



Fanless Embedded System with Intel® Atom™ D525 Dual Core CPU, VGA, Two Gigabit Ethernet, Four USB, RS-232/422/485, RoHS Compliant

User Manual





Revision

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2 September, 2013	1.14	Updated Section 3.4: System Fan Installation
2 April, 2013	1.13	Added the maximum dimensions of an expansion card in
		Section 1.7
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		Updated Section 3.7.9: RJ-45 RS-422/485 Serial Ports
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3 November, 2011	1.00	Initial release



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Ei Integration Corp.

TANK-800 Embedded System

WARNING

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- —Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- —Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- —Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

You are cautioned that any change or modifications to the equipment not expressly approve by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate such equipment.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.



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Chapter

1

Introduction



1.1 Overview



Figure 1-1: TANK-800

The TANK-800 Series embedded system is a fanless system for wide range temperature environments. It is powered by the Intel® Atom™ D525 dual core processor, uses the Intel® ICH8M chipset and has 1.0 GB of DDR3 memory. The TANK-800 Series includes one VGA port, two PCIe GbE LAN, four USB 2.0 ports, and six COM ports.

1.2 Model Variations

The model variations of the TANK-800 Series are listed below.

Model No.	СРИ	Expansion Slots
TANK-800-D525/1GB/2P1E-R10	Intel® Atom™ D525 1.8 GHz dual core	Two PCI slots One PCIe x16 slot
TANK-800-D525/1GB/1P2E-R10	Intel® Atom™ D525 1.8 GHz dual core	One PCI slot One PCIe x4 slot One PCIe x16 slot

Table 1-1: TANK-800 Model Variations

1.3 Features

The TANK-800 features are listed below:

- Intel® Atom™ D525 1.8 GHz dual core processor
- On-board 1.0 GB DDR3 memory
- Redundant dual DC input
- Flexible PCI/PCIe expansion slots
- Two Gigabit Ethernet ports
- Four USB 2.0 ports
- Four RS-232 serial ports
- Two RJ-45 RS-422/485 serial ports
- One VGA port
- One Line-out and one Mic-in audio jacks
- One CompactFlash® Type II socket
- AT/ATX power mode supported
- RoHS compliant



1.4 Technical Specifications

The TANK-800 technical specifications are listed in **Table 1-2**.

Specifications		
System		
СРИ	1.8 GHz Intel® Atom™ D525 dual core CPU	
Chipset	Intel® ICH8M	
Memory	On-board 1.0 GB DDR3 memory	
	1 x 204-pin 800 MHz DDR3 SDRAM SO-DIMM slot	
	(system max. 2.0 GB)	
Ethernet Controller	Dual Realtek RTL8111E PCIe GbE controllers with ASF 2.0 support	
I/O and Indicators		
Ethernet	2 x RJ-45 GbE ports	
RS-232	4 x RS-232 serial ports (DB-9)	
RS-422/RS-485	2 x RS-422/485 serial ports (RJ-45)	
USB Interfaces	4 x USB 2.0 ports	
VGA	1 x VGA port (2048x1536)	
Audio Connector	1 x Line-out port	
	1 x Mic-in port	
Digital I/O	1 x DIO port (8 bits)	
LED Indicators	AT power mode LED	
	ATX power mode LED	
	CPU temperature alert LED	
	HDD LED	
	Power 1 LED	
	Power 2 LED	
Storage		
SATA	Support one 2.5" SATA HDD	
CompactFlash®	One CompactFlash® Type II socket	



Specifications		
Power		
Power Supply	Redundant dual DC input 9V~36V	
	Power 1 (terminal block): 9 V (+/-0.3 V) ~ 36 V	
	Power 2 (DC jack): 10.5 V (+/-0.3 V) ~ 36 V	
Power Consumption	33 W (without add-on card)	
Power Button	One power button	
Power Mode	AT or ATX power mode (selectable by AT/ATX mode switch)	
Environmental and Mechanical		
Operating Temperature	ture -20°C~70°C	
Storage Temperature	perature -30°C~80°C	
Mounting	Desktop, wall mount	
Color	Black C + Silver	
Physical Dimensions	136 mm x 219 mm x 188 mm (W x D x H)	

Table 1-2: Technical Specifications



1.5 Connector Panel

All external peripheral interface connectors are located on the rear panel of the TANK-800. The peripheral interface connectors are shown in **Figure 1-2**.

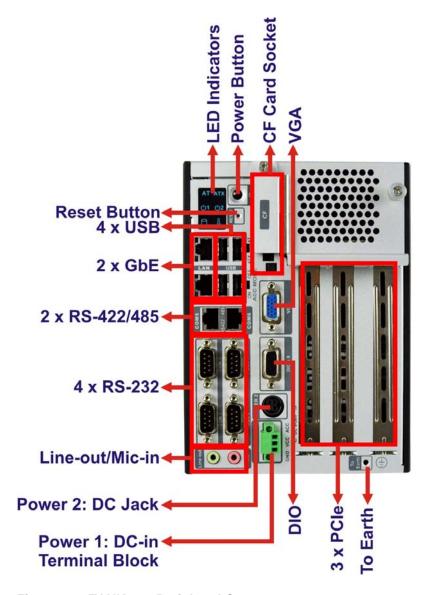


Figure 1-2: TANK-800 Peripheral Connectors

Connectors and buttons on the rear panel include the following.

- 1 x 4-pin power DC jack for 10.5V (+/-0.3V) ~ 36V power input
- 1 x Power terminal block for 9V (+/-0.3V) ~ 36V power input
- 1 x Mic-in port (pink)



- 1 x Line-out port (green)
- 4 x RS-232 serial ports
- 2 x RJ-45 RS-422/485 serial ports
- 2 x Gigabit Ethernet ports
- 4 x USB ports
- 1 x Reset button
- 6 x LED indicators (**Section 1.6**)
- 1 x Power button
- 1 x CompactFlash® Type II socket
- 1 x VGA output
- 1 x To earth
- 3 x Expansion slots
- 1 x DIO port
- 1 x ACC mode switch
- 1 x AT/ATX power mode switch

1.6 LED Indicators

There are several indicators on the rear panel of the TANK-800 as shown in Figure 1-3.

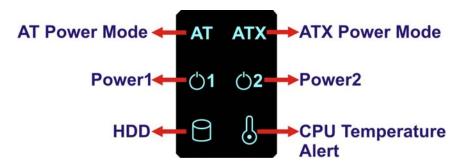


Figure 1-3: TANK-800 LED Indicators



WARNING:

The CPU Temperature Alert LED turns red when the CPU temperature is too high. If this situation occurs, lower the environment temperature or close some running applications to cool down the CPU.



1.7 Backplane Options

The backplane options of the TANK-800 are shown below.

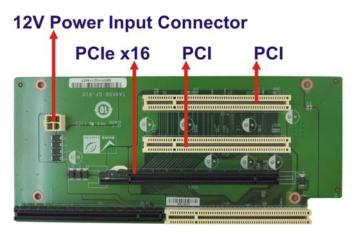


Figure 1-4: TANK-800-D525/1GB/2P1E-R10 Backplane (HPE-3S6)

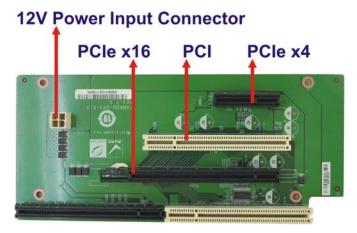


Figure 1-5: TANK-800-D525/1GB/1P2E-R10 Backplane (HPE-3S7)

The supported signals of the backplane slots are listed below.

Backplane	Slot	Signal
HPE-3S6 (2P1E)	PCI	PCI
	PCle x16	PCIe x4
	PCI	PCI
HPE-3S7 (1P2E)	PCIe x4	PCle x1
	PCle x16	PCIe x2

Table 1-3: Supported Signals



The rated voltage and current of the backplanes are listed below.

Rated Voltage	Rated Current
+5 V	7 A
+12 V	3.75 A
-12 V	0.1 A
+3.3 V	8 A

Table 1-4: Rated Voltage and Current



WARNING:

The system default power is 96 W. The maximum total power of the backplane to support expansion cards is 45 W. The power of the selected expansion cards can not exceed the max. power (45 W), otherwise, the system may fail.



NOTE:

When using an expansion card with high power consumption, it is recommended to install an external power supply to the 12V power input connector on the backplane.

The maximum dimensions of the expansion card should be 190 mm in length and 111 mm in width.



1.8 Dimensions

The physical dimensions are shown below:

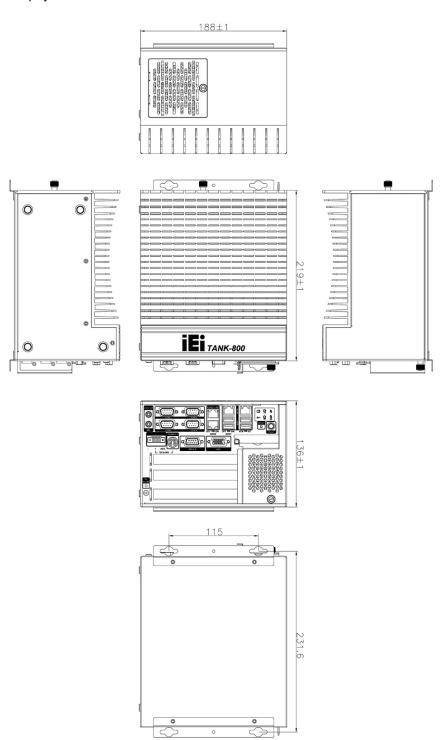


Figure 1-6: Physical Dimensions (millimeters)



Chapter

2

Unpacking



2.1 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during installation may result in permanent damage to the TANK-800 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the TANK-800. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the TANK-800 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- Self-grounding: Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring the TANK-800, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the TANK-800.

2.2 Unpacking Precautions

When the TANK-800 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the anti-static precautions outlined in Section 2.1.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards so the TANK-800 does not fall out of the box.
- Make sure all the components shown in Section 2.3 are present.



2.3 Unpacking Checklist



NOTE:

If some of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, please do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor you purchased the TANK-800 from or contact an IEI sales representative directly. To contact an IEI sales representative, please send an email to sales@iei.com.tw.

The TANK-800 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
Standard		
1	TANK-800 Series	IET caree and
1	Power adapter (P/N : 63040-010090-020-RS)	Western T. T. W.
1	Power cord (P/N : 32702-000401-100-RS)	
1	Power transfer cable (P/N : 32000-089400-RS)	



Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image		
Standard				
2	Mounting bracket (P/N : 41020-0308C2-00-RS)	· • · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4	Mounting bracket screw (P/N: 44033-040062-RS)	4444		
4	HDD screw (P/N : 44043-030051-RS)	6666		
8	Rubber foot pad screw (P/N : 44005-030061-RS)			
4	Rubber foot pad (P/N : 46007-001500-RS)	29		
2	RJ-45 to DB-9 COM port cable (P/N : 32005-000200-200-RS)			
1	Pluggable DC-in terminal block (P/N : 33502-000007-RS)			
1	One Key Recovery CD (P/N : 7B000-000724-RS)	O IEI		
1	User manual and driver CD (P/N : 7B000-000731-RS)	IEI .		



The following table lists the optional items that can be purchased separately.

Optional	
System fan	
(P/N : 31100-000333-RS)	
OS: Win CE 6.0 (128MB CF Card)	
(P/N : TANKCF-800-D525-CE060-128M-R10)	
OS: Win XPE (2GB CF Card)	
(P/N : TANKCF-800-D525-XPE-2G-R10)	
OS: Win XPE (4GB CF Card)	
(P/N : TANKCF-800-D525-XPE-4G-R10)	
OS: Linux (2GB CF Card)	
(P/N : TANKCF-800-D525-LNX-2G-R10)	
OS: Win 7 Embedded (4GB CF Card)	
(P/N : TANKCF-800-D525-WES7E-4G-R10)	



Chapter

3

Installation



3.1 Installation Precautions

During installation, be aware of the precautions below:

- Read the user manual: The user manual provides a complete description of the TANK-800, installation instructions and configuration options.
- DANGER! Disconnect Power: Power to the TANK-800 must be disconnected during the installation process, or before any attempt is made to access the rear panel. Electric shock and personal injury might occur if the rear panel of the TANK-800 is opened while the power cord is still connected to an electrical outlet.
- Qualified Personnel: The TANK-800 must be installed and operated only by trained and qualified personnel. Maintenance, upgrades, or repairs may only be carried out by qualified personnel who are familiar with the associated dangers.
- Air Circulation: Make sure there is sufficient air circulation when installing the TANK-800. The TANK-800's cooling vents must not be obstructed by any objects. Blocking the vents can cause overheating of the TANK-800. Leave at least 5 cm of clearance around the TANK-800 to prevent overheating.
- Grounding: The TANK-800 should be properly grounded. The voltage feeds
 must not be overloaded. Adjust the cabling and provide external overcharge
 protection per the electrical values indicated on the label attached to the back
 of the TANK-800.

3.2 CF Card Installation

To install the CF card, please follow the steps below:

Step 1: Locate the CF card slot, and then loosen the thumbscrew (Figure 1-2).





Figure 3-1: CF Card Slot

Step 2: Open the CF card slot cover (Figure 3-2).



Figure 3-2: CF Card Slot Cover



Step 3: Correctly align the CF card with the socket and insert the CF card into the socket (**Figure 3-3**).



Figure 3-3: CF Card Installation

Step 4: Reinstall the cover.

3.3 Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Installation

To install the hard drive, please follow the steps below:

Step 1: Loosen the thumbscrew, slide the cover inwards (**Figure 3-4**), and then lift the cover up gently.



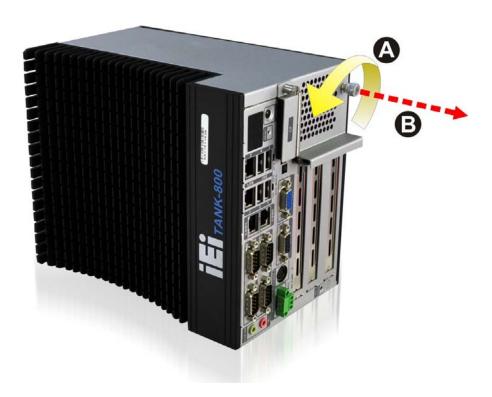


Figure 3-4: Unscrew the Cover

Step 2: Unplug the SATA signal and power cables connected to the TANK-800, and then put the cover on a flat surface (**Figure 3-5**).

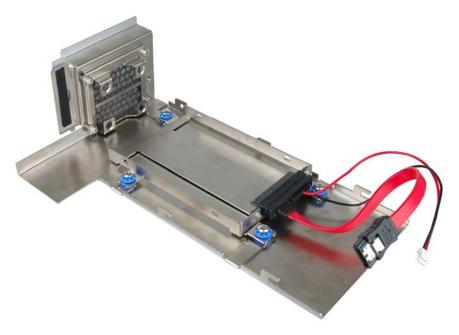


Figure 3-5: Remove the Cover from TANK-800

Step 3: Attach the HDD to the HDD bracket, and then slide the HDD to connect the HDD to the SATA connector (**Figure 3-6**).

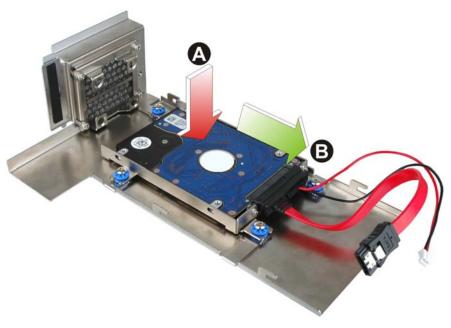


Figure 3-6: HDD Installation

Step 4: Secure the HDD with the HDD bracket by four retention screws (**Figure 3-7**).

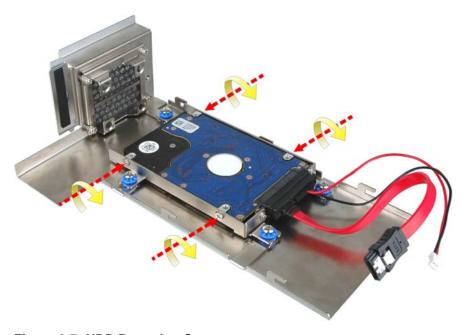


Figure 3-7: HDD Retention Screws



Step 5: Reconnect the SATA signal and power cables to the TANK-800.

Step 6: Reinstall the cover.

3.4 System Fan Installation

To install the optional system fan, please follow the steps below:

- **Step 1:** Loosen the thumbscrew, slide the cover inwards (**Figure 3-4**), and then lift the cover up gently.
- **Step 2:** Unplug the SATA signal and power cables connected to the TANK-800, and then place the cover on a flat surface (**Figure 3-5**).
- Step 3: Unscrew the four retention screws that secure the HDD bracket to the cover.

 (Figure 3-8). Remove the HDD bracket from the cover.

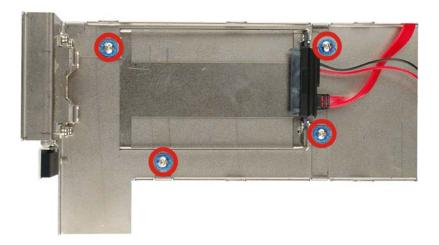


Figure 3-8: Remove the HDD Bracket from the Cover

Step 4: Unscrew the four retention screws that secure the fan bracket to the cover. (**Figure 3-9**). Remove the fan bracket from the cover.



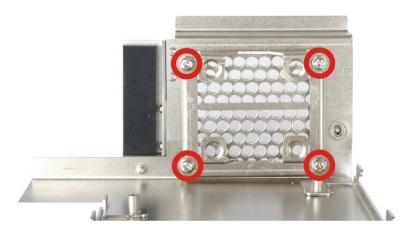


Figure 3-9: Remove the Fan Bracket from the Cover

Step 5: Remove the temporary retaining bracket (**Figure 3-10**).

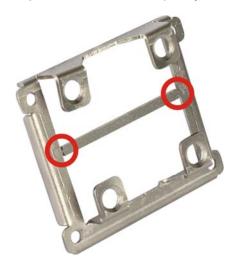


Figure 3-10: Remove the Temporary Retaining Bracket

Step 6: Attach the system fan to the fan bracket and secure it by four retention screws (**Figure 3-11**).



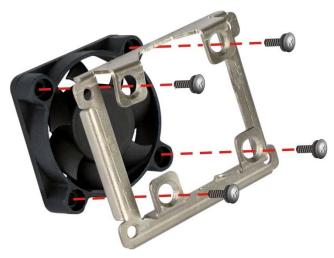


Figure 3-11: Secure the System Fan to the Fan Bracket

Step 7: Reinstall the fan bracket with the system fan installed (**Figure 3-12**).

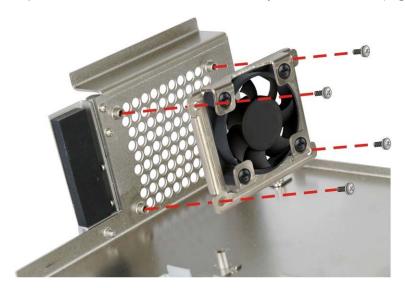


Figure 3-12: Reinstall the Fan Bracket

Step 8: Reinstall the HDD bracket to the cover.

Step 9: Connect the system fan cable to the **CPU_FAN1** connector on the motherboard of TANK-800.

Step 10: Reconnect the SATA signal and power cables to the TANK-800.

Step 11: Reinstall the cover.



3.5 Pluggable DC-In Terminal Block Installation

To install the pluggable DC-in terminal block, please follow the steps below:

- **Step 1:** Locate the DC-in terminal block connector. The location of the connector is shown in **Figure 1-2**.
- **Step 2:** Align the pluggable DC-in terminal block with the DC-in terminal block connector on the TANK-800.
- **Step 3:** Once aligned, insert the pluggable DC-in terminal block into the DC-in terminal block connector.
- **Step 4:** Secure the pluggable DC-in terminal block to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the terminal block (**Figure 3-13**).



Figure 3-13: Pluggable DC-in Terminal Block Installation

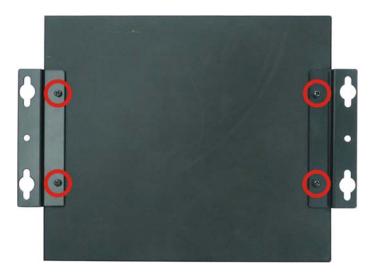


3.6 Mounting the System with Mounting Brackets

To mount the embedded system onto a wall or some other surface using the two mounting brackets, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Turn the embedded system over or to the left side panel.
- Step 2: Align the two retention screw holes in each bracket with the corresponding retention screw holes on the bottom surface or the left side panel (Figure 3-14).

Bottom Surface



Left Side Panel



Figure 3-14: Mounting Bracket Retention Screws



- Step 3: Secure the brackets to the system by inserting two retention screws into each bracket (Figure 3-14).
- **Step 4:** Drill holes in the intended installation surface.
- **Step 5:** Align the mounting holes in the sides of the mounting brackets with the predrilled holes in the mounting surface.
- Step 6: Insert four retention screws, two in each bracket, to secure the system to the wall.

3.7 External Peripheral Interface Connectors

The TANK-800 has the following connectors. Detailed descriptions of the connectors can be found in the subsections below.

- Audio
- CompactFlash® Type II
- DIO
- Ethernet
- Power button
- Power input
- Reset button
- RS-232
- RS-422/485
- USB
- VGA

3.7.1 ACC Mode Selection

The TANK-800 allows turning the ACC mode on or off. The setting can be made through the ACC mode switch on the external peripheral interface panel as shown below.

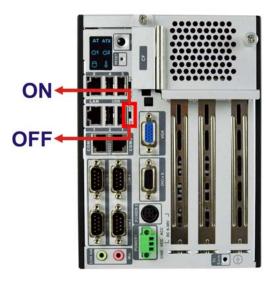


Figure 3-15: ACC Mode Switch

3.7.2 AT/ATX Power Mode Selection

The TANK-800 supports AT and ATX power modes. The setting can be made through the AT/ATX power mode switch on the external peripheral interface panel as shown below.



Figure 3-16: AT/ATX Power Mode Switch





3.7.3 Audio Connector

CN Label: Line out and Mic

CN Type: Audio jack

CN Location: See Figure 1-2

The audio jacks connect to external audio devices.

- Line Out port (Green): Connects to a headphone or a speaker. With multi-channel configurations, this port can also connect to front speakers.
- Microphone (Pink): Connects a microphone.

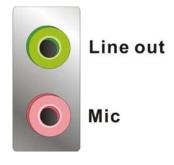


Figure 3-17: Audio Connector

3.7.4 CompactFlash® Type II

The TANK-800 has one CF Type II socket. The location of the socket is shown in **Figure 1-2**. To install the CF card, refer to **Section 3.2**.

3.7.5 Digital Input/Output Connector

CN Label: DIO x 8

CN Type: DB-9 female connector

CN Location: See Figure 1-2

CN Pinouts: See Table 3-1 and Figure 3-18

The digital I/O connector provides programmable input and output for external devices. The pinouts for the digital I/O connector are listed in the table below.



Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	DINO	6	DOUT2
2	DOUTO	7	DIN3
3	DIN1	8	DOUT3
4	DOUT1	9	VCC5
5	DIN2		

Table 3-1: DIO Connector Pinouts

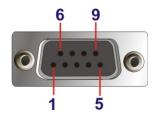


Figure 3-18: DIO Connector Pinout Location

3.7.6 LAN Connectors

CN Label: RJ45

CN Type: RJ-45

CN Location: See Figure 1-2

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-2**

The LAN connectors allow connection to an external network.

Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 connectors. The locations of the RJ-45 connectors are shown in Figure 1-2.

Step 2: Align the connectors. Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with one of the RJ-45 connectors on the TANK-800. See **Figure 3-19**.



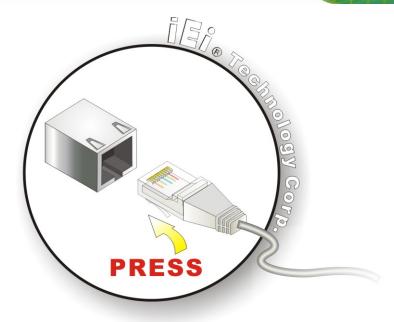


Figure 3-19: LAN Connection

Step 3: Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector. Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the on-board RJ-45 connector.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	TRD1P0	5 TRD1P2	
2	TRD1N0	6	TRD1N2
3.	TRD1P1	7	TRD1P3
4.	TRD1N1	8	TRD1N3

Table 3-2: LAN Pinouts



Figure 3-20: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector

The RJ-45 Ethernet connector has two status LEDs, one green and one yellow. The green LED indicates activity on the port and the yellow LED indicates the port is linked. See **Table 3-3**.



Activity/Link LED		Speed LED		
STATUS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS DESCRIPTION		
Off	No link	Off	10 Mbps connection	
Yellow	Linked	Green	100 Mbps connection	
Blinking	TX/RX activity	Orange	1 Gbps connection	

Table 3-3: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector LEDs

3.7.7 Power Input, 3-pin Terminal Block

CN Label: POWER 1

CN Type: 3-pin terminal block

CN Location: See Figure 1-2

CN Pinouts: See Figure 3-21

Connect the leads of a 9V~36V DC power supply into the terminal block. Make sure that the power and ground wires are attached to the correct sockets of the connector.

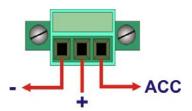


Figure 3-21: 3-pin Terminal Block Pinout Location

3.7.8 Power Input, 4-pin DIN Connector

CN Label: POWER 2

CN Type: 4-pin DIN connector

CN Location: See Figure 1-2

CN Pinouts: See Table 3-4 and Figure 3-22

The power connector connects to the 10.5V~36V DC power adapter.





Figure 3-22: Power Input Connector

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	+12V	3	+12V
2	GND	4	GND

Table 3-4: Power Input Pinouts

3.7.9 RJ-45 RS-422/485 Serial Ports

CN Label: RS422/485

CN Type: RJ-45

CN Location: See **Figure 1-2**

CN Pinouts: See Table 3-5 and Figure 3-24

RS-422/485 serial port devices can be attached to the RJ-45 RS-422/485 serial ports on the rear panel.

Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 RS-422/RS485 connectors. The locations of the RJ-45 RS-422/RS-485 connectors are shown in Figure 1-2.

Step 2: Insert the RJ-45 connector. Insert the RJ-45 connector on the RJ-45 to DB-9 COM port cable to one of the RJ-45 RS-422/485 connectors on the TANK-800. See Figure 3-23.

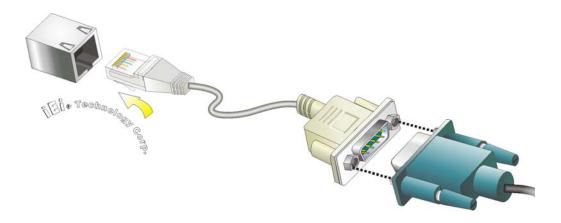


Figure 3-23: RJ-45 RS-422/485 Serial Device Connection

- Step 3: Insert the serial connector. Insert the DB-9 connector of a serial device into the DB-9 connector on the RJ-45 to DB-9 COM port cable.
- **Step 4: Secure the connector**. Secure the serial device connector to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

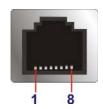


Figure 3-24: RJ-45 RS-422/485 Serial Port Pinout Location

Pin	Description (RS-422)	Description (RS-485)
1	N/A	N/A
2	ITXD422#	ITXD485#
3	N/A	N/A
4	ITXD422+	ITXD485#
5	GND	GND
6	IRXD422#	N/A
7	N/A	N/A
8	IRXD422+	N/A

Table 3-5: RJ-45 RS-422/485 Serial Port Pinouts





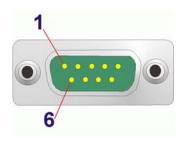


Figure 3-25: DB-9 Connector Pinout Location

Pin	Description (RS-422)	Description (RS-485)
1	IRXD422+	N/A
2	IRXD422#	N/A
3	ITXD422+	ITXD485+
4	ITXD422#	ITXD485#
5	GND	GND
6	N/A	N/A
7	N/A	N/A
8	N/A	N/A
9	N/A	N/A

Table 3-6: DB-9 Connector Pinouts

3.7.10 RS-232 Serial Port Connectors

CN Label: COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4

CN Type: DB-9 connectors

CN Location: See Figure 1-2

CN Pinouts: See Table 3-7 and Figure 3-27

RS-232 serial port devices can be attached to the DB-9 ports on the rear panel.

Step 1: Locate the DB-9 connector. The locations of the DB-9 connectors are shown in Figure 1-2.

Step 2: Insert the serial connector. Insert the DB-9 connector of a serial device into the DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface. See **Figure 3-26**.

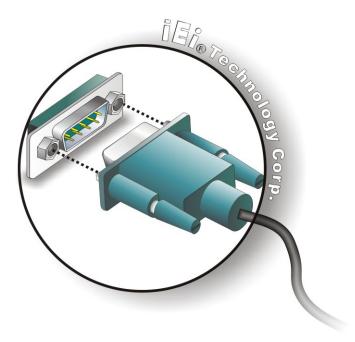


Figure 3-26: Serial Device Connector

Step 3: Secure the connector. Secure the serial device connector to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	DCD	6	DSR
2	RX	7	RTS
3	TX	8	CTS
4	DTR	9	RI
5	GND		

Table 3-7: Serial Port Pinouts

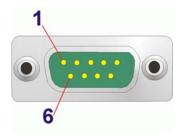


Figure 3-27: Serial Port Pinout Location





3.7.11 USB Connectors

CN Label: USB

CN Type: USB port

CN Location: See Figure 1-2

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-8**

The USB ports are for connecting USB peripheral devices to the system.

Step 1: Locate the USB connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown in Figure 1-2.

Step 2: Align the connectors. Align the USB device connector with one of the connectors. See Figure 3-28.

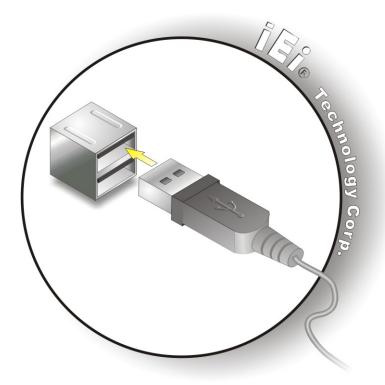


Figure 3-28: USB Device Connection

Step 3: Insert the device connector. Once aligned, gently insert the USB device connector into the on-board connector.



Pin	Description	Pin Description	
1	VCC	5	VCC
2	DATA-	6	DATA-
3	DATA+	7	DATA+
4	GROUND	8	GROUND

Table 3-8: USB Port Pinouts

3.7.12 VGA Connector

CN Label: VGA

CN Type: 15-pin Female

CN Location: See **Figure 1-2**

CN Pinouts: See Figure 3-30 and Table 3-9

The VGA connector connects to a monitor that accepts VGA video input.

Step 1: Locate the female DB-15 connector. The location of the female DB-15 connector is shown in Figure 1-2.

Step 2: Align the VGA connector. Align the male DB-15 connector on the VGA screen cable with the female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface.

Step 3: Insert the VGA connector Once the connectors are properly aligned with, insert the male connector from the VGA screen into the female connector on the TANK-800. See Figure 3-29.



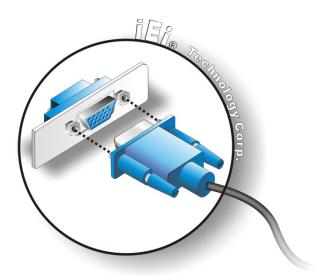


Figure 3-29: VGA Connector

Step 4: Secure the connector. Secure the DB-15 VGA connector from the VGA monitor to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

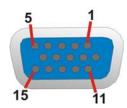


Figure 3-30: VGA Connector

Pin	Description	Pin Description	
1	RED	2	GREEN
3	BLUE	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	VCC / NC	10	GND
11	NC	12	DDC DAT
13	HSYNC	14	VSYNC
15	DDCCLK		

Table 3-9: VGA Connector Pinouts



3.8 Powering On/Off the System



WARNING:

Make sure a power supply with the correct input voltage is being fed into the system. Incorrect voltages applied to the system may cause damage to the internal electronic components and may also cause injury to the user.

- Power on the system: press the power button for 3 seconds
- Power off the system: press the power button for 6 seconds



Figure 3-31: Power Button

3.9 Redundant Power

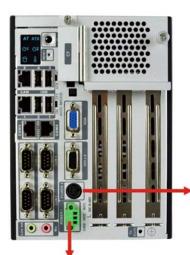
The TANK-800 is a system that supports redundant power. The redundant power input increases the reliability of the system and prevents data loss and system corruption from sudden power failure. The system can instantly and uninterruptedly switch to the second power input when the main power is unavailable or in low voltage capacity.

There are two power connectors on the rear panel. Power 1 connector is a 3-pin terminal block that supports ACC On signal. Power 2 connector is a DIN connector that can directly connect to a power adapter. The supported power input voltages are:



Power 1 (terminal block): 9 V (+/-0.3 V) ~ 36 V

■ **Power 2 (DC jack)**: 10.5 V (+/-0.3 V) ~ 36 V



► Power 2 (DC jack): 10.5 V (+/-0.3 V) ~ 36 V

Power 1 (terminal block): 9 V (+/-0.3 V) ~ 36 V

Figure 3-32: Power Connectors

When the system is in ACC On mode, the main power input is from Power 1 connector; when the system is in ACC Off mode, the main power input is from Power 2 connector. The ACC on/off mode is selected by the ACC mode switch on the rear panel (Figure 3-15).

The following sections describe how the redundant power works in ACC On mode and ACC Off mode.

3.9.1 ACC ON



NOTE:

In ACC On mode, the Power 1 connector must connect to ACC on signal to be able to control the system power.

The ACC On mode is designed for vehicle applications. When the TANK-800 is in ACC On mode, the main power input is Power 1 connector and the backup power is from Power 2 connector.

3.9.1.1 Boot-up

When both power connectors are connected to power source with over 9 V power input, the two power LEDs on the front panel remain off until **the ACC ON signal jump from low to high**. The user can choose to use AT power mode or ATX power mode to control the system. The following flow diagrams show the boot-up process and the LED status in AT and ATX power modes.

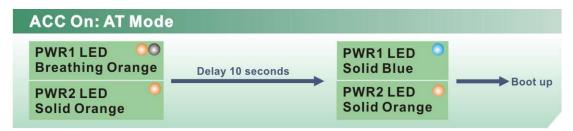


Figure 3-33: ACC On: AT Mode

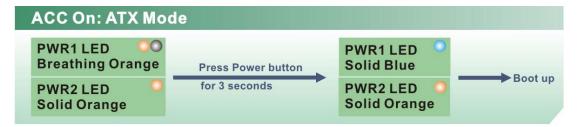


Figure 3-34: ACC On: ATX Mode

3.9.1.2 Switch to Backup Power

During the operation, the system power will switch from Power 1 to Power 2 automatically when the following situations occur:

- Power 1 < 9V and Power 2 > 10.5V
- Power 1 > 9V, but the ACC ON signal jump from high to low
- Power 1 is unplugged and Power 2 > 10.5V

The following flow diagram shows how the power is switched between Power 1 and Power 2 and their LED statuses.



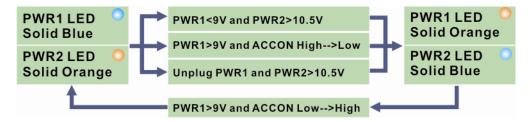


Figure 3-35: ACC On: Switch Between PWR1 and PWR2

3.9.1.3 Shutdown

The system will shutdown in the following situations:

- Power 1 < 9V and Power 2 < 10.5V
- Power 1 > 9V, Power 2 < 10.5V and ACC ON signal jump from high to low
- Press Power button for 6 seconds

The following flow diagram shows the system shutdown process and the LED statuses.

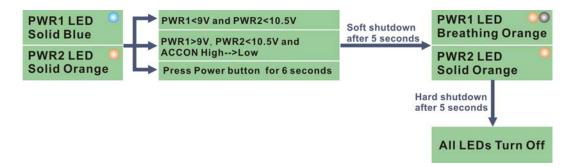


Figure 3-36: ACC On: Shutdown



NOTE:

To turn on the system in the ATX power mode, press the Power button for three seconds. Press the Power button for six seconds to turn off the system.

3.9.2 ACC OFF

When the TANK-800 is in ACC Off mode, the main power input is Power 2 connector and the backup power is from Power 1 connector.

3.9.2.1 Boot-up

When both power connectors are connected to power source with over 9 V power input, the two power LEDs on the front panel turn on. The user can choose to use AT power mode or ATX power mode to control the system. The following flow diagrams show the boot-up process and the LED status in AT and ATX power modes.

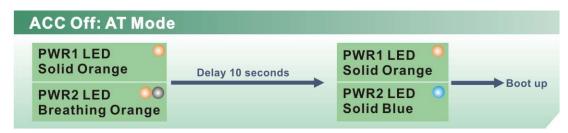


Figure 3-37: ACC Off: AT Mode

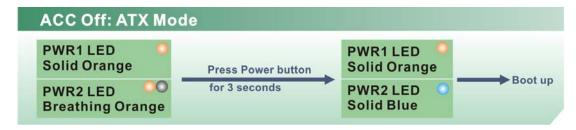


Figure 3-38: ACC Off: ATX Mode

3.9.2.2 Switch to Backup Power

During the operation, the system power will switch from Power 2 to Power 1 automatically when the following situations occur:

- Power 2 < 10.5V and Power 1 > 9V
- Power 2 is unplugged and Power 1 > 9V

The following flow diagram shows how the power is switched between Power 2 and Power 1 and their LED statuses.





Figure 3-39: ACC Off: Switch Between PWR1 and PWR2

3.9.2.3 Shutdown

The system will shutdown in the following situations:

- Power 2 < 10.5V and Power 1 < 9V
- Press Power buttons for 6 seconds

The following flow diagram shows the system shutdown process and the LED statuses.

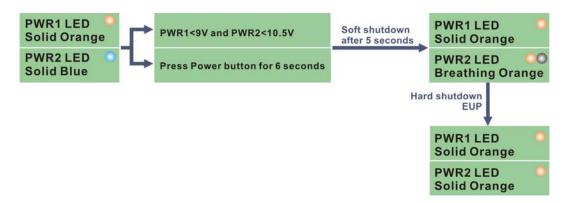


Figure 3-40: ACC Off: Shutdown



The power LED turns off when the power cable is unplugged from the system.



Chapter

4

BIOS



4.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.

4.1.1 Starting Setup

The UEFI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

- 1. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key as soon as the system is turned on or
- 2. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key when the "**Press DEL** or **F2 to enter SETUP**" message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DEL or F2** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

4.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **Esc** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
+	Increase the numeric value or make changes
-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
Page Up key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
Page Dn key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes



Key	Function		
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS		
	Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu		
	Exit current page and return to Main Menu		
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option		
	Page Setup Menu		
F2	Previous values		
F3	Load optimized defaults		
F4	Save changes and Exit BIOS		

Table 4-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

4.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

4.1.4 Unable to Reboot After Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Chapter 3.

4.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced Changes the advanced system settings.
- Chipset Changes the chipset settings.
- Boot Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Save & Exit Selects exit options and loads default settings.

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.





4.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (**BIOS Menu 1**) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered. The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.				
Main Advanced	Chipset Boot	Security Sa	ave & Exi	t
BIOS Information				he Date. Use Tab to
BIOS Vendor	Ameri	ican Megatrends	s switc	h between Data
Core Version	4.6.4	1.0 0.20	eleme	ents.
Compliency	UEFI	2.0		
Project Version	SA37A	AR10.ROM		
Build Date and Time	08/09	9/2011 11:53:40		
System Date	•	08/09/2011]	(→ :	Select Screen
System Time	[15:1	L0:27]	↑ ↓:	Select Item
			Enter	Select
Access Level	Admir	nistrator	+ -	Change Opt.
			F1	General Help
			F2	Previous Values
			F3	Optimized Defaults
			F4	Save & Exit
			ESC	Exit
Version 2.11	1210. Copyright (C) 2011 Americ	an Megati	rends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 1: Main

→ System Overview

The **BIOS Information** lists a brief summary of the BIOS. The fields in **BIOS Information** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

BIOS Vendor: Installed BIOS vendor

Core Version: Current BIOS version

Project Version: the board version

Build Date and Time: Date and time the current BIOS version was made

The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

→ System Date [xx/xx/xx]

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.



→ System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

4.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu (**BIOS Menu 2**) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:



WARNING!

Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 America Main Advanced Chipset Boot Security Save	
> ACPI Settings > CPU Configuration > IDE Configuration > USB Configuration	System ACPI Parameters
> Super IO Configuration > H/M Monitor > Serial Port Console Redirection	
> iEi Feature	↑ ↓: Select Item EnterSelect
	+ - Change Opt. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values
	F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit
Version 2.11.1210. Copyright (C) 2011 American	Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 2: Advanced





4.3.1 ACPI Settings

The **ACPI Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) configures the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) options.

Aptio Setup Utility -	Copyright (C) 2011 Ame	rican Megatrends, Inc.
Advanced		
ACPI Sleep State	[S1 (CPU Stop Cloc	Select the highest ACPI sleep state the system will enter when the SUSPEND button is pressed.
		<pre>←→: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item EnterSelect</pre>
		+ - Change Opt. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit
Version 2.11.1210.	Copyright (C) 2011 Amer:	ican Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 3: ACPI Configuration

→ ACPI Sleep State [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)]

Use the **ACPI Sleep State** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

k

Odopona Biodbiod			abioa		
→	S1	(CPU	Stop	DEFAULT	The system enters S1(POS) sleep state. The
	Cloc	:k)			system appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is
					refreshed; the system is running in a low power
					mode.
→	S3	(Susper	nd to		The caches are flushed and the CPU is powered
	RAN	1)			off. Power to the RAM is maintained. The

more power is saved.

computer returns slower to a working state, but

4.3.2 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.

Aptio Setup Utility - Advanced	- Copyright (C) 2011 America	n Megatrends, Inc.
CPU Configuration		Enabled for Windows XP and Linux (OS optimized
Processor Type	Intel(R) Atom(TM) CPU D525 @ 1.80GHz	for Hyper-Threading Technology) and Disabled
EMT64	Supported	for other OS (OS not
Processor Speed	1800 MHz	optimized for
System Bus Speed	800 MHz	Hyper-Threading
Ratio Status	9	Technology).
Actual Ratio	9	
Processor Stepping	106CA	
Microcode Revision	263	
L1 Cache RAM	2x56 K	
L2 Cache RAM	2x512 K	←→: Select Screen
Processor Core	Dual	↑ ↓: Select Item
Hyper-Threading	Supported	EnterSelect
		+ - Change Opt.
Hyper-Threading	[Enabled]	F1 General Help
		F2 Previous Values
		F3 Optimized Defaults
		F4 Save & Exit
		ESC Exit
Version 2.11.1210.	Copyright (C) 2011 American	Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 4: CPU Configuration

The CPU Configuration menu (BIOS Menu 4) lists the following CPU details:

- Processor Type: Lists the brand name of the CPU being used
- EMT64: Indicates if the EM64T is supported by the CPU.
- Processor Speed: Lists the CPU processing speed
- System Bus Speed: Lists the system bus
- Ratio Status: List the maximum FSB divisor
- Actual Ratio: Lists current FSB divisor
- Processor Stepping: Lists the CPU processing stepping
- Microcode Revision: Lists the microcode revision
- L1 Cache RAM: Lists the CPU L1 cache size
- L2 Cache RAM: Lists the CPU L2 cache size
- Processor Core: Lists the number of the processor core



 Hyper-Threading: Indicates if the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology is supported by the CPU.

→ Hyper-Threading [Enabled]

Use the **Hyper-Threading** BIOS option to enable or disable the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

→ **Disabled** Disables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

→ Enabled DEFAULT Enables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

4.3.3 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 5**) to change and/or set the configuration of the SATA devices installed in the system.

Aptio Setup Utility Advanced	- Copyright (C) 2011 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.
PATA Master PATA Slave	Not Present Not Present	Select ATA or IDE Configuration.
SATA Port0 SATA Port1 SATA Port2 SATA Port3	Not Present Not Present Not Present Not Present	
ATA/IDE Configuration Configure SATA as	[Enhanced] [IDE]	↑↓: Select Item EnterSelect + - Change Opt.
		F1 General Help F2 Previous Values F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit
Version 2.11.1210.	Copyright (C) 2011 American	

BIOS Menu 5: IDE Configuration

→ ATA/IDE Configuration [Enhanced]

Use the ATA/IDE Configuration option to configure the ATA/IDE controller.

→ Disabled Disables the on-board ATA/IDE controller.



Compatible Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in

compatible mode. In this mode, a SATA channel will

replace one of the IDE channels. This mode supports

up to 4 storage devices.

Enhanced DEFAULT Configures the on-board ATA/IDE controller to be in

Enhanced mode. In this mode, IDE channels and SATA channels are separated. This mode supports up to 6 storage devices. Some legacy OS do not support this

mode.

→ Configure SATA as [IDE]

Use the Configure SATA as option to configure SATA devices as normal IDE devices.

→ IDE DEFAULT Configures SATA devices as normal IDE device.

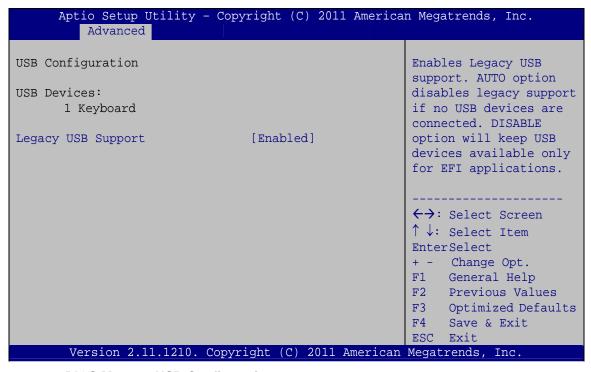
→ AHCI Configures SATA devices as AHCI device.





4.3.4 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 6**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.



BIOS Menu 6: USB Configuration

→ USB Devices

The **USB Devices** field lists the USB devices that are enabled on the system

→ Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support. Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

→ Enabled DEFAULT Legacy USB support enabled



→	Disabled	Legacy USB support disabled	

Auto

Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

4.3.5 Super IO Configuration

Use the **Super IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 7**) to set or change the configurations for the serial ports.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 America Advanced	n Megatrends, Inc.
Super IO Configuration	Set Parameters of Serial Port 1 (COMA)
<pre>> Serial Port 1 Configuration > Serial Port 2 Configuration > Serial Port 3 Configuration > Serial Port 4 Configuration</pre>	
> Serial Port 5 Configuration > Serial Port 6 Configuration	↑↓: Select Item EnterSelect
	+ - Change Opt. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values
	F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit
Version 2.11.1210. Copyright (C) 2011 American	Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 7: Super IO Configuration



4.3.5.1 Serial Port n Configuration

Use the **Serial Port n Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 8**) to configure the serial port n.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copy Advanced	right (C) 2011 America	n Megatrends, Inc.
Serial Port n Configuration	[Peckled]	Enable or Disable Serial Port (COM)
Device Settings	[Enabled] IO=3F8h; IRQ=4	
Change Settings	[Auto]	<pre>←→: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item EnterSelect + - Change Opt. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit</pre>
Version 2.11.1210. Copyr:	ight (C) 2011 American	Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 8: Serial Port n Configuration Menu

4.3.5.1.1 Serial Port 1 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

→	Disabled		Disable the serial port
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
→	IO=3F8h;		Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt
	IRQ=4		address is IRQ4



→	IO=3F8h;	Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
→	IRQ=3, 4 IO=2F8h;	Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt
-	IRQ=3, 4	address is IRQ3, 4
→	IO=2C0h;	Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt
	IRQ=3, 4	address is IRQ3, 4
→	IO=2C8h;	Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt

address is IRQ3, 4

4.3.5.1.2 Serial Port 2 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

IRQ=3, 4

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

→	Disabled		Disable the serial port
→	Enabled	DEFAULT	Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
→	IO=2F8h; IRQ=3		Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3
→	IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4		Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
→	IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4		Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4
→	IO=2C0h; IRQ=3, 4		Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4



→ IO=2C8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt

IRQ=3, 4 address is IRQ3, 4

4.3.5.1.3 Serial Port 3 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the Serial Port option to enable or disable the serial port.

→ Disabled Disable the serial port

→ Enabled DEFAULT Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

→ Auto DEFAULT The serial port IO port address and interrupt address

are automatically detected.

IO=3E8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10 address is IRQ10

IO=3E8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

→ IO=2E8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

→ IO=2D0h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

IO=2D8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11



4.3.5.1.4 Serial Port 4 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the Serial Port option to enable or disable the serial port.

→ **Disabled** Disable the serial port

Enabled DEFAULT Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

Auto DEFAULT The serial port IO port address and interrupt address

are automatically detected.

IO=2E8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10 address is IRQ10

IO=3E8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

→ IO=2E8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

→ IO=2D0h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

→ IO=2D8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

→ Device Mode [RS422/485]

Use the **Device Mode** option to enable or disable the serial port.

Normal Sets the serial port mode to normal.

RS422/485 DEFAULT Enables serial port RS-422/485 support.



4.3.5.1.5 Serial Port 5 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

Disabled Disable the serial port

Enabled DEFAULT Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

Auto DEFAULT The serial port IO port address and interrupt address

are automatically detected.

IO=2C0h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt

IRQ=10 address is IRQ10

IO=2C0h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

→ IO=2C8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

IO=2D0h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

IO=2D8h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

IO=2E0h; Serial Port I/O port address is 2E0h and the interrupt

IRQ=10, 11 address is IRQ10, 11

4.3.5.1.6 Serial Port 6 Configuration

→ Serial Port [Enabled]

Use the Serial Port option to enable or disable the serial port.



Disabled Disable the serial port

Enabled DEFAULT Enable the serial port

→ Change Settings [Auto]

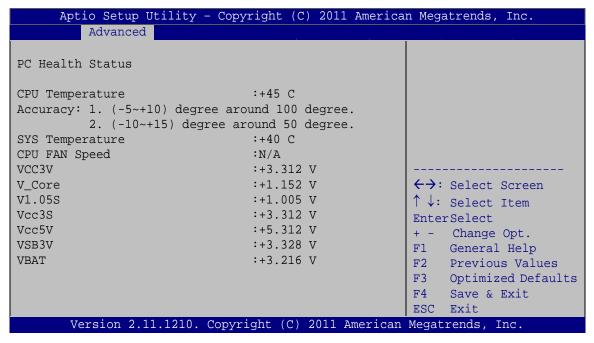
Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

→	Auto	DEFAULT	The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.
→	IO=2E0h; IRQ=10		Serial Port I/O port address is 2E0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10
→	IO=2C0h; IRQ=10, 11		Serial Port I/O port address is 2C0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
→	IO=2C8h; IRQ=10, 11		Serial Port I/O port address is 2C8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
→	IO=2D0h; IRQ=10, 11		Serial Port I/O port address is 2D0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
→	IO=2D8h; IRQ=10, 11		Serial Port I/O port address is 2D8h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11
→	IO=2E0h; IRQ=10, 11		Serial Port I/O port address is 2E0h and the interrupt address is IRQ10, 11



4.3.6 H/W Monitor

The **H/W Monitor** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) shows the operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.



BIOS Menu 9: H/W Monitor

→ PC Health Status

The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

- System Temperatures:
 - O CPU Temperature
 - O System Temperature
- Fan Speeds:
 - O CPU Fan Speed
- Voltages:
 - o VCC3V
 - O Vcore
 - O Vcc
 - o V1.05S



- O Vcc3S
- O Vcc5V
- o VSB3V
- O VBAT

4.3.7 Serial Port Console Redirection

The **Serial Port Console Redirection** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) allows the console redirection options to be configured. Console redirection allows users to maintain a system remotely by re-directing keyboard input and text output through the serial port.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copy Advanced	right (C) 2011 America	n Megatrends, Inc.
COM1 Console Redirection > Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]	Console Redirection Enable or Disable
COM2 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]	
COM3 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]	
COM4 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]	↑ ↓: Select Item EnterSelect +/-: Change Opt.
COM5 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]	F1 General Help F2 Previous Values F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit
COM6 Console Redirection > Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]	ESC Exit
Version 2.11.1210. Copyr:	ight (C) 2011 American	Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 10: Serial Port Console Redirection

→ Console Redirection [Disabled]

Use **Console Redirection** option to enable or disable the console redirection function.

→ **Disabled DEFAULT** Disabled the console redirection function



Enabled Enabled the console redirection function

→ Terminal Type [VT-100+]

Use the **Terminal Type** option to specify the remote terminal type.

→	VT100		The target terminal type is VT100
→	VT100+		The target terminal type is VT100+
→	VT-UTF8		The target terminal type is VT-UTF8
→	ANSI	DEFAULT	The target terminal type is ANSI

→ Bits per second [115200]

Use the **Bits per second** option to specify the serial port transmission speed. The speed must match the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

→	9600		Sets the serial port transmission speed at 9600.
→	19200		Sets the serial port transmission speed at 19200.
→	38400		Sets the serial port transmission speed at 38400.
→	57600		Sets the serial port transmission speed at 57600.
→	115200	DEFAULT	Sets the serial port transmission speed at 115200.

4.3.8 iEi Feature

Use the **iEi Feature** menu (**BIOS Menu 11**) to configure the iEi features.

Aptio Setup Utility - Advanced	- Copyright (C) 2011 Ameri	can Megatrends, Inc.
iEi Feature		Auto Recovery Function Reboot and recover
Auto Recovery Function	[Disabled]	system automatically within 10 min, when OS crashes. Please install Auto Recovery API service before enabling this function.
		<pre>←→: Select Screen</pre> ↑ ↓: Select Item
		EnterSelect
		+ - Change Opt.
		F1 General Help F2 Previous Values
		F3 Optimized Defaults
		F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit
Version 2.11.1210.	Copyright (C) 2011 America	

BIOS Menu 11: iEi Feature

→ Auto Recovery Function [Disabled]

Use **Auto Recovery Function** option to enable or disable the auto recovery function.

→	Disabled	DEFAULT	Disabled the auto recovery function
→	Enabled		Enabled the auto recovery function

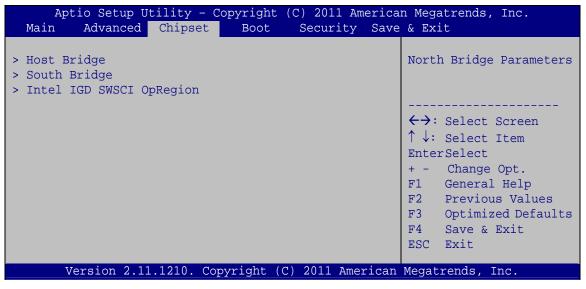
4.4 Chipset

Use the **Chipset** menu (**BIOS Menu 12**) to access the Northbridge and Southbridge configuration menus.



WARNING!

Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

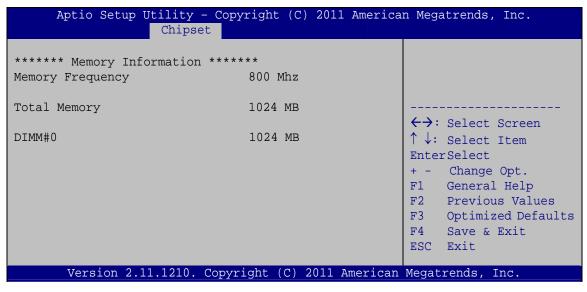


BIOS Menu 12: Chipset



4.4.1 Host Bridge Configuration

The Host Bridge Configuration menu (BIOS Menu 13) shows the memory frequency and memory capacity.



BIOS Menu 13: Host Bridge Chipset Configuration

4.4.2 South Bridge Configuration

Use the **South Bridge Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) to configure the Southbridge chipset.

Aptio Setup Utility - Cop	pyright (C) 2011 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.
Auto Power Button Function Restore AC Power Loss HD Audio Controller USB Function	[Disabled] [Last State] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Restore AC Power Loss help
USB 2.0(EHCI) Support Set Spread Spectrum function	[Enabled]	<pre>←→: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item</pre>
		EnterSelect + - Change Opt. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values
Version 2.11.1210. Copy	right (C) 2011 Amorigan	F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit

BIOS Menu 14: South Bridge Chipset Configuration

iEi Integration Corp.

TANK-800 Embedded System

→ Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

Use the **Restore AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

→ Power Off The system remains turned off

→ Power On The system turns on

Last State DEFAULT The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it

turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

→ HD Audio Controller [Enabled]

Use the **HD Audio Controller** option to enable or disable the High Definition Audio controller.

→ Enabled DEFAULT The onboard High Definition Audio controller

automatically detected and enabled

Disabled The onboard High Definition Audio controller is disabled

→ USB Function [Enabled]

Use the **USB Function** BIOS option to enable or disable USB function support.

Disabled
 USB function support disabled

Enabled DEFAULT USB function support enabled

→ USB 2.0 (EHCI) Support [Enabled]

Use the USB 2.0 (EHCI) Support BIOS option to enable or disable USB 2.0 support.

→ Enabled DEFAULT USB 2.0 (EHCI) support enabled

→ Disabled USB 2.0 (EHCI) support disabled

→ Set Spread Spectrum Function [Disabled]

The **Set Spread Spectrum Function** option can help to improve CPU EMI issues.



→ Disabled Default The spread spectrum mode is disabled

Enabled The spread spectrum mode is enabled

4.4.3 Intel IGD SWSCI OpRegion

Use the **Intel IGD SWSCI OpRegion** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure the video device connected to the system.

Aptio Setup Utility - Co Chipset	pyright (C) 2011 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.
Intel IGD SWSCI OpRegion Confi	guration [DVMT Mode] [Maximum]	Select DVMT Mode/Fixed Mode
		<pre>←→: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item EnterSelect + - Change Opt. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit</pre>
Version 2.11.1210. Copy	yright (C) 2011 America	n Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 15: Intel IGD SWSCI OpRegion Configuration

→ DVMT Mode Select [DVMT Mode]

Use the **DVMT Mode Select** option to select the Intel Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) operating mode.

Fixed Mode A fixed portion of graphics memory is reserved as

graphics memory.

DVMT Mode DEFAULT Graphics memory is dynamically allocated according

to the system and graphics needs.

→ DVMT/FIXED Memory [Maximum]

Use the **DVMT/FIXED Memory** option to specify the maximum amount of memory that can be allocated as graphics memory. Configuration options are listed below.



- 128 MB
- 256 MB
- Maximum Default

4.5 Boot

Use the **Boot** menu (**BIOS Menu 16**) to configure system boot options.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.				
Main Advanced Chipse	Boot Security Sav	ve & Exit		
Boot Configuration Bootup NumLock State	[On]	Select the keyboard NumLock state		
Quiet Boot Launch PXE OpROM	[Enabled] [Disabled]			
Boot Option Priorities	↑↓: Select Item EnterSelect + - Change Opt. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values F3 Optimized Defaults F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit			
Version 2.11.1210.	Copyright (C) 2011 America	n Megatrends, Inc.		

BIOS Menu 16: Boot

→ Bootup NumLock State [On]

Use the **Bootup NumLock State** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

→ On DEFAULT

Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.



→ Off

Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.

→ Quiet Boot [Enabled]

Use the Quiet Boot BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

→ Disabled Normal POST messages displayed

Enabled DEFAULT OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

→ Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled]

Use the **Launch PXE OpROM** option to enable or disable boot option for legacy network devices.

→ Disabled DEFAULT Ignore all PXE Option ROMs

→ Enabled Load PXE Option ROMs.

4.6 Security

Use the Security menu (BIOS Menu 17) to set system and user passwords.



Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced Chipset Security Save & Exit Boot Password Description Set Setup Administrator Password If ONLY the Administrator's password is set, then this only limits access to Setup and is only asked for when entering Setup. If ONLY the User's password is set, then this ←→: Select Screen is a power on password and must be entered to ↑↓: Select Item boot or enter Setup. In Setup the User will Enter Select have Administrator rights. + - Change Opt. The password must be 3 to 20 characters long. F1 General Help F2 Previous Values F3 Optimized Defaults User Password F4 Save & Exit ESC Exit Version 2.11.1210. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.

BIOS Menu 17: Security

Administrator Password

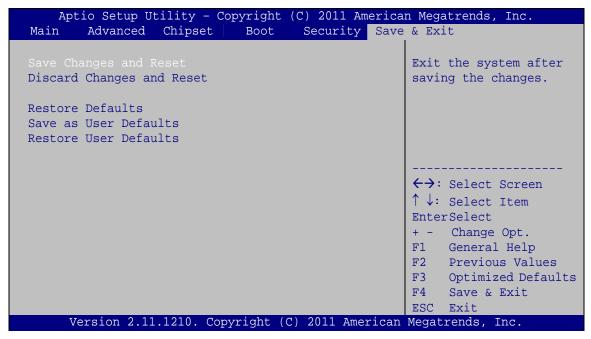
Use the **Administrator Password** to set or change an administrator password.

→ User Password

Use the **User Password** to set or change a user password.

4.7 Exit

Use the **Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 18**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.



BIOS Menu 18:Exit

→ Save Changes and Reset

Use the **Save Changes and Reset** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and to exit the BIOS configuration setup program.

→ Discard Changes and Reset

Use the **Discard Changes and Reset** option to exit the system without saving the changes made to the BIOS configuration setup program.

→ Restore Defaults

Use the **Restore Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F3 key can be used for this operation.**



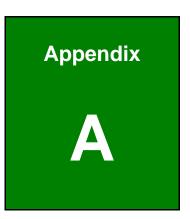
→ Save as User Defaults

Use the **Save as User Defaults** option to save the changes done so far as user defaults.

→ Restore User Defaults

Use the **Restore User Defaults** option to restore the user defaults to all the setup options.





One Key Recovery



A.1 One Key Recovery Introduction

The IEI one key recovery is an easy-to-use front end for the Norton Ghost system backup and recovery tool. This tool provides quick and easy shortcuts for creating a backup and reverting to that backup or reverting to the factory default settings.



NOTE:

The latest One Key Recovery software provides an auto recovery function that allows a system running Microsoft Windows OS to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. Please refer to Section A.3 for the detailed setup procedure.

The IEI One Key Recovery tool menu is shown below.

Figure A-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu

Prior to using the IEI One Key Recovery tool (as shown in **Figure A-1**) to backup or restore <u>Windows</u> system, five setup procedures are required.

- 1. Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section A.2.1)
- 2. Create partitions (see **Section A.2.2**)
- 3. Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see Section A.2.3)
- 4. Build the recovery partition (see **Section A.2.4**)
- 5. Create factory default image (see **Section A.2.5**)



After completing the five initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system. The detailed information of each function is described in **Section A.5**.



NOTE:

The initial setup procedures for Linux system are described in **Section A.3**.

A.1.1 System Requirement



NOTE:

The recovery CD can only be used with IEI products. The software will fail to run and a warning message will appear when used on non-IEI hardware.



To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

The partition created for recovery images must be big enough to contain both the factory default image and the user backup image. The size must be calculated before creating the



partitions. Please take the following table as a reference when calculating the size of the partition.

	os	OS Image after Ghost	Compression Ratio
Windows® 7	7 GB	5 GB	70%
Windows® XPE	776 MB	560 MB	70%
Windows® CE 6.0	36 MB	28 MB	77%



Specialized tools are required to change the partition size if the operating system is already installed.

A.1.2 Supported Operating System

The recovery CD is compatible with both Microsoft Windows and Linux operating system (OS). The supported OS versions are listed below.

- Microsoft Windows
 - O Windows XP (Service Pack 2 or 3 required)
 - Windows Vista
 - O Windows 7
 - O Windows CE 5.0
 - O Windows CE 6.0
 - O Windows XP Embedded
- Linux
 - O Fedora Core 12 (Constantine)
 - O Fedora Core 11 (Leonidas)
 - O Fedora Core 10 (Cambridge)
 - O Fedora Core 8 (Werewolf)
 - O Fedora Core 7 (Moonshine)
 - O RedHat RHEL-5.4
 - O RedHat 9 (Ghirke)



- O Ubuntu 8.10 (Intrepid)
- O Ubuntu 7.10 (Gutsy)
- O Ubuntu 6.10 (Edgy)
- O Debian 5.0 (Lenny)
- O Debian 4.0 (Etch)
- O SuSe 11.2
- O SuSe 10.3



NOTE:

Installing unsupported OS versions may cause the recovery tool to fail.

A.2 Setup Procedure for Windows

Prior to using the recovery tool to backup or restore Windows system, a few setup procedures are required.

- Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section A.2.1)
- Step 2: Create partitions (see Section A.2.2)
- Step 3: Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see Section A.2.3)
- Step 4: Build the recovery partition (see Section A.2.4) or build the auto recovery partition (see Section A.3)
- **Step 5:** Create factory default image (see **Section A.2.5**)

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections.



NOTE:

The setup procedures described below are for Microsoft Windows operating system users. For Linux, most of the setup procedures are the same except for several steps described in **Section A.3**.



A.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup

- Step 1: Make sure the system is powered off and unplugged.
- **Step 2:** Install a hard drive or SSD in the system. An unformatted and unpartitioned disk is recommended.
- **Step 3:** Connect an optical disk drive to the system and insert the recovery CD.
- **Step 4:** Turn on the system.
- **Step 5:** Press the **<DELETE>** key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.
- Step 6: Select the connected optical disk drive as the 1st boot device. (Boot → Boot
 Device Priority → 1st Boot Device).
- **Step 7:** Save changes and restart the computer. Continue to the next section for instructions on partitioning the internal storage.

A.2.2 Create Partitions

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

- **Step 1:** Put the recovery CD in the optical drive of the system.
- Step 2: Boot the system from recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!



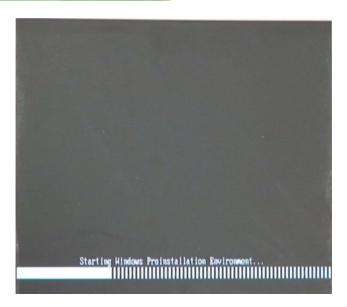


Figure A-2: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 3: The recovery tool setup menu is shown as below.

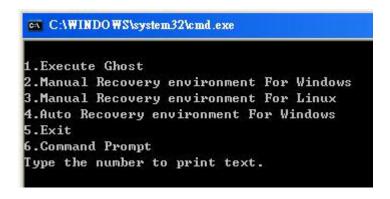


Figure A-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu

Step 4: Press <6> then <Enter>.



```
1.Execute Ghost
2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows
3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux
4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows
5.Exit
6.Command Prompt
Type the number to print text.6
```

Figure A-4: Command Mode

Step 5: The command prompt window appears. Type the following commands (marked in red) to create two partitions. One is for the OS installation; the other is for saving recovery files and images which will be an invisible partition.

system32>diskpart

DISKPART>list vol

DISKPART>sel disk 0

DISKPART>create part pri size= ____

(Press <Enter> after entering each line below)

DISKPART>assign letter=N

DISKPART>create part pri size= ____

DISKPART>assign letter=F

DISKPART>exit

system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /y

system32>format F: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y

system32>exit





Figure A-5: Partition Creation Commands





Use the following commands to check if the partitions were created successfully.

```
X:\I386\SYSTEM32\diskpart

Microsoft DiskPart version 5.2.3790.1830
Copyright (C) 1999-2001 Microsoft Corporation.
On computer: MININT-JUC

DISKPART> sel disk 0

Disk 0 is now the selected disk.

DISKPART> list part

Partition ### Type Size Offset

Partition 1 Primary 2000 MB 32 KB
Partition 2 Primary 1804 MB 2000 MB

DISKPART> exit
```

Step 6: Press any key to exit the recovery tool and automatically reboot the system.

Please continue to the following procedure: Build-up Recovery Partition.

A.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications

Install the operating system onto the unlabelled partition. The partition labeled "Recovery" is for use by the system recovery tool and should not be used for installing the operating system or any applications.



NOTE:

The operating system installation program may offer to reformat the chosen partition. DO NOT format the partition again. The partition has already been formatted and is ready for installing the new operating system.

To install the operating system, insert the operating system installation CD into the optical drive. Restart the computer and follow the installation instructions.



A.2.4 Build-up Recovery Partition

- Step 1: Put the recover CD in the optical drive.
- **Step 2:** Start the system.
- Step 3: Boot the system from recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

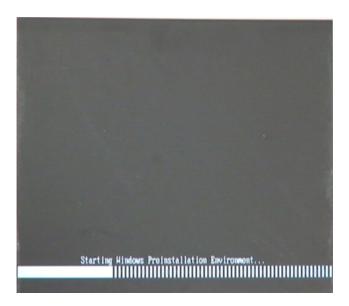


Figure A-6: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 4: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <2> then <Enter>.

```
1.Execute Ghost
2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows
3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux
4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows
5.Exit
6.Command Prompt
Type the number to print text.2
```

Figure A-7: System Configuration for Windows



Step 5: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build a recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in Section A.2.2 is hidden and the recovery tool is saved in this partition.

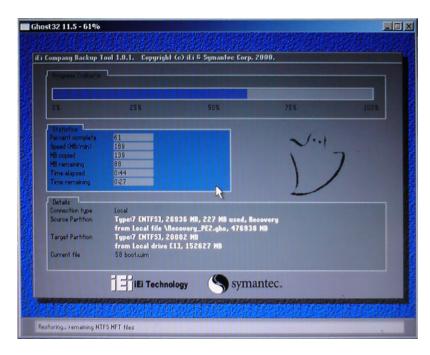


Figure A-8: Building the Recovery Partition

Step 6: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window to reboot the system.

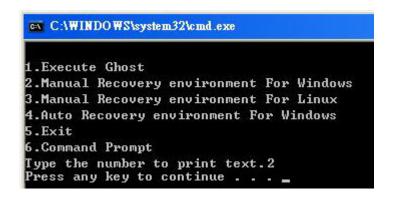


Figure A-9: Press Any Key to Continue

Step 7: Eject the recovery CD.



A.2.5 Create Factory Default Image



Before creating the factory default image, please configure the system to a factory default environment, including driver and application installations.

To create a factory default image, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Turn on the system. When the following screen displays (Figure A-10), press the <F3> key to access the recovery tool. The message will display for 10 seconds, please press F3 before the system boots into the operating system.

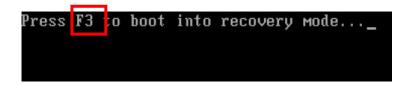


Figure A-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode

Step 2: The recovery tool menu appears. Type <4> and press <Enter>. (Figure A-11)

```
X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:4
```

Figure A-11: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 3: The About Symantec Ghost window appears. Click **OK** button to continue.



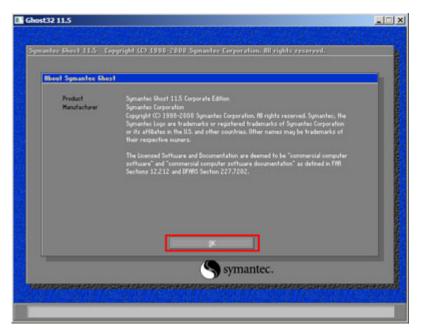


Figure A-12: About Symantec Ghost Window

Step 4: Use mouse to navigate to the option shown below (Figure A-13).

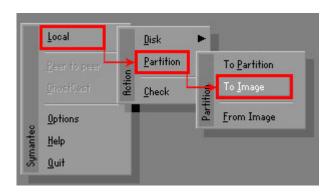


Figure A-13: Symantec Ghost Path

Step 5: Select the local source drive (Drive 1) as shown in **Figure A-14**. Then click OK.



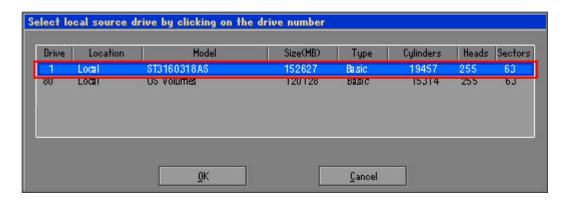


Figure A-14: Select a Local Source Drive

Step 6: Select a source partition (Part 1) from basic drive as shown in **Figure A-15**.

Then click OK.

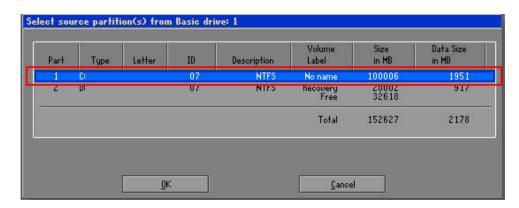


Figure A-15: Select a Source Partition from Basic Drive

Step 7: Select 1.2: [Recovery] NTFS drive and enter a file name called iei

(Figure A-16). Click Save. The factory default image will then be saved in the selected recovery drive and named IEI.GHO.



WARNING:

The file name of the factory default image must be iei.GHO.

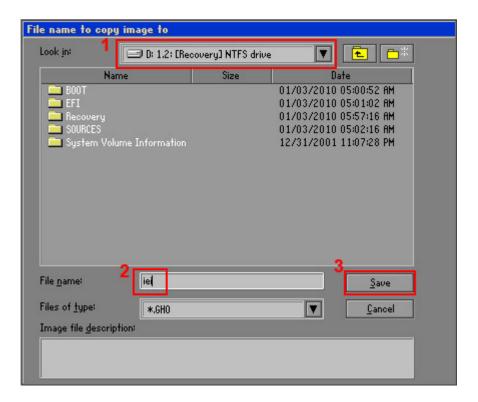


Figure A-16: File Name to Copy Image to

Step 8: When the Compress Image screen in Figure A-17 prompts, click High to make the image file smaller.

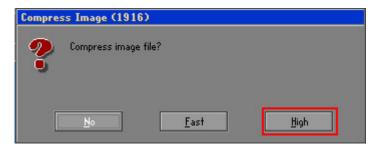


Figure A-17: Compress Image

Step 9: The Proceed with partition image creation window appears, click **Yes** to continue.

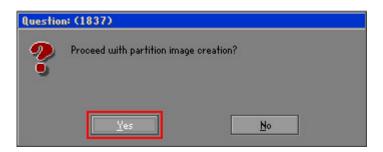


Figure A-18: Image Creation Confirmation

Step 10: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (**Figure A-19**).

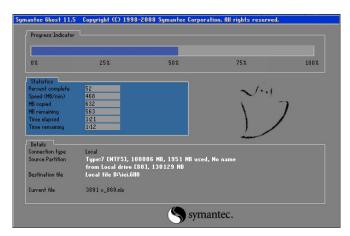


Figure A-19: Image Creation Process

Step 11: When the image creation completes, a screen prompts as shown in **Figure A-20**. Click **Continue** and close the Ghost window to exit the program.

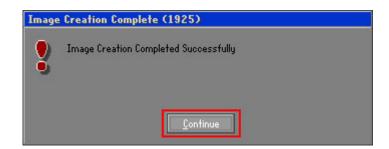


Figure A-20: Image Creation Complete



Step 12: The recovery tool main menu window is shown as below. Press any key to reboot the system.

```
T. X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:4

Done!
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

Figure A-21: Press Any Key to Continue

A.3 Auto Recovery Setup Procedure

The auto recovery function allows a system to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To use the auto recovery function, follow the steps described in the following sections.



CAUTION:

The setup procedure may include a step to create a factory default image. It is suggested to configure the system to a factory default environment before the configuration, including driver and application installations.

- Step 1: Follow the steps described in **Section A.2.1** ~ **Section A.2.3** to setup BIOS, create partitions and install operating system.
- Step 2: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the

 Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility

 MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically
 restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



Figure A-22: Auto Recovery Utility

Step 3: Reboot the system from the recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

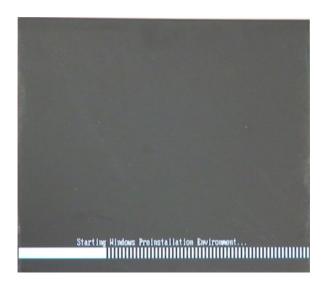


Figure A-23: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 4: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <4> then <Enter>.

```
1.Execute Ghost
2.Manual Recovery environment For Windows
3.Manual Recovery environment For Linux
4.Auto Recovery environment For Windows
5.Exit
6.Command Prompt
Type the number to print text.4
```

Figure A-24: Auto Recovery Environment for Windows



Step 5: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build an auto recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in **Section A.2.2** is hidden and the auto recovery tool is saved in this partition.

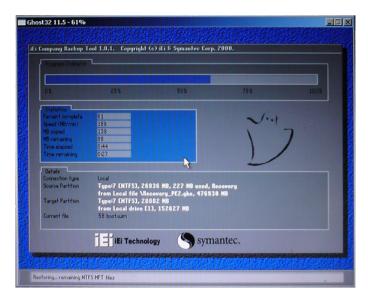


Figure A-25: Building the Auto Recovery Partition

Step 6: After completing the system configuration, the following message prompts to confirm whether to create a factory default image. Type Y to have the system create a factory default image automatically. Type N within 6 seconds to skip this process (The default option is YES). It is suggested to choose YES for this option.



Figure A-26: Factory Default Image Confirmation

Step 7: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (Figure A-27).

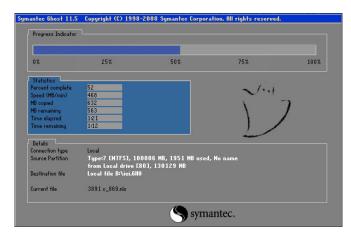


Figure A-27: Image Creation Complete

Step 8: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window to restart the system.

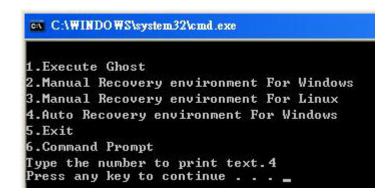
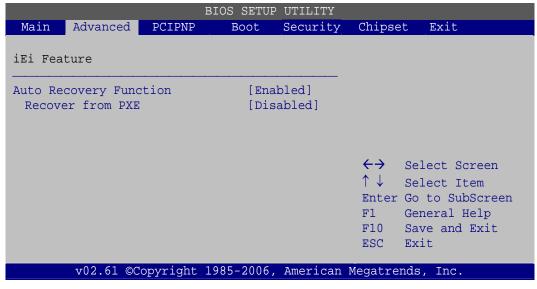


Figure A-28: Press any key to continue

- **Step 9:** Eject the One Key Recovery CD and restart the system.
- **Step 10:** Press the **<DELETE>** key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.
- Step 11: Enable the Auto Recovery Function option (Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto Recovery Function).



BIOS Menu 19: IEI Feature

Step 12: Save changes and restart the system. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image.



CAUTION:

The auto recovery function can only apply on a Microsoft Windows system running the following OS versions:

- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Windows 7

A.4 Setup Procedure for Linux

The initial setup procedures for a Linux system are mostly the same with the procedure for Microsoft Windows. Please follow the steps below to setup the recovery tool for Linux OS.

Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup. Refer to Section A.2.1.



Step 2: Install Linux operating system. Make sure to install GRUB (v0.97 or earlier)

MBR type and Ext3 partition type. Leave enough space on the hard drive to

create the recover partition later.



NOTE:

If the Linux OS is not installed with GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) and Ext3, the Symantec Ghost may not function properly.

While installing Linux OS, please create two partitions:

- Partition 1: /
- Partition 2: SWAP



NOTE:

Please reserve enough space for partition 3 for saving recovery images.

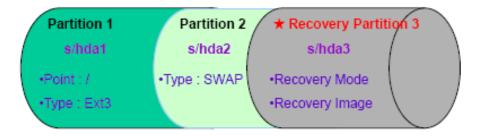


Figure A-29: Partitions for Linux

Step 3: Create a recovery partition. Insert the recovery CD into the optical disk drive.

Follow Step 1 ~ Step 3 described in Section A.2.2. Then type the following commands (marked in red) to create a partition for recovery images.

system32>diskpart

DISKPART>list vol

DISKPART>sel disk 0



DISKPART>create part pri size= ___

DISKPART>assign letter=N

DISKPART>exit

system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y

system32>exit

Step 4: Build-up recovery partition. Press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient. When the recovery tool setup menu appears, type <3> and press <Enter> (Figure A-30). The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build-up a recovery partition. After completing the system configuration, press any key to reboot the system. Eject the recovery CD.

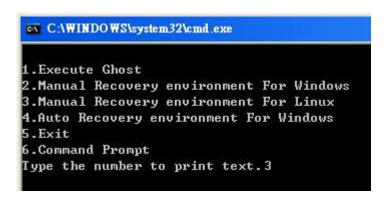


Figure A-30: Manual Recovery Environment for Linux

Step 5: Access the recovery tool main menu by modifying the "menu.lst". To first access the recovery tool main menu, the menu.lst must be modified. In Linux system, enter Administrator (root). When prompt appears, type:

cd /boot/grub

vi menu.lst



```
'edora release 9 (Sulphur)
Kernel 2.6.25-14.fc9.i686 on an i686 (tty2)
localhost login: root
Password:
[root@localhost ~]# cd /boot/grub/
[root@localhost grub]# vi menu.lst
```

Figure A-31: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode)

Step 6: Modify the menu.lst as shown below.

```
boot=/dev/sda
lefault=R
imeout=10
           (hd0.0)/grub/splash.xpm.gz
iddenmenu
title Fedora (Z.6.25-14.fc9.i686)
       root (hd0,0)
       kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.25-14.fc9.i686 ro root=UUID=10f1acd
c38b5c78910 rhgb quiet
       initrd /initrd-2.6.25-14.fc9.i686.img
       Recovery Partition
oot
       (hdB,Z)
makeactive
hainloader +1
```

Type command:

```
title Recovery Partition
root (hd0,2)
makeactive
chainloader +1
```

Step 7: The recovery tool menu appears. (**Figure A-32**)

```
Factory Restore
Backup system
   Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:
```

Figure A-32: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 8: Create a factory default image. Follow Step 2 ~ Step 12 described in Section **A.2.5** to create a factory default image.

A.5 Recovery Tool Functions

After completing the initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system. However, if the setup procedure in Section A.3 has been completed and the auto recovery function is enabled, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image without pressing the F3 key. The recovery tool main menu is shown below.

Figure A-33: Recovery Tool Main Menu

The recovery tool has several functions including:

- Factory Restore: Restore the factory default image (iei.GHO) created in Section A.2.5.
- 2. **Backup system**: Create a system backup image (iei_user.GHO) which will be saved in the hidden partition.
- 3. **Restore your last backup**: Restore the last system backup image
- 4. **Manual**: Enter the Symantec Ghost window to configure manually.
- 5. Quit: Exit the recovery tool and restart the system.



WARNING:

Please do not turn off the system power during the process of system recovery or backup.





WARNING:

All data in the system will be deleted during the system recovery. Please backup the system files before restoring the system (either Factory Restore or Restore Backup).

A.5.1 Factory Restore

To restore the factory default image, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Type <1> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.
- **Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the factory default. A factory default image called **iei.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

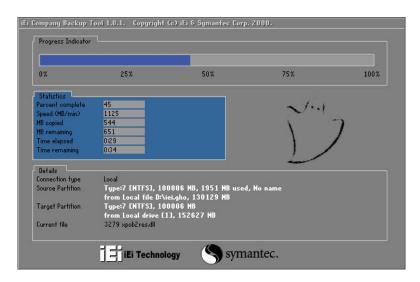


Figure A-34: Restore Factory Default

Step 3: The screen is shown as in **Figure A-35** when completed. Press any key to reboot the system.





```
X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

1. Factory Restore

2. Backup system

3. Restore your last backup.

4. Manual

5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:1

Recovery complete!
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

Figure A-35: Recovery Complete Window

A.5.2 Backup System

To backup the system, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Type **<2>** and press **<Enter>** in the main menu.
- Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to backup the system. A backup image called iei_user.GHO is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

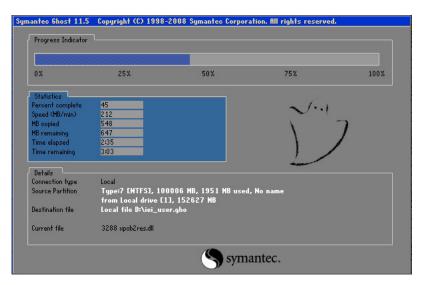


Figure A-36: Backup System

Step 3: The screen is shown as in Figure A-37 when system backup is completed.

Press any key to reboot the system.

```
X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:2

System backup complete!
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Figure A-37: System Backup Complete Window

A.5.3 Restore Your Last Backup

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Type <**3**> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.
- **Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the last backup image (iei_user.GHO).

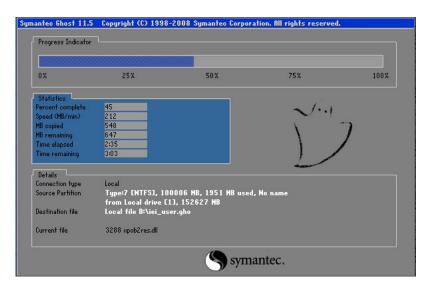


Figure A-38: Restore Backup

Step 3: The screen is shown as in Figure A-39 when backup recovery is completed.

Press any key to reboot the system.



Integration Corp.

TANK-800 Embedded System

```
X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:3

Recovery complete!
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

Figure A-39: Restore System Backup Complete Window

A.5.4 Manual

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

- **Step 1:** Type **<4>** and press **<Enter>** in the main menu.
- **Step 2:** The Symantec Ghost window appears. Use the Ghost program to backup or recover the system manually.

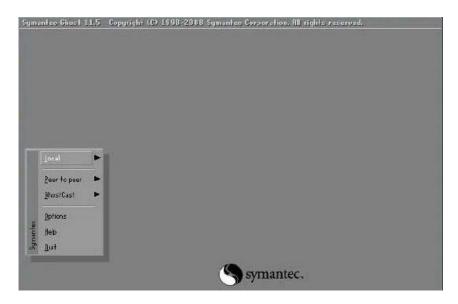


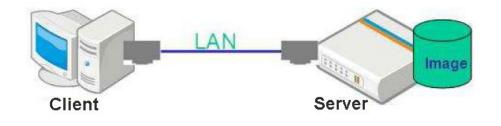
Figure A-40: Symantec Ghost Window

Step 3: When backup or recovery is completed, press any key to reboot the system.



A.6 Restore Systems from a Linux Server through LAN

The One Key Recovery allows a client system to automatically restore to a factory default image saved in a Linux system (the server) through LAN connectivity after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To be able to use this function, the client system and the Linux system MUST reside in the same domain.





NOTE:

The supported client OS includes:

- Windows 2000
- Windows 7
- Windows XP
- Windows CE
- Windows Vista
- Windows XP Embedded

Prior to restoring client systems from a Linux server, a few setup procedures are required.

- Step 1: Configure DHCP server settings
- Step 2: Configure TFTP settings
- Step 3: Configure One Key Recovery server settings
- Step 4: Start DHCP, TFTP and HTTP
- **Step 5:** Create a shared directory
- **Step 6:** Setup a client system for auto recovery

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections. In this document, two types of Linux OS are used as examples to explain the configuration process – CentOS 5.5 (Kernel 2.6.18) and Debian 5.0.7 (Kernel 2.6.26).

A.6.1 Configure DHCP Server Settings

Step 1: Install the DHCP

#yum install dhcp (CentOS, commands marked in red)

#apt-get install dhcp3-server (Debian, commands marked in blue)

Step 2: Confirm the operating system default settings: dhcpd.conf.

CentOS

Use the following command to show the DHCP server sample location:

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

The DHCP server sample location is shown as below:

```
# DHCP Server Configuration file.
# see /usr/share/doc/dhcp*/dhcpd.conf.sample
#
```

Use the following command to copy the DHCP server sample to etc/dhcpd.conf:

#cp /usr/share/doc/dhcp-3.0.5/dhcpd.conf.sample /etc/dhcpd.conf

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

Debian

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

Edit "/etc/dhcpd.conf" for your environment. For example, add

next-server PXE server IP address;

filename "pxelinux.0";

A.6.2 Configure TFTP Settings

Step 1: Install the tftp, httpd and syslinux.

#yum install tftp-server httpd syslinux (CentOS)

#apt-get install tftpd-hpa xinetd syslinux (Debian)

Step 2: Enable the TFTP server by editing the "/etc/xinetd.d/tftp" file and make it use the remap file. The "-vvv" is optional but it could definitely help on getting more information while running the remap file. For example:

CentOS

#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

Modify:

disable = no

server_args = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv_

```
socket_type
                            dgram
 protocol
                            udp
 wait
                            yes
 user
                            root
                             /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
                            -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv
server_args
 disable
 per_source
                             100 2
 cps
flags
                             IPv4
```

<u>Debian</u>

Replace the TFTP settings from "inetd" to "xinetd" and annotate the "inetd" by adding "#".

#vi /etc/inetd.conf

Modify: #tftp dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin...... (as shown below)

```
#:BOOT: TFTP service is provided primarily for booting. Most sites
# run this only on machines acting as "boot servers."

#tftp dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin/in.tftpd /usr/sbin/in.tftpd -s
_/var/lib/tftpboot
```

#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

A.6.3 Configure One Key Recovery Server Settings

Step 1: Copy the Utility/RECOVERYR10.TAR.BZ2 package from the One Key Recovery CD to the system (server side).



Step 2: Extract the recovery package to /.

#cp RecoveryR10.tar.bz2 /

#cd/

#tar –xvjf RecoveryR10.tar.bz2

Step 3: Copy "pxelinux.0" from "syslinux" and install to "/tftboot".

#cp /usr/lib/syslinux/pxelinux.0 /tftpboot/



A.6.4 Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP

Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP. For example:

CentOS

#service xinetd restart

#service httpd restart

#service dhcpd restart

Debian

#/etc/init.d/xinetd reload

#/etc/init.d/xinetd restart

#/etc/init.d/dhcp3-server restart

A.6.5 Create Shared Directory

Step 1: Install the samba.

#yum install samba

Step 2: Create a shared directory for the factory default image.

#mkdir /share

#cd /share

#mkdir /image

#cp iei.gho /image



WARNING:

The file name of the factory default image must be iei.gho.

Step 3: Confirm the operating system default settings: smb.conf.

#vi /etc/samba/smb.conf



```
Modify:

[image]

comment = One Key Recovery

path = /share/image

browseable = yes

writable = yes

public = yes

create mask = 0644

directory mask = 0755
```

Step 4: Edit "/etc/samba/smb.conf" for your environment. For example:

```
# "security = user" is always a good idea. This will require a Unix account
# in this server for every user accessing the server. See
# /usr/share/doc/samba-doc/htmldocs/Samba3-HOWTO/ServerType.html
# in the samba-doc package for details.
    security = share

[image]
    comment = One Key Recovery
    path = /share/image
    browseable = yes
    writable = yes
    public = yes
    create mask = 0644
    directory mask = 0755
```

Step 5: Modify the hostname

#vi /etc/hostname

Modify: RecoveryServer

RecoveryServer

A.6.6 Setup a Client System for Auto Recovery

```
    Step 1: Configure the following BIOS options of the client system.
    Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto Recovery Function → Enabled
    Advanced → iEi Feature → Recover from PXE → Enabled
    Boot → Launch PXE OpROM → Enabled
```



Step 2: Continue to configure the **Boot Option Priorities** BIOS option of the client system:

Boot Option #1 \rightarrow remain the default setting to boot from the original OS. Boot Option #2 \rightarrow select the boot from LAN option.

Step 3: Save changes and exit BIOS menu.Exit → Save Changes and Exit

Step 4: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the

Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility

MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically
restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.



Step 5: Restart the client system from LAN. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image. The following screens will show when the system starts auto recovering.

Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller Series v2.35 (06/14/10)

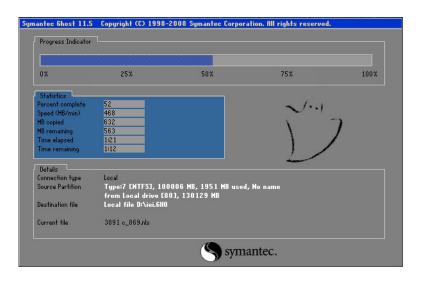
CLIENT MAC ADDR: 00 18 7D 13 E6 89 GUID: 00020003-0004-0005-0006-0007000800

DHCP...



```
My IP address seems to be COA80009 192.168.0.9
ip=192.168.0.9:192.168.0.8:192.168.0.2:255.255.255.0
TFTP prefix:
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/00020003-0004-0005-0006-000700080009
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/01-00-18-7d-13-e6-89
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA80009
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA8000
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA800
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA800
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA80
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA8
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/CO
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/CO
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/CO
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/CO
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/COA8001
```

Windows is loading files... IP: 192.168.0.8, File: \Boot\HinPE.wim





A firewall or a SELinux is not in use in the whole setup process. If there is a firewall or a SELinux protecting the system, modify the configuration information to accommodate them.

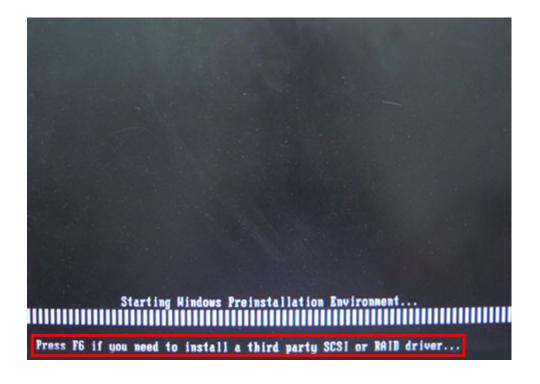


A.7 Other Information

A.7.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller

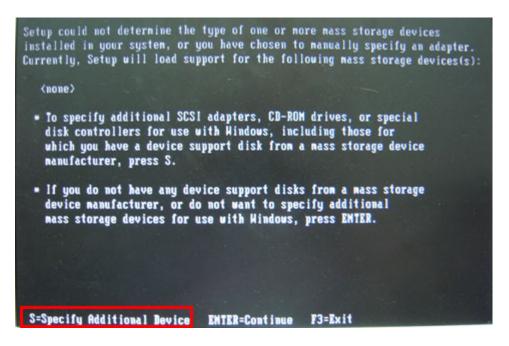
When the system uses AHCI mode or some specific SATA controllers such as ALi M5283 or VIA VT6421A, the SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be installed before using one key recovery. Please follow the steps below to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver.

- Step 1: Copy the SATA RAID/AHCI driver to a floppy disk and insert the floppy disk into a USB floppy disk drive. The SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be especially designed for the on-board SATA controller.
- **Step 2:** Connect the USB floppy disk drive to the system.
- Step 3: Insert the One Key Recovery CD into the system and boot the system from the CD.
- **Step 4:** When launching the recovery tool, press **<F6>**.

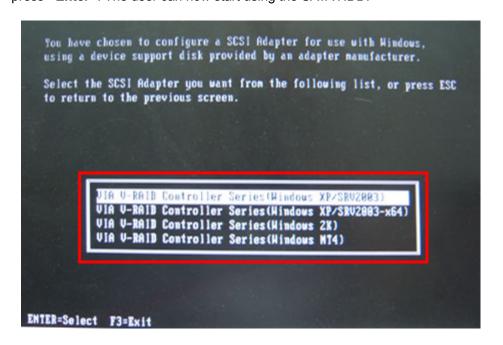




Step 5: When the following window appears, press **<S>** to select "Specify Additional Device".



Step 6: In the following window, select a SATA controller mode used in the system. Then press **<Enter>**. The user can now start using the SATA HDD.





Step 7: After pressing <Enter>, the system will get into the recovery tool setup menu.Continue to follow the setup procedure from Step 4 in Section A.2.2 CreatePartitions to finish the whole setup process.

A.7.2 System Memory Requirement

To be able to access the recovery tool by pressing <F3> while booting up the system, please make sure to have enough system memory. The minimum memory requirement is listed below.

- Using Award BIOS: 128 MB system memory
- Using AMI BIOS: 512 MB system memory.



Appendix

B

Safety Precautions



B.1 Safety Precautions



WARNING:

The precautions outlined in this appendix should be strictly followed. Failure to follow these precautions may result in permanent damage to the TANK-800.

Please follow the safety precautions outlined in the sections that follow:

B.1.1 General Safety Precautions

Please ensure the following safety precautions are adhered to at all times.

- Make sure the power is turned off and the power cord is disconnected when moving, installing or modifying the system.
- Do not apply voltage levels that exceed the specified voltage range.
 Doing so may cause fire and/or an electrical shock.
- Electric shocks can occur if opened while still powered on.
- Do not drop or insert any objects into the ventilation openings.
- If considerable amounts of dust, water, or fluids enter the system, turn off the power supply immediately, unplug the power cord, and contact the system vendor.
- DO NOT:
 - O Drop the system against a hard surface.
 - O Strike or exert excessive force onto the LCD panel.
 - O Touch any of the LCD panels with a sharp object
 - O In a site where the ambient temperature exceeds the rated temperature



B.1.2 Anti-static Precautions



WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the TANK-800 may result in permanent damage to the TANK-800 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the TANK-800. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the TANK-800 is opened and any of the electrical components are handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- Wear an anti-static wristband: Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging any electrical component.
- Self-grounding: Before handling any electrical component, touch any
 grounded conducting material. During the time the electrical component is
 handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the
 ground.
- Use an anti-static pad: When configuring or working with an electrical component, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damage.
- Only handle the edges of the electrical component. When handling the electrical component, hold the electrical component by its edges.



B.1.3 Product Disposal



CAUTION:

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by and incorrect type. Only certified engineers should replace the on-board battery.

Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

- Outside the European Union If you wish to dispose of used electrical and electronic products outside the European Union, please contact your local authority so as to comply with the correct disposal method.
- Within the European Union:



EU-wide legislation, as implemented in each Member State, requires that waste electrical and electronic products carrying the mark (left) must be disposed of separately from normal household waste. This includes monitors and electrical accessories, such as signal cables or power cords. When you need to dispose of your display products, please follow the

guidance of your local authority, or ask the shop where you purchased the product. The mark on electrical and electronic products only applies to the current European Union Member States.

Please follow the national guidelines for electrical and electronic product disposal.

B.2 Maintenance and Cleaning Precautions

When maintaining or cleaning the TANK-800, please follow the guidelines below.

B.2.1 Maintenance and Cleaning

Prior to cleaning any part or component of the TANK-800, please read the details below.

 The interior of the TANK-800 does not require cleaning. Keep fluids away from the TANK-800 interior.



- Be cautious of all small removable components when vacuuming the TANK-800.
- Turn the TANK-800 off before cleaning the TANK-800.
- Never drop any objects or liquids through the openings of the TANK-800.
- Be cautious of any possible allergic reactions to solvents or chemicals used when cleaning the TANK-800.
- Avoid eating, drinking and smoking within vicinity of the TANK-800.

B.2.2 Cleaning Tools

Some components in the TANK-800 may only be cleaned using a product specifically designed for the purpose. In such case, the product will be explicitly mentioned in the cleaning tips. Below is a list of items to use when cleaning the TANK-800.

- Cloth Although paper towels or tissues can be used, a soft, clean piece of cloth is recommended when cleaning the TANK-800.
- Water or rubbing alcohol A cloth moistened with water or rubbing alcohol can be used to clean the TANK-800.
- Using solvents The use of solvents is not recommended when cleaning the TANK-800 as they may damage the plastic parts.
- Vacuum cleaner Using a vacuum specifically designed for computers is
 one of the best methods of cleaning the TANK-800. Dust and dirt can restrict
 the airflow in the TANK-800 and cause its circuitry to corrode.
- Cotton swabs Cotton swaps moistened with rubbing alcohol or water are excellent tools for wiping hard to reach areas.
- Foam swabs Whenever possible, it is best to use lint free swabs such as foam swabs for cleaning.



Appendix

C

Hazardous Materials Disclosure





C.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would "not leak out or undergo abrupt change." This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.



Part Name	e Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements							
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)		
Housing	Х	О	0	0	0	X		
Display	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
Printed Circuit Board	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
Metal Fasteners	Х	0	0	0	0	0		
Cable Assembly	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
Fan Assembly	Х	0	0	0	0	X		
Power Supply Assemblies	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
Battery	0	0	0	0	0	0		

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006



此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有"环境友好使用期限"的标签,此期限是估算这些物质"不会有泄漏或突变"的年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件,像是电池或灯管,这些元件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素							
	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯		
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(CR(VI))	(PBB)	醚		
						(PBDE)		
壳体	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
显示	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
印刷电路板	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
金属螺帽	X	0	0	0	0	0		
电缆组装	X	0	0	0	0	Х		
风扇组装	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
电力供应组装	Х	0	0	0	0	Х		
电池	0	0	0	0	0	0		

O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。

X:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。