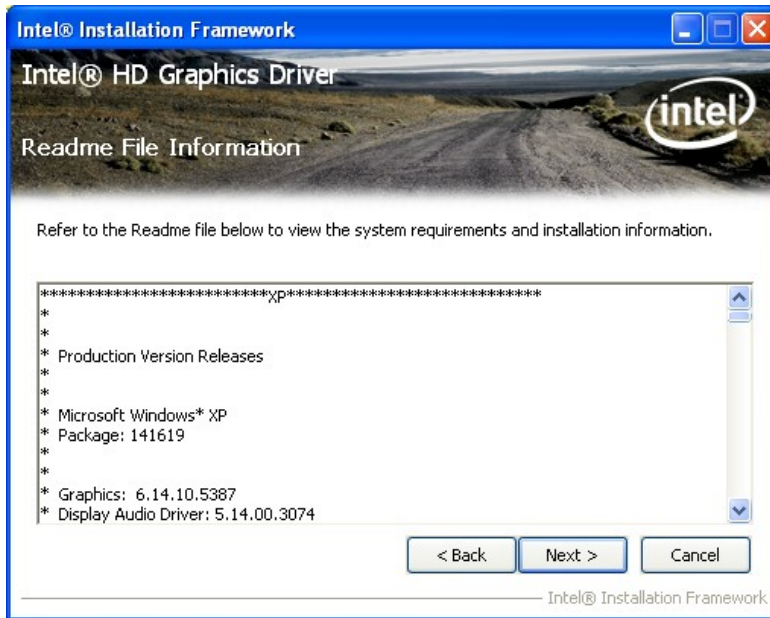


Figure 6-9: Graphics Driver Read Me File

Step 9: **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in **Figure 6-10**.

Step 10: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.

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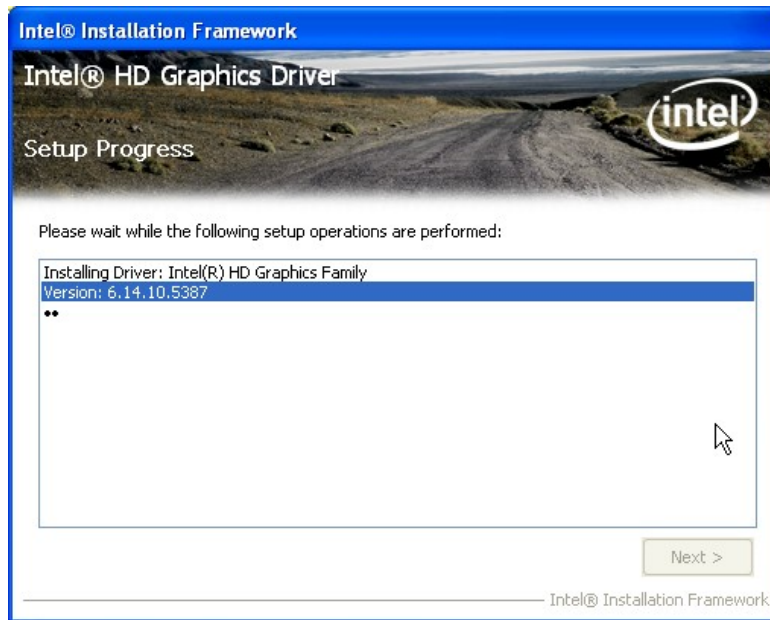


Figure 6-10: Graphics Driver Setup Operations

Step 11: The **Finish** screen in **Figure 6-11** appears.

Step 12: Select “**Yes, I want to restart this computer now**” and click **Finish**.



Figure 6-11: Graphics Driver Installation Finish Screen

6.5 LAN Driver Installation

To install the LAN driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Right-click the Computer button from the start menu and select **Properties**.

(Figure 6-12).

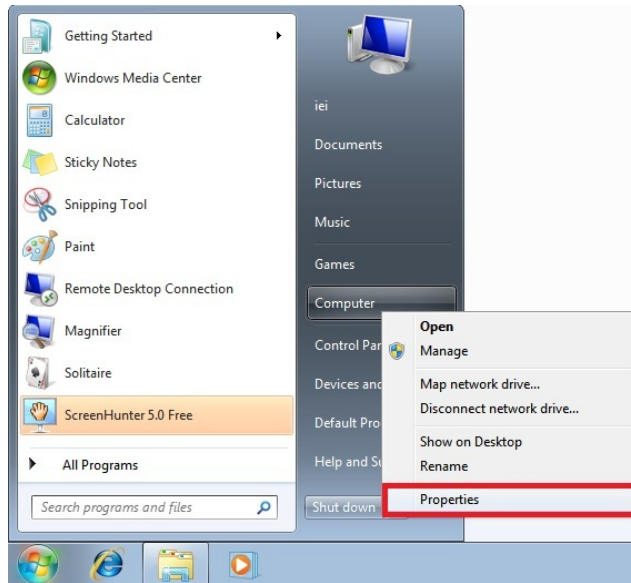


Figure 6-12: Windows Control Panel

Step 2: The system control panel window in **Figure 6-13** appears.

Step 3: Click the Device Manager link (**Figure 6-13**).

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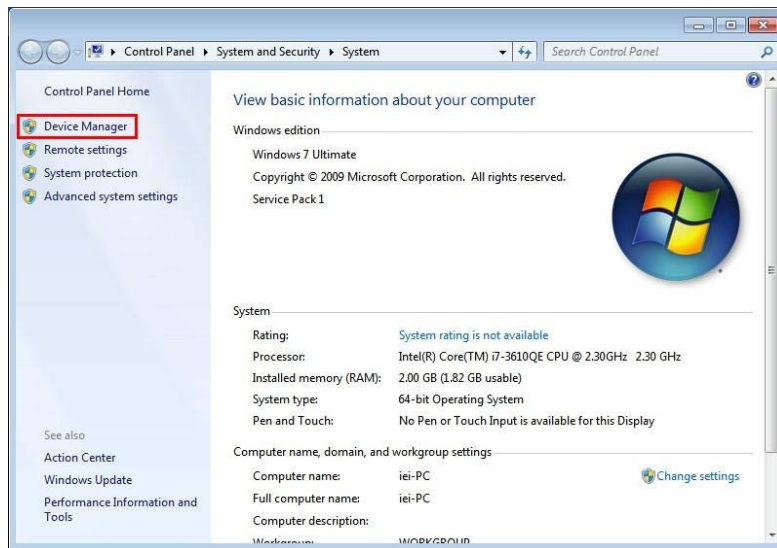


Figure 6-13: System Control Panel

- Step 4:** A list of system hardware devices appears (**Figure 6-14**).
- Step 5:** Right-click the Ethernet Controller that has question marks next to it (this means Windows does not recognize the device).
- Step 6:** Select **Update Driver Software**.

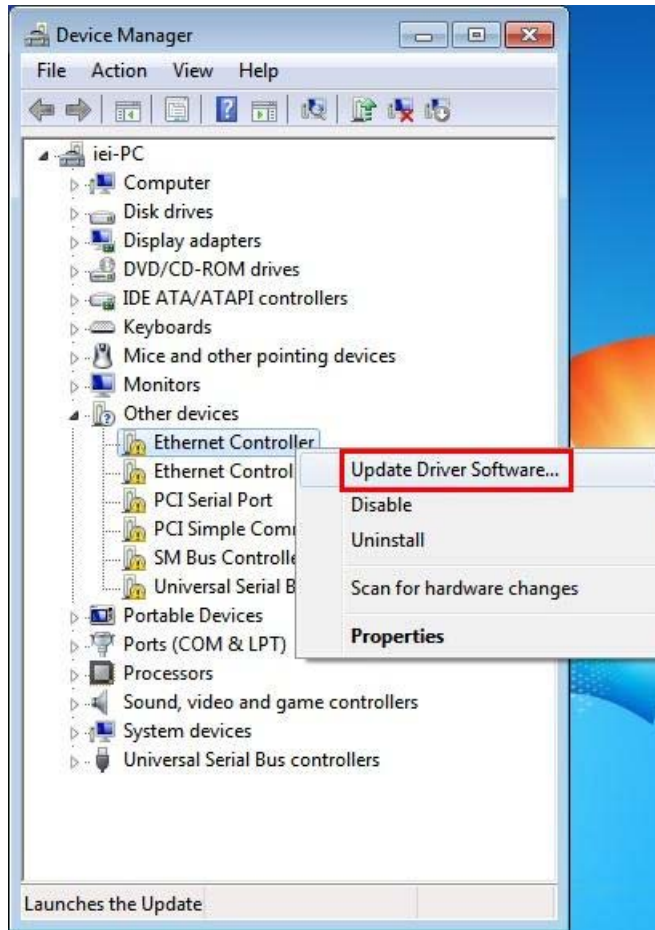


Figure 6-14: Device Manager List

Step 7: The Update Driver Software Window appears (Figure 6-15).

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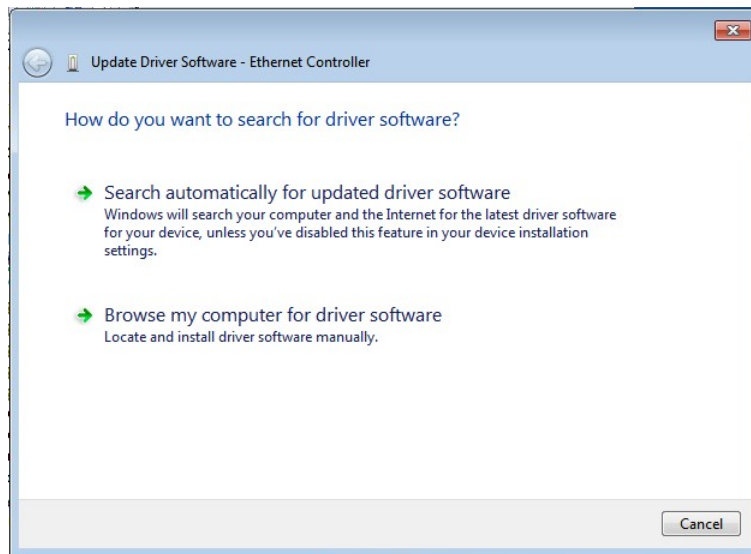


Figure 6-15: Update Driver Software Window

Step 8: Click “Browse my computer for driver software” to continue.

Step 9: Click Browse to select “X:\3-LAN” directory in the **Locate File** window, where “X:\” is the system CD drive. (Figure 6-16).

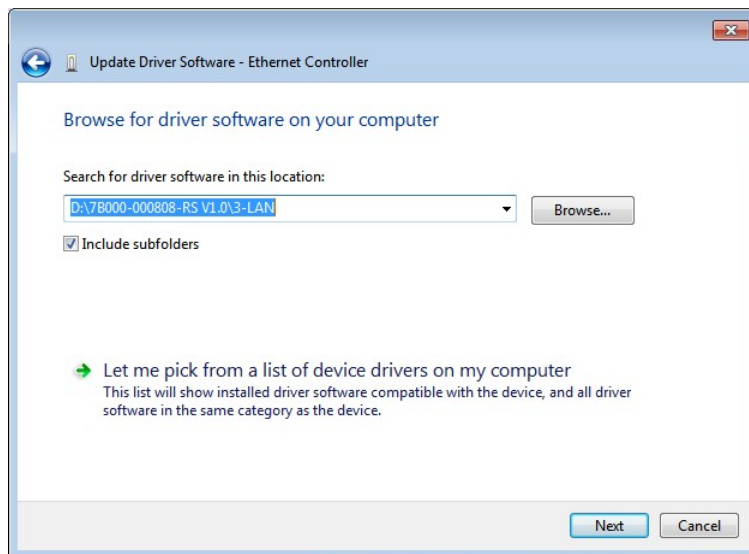


Figure 6-16: Locate Driver Files

Step 10: Click **NEXT** to continue.

Step 11: Driver Installation is performed as shown in Figure 6-17.

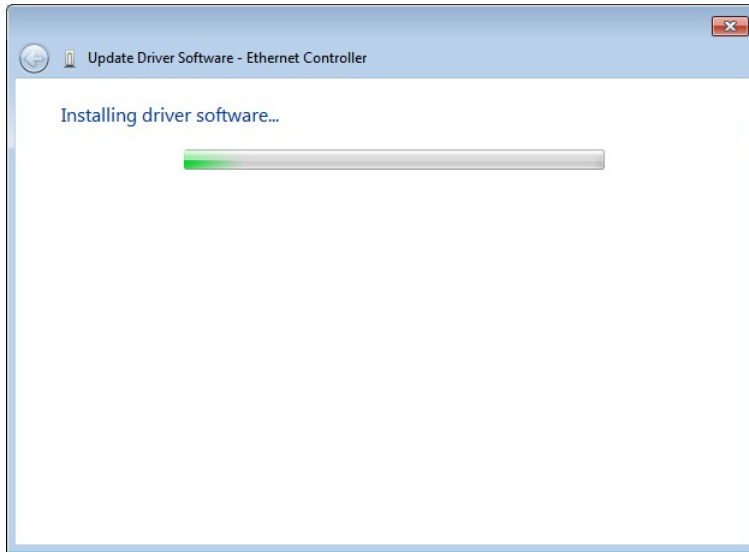


Figure 6-17: LAN Driver Installation

Step 12: The **Finish** screen in **Figure 6-18** appears. Click **Close** to exit.

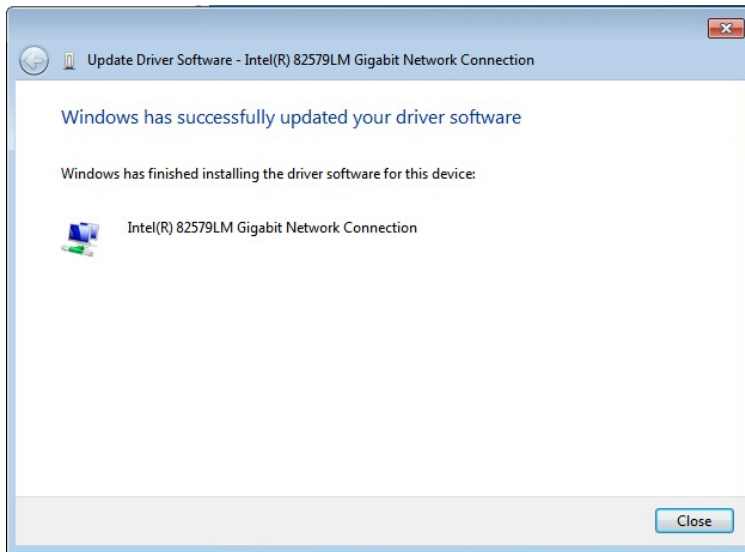


Figure 6-18: LAN Driver Installation Complete

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6.6 Audio Driver Installation

To install the audio driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click **“4-Audio”** and select the folder which corresponds to the operating system.

Step 3: Double click the setup file.

Step 4: The **InstallShield Wizard** is prepared to guide the user through the rest of the process.

Step 5: Once initialized, the **InstallShield Wizard** welcome screen appears (**Figure 6-19**).

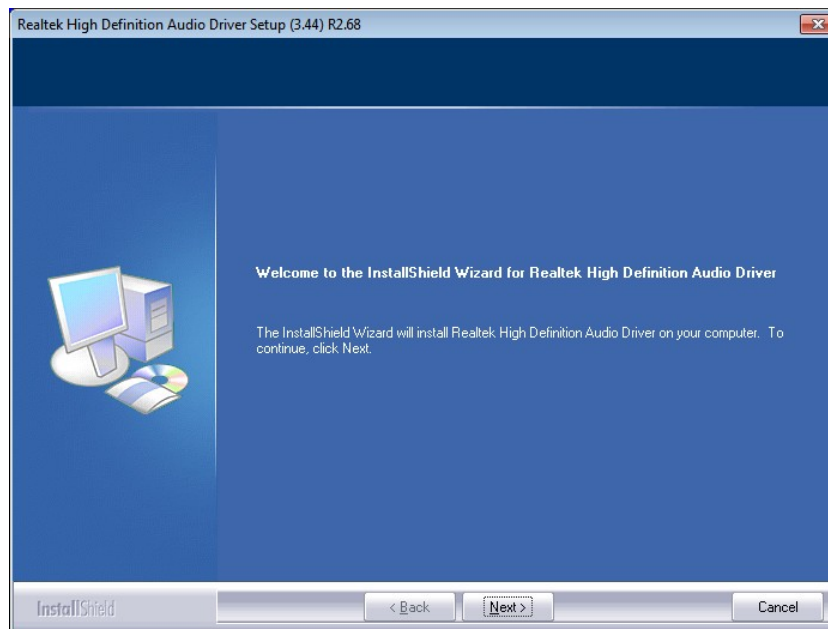


Figure 6-19: InstallShield Wizard Welcome Screen

Step 6: Click **Next** to continue the installation.

Step 7: InstallShield starts to install the new software as shown in **Figure 6-20**.

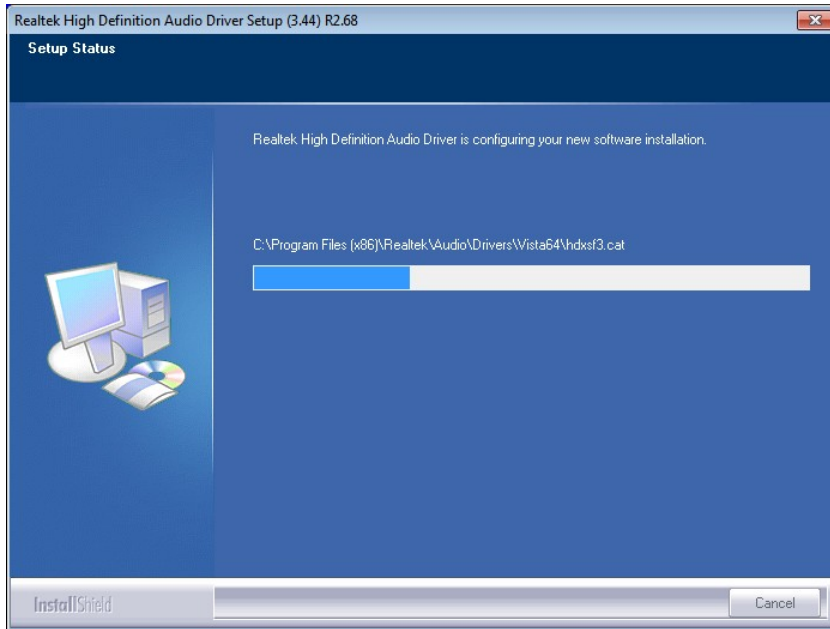


Figure 6-20: Audio Driver Software Configuration

Step 8: After the driver installation process is complete, a confirmation screen appears (Figure 6-21).

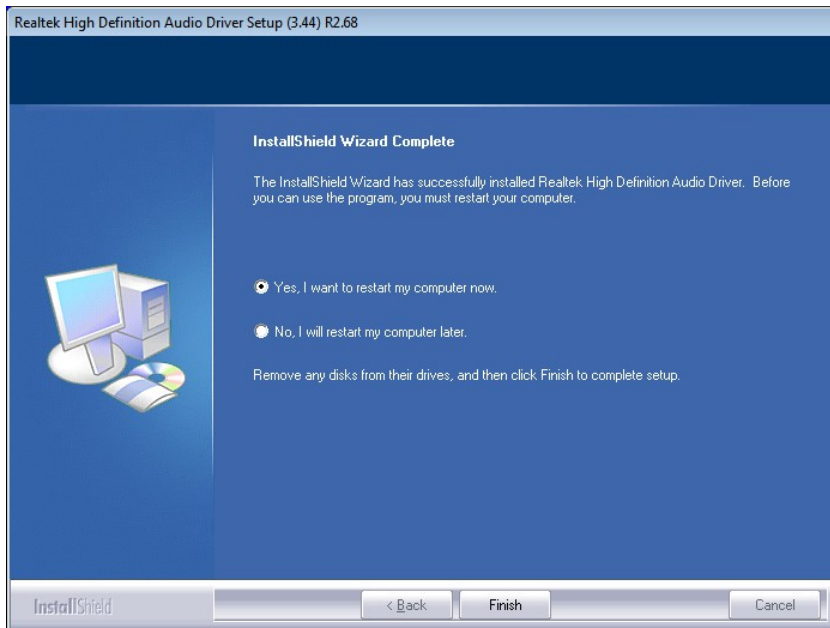


Figure 6-21: Restart the Computer

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

Step 9: The confirmation screen offers the option of restarting the computer now or later. For the settings to take effect, the computer must be restarted. Click **Finish** to restart the computer.

6.7 Intel® Rapid Storage Technology Driver Installation

To install the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click “**5-SATA**”.

Step 3: Locate the setup file and double click on it.

Step 4: The **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-22** appears.

Step 5: Click **Next** to continue.

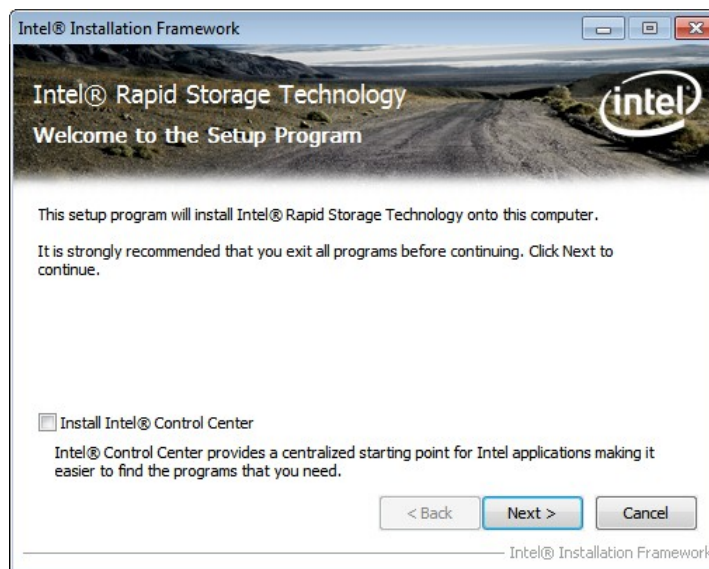


Figure 6-22: SATA RAID Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: The license agreement in **Figure 6-23** appears.

Step 7: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 8: Click **Yes** to continue.

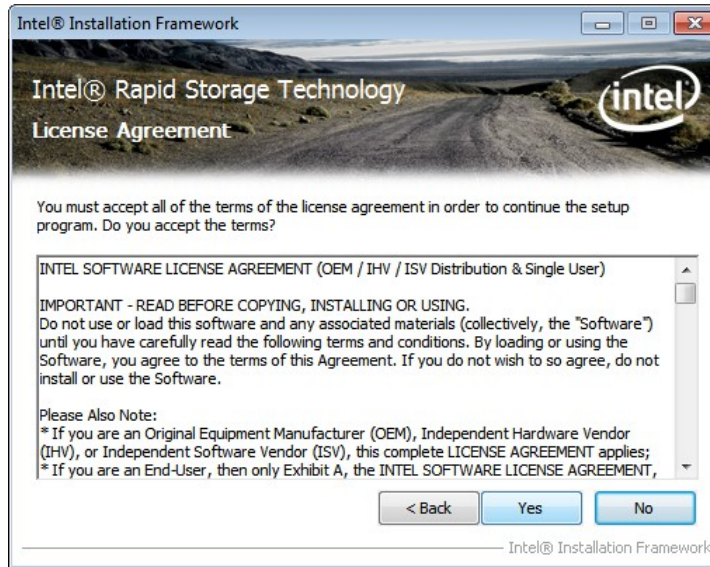


Figure 6-23: SATA RAID Driver License Agreement

Step 9: The Read Me file in **Figure 6-24** appears.

Step 10: Click **Next** to continue.

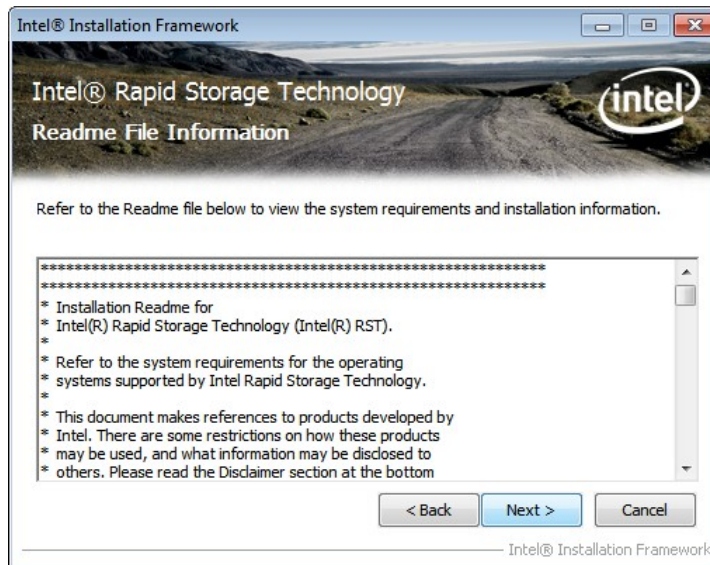


Figure 6-24: SATA RAID Driver Read Me File

Step 11: **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in **Figure 6-25**.

Step 12: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

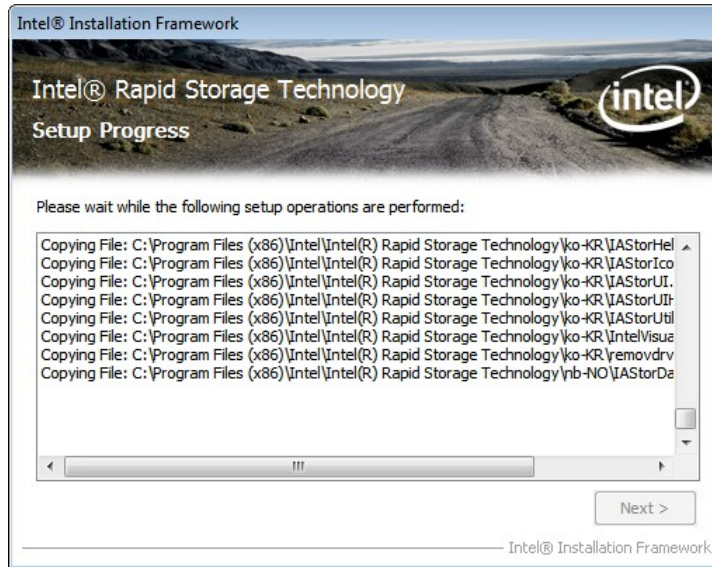


Figure 6-25: SATA RAID Driver Setup Operations

Step 13: The **Finish** screen in Figure 6-26 appears.

Step 14: Select “**Yes, I want to restart this computer now**” and click **Finish**.



Figure 6-26: SATA RAID Driver Installation Finish Screen

6.8 Intel® AMT Driver Installation

The package of the Intel® ME components includes

- Intel® Management Engine Interface (Intel® ME Interface)
- Serial Over LAN (SOL) driver
- Local Manageability Service (LMS)
- User Notification Service (UNS)
- Intel® ME WMI provider
- Intel® Active Management Technology NAC Posture Plug-in
- Intel Control Center
- Intel® Management and Security Status Application

To install these Intel® ME components, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click “7-iAMT”.

Step 3: Locate the setup file and double click it.

Step 4: When the setup files are completely extracted the **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-27** appears.

Step 5: Click **Next** to continue.

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Figure 6-27: Intel® ME Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: The license agreement in **Figure 6-28** appears.

Step 7: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 8: Click **Yes** to continue.

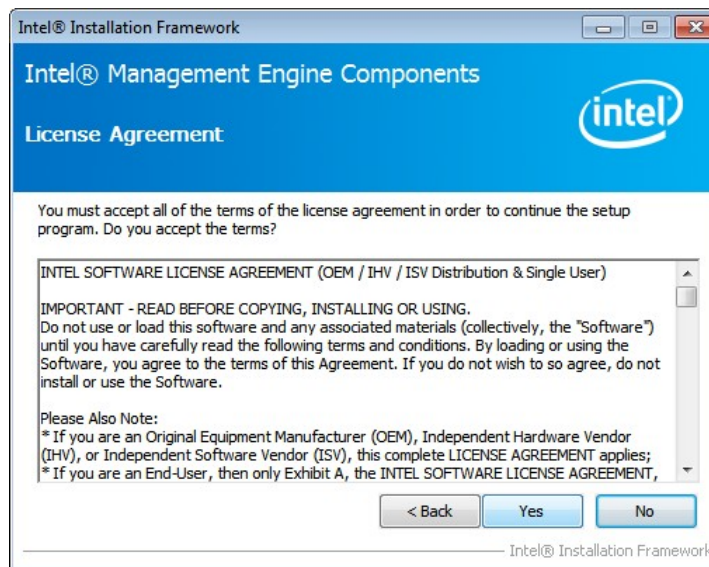


Figure 6-28: Intel® ME Driver License Agreement

Step 9: **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in **Figure 6-29**.

Step 10: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.

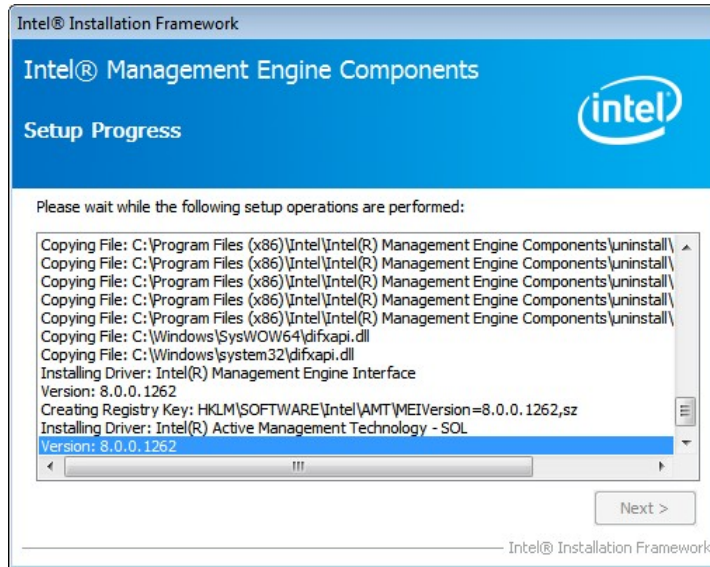


Figure 6-29: Intel® ME Driver Setup Operations

Step 11: The **Finish** screen in **Figure 6-30** appears.

Step 12: Select **“Yes, I want to restart this computer now”** and click **Finish**.

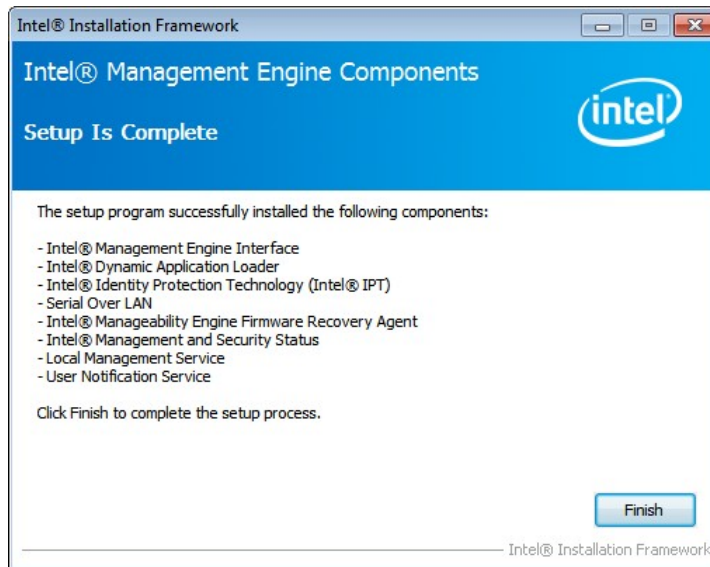


Figure 6-30: Intel® ME Driver Installation Finish Screen

Appendix

A

Regulatory Compliance

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with specifications for CE marking. If the user modifies and/or installs other devices in the equipment, the CE conformity declaration may no longer apply.

FCC WARNING

This equipment complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Appendix

B

BIOS Options

Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

System Overview	68
System Date [xx/xx/xx]	68
System Time [xx:xx:xx]	68
ACPI Sleep State [S1 only (CPU Stop Clock)]	70
Wake system with Fixed Time [Disabled]	71
Security Device Support [Disable]	72
Intel Virtualization Technology [Disabled]	73
SATA Controller(s) [Enabled]	74
SATA Mode Selection [IDE]	74
Hot Plug [Disabled]	75
Intel AMT [Enabled]	76
Un-Configure ME [Disabled]	76
USB Devices	77
Legacy USB Support [Enabled]	77
Floppy Disk Controller [Enabled]	79
Change Settings [Auto]	79
Device Mode [Read Write]	79
Serial Port [Enabled]	80
Change Settings [Auto]	80
Serial Port [Enabled]	81
Change Settings [Auto]	81
Serial Port [Enabled]	82
Change Settings [Auto]	82
IrDA [Enabled]	83
Change Settings [Auto]	83
Parallel Port [Enabled]	84
Change Settings [Auto]	85
Device Mode [STD Printer Mode]	85
PC Health Status	86
CPU_FAN1 Smart Fan Control [Auto Duty-Cycle Mode]	87
CPU Temperature n	87
Console Redirection [Disabled]	88
Terminal Type [ANSI]	88

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Bits per second [115200].....	88
Data Bits [8]	89
Parity [None].....	89
Stop Bits [1].....	89
Auto Recovery Function [Disabled].....	90
VT-d [Disabled].....	92
Primary Display [Auto]	93
DVMT Pre-Allocated [256M]	93
DVMT Total Gfx Mem [MAX].....	94
Primary IGFX Boot Display [VBIOS Default]	94
PEG0 – Gen X [Auto]	95
Enable PEG [Auto].....	95
Detect Non-Compliance Device [Disabled]	96
Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]	97
Power Saving Function(ERP) [Disabled].....	97
PCIEX1_1/ PCIEX1_2/ PCIEX1_3/ PCIEX1_4/Mini PCIE.....	98
Azalia [Enabled]	99
Bootup NumLock State [On].....	100
Quiet Boot [Enabled]	101
Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS].....	101
Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled]	101
UEFI Boot [Disabled]	101
Administrator Password	102
User Password	102
Save Changes and Reset	103
Discard Changes and Reset	103
Restore Defaults	103
Save as User Defaults	104
Restore User Defaults	104

Appendix

C

Terminology

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

AC '97	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel® in 1997.
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
ATA	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
ARMD	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
ASKIR	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude (“volume”) of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
BIOS	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
CODEC	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
CMOS	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
COM	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
DAC	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
DDR	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.
DMA	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.

DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
DIO	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
EHCI	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
EIDE	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
EIST	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
FSB	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
GbE	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
GPIO	General purpose input
HDD	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
ICH	The Input/Output Control Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
IrDA	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
L1 Cache	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
L2 Cache	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.
LCD	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.

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LVDS	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
POST	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
RAM	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
SATA	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
S.M.A.R.T	Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.
UHCI	The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.
USB	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
VGA	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.

Appendix

D

Digital I/O Interface

SPCIE-C2160 PICMG 1.3 CPU Card

D.1 Introduction

The DIO connector on the SPCIE-C2160 is interfaced to GPIO ports on the Super I/O chipset. The DIO has both 4-bit digital inputs and 4-bit digital outputs. The digital inputs and digital outputs are generally control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.



NOTE:

For further information, please refer to the datasheet for the Super I/O chipset.

The BIOS interrupt call **INT 15H** controls the digital I/O.

INT 15H:

AH – 6FH	
<u>Sub-function:</u>	
AL – 8	: Set the digital port as INPUT
AL	: Digital I/O input value

D.2 Assembly Language Sample 1

```
MOV     AX, 6F08H      ;setting the digital port as input
INT     15H           ;
```

AL low byte = value

AH – 6FH
<u>Sub-function:</u>
AL – 9 : Set the digital port as OUTPUT
BL : Digital I/O input value

D.3 Assembly Language Sample 2

```
MOV     AX, 6F09H      ;setting the digital port as output
MOV     BL, 09H        ;digital value is 09H
INT     15H           ;
```

Digital Output is 1001b

Appendix

E

Watchdog Timer



NOTE:

The following discussion applies to DOS environment. Contact IEI support or visit the IEI website for specific drivers for other operating systems.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

AH – 6FH Sub-function:	
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer’s period.
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item “Watchdog Timer unit select” in CMOS setup).

Table E-1: AH-6FH Sub-function

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.

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**NOTE:**

When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

EXAMPLE PROGRAM:

; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER

;

W_LOOP:

;

```

MOV      AX, 6F02H      ;setting the time-out value
MOV      BL, 30         ;time-out value is 48 seconds
INT      15H

```

;

; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE

;

```

CMP      EXIT_AP, 1     ;is the application over?
JNE      W_LOOP        ;No, restart the application

MOV      AX, 6F02H     ;disable Watchdog Timer
MOV      BL, 0         ;
INT      15H

```

;

; EXIT ;

Appendix

F

Intel® Matrix Storage Manager

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F.1 Introduction

The SPCIE-C2160 can provide data protection for serial ATA (SATA) disks via the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager using one of three fault-tolerant RAID levels: RAID 1, 5 or 10. When using two hard drives, matrix RAID allows RAID 0 and RAID 1 functions to be combined, where critical files can be stored on RAID 1, and RAID 0 can be used for non-critical items such as software. RAID 5 and RAID 0 can be combined to provide higher performance, capacity, and fault tolerance.



CAUTION!

A configured RAID volume (which may consist of multiple hard drives) appears to an operating system as a contingent storage space. The operating system will not be able to distinguish the physical disk drives contained in a RAID configuration.

F.1.1 Precautions

One key benefit a RAID configuration brings is that a single hard drive can fail within a RAID array without damaging data. With RAID1 array, a failed drive can be replaced and the RAID configuration restored.



WARNING!

Irrecoverable data loss occurs if a working drive is removed when trying to remove a failed drive. It is strongly recommended to mark the physical connections of all SATA disk drives. Drive locations can be identified by attaching stickers to the drive bays. If a drive member of a RAID array should fail, the failed drive can then be correctly identified.

**CAUTION!**

Do not accidentally disconnect the SATA drive cables. Carefully route the cables within the chassis to avoid system down time.

F.2 Features and Benefits

- Supports RAID levels 0, 1, 5 and 10
- Supports connectivity to two or more disk drives
- Supported Operating Systems include: Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Vista and Windows 7

F.3 Accessing the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager

To access the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager, please follow the steps below.

Step 13: Connect SATA drives to the system. Connect two or more SATA drives to the system. Make sure the drives have the same capacity, are the same type and have the same speed.

**NOTE:**

Make sure the SATA drives are EXACTLY the same when they are configured in a RAID configuration. If they are not the same size, disk drive capacity is sacrificed and overall performance affected.

Step 14: Enable SATA drives in BIOS. Start the computer and access the BIOS setup program. Enable RAID support for all SATA devices. Refer to the applicable BIOS configuration section in this user manual.

Step 15: Configure “Option ROM Messages” BIOS option to Force BIOS. This is to allow the “Press <CTRL+I> to enter Configuration Utility.....” message to

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appear during the POST. Refer to the applicable BIOS configuration section in this user manual.

Step 16: Save and Exit BIOS. After the SATA support option is enabled, save and exit the BIOS.

Step 17: Reboot the system. Reboot the system after saving and exiting the BIOS.

Step 18: Press Ctrl+I. during the system boot process. Press Ctrl+I when prompted to enter the RAID configuration software.

Step 19: Configure the RAID settings. Use the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager to configure the RAID array. Brief descriptions of configuration options are given below.

F.4 Installing the Operating System to the RAID Array

To install the operating system to the RAID array some extra steps are necessary during the installation process.

Step 1: Prepare a RAID driver floppy disk on another computer. If installing on the RAID array a RAID driver floppy disk must be made. The RAID driver floppy disk utility is on the CD in the “5-SATA/Floppy Configuration Utility” folder. The floppy disk will be formatted and the drivers installed.

Step 2: Restart the system with a floppy drive attached. Attach a normal floppy drive or USB floppy drive to the system.

Step 3: Press F6 when prompted. During the installation process, Windows OS prompts the user to press F6 to install the RAID drivers. Press F6 and choose from the drivers on the floppy disk.

Step 4: Install the OS. Continue with OS installation as usual.

Appendix

G

Hazardous Materials Disclosure

G.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated “Environmentally Friendly Use Period” (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would “not leak out or undergo abrupt change.” This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
Housing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Display	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Printed Circuit Board	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Metal Fasteners	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Cable Assembly	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Fan Assembly	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Power Supply Assemblies	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Battery	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

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此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有“环境友好使用期限”的标签，此期限是估算这些物质“不会有泄漏或突变”的年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件，像是电池或灯管，这些元件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (CR(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯 醚 (PBDE)
壳体	○	○	○	○	○	○
显示	○	○	○	○	○	○
印刷电路板	○	○	○	○	○	○
金属螺帽	○	○	○	○	○	○
电缆组装	○	○	○	○	○	○
风扇组装	○	○	○	○	○	○
电力供应组装	○	○	○	○	○	○
电池	○	○	○	○	○	○

○: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。
 X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。