



IEI Technology Corp .



**MODEL:**  
**IMBA-Q454-R10**

**ATX Motherboard for Intel® Core™2 Duo/ Quad with  
1333/1066/800 MHz FSB, Dual Gigabit GbE, Intel® AMT 5.0, PCI,  
PCIe x4, PCIe x16, VGA, SATA II with RAID 0,1,5,10, HD Audio,  
RoHS Compliant**

# User Manual

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# Revision

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10 July, 2009	1.01	Minor edit
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Chapter

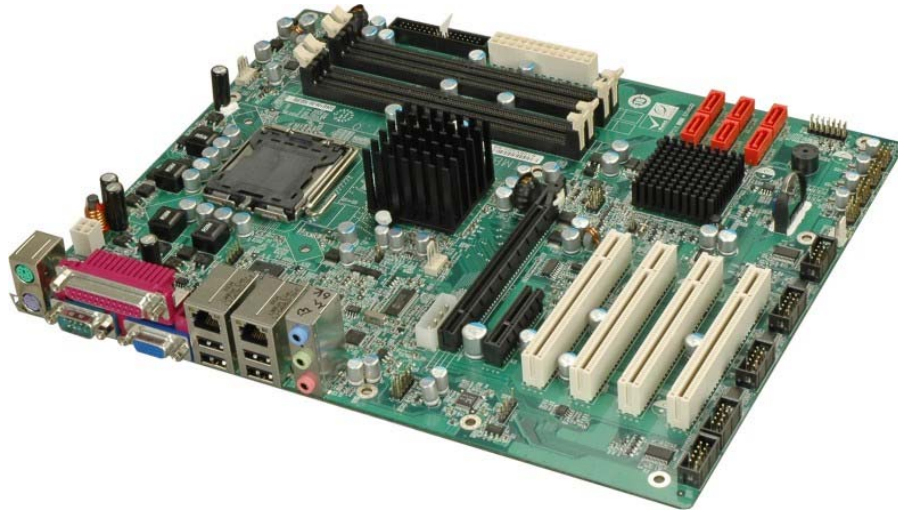
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# Introduction

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## 1.1 IMBA-Q454-R10 Motherboard Overview



**Figure 1–1: IMBA-Q454-R10**

The IMBA-Q454-R10 is an ATX form factor industrial PC motherboard. The ATX form factor is a relatively large form factor, providing room for extra features and capabilities including more powerful processors that benefit from the larger dimensions and better cooling of ATX computer cases.

The IMBA-Q454-R10 supports Intel® Core™2 Quad, Intel® Core™2 Duo, and Intel® Celeron® (Conroe L) processors and supports up to up to 8.0 GB of DDR2 memory with up to 2.0 GB in each memory slot.

Six SATA ports provide advanced storage capabilities with 3.0 MB/s data transfer rates. RAID 0 support allows for increased data throughput for applications requiring quick data access. RAID 1, 5 and 10 provide data redundancy allowing for the failure of one or more disks without losing data.

Graphics capabilities include a VGA port on the rear panel and a PCIe x16 graphics card slot. The graphics card slot supports the latest graphics cards, offering rendering and quality capable of supporting the most intensive graphics applications.

Networking is provided through two GbE controllers. The GbE controllers allow network data speeds of up to 1.0Gb/s, allowing for fast communication between computers on the

network and with computers on external networks. The first LAN port supports Intel® AMT 5.0 for powerful remote management options.

Expansion capabilities include four PCI slots, one PCIe x4 slot, twelve USB ports, six serial ports and a parallel port.

### **1.1.1 Benefits**

Some of the IMBA-Q454-R10 motherboard benefits include,

- Operating reliably in harsh industrial environments up to 60°C
- The system is always available and will reboot if the system crashes
- Powerful processor options are ideal for computing intensive applications
- Data is protected through fast and reliable SATA RAID storage

### **1.1.2 Features**

Some of the IMBA-Q454-R10 motherboard features are listed below:

- ATX form factor
- RoHS compliant
- LGA 775 CPU socket
- PCI and PCIe expansion slots
- Four DDR2 DIMMs up to 2.0 GB each supported
- Two Gigabit Ethernet controllers
- Twelve USB 2.0 ports supported
- HD audio codec for 7.1 channels

### **1.1.3 Board Dimensions**

The dimensions of the board are listed below:

- Length:           305 mm
- Width:            244 mm

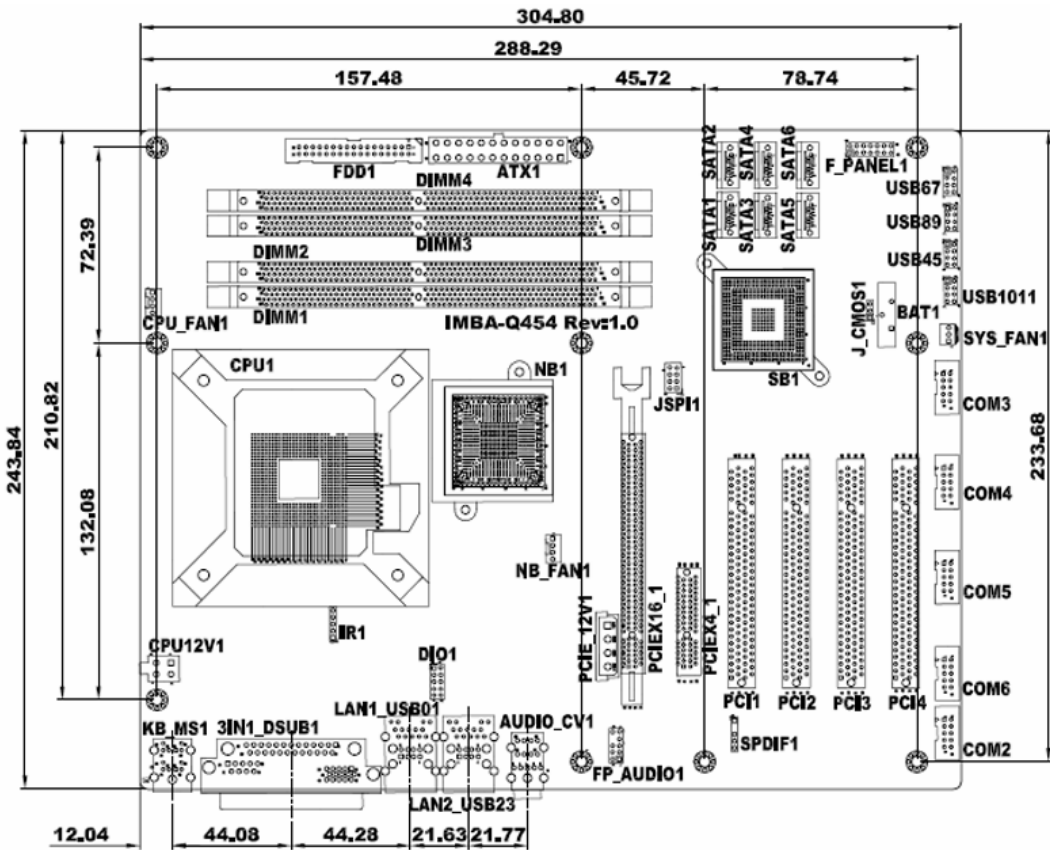


Figure 1-2: IMBA-Q454-R10 Dimensions (mm)

### 1.1.4 External Peripheral Interface Panel Dimensions

External peripheral interface connector panel dimensions are shown in **Figure 1-3**.

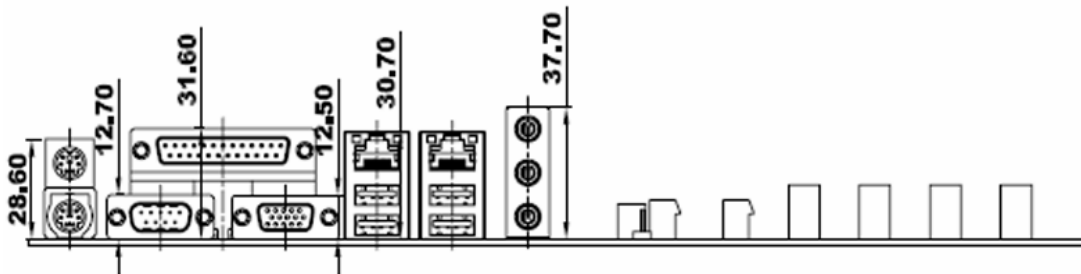


Figure 1-3: External Interface Panel Dimensions (mm)

## 1.2 Data Flow

Figure 1-4 shows the data flow between the system chipset, the CPU and other components installed on the motherboard.

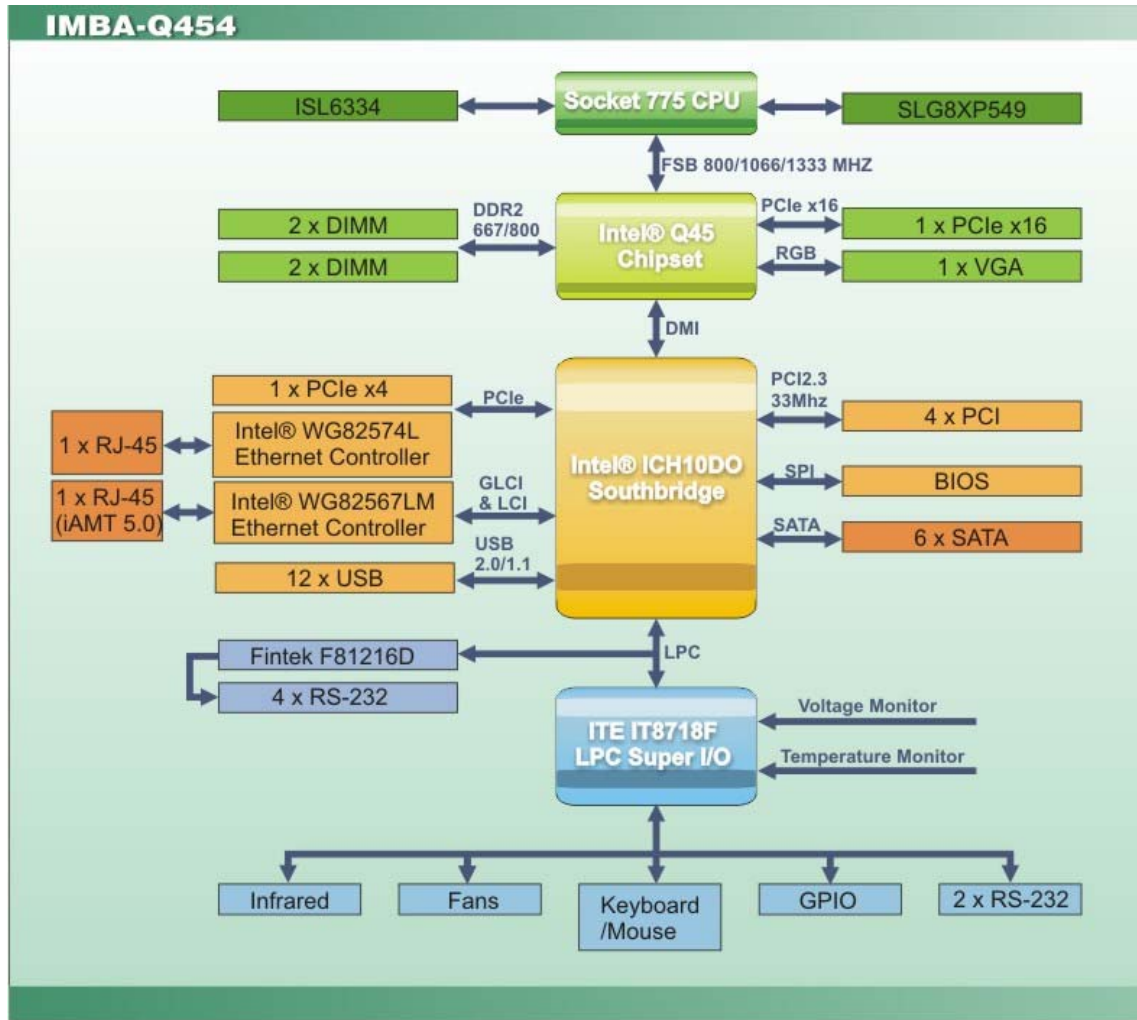


Figure 1-4: Data Flow Block Diagram

## 1.3 Technical Specifications:

IMBA-Q454-R10 motherboard technical specifications are listed in the table below.

Specification/Model	IMBA-Q454-R10
Form Factor	ATX
CPU Supported	LGA775 Intel® Core™2 Quad (Yorkfield) LGA775 Intel® Core™2 Duo (Wolfdale and Conroe) LGA775 Intel® Celeron® (Conroe L)
Front Side Bus (FSB)	800 MHz, 1066 MHz or 1333 MHz
Northbridge Chipset	Intel® Q45
Integrated Graphics	350 MHz Integrated 24-bit RAMDAC Up to 2048 x 1536 32-bit color @ 75 Hz refresh Unified Memory Architecture (UMA) Uses up to 352 MB of Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT)
Memory	Four dual-channel 2.0 GB (max.) 667 MHz or 800 MHz DDR2 SDRAM DIMMs (system max. 8.0 GB) supported
Southbridge Chipset	Intel® ICH10DO
Audio	Realtek ALC888 audio codec
BIOS	AMI BIOS
Digital I/O	8-bit, 4-bit input/4-bit output
Ethernet Controllers	Intel® 82574L (MAC+PHY) through the PCIe x1 Intel® 82567LM (PHY) + Intel® ICH10DO (MAC)
Trusted Platform Module	iTPM v1.2 and above supported
Super I/O Controller	ITE IT8718F
Serial Port Controller	Fintek F81216
Real Time Clock	Motorola MC146818A with 256 bytes of battery-backed RAM, 32.768 KHz crystal, 3 V battery
Watchdog Timer	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. system reset

<b>Specification/Model</b>	<b>IMBA-Q454-R10</b>
<b>Expansion</b>	
<b>PCI</b>	Four PCI slots
<b>PCIe</b>	One PCIe x4 slot One PCIe x16 slot (PCI Express Graphics interface)
<b>I/O Interface Connectors</b>	
<b>Audio Connectors</b>	One external audio jack (line-in, line-out, mic-in) Two internal audio connectors (front panel pin header and S/PDIF pin header)
<b>Display port</b>	One VGA
<b>Ethernet</b>	One RJ-45 port One RJ-45 port with iAMT 5.0 support
<b>Keyboard/Mouse</b>	One dual PS/2 port
<b>LPT</b>	One IEEE 1284 parallel port (supports normal, EPP and ECP modes)
<b>Serial Ports</b>	One RS-232 port Five via internal RS-232 box pin headers
<b>USB 2.0/1.1 ports</b>	Four external USB ports Eight via internal pin headers
<b>Storage</b>	
<b>Floppy Disk Drives</b>	Two 5.25" 360 KB or 1.2 MB floppy disk drives (FDD) or 3.5" 720 KB, 1.44 MB, 2.88 MB FDD.
<b>Serial ATA</b>	Six independent serial ATA (SATA) channels with 3.0 Gb/s data transfer rates
<b>Environmental and Power Specifications</b>	
<b>Power Supply</b>	ATX supported

## IMBA-Q454-R10 User Manual

Specification/Model	IMBA-Q454-R10
Power Consumption	3.3 V @ 2.64A 5 V @ 5.40A 12 V @ 0.28A 3.16 GHz E8500 Intel® Core™2 Duo CPU with 1333 MHz FSB and 2.0 GB of 800 MHz DDR2 memory running 3DMark 2001SE
Operating temperature	0°C ~ 60°C (requires cooler and silicone heat sink paste)
Humidity	0% ~ 95% (non-condensing)
<b>Physical Specifications</b>	
Dimensions	305mm x 244mm
Weight GW/NW	1200g/600g
<b>Table 1-1: IMBA-Q454-R10 Specifications</b>	



Chapter

2

# Unpacking

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## 2.1 Anti-static Precautions

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### WARNING!

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the IMBA-Q454-R10 may result in permanent damage to the IMBA-Q454-R10 and severe injury to the user.

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Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the IMBA-Q454-R10. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical to strictly adhere to the following anti-static precautions whenever the IMBA-Q454-R10, or any other electrical component, is handled.

- ***Wear an anti-static wristband*** - Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- ***Self-grounding*** - Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- ***Use an anti-static pad*** - When configuring the IMBA-Q454-R10, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the IMBA-Q454-R10.
- ***Only handle the edges of the PCB*** - When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

## 2.2 Unpacking

When the IMBA-Q454-R10 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the anti-static precautions outlined in **Section 2.1**.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards so the IMBA-Q454-R10 does not fall out of the box.
- Make sure all the components shown in **Section 2.3** are present.

## 2.3 Unpacking Checklist









### NOTE:


If any of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor the IMBA-Q454-R10 was purchased from or contact an IEI sales representative directly by sending an email to [sales@iei.com.tw](mailto:sales@iei.com.tw).

### 2.3.1 Package Contents

The IMBA-Q454-R10 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	IMBA-Q454-R10	
2	Dual RS-232 cable (with bracket) (P/N: 32200-000051-RS)	
6	SATA cable (P/N: 32000-062800-RS)	
1	I/O Shielding (P/N: 45002-450903-00-RS)	
1	Mini jumper pack (2.0 mm) (P/N:33100-000079-RS)	
1	Utility CD	






## IMBA-Q454-R10 User Manual




Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	Quick Installation Guide	

**Table 2-1: Packing List**

### 2.3.2 Optional Items

The IMBA-Q454-R10 is shipped with the following components:

Item and Part Number	Image
CPU cooler (P/N: CF-520-RS)	
CPU cooler (P/N: CF-775A-RS)	
FDD cable (P/N: 32200-000017-RS)	
SATA power cable (P/N: 32100-088600-RS)	
PCIe 16X SDVO interface DVI graphic card SDVO-100DVI-R10	

Item and Part Number	Image
PCIe 16X SDVO interface VGA graphic card SDVO-100VGA-R10	
USB cable 4-port with bracket (P/N: CB-USB14-RS)	
USB cable, Dual port with bracket (P/N: CB-USB02-RS)	

**Table 2-2: Optional Items**

Chapter

3

# Connector Pinouts

---

### 3.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

Section 3.1.2 shows peripheral interface connector locations. Section 3.1.2 lists all the peripheral interface connectors seen in Section 3.1.2.

#### 3.1.1 IMBA-Q454-R10 Layout

Figure 3-1 shows the on-board peripheral connectors, rear panel peripheral connectors and on-board jumpers.

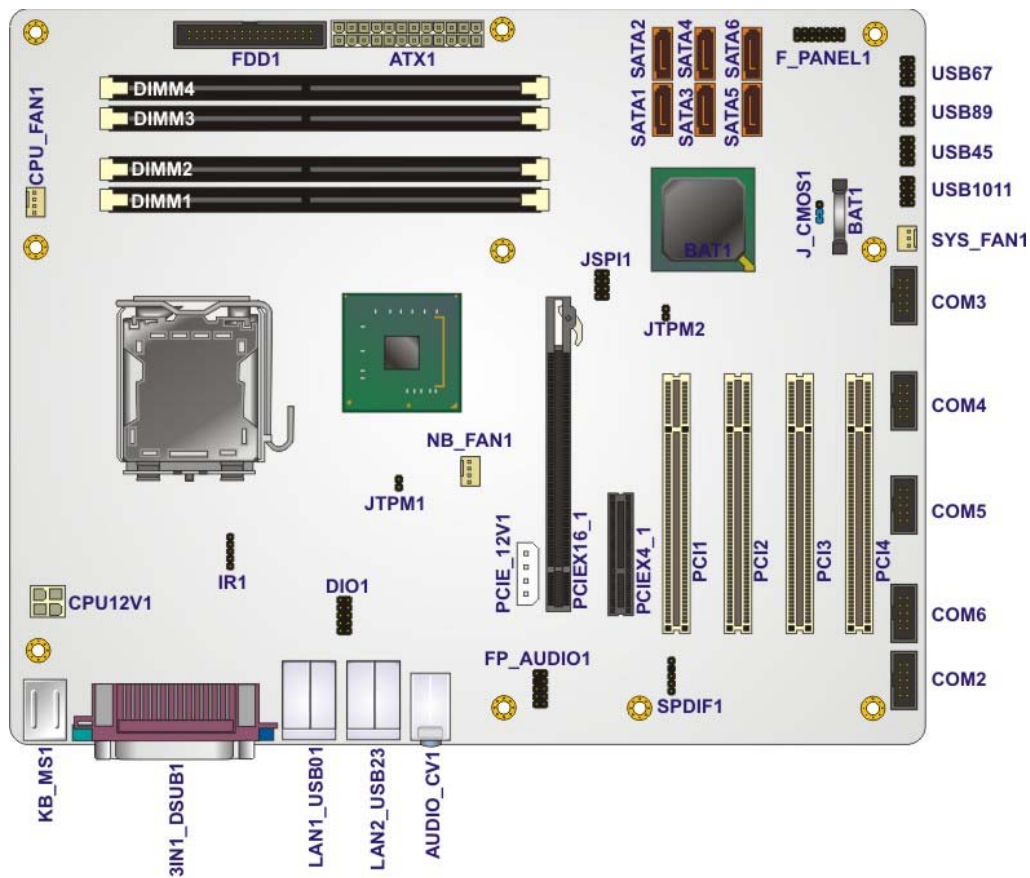


Figure 3-1: Connector and Jumper Locations

### 3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors

**Table 3-1** shows a list of the peripheral interface connectors on the IMBA-Q454-R10. Detailed descriptions of these connectors can be found below.

Connector	Type	Label
ATX power connector, CPU	4-pin ATX	CPU12V1
ATX power connector, system	24-pin ATX	ATX1
Audio connector	10-pin header	FP_AUDIO1
Digital I/O connector	10-pin header	DIO1
Fan connector, System	3-pin wafer	SYS_FAN1
Fan connectors, CPU and Northbridge	4-pin wafer	CPU_FAN1 NB_FAN1
Floppy disk connector	34-pin box header	FDD1
Front panel connector	14-pin header	F_PANEL1
Infrared connector	5-pin header	IR1
PCI connectors	PCI slot	PCI1 PCI2 PCI3 PCI4
PCIe power connector		PCIE_12V1
PCIe x16 connector	PCIe x16 slot	PCIEX16_1
PCIe x4 connectors	PCIe x4 slot	PCIEX4_1
SATA connector	7-pin SATA	SATA1 SATA2 SATA3 SATA4 SATA5 SATA6

Connector	Type	Label
Serial port connector	10-pin box header	COM2 COM3 COM4 COM5 COM6
S/PDIF connector	5-pin header	SPDIF1
SPI flash connector	8-pin header	JSPI1
USB connector	10-pin header	USB45 USB67 USB89 USB1011

**Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors**

### 3.1.3 External Interface Panel Connectors

**Table 3-2** lists the rear panel connectors on the IMBA-Q454-R10. Detailed descriptions of these connectors can be found in **Section 3.1**.

Connector	Type	Label
Audio connectors	Audio jacks	AUDIO_CV1
Keyboard and mouse connectors	Dual PS/2	KB_MS1
LAN Connector	RJ-45	LAN1_USB01 LAN2_USB23
Parallel port connector	DB-25 connector	3IN1_DSUB1
RS-232 serial port connector	D-sub 9-pin male	3IN1_DSUB1
USB 2.0 ports	Dual USB ports	LAN1_USB01 LAN2_USB23
VGA port connector	15-pin female VGA	3IN1_DSUB1

**Table 3-2: Rear Panel Connectors**



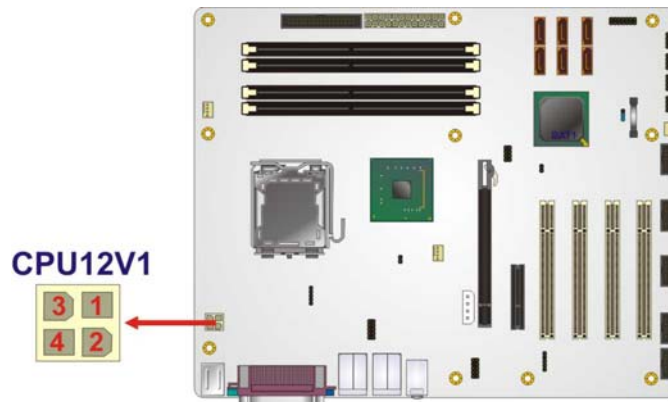
## 3.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

Internal peripheral connectors are found on the motherboard and are only accessible when the motherboard is outside of the chassis. This section has complete descriptions of all the internal, peripheral connectors on the IMBA-Q454-R10.

### 3.2.1 ATX CPU Power Connector

- CN Label:** CPU12V1
- CN Type:** 4-pin ATX power connector (1x4)
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-2**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-3**

The 4-pin ATX power connector is connected to an ATX power supply.



**Figure 3-2: ATX Power Connector Location**

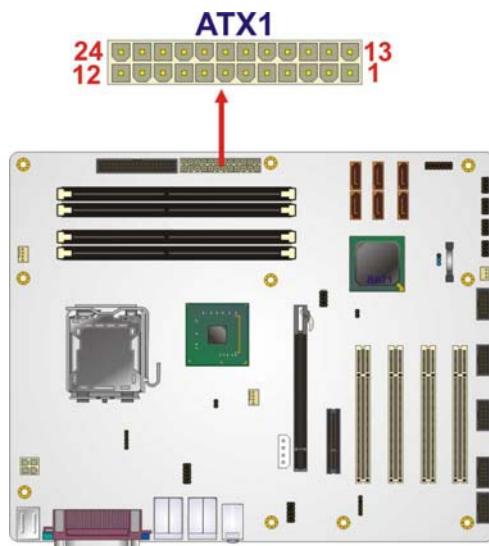
PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12 V
4	+12 V

**Table 3-3: ATX Power Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.2 ATX Power Connector

- CN Label:** ATX1
- CN Type:** 24-pin ATX (2x24)
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-3**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-4**

The ATX connector is connected to an external ATX power supply. Power is provided to the system, from the power supply through this connector.



**Figure 3-3: ATX Power Connector Pinout Locations**

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	+3.3 V	13	+3.3 V
2	+3.3 V	14	-12 V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5 V	16	PS-ON
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5 V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	NC	20	NC

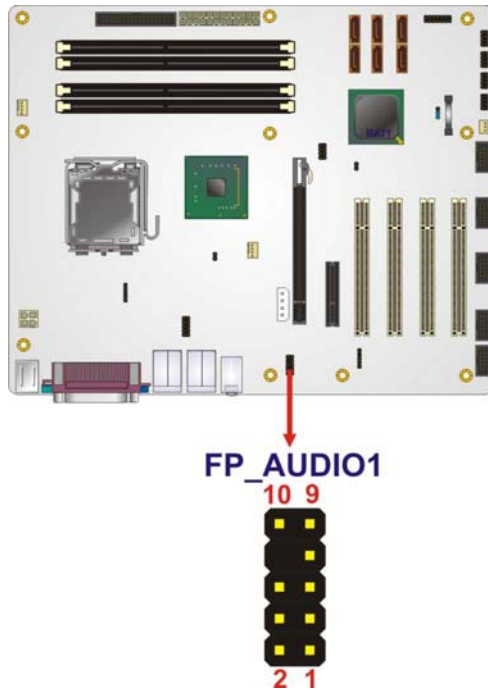
PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
9	+VCC5SB	21	+5 V
10	+12 V	22	+5 V
11	+12 V	23	+5 V
12	+3.3 V	24	GND

**Table 3-4: ATX Power Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.3 Audio Connector

- CN Label:** FP\_AUDIO1
- CN Type:** 10-pin header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-4**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-5**

The 10-pin audio connector is connected to external audio devices including speakers and microphones for the input and output of audio signals to and from the system.



**Figure 3-4: Audio Connector Pinouts**

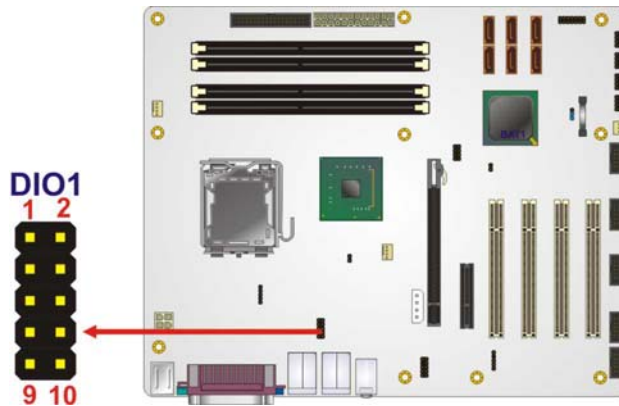
PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	Microphone left	2	GND
3	Microphone right	4	PRESENCE
5	Line out right	6	GND
7	SENSE_SEND	8	N/C
9	Line out left	10	GND

**Table 3-5: Audio Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.4 Digital I/O Connector

- CN Label:** DIO1
- CN Type:** 10-pin header (2x5)
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-5**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-6**

The digital input/output connector is managed through a Super I/O chip. The Digital I/O connector pins are user programmable.



**Figure 3-5: Digital I/O Connector Locations**

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	2	VCC
3	Output 3	4	Output 2

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
5	Output 1	6	Output 0
7	Input 3	8	Input 2
9	Input 1	10	Input 0

**Table 3-6: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.5 Fan Connectors, CPU and Northbridge

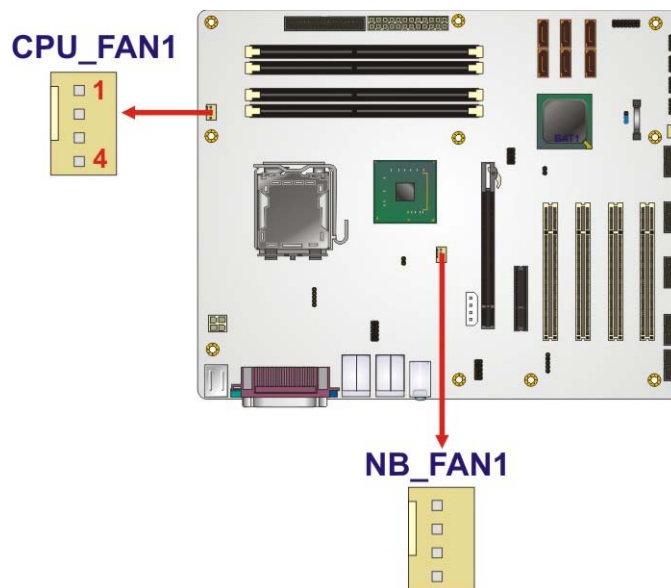
**CN Label:** CPU\_FAN1, NB\_FAN1

**CN Type:** 4-pin header

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-6**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-7**

The cooling fan connector provides a 12 V, 500mA current to a CPU cooling fan. The connector has a "rotation" pin to get rotation signals from fans and notify the system so the system BIOS can recognize the fan speed. Please note that only specified fans can issue the rotation signals.



**Figure 3-6: CPU and Northbridge Fan Connectors Location**

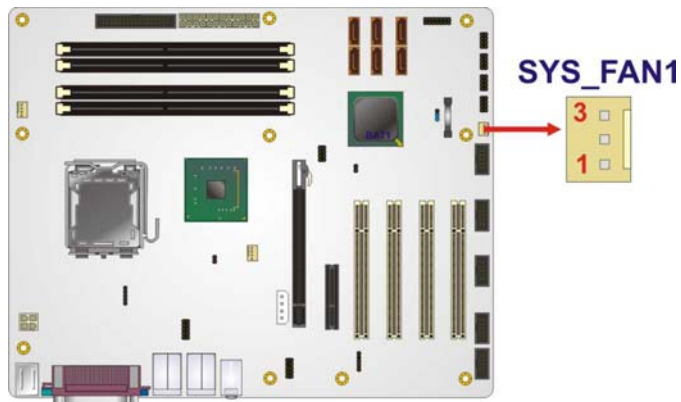
PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	+12 VCC
3	Rotation Signal
4	Control

**Table 3-7: CPU Fan Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.6 Fan Connector, System

- CN Label:**           **SYS\_FAN1**
- CN Type:**            3-pin header
- CN Location:**      See **Figure 3-7**
- CN Pinouts:**        See **Table 3-8**

The cooling fan connector provides a 12 V, 500mA current to a system cooling fan. The connector has a "rotation" pin to get rotation signals from fans and notify the system so the system BIOS can recognize the fan speed. Please note that only specified fans can issue the rotation signals.


**Figure 3-7: System Fan Connector Location**

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	+12 V

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
3	Fan Speed Detect

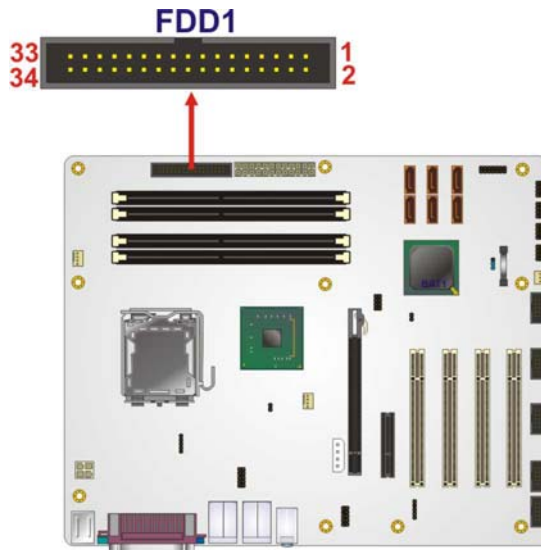
**Table 3-8: System Fan Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.7 Floppy Disk Connector

- CN Label:** FDD1
- CN Type:** 34-pin header (2x17)
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-8**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-9**

The floppy disk connector is connected to a floppy disk drive. The IMBA-Q454-R10 supports the following floppy disk drives:

- 360 KB
- 720 KB
- 1.2 MB
- 1.44 MB
- 2.88 MB



**Figure 3-8: 34-pin FDD Connector Location**

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	2	REDUCE WRITE
3	GND	4	N/C
5	N/C	6	N/C
7	GND	8	INDEX#
9	GND	10	MOTOR ENABLE A#
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT B#
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT A#
15	GND	16	MOTOR ENABLE B#
17	GND	18	DIRECTION#
19	GND	20	STEP#
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA#
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE#
25	GND	26	TRACK 0#
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT#
29	GND	30	READ DATA#
31	GND	32	SIDE 1 SELECT#
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE#

**Table 3-9: 34-pin FDD Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.8 Front Panel Connector

**CN Label:** F\_PANEL1

**CN Type:** 14-pin header (2x7)

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-9**

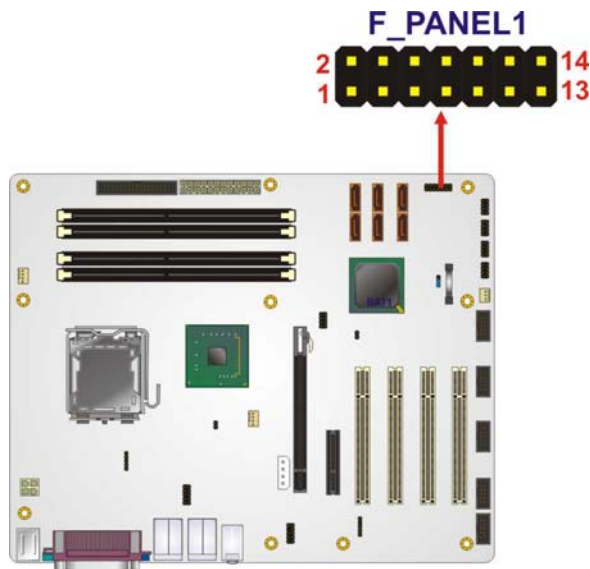
**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-10**

The front panel connector connects to external switches and indicators to monitor and control the motherboard. These indicators and switches include:

- Power button
- Reset button
- Power LED



- HDD LED
- Speaker



**Figure 3-9: Front Panel Connector Pinout Locations**

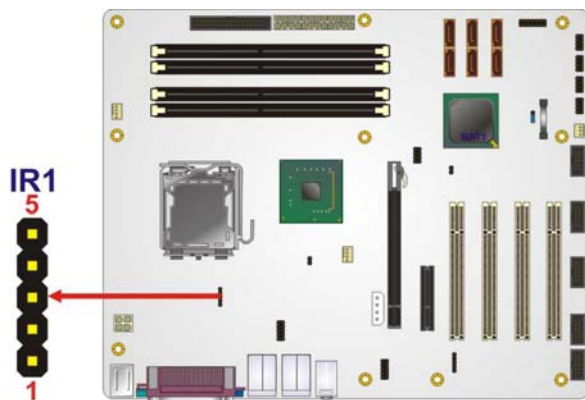
FUNCTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION	FUNCTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
Power LED	1	LED +5 V	Speaker	2	+5 V
	3	N/C		4	N/C
	5	Ground		6	N/C
Power Button	7	Power Button+	Reset	8	Speaker
	9	Power Button-		10	N/C
HDD LED	11	+5 V		12	RESET-
	13	HDLED-		14	GND

**Table 3-10: Front Panel Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.9 Infrared Interface Connector (5-pin)

- CN Label:** IR1
- CN Type:** 5-pin header (1x5)
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-10**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-11**

The infrared interface connector supports both Serial Infrared (SIR) and Amplitude Shift Key Infrared (ASKIR) interfaces.



**Figure 3-10: Infrared Connector Pinout Locations**

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC
2	NC
3	IR-RX
4	GND
5	IR-TX

**Table 3-11: Infrared Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.10 PCI Express x4 Slot

- CN Label:** PCIE4X\_1
- CN Type:** PCIe x4 slots
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-11**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-12**

PCIe x4 expansion devices can be inserted into the PCIe x4 slots.

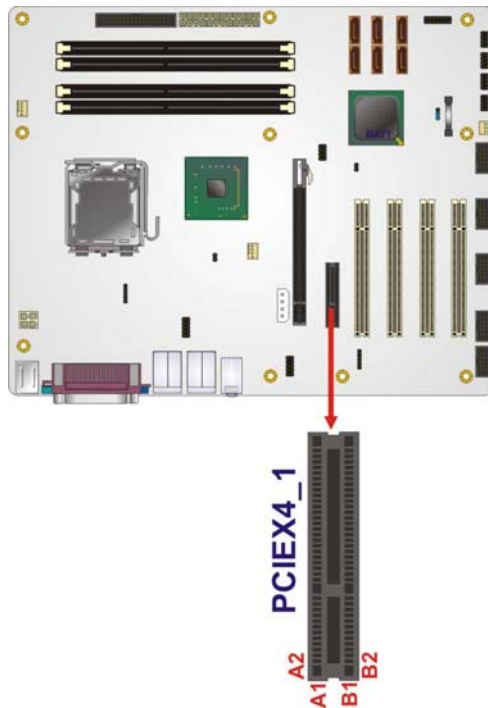


Figure 3-11: PCIe x4 Connector Locations

SIDE A				SIDE B			
PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME
A1	N/C	A2	+12 V	B1	+12 V	B2	+12 V
A3	+12 V	A4	GND	B3	+12 V	B4	GND
A5	N/C	A6	N/C	B5	SMCLK	B6	SMDAT
A7	N/C	A8	N/C	B7	GND	B8	+3.3 V
A9	+3.3 V	A10	+3.3 V	B9	N/C	B10	3.3 V
A11	RESET	A12	GND	B11	WAKE#	B12	N/C
A13	REFCLK+	A14	REFCLK-	B13	GND	B14	HSOp(0)
A15	GND	A16	HSIp(0)	B15	HSOn(0)	B16	GND
A17	HSIn(0)	A18	GND	B17	N/C	B18	GND
A19	N/C	A20	GND	B19	HSOp(1)	B20	HSOn(1)
A21	HSIp(1)	A22	HSIn(1)	B21	GND	B22	GND
A23	GND	A24	GND	B23	HSOp(2)	B24	HSOn(2)
A25	HSIp(2)	A26	HSIn(2)	B25	GND	B26	GND
A27	GND	A28	GND	B27	HSOp(3)	B28	HSOn(3)

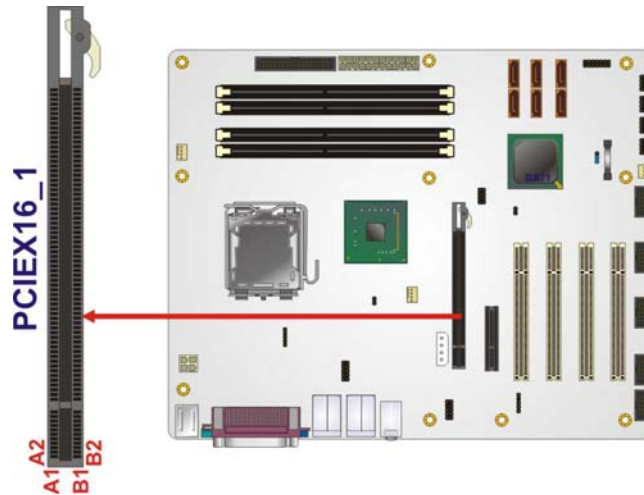
SIDE A				SIDE B			
A29	HSIp(3)	A30	HSIn(3)	B29	GND	B30	N/C
A31	GND	A32	N/C	B31	N/C	B32	GND

**Table 3-12: PCIe x4 Pinouts**

### 3.2.11 PCI Express x16 Slot

- CN Label:**            **PCIEX16\_1**
- CN Type:**             PCIe x16 slot
- CN Location:**       See **Figure 3-12**
- CN Pinouts:**         See **Table 3-13** (Side A) **Table 3-14** (Side B)

PCIe x16 expansion devices can be inserted into the PCIe x16 slot.


**Figure 3-12: PCIe x16 Connector Location**

PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME
A1	Name	A22	HSIn(1)	A43	HSIp(6)	A64	HSIp(11)
A2	PRSNT#1	A23	GND	A44	HSIn(6)	A65	HSIn(11)
A3	+12v	A24	GND	A45	GND	A66	GND
A4	+12v	A25	HSIp(2)	A46	GND	A67	GND
A5	GND	A26	HSIn(2)	A47	HSIp(7)	A68	HSIp(12)

PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME
A6	JTAG2	A27	GND	A48	HSIn(7)	A69	HSIn(12)
A7	JTAG3	A28	GND	A49	GND	A70	GND
A8	JTAG4	A29	HSIp(3)	A50	RSVD	A71	GND
A9	JTAG5	A30	HSIn(3)	A51	GND	A72	HSIp(13)
A10	+3.3v	A31	GND	A52	HSIp(8)	A73	HSIn(13)
A11	+3.3v	A32	RSVD	A53	HSIn(8)	A74	GND
A12	PWRGD	A33	RSVD	A54	GND	A75	GND
A13	GND	A34	GND	A55	GND	A76	HSIp(14)
A14	REFCLK+	A35	HSIp(4)	A56	HSIp(9)	A77	HSIn(14)
A15	REFCLK-	A36	HSIn(4)	A57	HSIn(9)	A78	GND
A16	GND	A37	GND	A58	GND	A79	GND
A17	HSIp(0)	A38	GND	A59	GND	A80	HSIp(15)
A18	HSIn(0)	A39	HSIp(5)	A60	HSIp(10)	A81	HSIn(15)
A19	GND	A40	HSIn(5)	A61	HSIn(10)	A82	GND
A20	RSVD	A41	GND	A62	GND		
A21	GND	A42	GND	A63	GND		

**Table 3-13: PCIe x16 Side A Pinouts**

PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME
B1	+12v	B22	GND	B43	GND	B64	GND
B2	+12v	B23	HSOp(2)	B44	GND	B65	GND
B3	RSVD	B24	HSOn(2)	B45	HSOp(7)	B66	HSOp(12)
B4	GND	B25	GND	B46	HSOn(7)	B67	HSOn(12)
B5	SMCLK	B26	GND	B47	GND	B68	GND
B6	SMDAT	B27	HSOp(3)	B48	PRSNT#2	B69	GND
B7	GND	B28	HSOn(3)	B49	GND	B70	HSOp(13)
B8	+3.3v	B29	GND	B50	HSOp(8)	B71	HSOn(13)
B9	JTAG1	B30	RSVD	B51	HSOn(8)	B72	GND
B10	3.3 Vaux	B31	PRSNT#2	B52	GND	B73	GND
B11	WAKE#	B32	GND	B53	GND	B74	HSOp(14)
B12	RSVD	B33	HSOp(4)	B54	HSOp(9)	B75	HSOn(14)

PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME
B13	GND	B34	HSOn(4)	B55	HSOn(9)	B76	GND
B14	HSOp(0)	B35	GND	B56	GND	B77	GND
B15	HSOn(0)	B36	GND	B57	GND	B78	HSOp(15)
B16	GND	B37	HSOp(5)	B58	HSOp(10)	B79	HSOn(15)
B17	PRSNT#2	B38	HSOn(5)	B59	HSOn(10)	B80	GND
B18	GND	B39	GND	B60	GND	B81	PRSNT#2
B19	HSOp(1)	B40	GND	B61	GND	B82	RSVD#2
B20	HSOn(1)	B41	HSOp(6)	B62	HSOp(11)		
B21	GND	B42	HSOn(6)	B63	HSOn(11)		

**Table 3-14: PCIe x16 Side B Pinouts**

### 3.2.12 PCI Slot

**CN Label:** PCI1, PCI2, PCI3 and PCI4

**CN Type:** PCI Slot

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-13**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-15**

The PCI slot enables a PCI expansion module to be connected to the board.

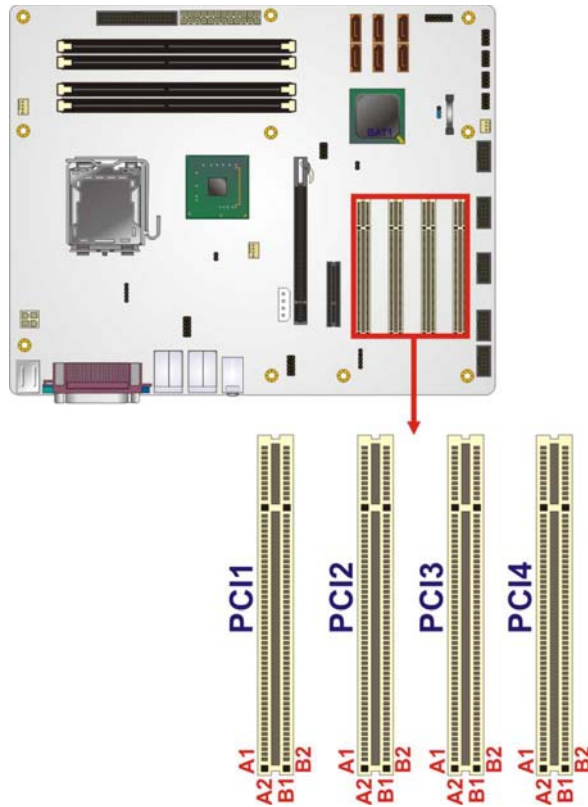


Figure 3-13: PCI Slot Location

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
A1	TRST	B1	-12 V
A2	+12 V	B2	TCK
A3	TMS	B3	GND
A4	TDI	B4	TDO
A5	+5 V	B5	+5 V
A6	INTA	B6	+5 V
A7	INTC	B7	INTB
A8	+5 V	B8	INTD
A9	RESERVED3	B9	PRSENT1
A10	+5 V	B10	RESERVED1
A11	RESERVED4	B11	PRSENT2
A12	GND	B12	GND
A13	GND	B13	GND

<b>PIN NO.</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>PIN NO.</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
A14	3.3 V_AUX	B14	RESERVED2
A15	RST	B15	GND
A16	+5 V	B16	CLK
A17	GNT	B17	GND
A18	GND	B18	REQ
A19	PME	B19	+5 V
A20	AD30	B20	AD31
A21	+3.3 V	B21	AD29
A22	AD28	B22	GND
A23	AD26	B23	AD27
A24	GND	B24	AD25
A25	AD24	B25	+3.3 V
A26	IDSEL	B26	C/BE3
A27	+3.3 V	B27	AD23
A28	AD22	B28	GND
A29	AD20	B29	AD21
A30	GND	B30	AD19
A31	AD18	B31	+3.3 V
A32	AD16	B32	AD17
A33	+3.3 V	B33	C/BE2
A34	FRAME	B34	GND
A35	GND	B35	IRDY
A36	TRDY	B36	+3.3 V
A37	GND	B37	DEVSEL
A38	STOP	B38	GND
A39	+3.3 V	B39	LOCK
A40	SDONE	B40	PERR
A41	SBO	B41	+3.3 V
A42	GND	B42	SERR
A43	PAR	B43	+3.3 V
A44	AD15	B44	C/BE1



<b>PIN NO.</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>PIN NO.</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
A45	+3.3 V	B45	AD14
A46	AD13	B46	GND
A47	AD11	B47	AD12
A48	GND	B48	AD10
A49	AD9	B49	GND
A52	C/BE0	B52	AD8
A53	+3.3 V	B53	AD7
A54	AD6	B54	+3.3 V
A55	AD4	B55	AD5
A56	GND	B56	AD3
A57	AD2	B57	GND
A68	AD0	B68	AD1
A59	+5 V	B59	+5 V
A60	REQ64	B60	ACK64
A61	+5 V	B61	+5 V
A62	+5 V	B62	+5 V

**Table 3-15: PCI Slot**

### 3.2.13 SATA Drive Connectors

**CN Label:** SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4, SATA5 and SATA6

**CN Type:** SATA drive connectors

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-14**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-16**

The six SATA drive connectors are each connected to a first generation SATA drive. First generation SATA drives transfer data at speeds as high as 300 MB/s. The SATA drives can be configured in a RAID configuration.

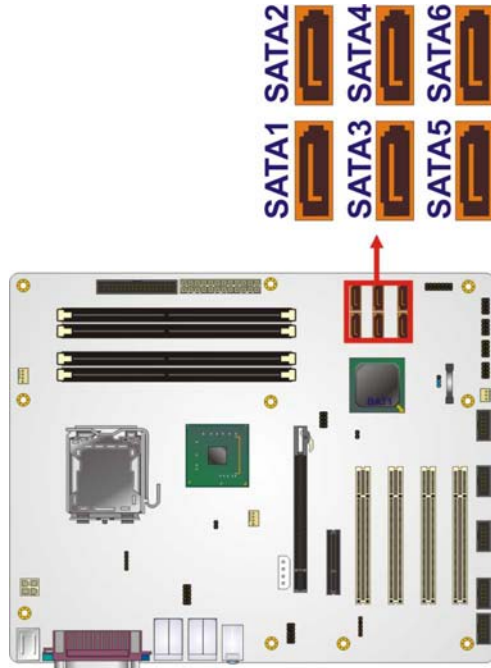


Figure 3-14: SATA Drive Connector Locations

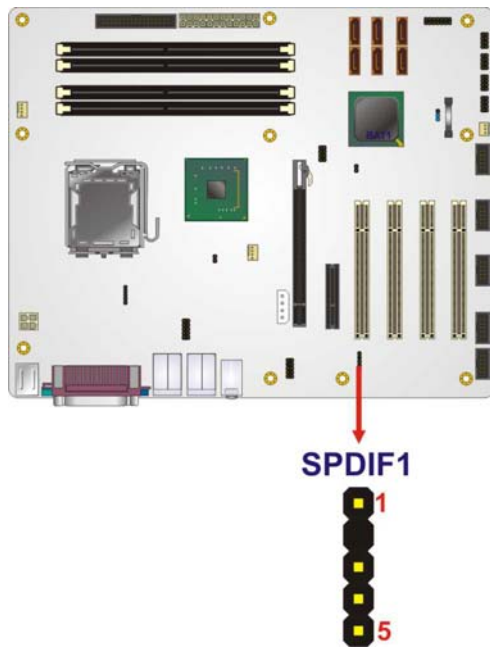
PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	TX+
3	TX-
4	GND
5	RX-
6	RX+
7	GND

Table 3-16: SATA Drive Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.14 S/PDIF Connector

- CN Label:** SPDIF1
- CN Type:** 5-pin header
- CN Location:** See Figure 3-15
- CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-17

Use the SPDIF connector to connect digital audio devices to the system.



**Figure 3-15: SPDIF Connector Pinout Locations**

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	5 V audio
2	NC
3	SPDIF out
4	GND audio
5	SPDIF in

**Table 3-17: SPDIF Connector Pinouts**

### 3.2.15 Serial Port Connectors

**CN Label:** COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5, COM6

**CN Type:** 9-pin box headers (2x5)

**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-16**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-18**

The 10-pin serial port connectors provide a RS-232 serial communications channels. The serial port connectors can be connected to external RS-232 serial port devices.

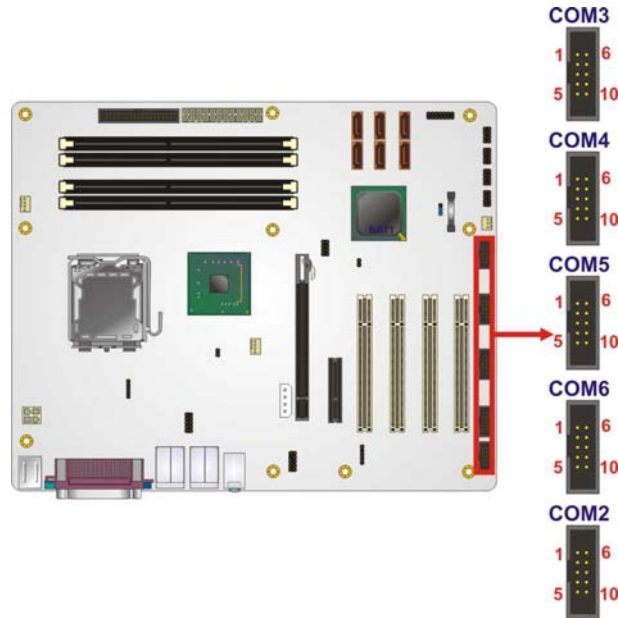


Figure 3-16: Serial Port Connectors Pinout Locations

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	Data Carrier Detect (DCD)	2	Receive Data (RXD)
3	Transmit Data (TXD)	4	Data Terminal Ready (DTR)
5	Ground (GND)	6	Data Set to Ready (DSR)
7	Request to Send (RTS)	8	Clear to Sent (CTS)
9	Ring Indicator (RI)	10	N/C

Table 3-18: Serial Port Connector Pinouts

### 3.2.16 SPI Flash Connector

- CN Label:** JSPI1
- CN Type:** 8-pin header (2x4)
- CN Location:** See Figure 3-17
- CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-19

The SPI connector is for flashing the SPI BIOS.

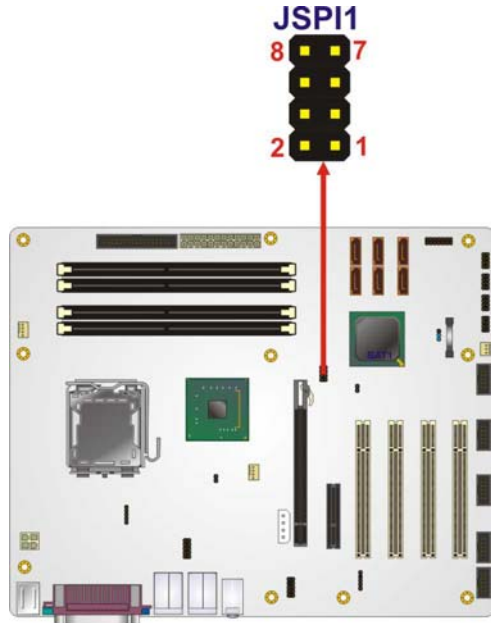


Figure 3-17: SPI Flash Connector Pinouts

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC	2	GND
3	CS#	4	CLOCK
5	SO	6	SI
7	NC	8	NC

Table 3-19: SPI Flash Connector

### 3.2.17 USB Connectors

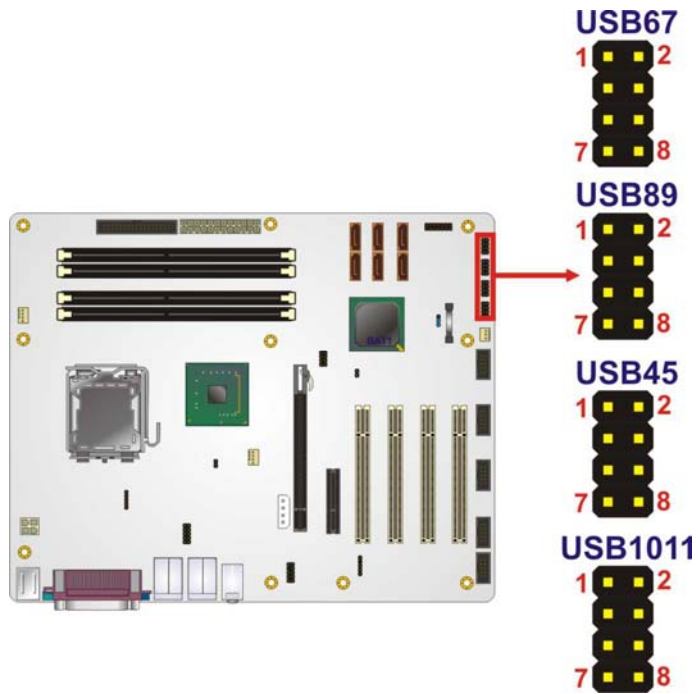
**CN Label:** USB45, USB67, USB89 and USB1011

**CN Type:** 8-pin header (2x4)

**CN Location:** See Figure 3-18

**CN Pinouts:** See Table 3-20

The 2x5 USB pin connectors each provide connectivity to two USB 1.1 or two USB 2.0 ports. Each USB connector can support two USB devices. Additional external USB ports are found on the rear panel. The USB ports are used for I/O bus expansion.



**Figure 3-18: USB Connector Pinout Locations**

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC	2	GND
3	DATA-	4	DATA+
5	DATA+	6	DATA-
7	GND	8	VCC

**Table 3-20: USB Port Connector Pinouts**

### 3.3 External Interface Connectors

Figure 3-19 shows the IMBA-Q454-R10 motherboard external interface connectors. The IMBA-Q454-R10 on-board external interface connectors are shown in **Figure 3-19**:

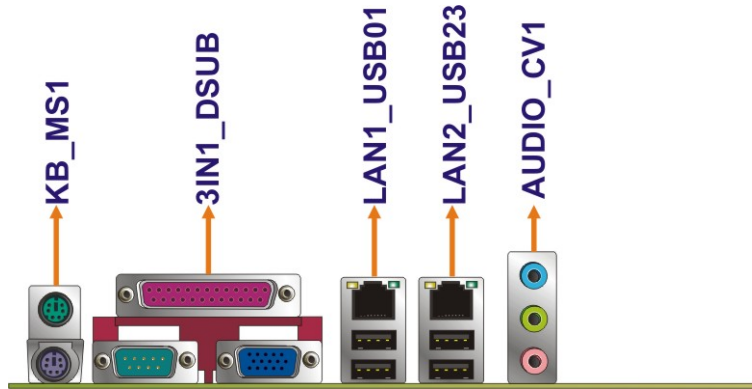


Figure 3-19: IMBA-Q454-R10 External Interface Connectors

### 3.3.1 Audio Connector

**CN Label:** AUDIO1  
**CN Type:** 3 x audio jacks  
**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**

The three audio jacks on the external audio connector enable the IMBA-Q454-R10 to be connected to external audio devices as specified below.

- **Line In port (Light Blue):** Connects a CD-ROM, DVD player, or other audio devices.
- **Line Out port (Lime):** Connects to headphones or speakers.
- **Microphone (Pink):** Connects a microphone.

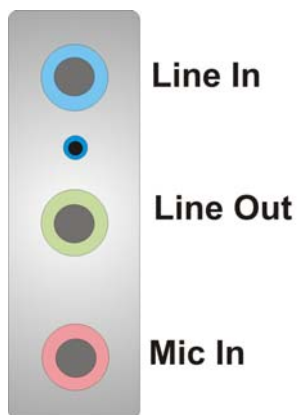


Figure 3-20: Audio Connector

### 3.3.2 Ethernet Connector

**CN Label:** LAN1\_USB01, LAN2\_USB23

**CN Type:** RJ-45

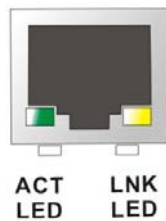
**CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**

**CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-21**

A 10/100/1000 Mb/s connection can be made to a Local Area Network.

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	TX+	5	N/C
2	N/C	6	RX-
3	TX-	7	N/C
4	RX+	8	N/C

**Table 3-21: Ethernet Connector Pinouts**



**Figure 3-21: Ethernet Connector**

The RJ-45 Ethernet connector has two status LEDs, one green and one yellow. The green LED indicates activity on the port and the yellow LED indicates the port is linked.

SPEED LED		LINK LED	
Status	Description	Status	Description
GREEN	ON: 100 MB OFF: 10 MB	YELLOW	ON: Linked Flashing: Activity

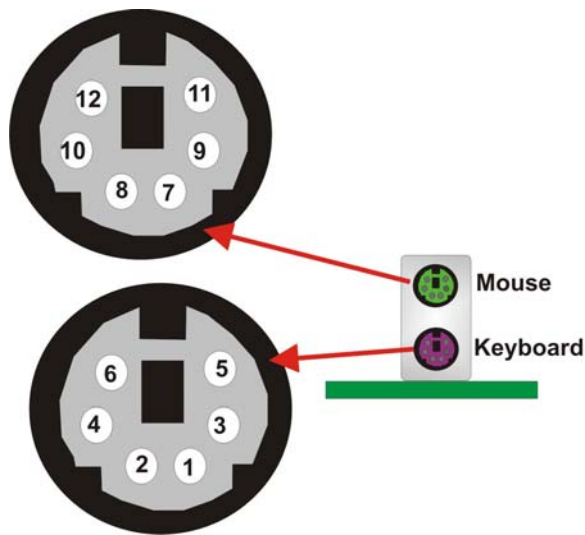
**Table 3-22: Connector LEDs**



### 3.3.3 Keyboard and Mouse Connector

- CN Label:** KB\_MS1
- CN Type:** PS/2
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-23** and **Figure 3-22**

The IMBA-Q454-R10 has two PS/2 connectors on the mounting bracket for easy connection to a PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse.



**Figure 3-22: PS/2 Connector**

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	KEYBOARD DATA	7	MOUSE DATA
2	NC	8	NC
3	GND	9	GND
4	+5 V	10	+5 V
5	KEYBOARD CLOCK	11	MOUSE DATA
6	NC	12	NC

**Table 3-23: PS/2 Connectors**

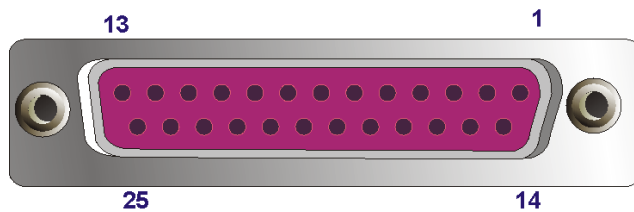
### 3.3.4 Parallel Port Connector

- CN Label:** LPT
- CN Type:** 26-pin box header
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-24**

The 26-pin parallel port connector connects to a parallel port connector interface or some other parallel port device such as a printer.

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	STROBE#	14	AUTO FORM FEED #
2	DATA 0	15	ERROR#
3	DATA 1	16	INITIALIZE
4	DATA 2	17	PRINTER SELECT LN#
5	DATA 3	18	GROUND
6	DATA 4	19	GROUND
7	DATA 5	20	GROUND
8	DATA 6	21	GROUND
9	DATA 7	22	GROUND
10	ACKNOWLEDGE	23	GROUND
11	BUSY	24	GROUND
12	PAPER EMPTY	25	GROUND
13	PRINTER SELECT		

**Table 3-24: Parallel Port Connector Pinouts**



**Figure 3-23: Parallel Port Connector Location**

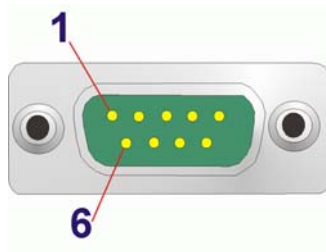
## 3.3.5 Serial Port Connector

- CN Label:** COM1
- CN Type:** DB-9 connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-25** and **Figure 3-24**

The RS-232 serial connector provides serial connection in the RS-232 mode.

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	DCD#	6	DSR#
2	RxD	7	RTS#
3	TxD	8	CTS#
4	DTR#	9	RI#
5	GND		

**Table 3-25: Serial Port Pinouts**



**Figure 3-24: Serial Port Pinout Locations**

## 3.3.6 USB Ports

- CN Label:** LAN1\_USB01 and LAN2\_USB23
- CN Type:** USB Combo ports
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Table 3-26**

The USB combo port and LAN/USB combo port provides connectivity to five additional USB devices. USB devices connect directly to the USB connectors on the rear panel.

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	+5 V	5	+5 V
2	D-	6	D-
3	D+	7	D+
4	GND	8	GND

**Table 3-26: USB Connector Pinouts**

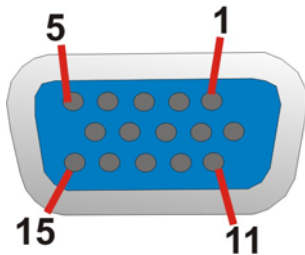
### 3.3.7 VGA Connector

- CN Label:** VGA
- CN Type:** D-sub 15-pin female connector
- CN Location:** See **Figure 3-19**
- CN Pinouts:** See **Figure 3-25** and **Table 3-27**

The standard 15-pin female VGA connector connects to a CRT or LCD monitor.

PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	RED	6	GROUND	11	NC
2	GREEN	7	GROUND	12	SDA
3	BLUE	8	GROUND	13	HSYNC
4	+5V	9	NC	14	VSYNC
5	GROUND	10	GROUND	15	SCL

**Table 3-27: VGA Connector Pinouts**



**Figure 3-25: VGA Connector**

Chapter

4

# Installation

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## 4.1 Anti-static Precautions

---



### WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the IMBA-Q454-R10 may result in permanent damage to IMBA-Q454-R10 and severe injury to the user.

---

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the IMBA-Q454-R10. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical to strictly adhere to the following anti-static precautions whenever the IMBA-Q454-R10, or any other electrical component, is handled.

- ***Wear an anti-static wristband:*** - Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- ***Self-grounding:***- Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- ***Use an anti-static pad:*** When configuring the IMBA-Q454-R10, place it on an anti-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the IMBA-Q454-R10.
- ***Only handle the edges of the PCB:-:*** When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

## 4.2 Installation Considerations

---



### NOTE:

The following installation notices and installation considerations should be read and understood before the IMBA-Q454-R10 is installed. All installation notices pertaining to the installation of IMBA-Q454-R10 should be strictly adhered to. Failing to adhere to these precautions may lead to severe damage of the IMBA-Q454-R10 and injury to the person installing the motherboard.

---

### 4.2.1 Installation Notices

---



### WARNING:

The installation instructions described in this manual should be carefully followed in order to prevent damage to the IMBA-Q454-R10, IMBA-Q454-R10 components and injury to the user.

---

Before and during the installation please **DO** the following:

- **Read the user manual:**
  - The user manual provides a complete description of the IMBA-Q454-R10 installation instructions and configuration options.
- **Wear an electrostatic discharge cuff (ESD):**
  - Electronic components are easily damaged by ESD. Wearing an ESD cuff removes ESD from the body and helps prevent ESD damage.
- **Place the IMBA-Q454-R10 on an antistatic pad:**
  - When installing or configuring the motherboard, place it on an antistatic pad. This helps to prevent potential ESD damage.
- **Turn all power to the IMBA-Q454-R10 off:**

- When working with the IMBA-Q454-R10, make sure that it is disconnected from all power supplies and that no electricity is being fed into the system.

Before and during the installation of the IMBA-Q454-R10 **DO NOT:**

- Remove any of the stickers on the PCB board. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Use the product before verifying all the cables and power connectors are properly connected.
- Allow screws to come in contact with the PCB circuit, connector pins, or its components.

### 4.3 CPU, CPU Cooling Kit and DIMM Installation

---



#### **WARNING:**

A CPU should never be turned on without the specified cooling kit being installed. If the cooling kit (heat sink and fan) is not properly installed and the system turned on, permanent damage to the CPU, IMBA-Q454-R10 and other electronic components attached to the system may be incurred. Running a CPU without a cooling kit may also result in injury to the user.

---

The CPU, CPU cooling kit and DIMM are the most critical components of the IMBA-Q454-R10. If one of these component is not installed the IMBA-Q454-R10 cannot run.

#### 4.3.1 Socket LGA775 CPU Installation

---



#### **NOTE:**

To enable Hyper-Threading Technology, the CPU, chipset and operating system must all support Hyper-Threading Technology.

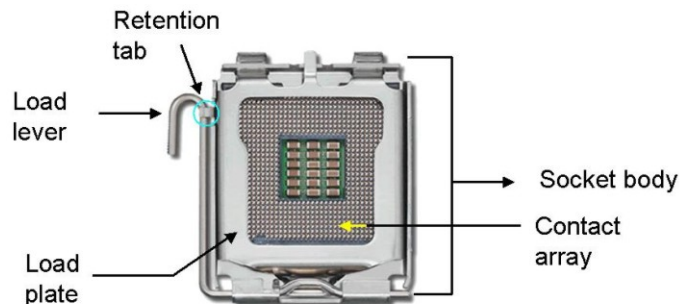
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**WARNING:**

CPUs are expensive and sensitive components. When installing the CPU please be careful not to damage it in anyway. Make sure the CPU is installed properly and ensure the correct cooling kit is properly installed.

The LGA775 socket is shown in **Figure 4-1**.



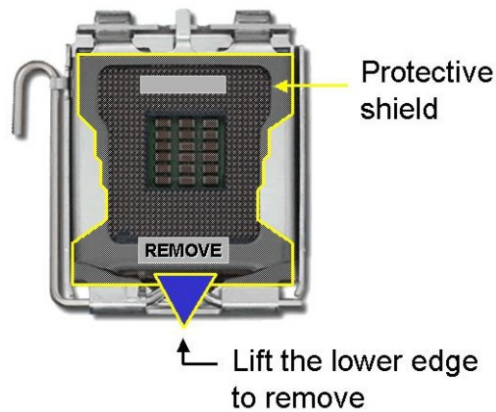
**Figure 4-1: Intel LGA775 Socket**

To install a socket LGA775 CPU onto the IMBA-Q454-R10, follow the steps below:

**WARNING:**

When handling the CPU, only hold it on the sides. DO NOT touch the pins at the bottom of the CPU.

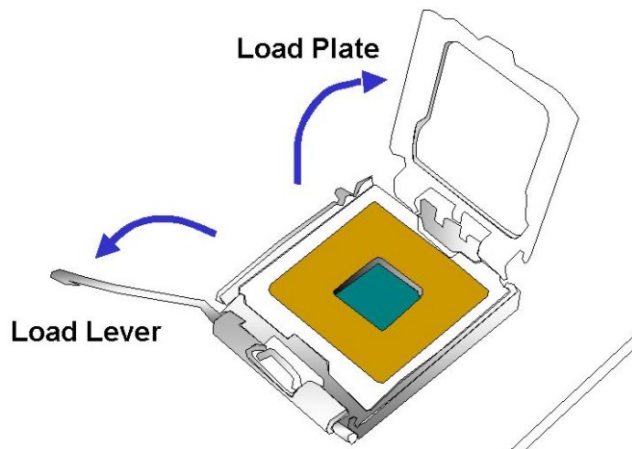
**Step 1: Remove the protective cover.** Remove the black protective cover by prying it off the load plate. To remove the protective cover, locate the “REMOVE” sign and use your fingernail to pry the protective cover off. See **Figure 4-2**.



**Figure 4-2: Remove the CPU Socket Protective Shield**

**Step 2: Open the socket.** Disengage the load lever by pressing the lever down and slightly outward to clear the retention tab. Rotate the load lever to a fully open position. Then rotate the load plate towards the opposite direction.

See **Figure 4-3**.

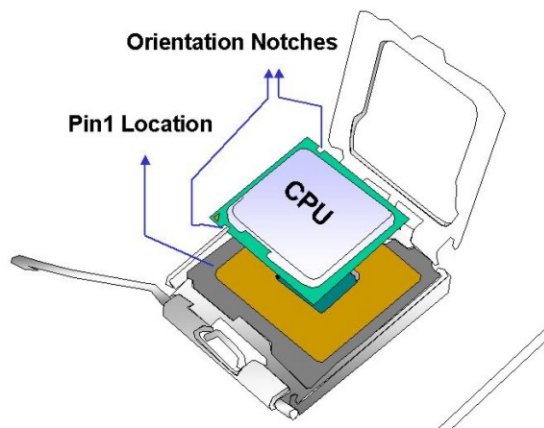


**Figure 4-3: Open the CPU Socket Load Plate**

**Step 3: Inspect the CPU socket** Make sure there are no bent pins and make sure the socket contacts are free of foreign material. If any debris is found, remove it with compressed air.

**Step 4: Orientate the CPU properly.** Make sure the IHS (Integrated Heat Sink) side is facing upward.

- Step 5:** Correctly position the CPU. Match the Pin 1 mark with the cut edge on the CPU socket.
- Step 6:** Align the CPU pins. Locate pin 1 and the two orientation notches on the CPU. Carefully match the two orientation notches on the CPU with the socket alignment keys.
- Step 7:** Insert the CPU. Gently insert the CPU into the socket. If the CPU pins are properly aligned, the CPU should slide into the CPU socket smoothly.
- See Figure 4-4.



**Figure 4-4: Insert the Socket LGA775 CPU**

- Step 8:** Close the CPU socket. Close the load plate and engage the load lever by pushing it back to its original position. Secure the load lever under the retention tab on the side of CPU socket.
- Step 9:** Connect the CPU 12 V cable to the 12 After the cooling kit is installed connect the CPU cable to the CPU 12 V power connector.

### 4.3.2 Socket LGA775 CF-520 Cooling Kit Installation

---

**WARNING:**

It is strongly recommended that you **DO NOT** use the original heat sink and cooler provided by Intel on the IMBA-Q454-R10.

The cooling kit includes a support bracket that is combined with the heat sink mounted on the CPU to counterweigh and balance the load on both sides of the PCB.

---



**Figure 4-5: Cooling Kit**

A Socket LGA775 CPU cooling kit shown in **Figure 4-5** can be purchased separately. The cooling kit comprises a CPU heat sink and a cooling fan.

---

**WARNING:**

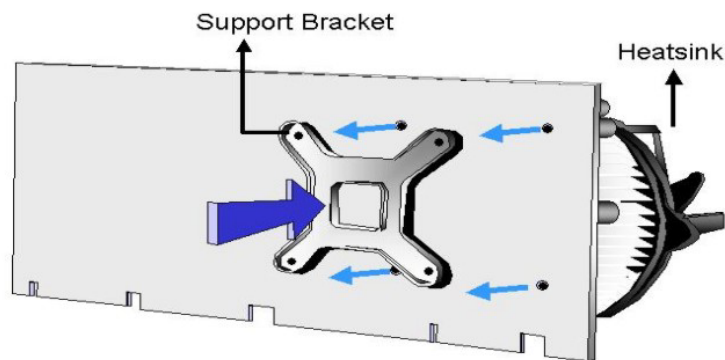
Do not wipe off (accidentally or otherwise) the pre-sprayed layer of thermal paste on the bottom of the heat sink. The thermal paste between the CPU and the heat sink is important for optimum heat dissipation.

---

To install the cooling kit, follow the instructions below.

- Step 1:** Place the cooling kit onto the socket LGA775 CPU. Make sure the CPU cable can be properly routed when the cooling kit is installed.

- Step 2:** Properly align the cooling kit. Make sure the four spring screw fasteners can pass through the pre-drilled holes on the PCB.
- Step 3:** Mount the cooling kit. Gently place the cooling kit on top of the CPU. Make sure the four threaded screws on the corners of the cooling kit properly pass through the predrilled holes on the bottom of the PCB.
- Step 4:** Secure the cooling kit. From the solder side of the PCB, align the support bracket to the screw threads on heat sink that were inserted through the PCB holes. (See Figure 4-6)



**Figure 4-6: Securing the Heat sink to the PCB Board**

- Step 5:** Tighten the screws. Use a screwdriver to tighten the four screws. Tighten each nut a few turns at a time and do not over-tighten the screws.
- Step 6:** Connect the fan cable. Connect the cooling kit fan cable to the fan connector on the IMBA-Q454-R10. Carefully route the cable and avoid heat generating chips and fan blades.

### 4.3.3 DIMM Installation

---

**WARNING:**

Using incorrectly specified memory modules may cause permanent damage the IMBA-Q454-R10. Please make sure the memory modules comply with the recommended memory specifications.

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**WARNING:**

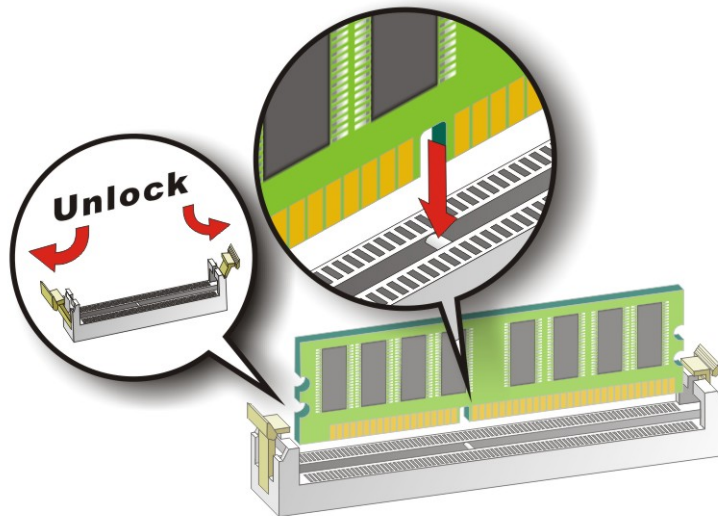
1) Before removing the DDR2 DRAM module, make sure the AC power supply is completely turned off. Incorrect usage may cause permanent damage to the IMBA-Q454 or the DRAM module because the IMBA-Q454 supports the iAMT feature which provides power to the DRAM module when the IMBA-Q454 is off.

2) Do not disconnect the ATX connector when the IMBA-Q454 power is on. Please make sure to switch off the ATX power supply prior to disconnecting the ATX connector. Incorrect usage may cause permanent damage to the IMBA-Q454.

3) If the IMBA-Q454 fails to boot due to improper usage, please clear the CMOS by disconnecting the battery from the connector.

---

To install a DIMM, please follow the steps below and refer to **Figure 4-7**.



**Figure 4-7: Installing a DIMM**

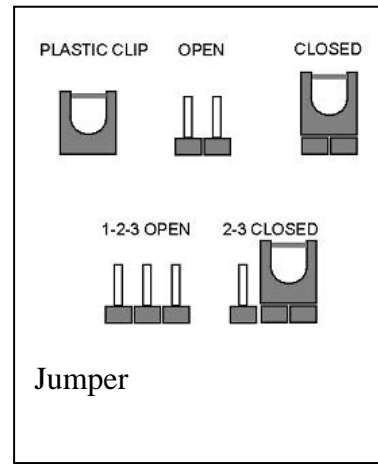
- Step 1: Open the DIMM socket handles.** The DIMM socket has two handles that secure the DIMM into the socket. Before the DIMM can be inserted into the socket, the handles must be opened. See **Figure 4-7**.
- Step 2: Align the DIMM with the socket.** The DIMM must be oriented in such a way that the notch in the middle of the DIMM must be aligned with the plastic bridge in the socket. See **Figure 4-7**.
- Step 3: Insert the DIMM.** Once properly aligned, the DIMM can be inserted into the socket. As the DIMM is inserted, the white handles on the side of the socket will close automatically and secure the DIMM to the socket. See **Figure 4-7**.
- Step 4: Removing a DIMM.** To remove a DIMM, push both handles outward. The memory module is ejected by a mechanism in the socket.

## 4.4 Jumper Settings



### NOTE:

A jumper is a metal bridge that is used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.



Before the IMBA-Q454-R10 is installed in the system, the jumpers must be set in accordance with the desired configuration. The jumpers on the IMBA-Q454-R10 are listed in **Table 4-1**.

Description	Label	Type
Clear CMOS	J_CMOS1	3-pin header
iTPM setup jumpers	JTPM1 JTPM2	2-pin header

**Table 4-1: Jumpers**

### 4.4.1 Clear CMOS Jumper

<b>Jumper Label:</b>	<b>J_CMOS1</b>
<b>Jumper Type:</b>	3-pin header
<b>Jumper Settings:</b>	See <b>Table 4-2</b>
<b>Jumper Location:</b>	See <b>Figure 4-8</b>

If the IMBA-Q454-R10 fails to boot due to improper BIOS settings, the clear CMOS jumper clears the CMOS data and resets the system BIOS information. To do this, use the jumper



cap to close pins 2 and 3 for a few seconds then reinstall the jumper clip back to pins 1 and 2.

If the “CMOS Settings Wrong” message is displayed during the boot up process, the fault may be corrected by pressing the F1 to enter the CMOS Setup menu. Do one of the following:

- Enter the correct CMOS setting
- Load Optimal Defaults
- Load Failsafe Defaults.

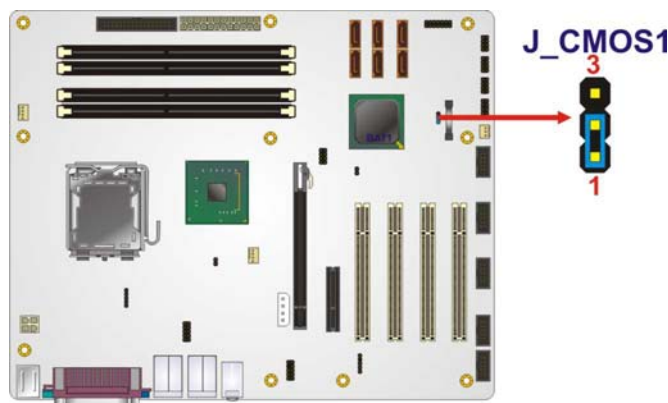
After having done one of the above, save the changes and exit the CMOS Setup menu.

The clear CMOS jumper settings are shown in **Table 4-2**.

AT Power Select	Description	
Short 1 - 2	Keep CMOS Setup	Default
Short 2 - 3	Clear CMOS Setup	

**Table 4-2: Clear CMOS Jumper Settings**

The location of the clear CMOS jumper is shown in **Figure 4-8** below.



**Figure 4-8: Clear CMOS Jumper**

### 4.4.2 iTPM Setup Jumper

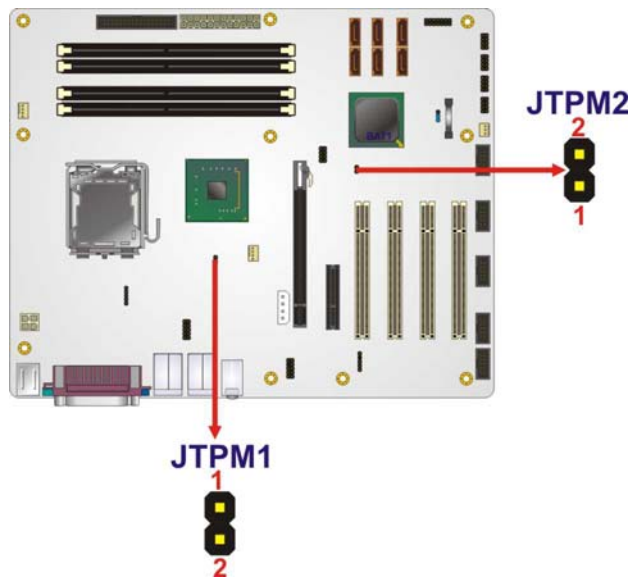
<b>Jumper Label:</b>	<b>JTPM1 and JTPM2</b>
<b>Jumper Type:</b>	2-pin headers
<b>Jumper Settings:</b>	See <b>Table 4-2</b>
<b>Jumper Location:</b>	See <b>Figure 4-8</b>

The iTPM setup jumper settings are shown in **Table 4-2**. Close pins 1 and 2 on both JTPM1 and JTPM2 to enable iTPM. All other settings disable iTPM.

AT Power Select	Description	
Open 1 - 2	Disable iTPM	Default
Short 1 - 2	Enable iTPM	

**Table 4-3: iTPM Setup Jumper Settings**

The location of the clear CMOS jumper is shown in **Figure 4-8** below.



**Figure 4-9: iTPM Setup Jumper Locations**

## 4.5 Chassis Installation

To install the IMBA-Q454-R10 motherboard into the chassis please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis.

### 4.5.1 Airflow



#### **WARNING:**

Airflow is critical to the cooling of the CPU and other onboard components. The chassis in which the IMBA-Q454-R10 must have air vents to allow cool air to move into the system and hot air to move out.

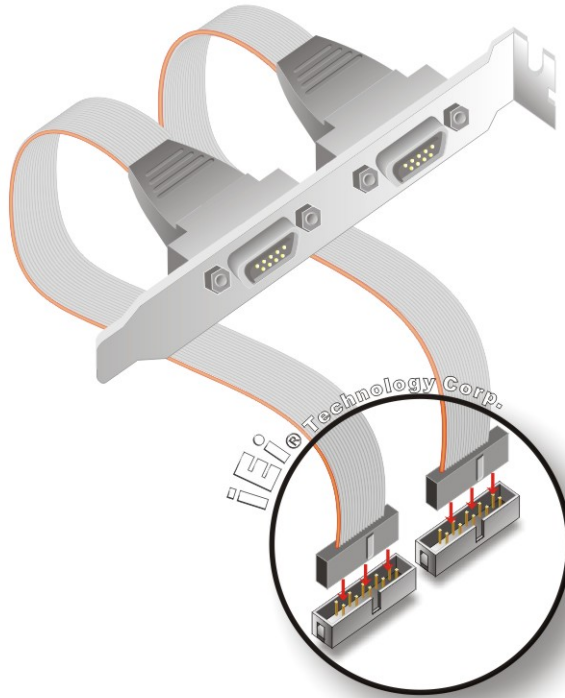
The IMBA-Q454-R10 must be installed in a chassis with ventilation holes on the sides allowing airflow to travel through the heat sink surface. In a system with an individual power supply unit, the cooling fan of a power supply can also help generate airflow through the board surface.

### 4.5.2 Dual RS-232 Cable with Slot Bracket

The dual RS-232 cable slot connector consists of two connectors attached to two independent cables. Each cable is then attached to a D-sub 9 male connector that is mounted onto a slot. To install the dual RS-232 cable, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Locate the connectors.** The locations of the RS-232 connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2: Insert the cable connectors.** Insert one connector into each serial port box headers. See **Figure 4-10**. A key on the front of the cable connectors ensures the connector can only be installed in one direction.



**Figure 4-10: Dual RS-232 Cable Installation**

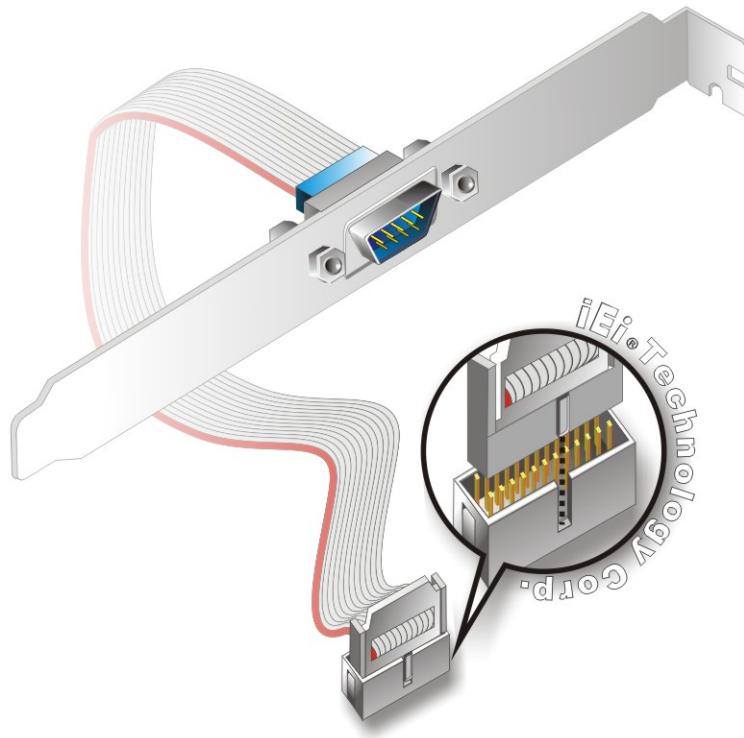
**Step 3: Secure the bracket.** The dual RS-232 connector has two D-sub 9 male connectors secured on a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis

#### 4.5.3 Single RS-232 Cable with Slot Bracket

The single RS-232 cable consists of one serial port connectors attached to a serial communications cable that is then attached to a D-sub 9 male connector that is mounted onto a bracket. To install the single RS-232 cable, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Locate the connector.** The location of the RS-232 connector is shown in Chapter 3.

**Step 2: Insert the cable connector.** Insert the connector into the serial port box header. See **Figure 4-11**. A key on the front of the cable connectors ensures the connector can only be installed in one direction.



**Figure 4-11: Single RS-232 Cable Installation**

**Step 3: Secure the bracket.** The single RS-232 connector has one D-sub 9 male connector secured to a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis

#### 4.5.4 SATA Drive Connection

The IMBA-Q454-R10 is shipped with two SATA drive cables and one SATA drive power cable. To connect the SATA drives to the connectors, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Locate the connectors.** The locations of the SATA drive connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2: Insert the cable connector.** Press the clip on the connector at the end of the SATA cable and insert the cable connector into the on-board SATA drive connector. See **Figure 4-12**.

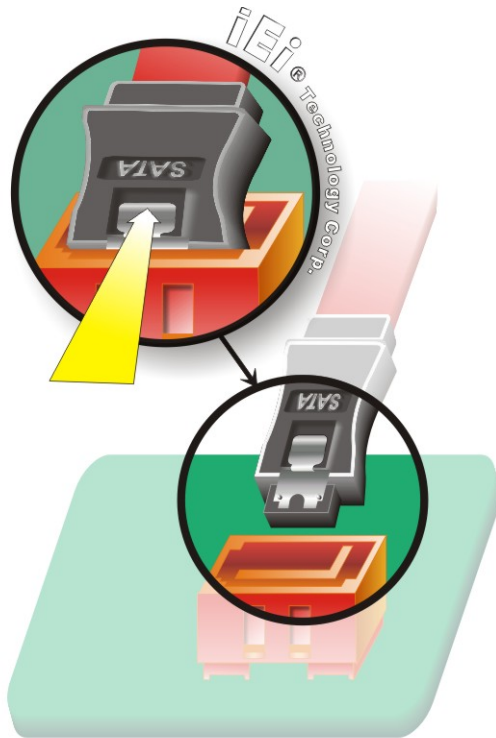


Figure 4-12: SATA Drive Cable Connection

**Step 3:** Connect the cable to the SATA disk. Connect the connector on the other end of the cable to the connector at the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-13**.



**NOTE:**

The SATA power cable is an optional item that must be purchased separately

**Step 4:** Connect the SATA power cable. Connect the SATA power connector to the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-13**.

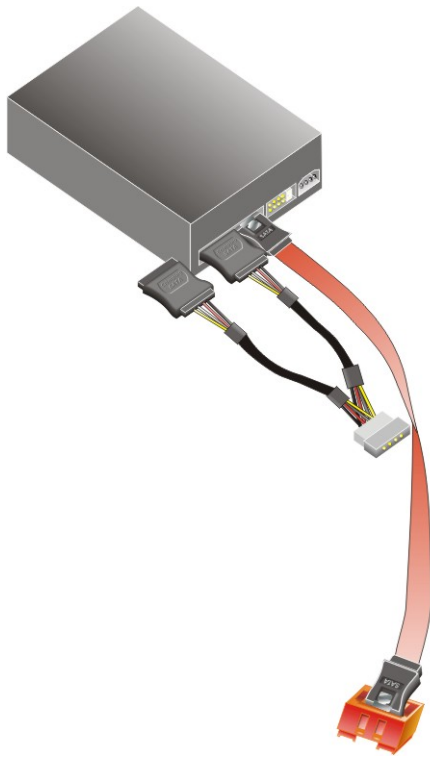


Figure 4-13: SATA Power Drive Connection

#### 4.5.5 USB Cable (Dual Port) with Slot Bracket

The IMBA-Q454-R10 is shipped with a dual port USB 2.0 cable. To connect the USB cable connector, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** **Locate the connectors.** The locations of the USB connectors are shown in Chapter 3.



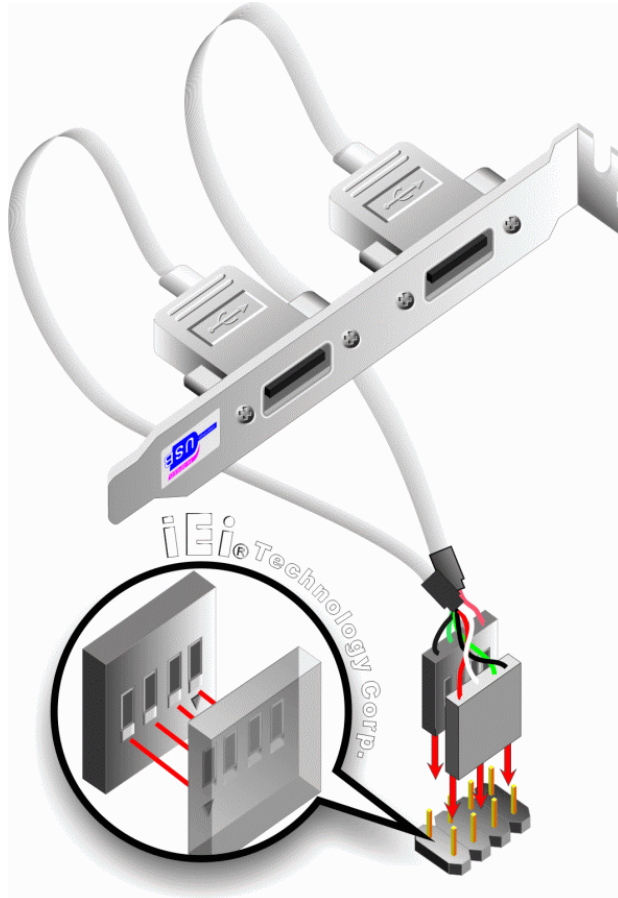
#### **WARNING:**

If the USB pins are not properly aligned, the USB device can burn out.

---

**Step 2:** **Align the connectors.** The cable has two connectors. Correctly align pin 1 on each cable connector with pin 1 on the IMBA-Q454-R10 USB connector.

**Step 3: Insert the cable connectors** Once the cable connectors are properly aligned with the USB connectors on the IMBA-Q454-R10, connect the cable connectors to the on-board connectors. See **Figure 4-14**.



**Figure 4-14: Dual USB Cable Connection**

**Step 4: Attach the bracket to the chassis.** The USB 2.0 connectors are attached to a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.

#### 4.5.6 USB Cable (Four Port)

Four port USB 2.0 cables can be separately purchased from IEI. To install a four port USB cable onto the IMBA-Q454-R10, please follow the steps below.



## IMBA-Q454-R10 User Manual

**Step 1:** Locate the connectors. The locations of the USB connectors are shown in Chapter 4.

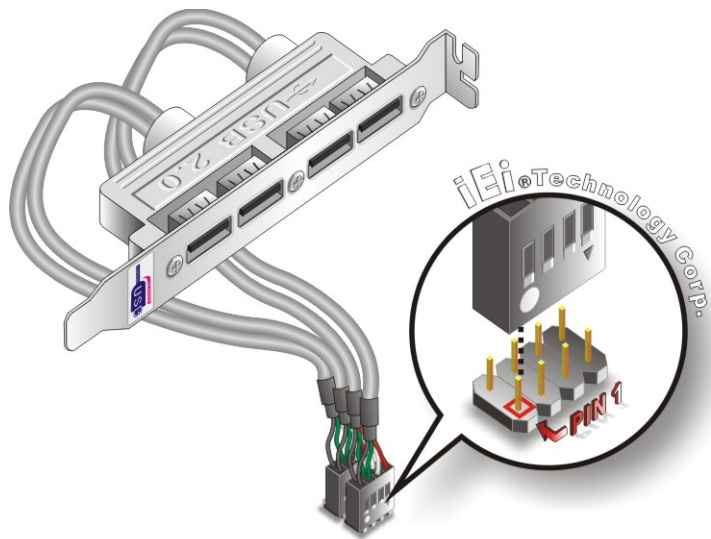


### WARNING:

If the USB pins are not properly aligned, the USB device can burn out.

**Step 2:** Align the connectors. Each cable has two connectors. Correctly align pin 1 on each cable connector with pin 1 on the IMBA-Q454-R10 USB connectors.

**Step 3:** Insert the cable connectors. Once the cable connectors are properly aligned with the USB connectors on the IMBA-Q454-R10, connect the cable connectors to the on-board connectors. See **Figure 4-14**.



**Figure 4-15: Four Port USB Cable Connection**

**Step 4:** Attach the bracket to the chassis. The USB 2.0 connectors are attached to a bracket. To secure the bracket to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.

## 4.6 External Peripheral Interface Connection

The following external peripheral devices can be connected to the external peripheral interface connectors.

- Keyboard and mouse
- Serial port devices
- VGA screens
- Parallel port devices
- Ethernet connection
- USB devices
- Audio devices

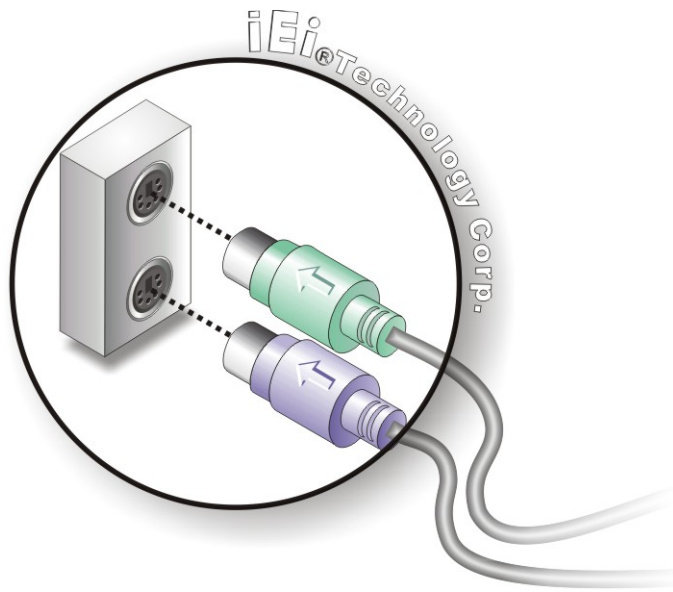
To install these devices, connect the corresponding cable connector from the actual device to the corresponding IMBA-Q454-R10 external peripheral interface connector making sure the pins are properly aligned.

### 4.6.1 Keyboard and Mouse

The IMBA-Q454-R10 has a dual PS/2 connector on the external peripheral interface panel. The dual PS/2 connector is used to connect to a keyboard and mouse to the system. Follow the steps below to connect a keyboard and mouse to the IMBA-Q454-R10.

**Step 1:** **Locate the dual PS/2 connector.** The location of the dual PS/2 connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2:** **Insert the keyboard/mouse connector.** Insert a PS/2 keyboard or mouse connector into the appropriate PS/2 connector on the external peripheral interface connector. See **Figure 4-16**.



**Figure 4-16: PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Connector**

#### 4.6.2 LAN

There are two external RJ-45 LAN connectors. The RJ-45 connectors enable connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

**Step 1: Locate the RJ-45 connectors.** The locations of the USB connectors are shown in **Chapter 4**.

**Step 2: Align the connectors.** Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with one of the RJ-45 connectors on the IMBA-Q454-R10. See **Figure 4-17**.

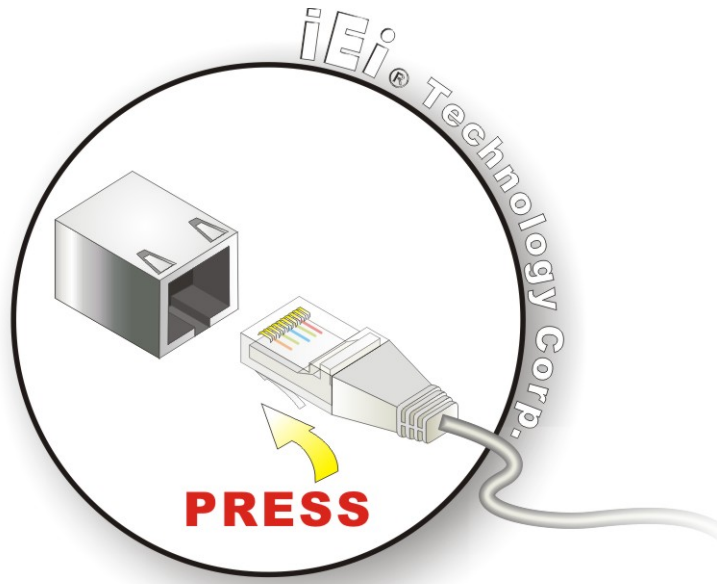


Figure 4-17: LAN Connection

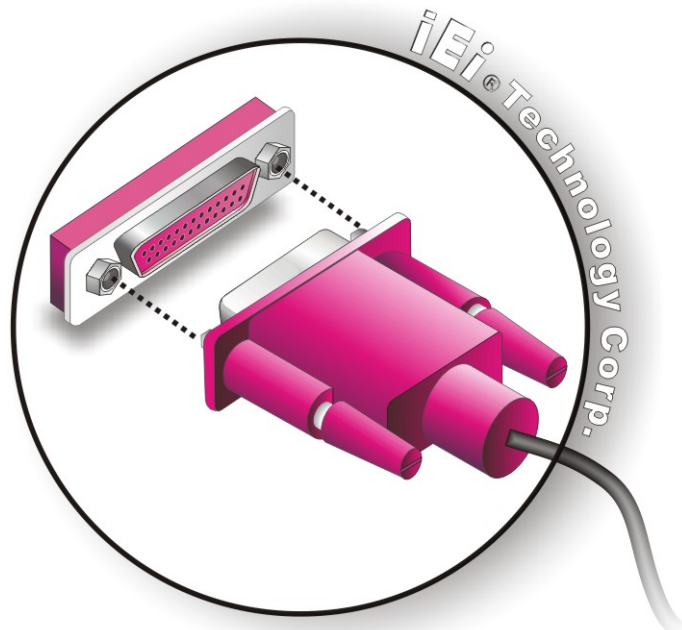
**Step 3:** Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector. Once aligned, gently insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector into the on-board RJ-45 connector.

### 4.6.3 Parallel Device Connection

The IMBA-Q454-R10 has a single female DB-25 connector on the external peripheral interface panel for parallel devices. Follow the steps below to connect a parallel device to the IMBA-Q454-R10.

**Step 1:** Locate the DB-25 connector. The location of the DB-25 connector is shown in Chapter 3.

**Step 2:** Insert the DB-25 connector. Insert the DB-25 connector of a parallel device into the DB-25 connector on the external peripheral interface. See Figure 4-18.



**Figure 4-18: Parallel Device Connector**

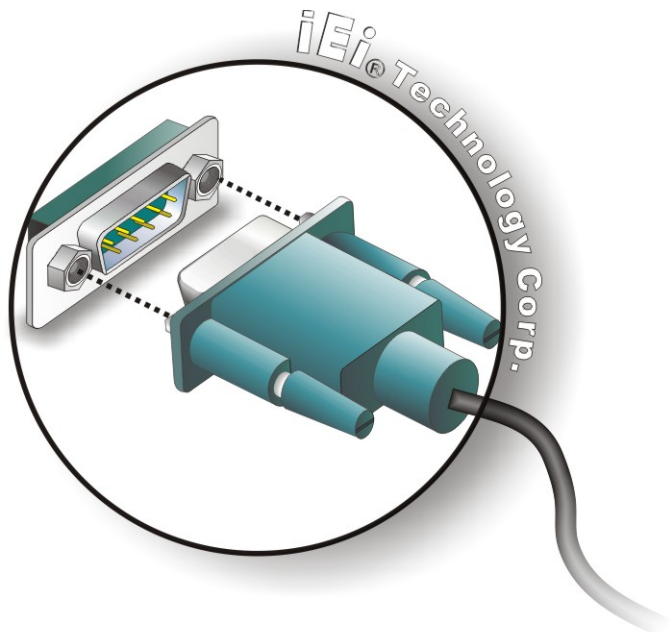
**Step 3:** **Secure the connector.** Secure the DB-25 connector to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

#### 4.6.4 Serial Device

The IMBA-Q454-R10 has a single female DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface panel for a serial device. Follow the steps below to connect a serial device to the IMBA-Q454-R10.

**Step 1:** **Locate the DB-9 connector.** The location of the DB-9 connector is shown in Chapter 3.

**Step 2:** **Insert the serial connector.** Insert the DB-9 connector of a serial device into the DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface. See **Figure 4-19**.



**Figure 4-19: Serial Device Connector**

**Step 3: Secure the connector.** Secure the serial device connector to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

#### 4.6.5 USB

The external USB connectors provide easier and quicker access to external USB devices. Follow the steps below to connect USB devices to the IMBA-Q454-R10.

**Step 1: Locate the USB connectors.** The location of the USB receptacle connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

**Step 2: Insert a USB plug.** Insert the USB plug of a device into the USB receptacle on the external peripheral interface. See **Figure 4-20**.

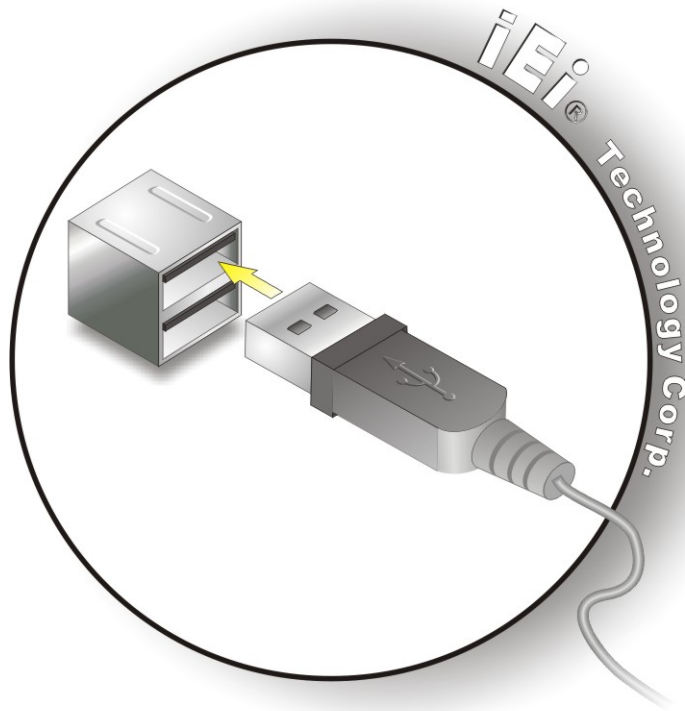
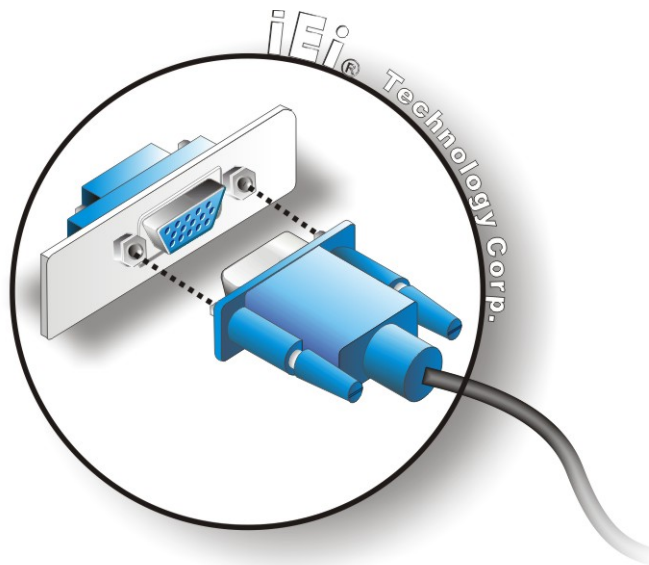


Figure 4-20: USB Connector

#### 4.6.6 VGA Monitor

The IMBA-Q454-R10 has a single female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface panel. The DB-15 connector is connected to a CRT or VGA monitor. To connect a monitor to the IMBA-Q454-R10, please follow the instructions below.

- Step 1:** **Locate the female DB-15 connector.** The location of the female DB-15 connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.
- Step 2:** **Align the VGA connector.** Align the male DB-15 connector on the VGA screen cable with the female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface.
- Step 3:** **Insert the VGA connector.** Once the connectors are properly aligned with the insert the male connector from the VGA screen into the female connector on the IMBA-Q454-R10. See **Figure 4-21**.



**Figure 4-21: VGA Connector**

**Step 4: Secure the connector.** Secure the DB-15 VGA connector from the VGA monitor to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

#### 4.6.7 Audio Connector

The three audio jacks on the external audio connector enable the IMBA-Q454-R10 to be connected to a stereo sound setup. To install the audio devices, follow the steps below.

**Step 1: Identify the audio plugs.** The plugs on your home theater system or speakers may not match the colors on the rear panel. If audio plugs are plugged into the wrong jacks, sound quality will be very bad.

**Step 2: Plug the audio plugs into the audio jacks.** Plug the audio plugs into the audio jacks. If the plugs on your speakers are different, an adapter will need to be used to plug them into the audio jacks.

- **Line In port (Light Blue):** Connects a CD-ROM, DVD player, or other audio devices.
- **Line Out port (Lime):** Connects to a headphone or a speaker.



- **Microphone (Pink):** Connects to a microphone.

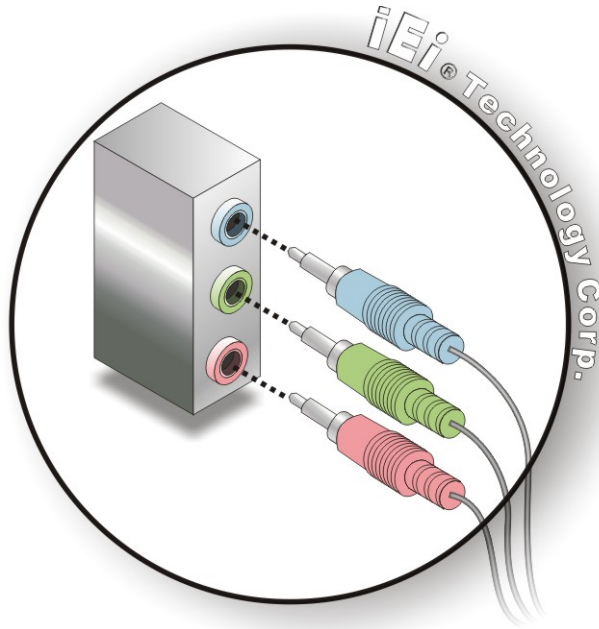


Figure 4-22: Audio Connector

**Step 3: Check audio clarity.** Check that the sound is coming through the right speakers by adjusting the balance front to rear and left to right.



Chapter

5

# BIOS Setup

---

## 5.1 Introduction

A licensed copy of AMI BIOS is preprogrammed into the ROM BIOS. The BIOS setup program allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This chapter describes how to access the BIOS setup program and the configuration options that may be changed.

### 5.1.1 Starting Setup

The AMI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

1. Press the **DELETE** key as soon as the system is turned on or
2. Press the **DELETE** key when the “**Press Del to enter SETUP**” message appears on the screen. 0.

If the message disappears before the **DELETE** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

### 5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press **ENTER** to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press **Esc** to quit. Navigation keys are shown in.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu -- Exit current page and return to Main Menu
Page Up key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
Page Dn key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes

Key	Function
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2 /F3 key	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward.
F10 key	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

**Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys**

### 5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

### 5.1.4 Unable to Reboot After Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration is made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in **Chapter 5**.

### 5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- **Main** Changes the basic system configuration.
- **Advanced** Changes the advanced system settings.
- **PCIPnP** Changes the advanced PCI/PnP Settings
- **Boot** Changes the system boot configuration.
- **Security** Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- **Chipset** Changes the chipset settings.
- **Exit** Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

## 5.2 Main

The Main BIOS menu (Error! Reference source not found.) appears when the BIOS Setup program is entered. The Main menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

```

BIOS SETUP UTILITY
Main  Advanced  PCIPNP  Boot  Security  Chipset  Exit

System Overview
-----
AMIBIOS
Version      :08.00.15
Build Date   :02/27/08
ID           :B106MR10

Processor
Intel® Core(TM)2 CPU          6300 @ 1.866GHz
Speed        :1866MHz
Count        :1

System Memory
Size         :1998MB

System Time           [14:20:27]
System Time           [Tue 05/06/2008]

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Use [ENTER], [TAB] or [SHIFT-TAB] to select a field.

Use [+] or [-] to configure system time.

←→ Select Screen
↑↓ Select Item
Enter Go to SubScreen
F1   General Help
F10  Save and Exit
ESC  Exit
    
```

### BIOS Menu 1: Main

#### → System Overview

The **System Overview** lists a brief summary of different system components. The fields in **System Overview** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- **AMI BIOS:** Displays auto-detected BIOS information
  - **Version:** Current BIOS version
  - **Build Date:** Date the current BIOS version was made
  - **ID:** Installed BIOS ID
- **Processor:** Displays auto-detected CPU specifications
  - **Type:** Names the currently installed processor

- **Speed:** Lists the processor speed
- **Count:** The number of CPUs on the motherboard
- **System Memory:** Displays the auto-detected system memory.
  - **Size:** Lists memory size

The **System Overview** field also has two user configurable fields:

→ **System Time [hh:mm:ss]**

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

→ **System Date [DAY dd/mm/yyyy]**

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

## 5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:

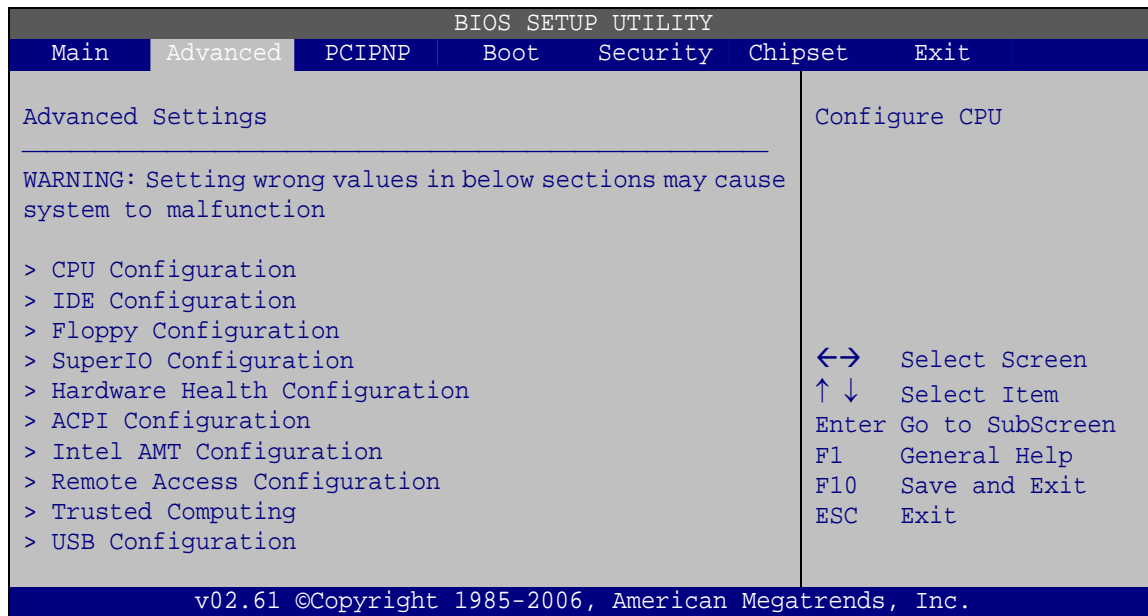


**WARNING:**

Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.

- 
- 5.3.1 CPU Configuration ..... 95
  - 5.3.2 IDE Configuration..... 97
  - 5.3.3 Floppy Configuration..... 103
  - 5.3.4 Super I/O Configuration ..... 104
  - 5.3.5 Hardware Health Configuration..... 108
  - 5.3.6 AHCI Configuration ..... 112
  - 5.3.7 Intel AMT Configuration ..... 114
  - 5.3.8 Remote Access Configuration..... 117
  - 5.3.9 Trusted Computing..... 120

- 5.3.10 USB Configuration ..... 121



**BIOS Menu 2: Advanced**

**5.3.1 CPU Configuration**

Use the CPU Configuration menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.

```

BIOS SETUP UTILITY
Main  Advanced  PCIPNP  Boot  Security  Chipset  Exit
-----
Configure Advanced CPU Settings
Module Version:3F.11
-----
Manufacturer  :Intel@
Intel@ Core™2 CPU  6300  @ 1.86GHz
Frequency     :1.86GHz
FSB Speed    :1068MHz
Cache L1     : 64KB
Cache L2     : 2048KB
Ratio Actual Value:7

←→  Select Screen
↑↓  Select Item
Enter Go to SubScreen
F1   General Help
F10  Save and Exit
ESC  Exit

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```

### BIOS Menu 3: CPU Configuration

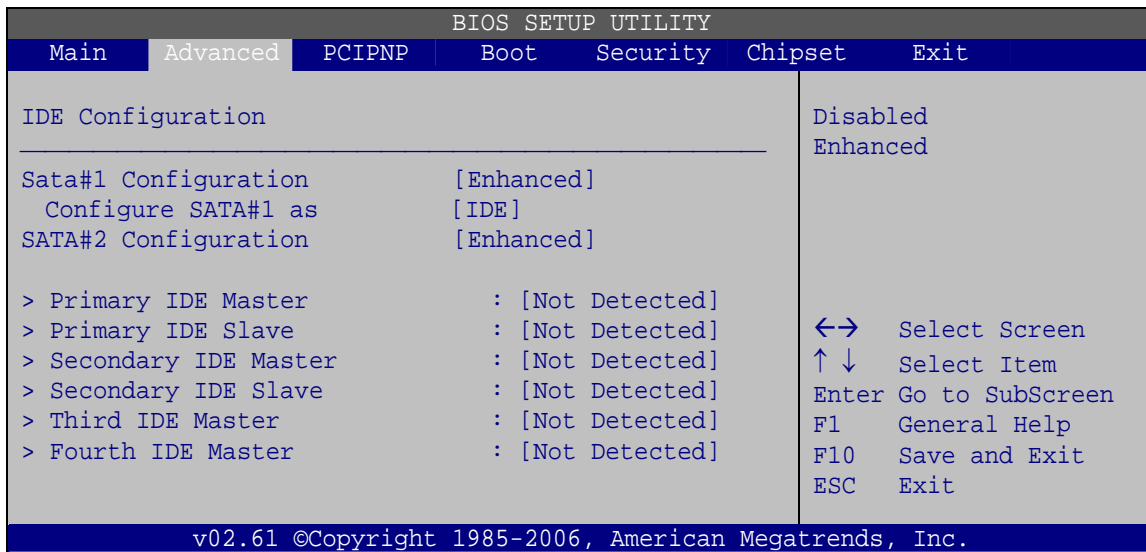
The CPU Configuration menu (Error! Reference source not found.) lists the following CPU details:

- **Manufacturer:** Lists the name of the CPU manufacturer
- **Frequency:** Lists the CPU processing speed
- **FSB Speed:** Lists the FSB speed
- **Cache L1:** Lists the CPU L1 cache size
- **Cache L2:** Lists the CPU L2 cache size
- **Ratio Actual:** Clock speed ratio



## 5.3.2 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to change and/or set the configuration of the IDE devices installed in the system.



### BIOS Menu 4: IDE Configuration

#### ➔ SATA#n Configuration [Enhanced]

Use the **SATA#n** BIOS option to enable the nth SATA drive port.

- ➔ **Enhanced** **DEFAULT** The nth SATA drive port is activated
- ➔ **Disabled** The nth SATA drive port is disabled

#### ➔ Configure SATA#n as [IDE]

Use the **Configure SATA#n as** BIOS option to configure the nth SATA port as an IDE drive, a SATA drive (AHCI mode) or a SATA drive in a RAID configuration.

- ➔ **IDE** **DEFAULT** The drive connected to the nth SATA port is configured as an IDE drive
- ➔ **RAID** The SATA drive connected to the nth SATA drive port is specified as a SATA drive that is part of a RAID array

→ **AHCI**                      The SATA drive connected to the nth SATA drive port is specified as a normal SATA drive.

→ **IDE Master and IDE Slave**

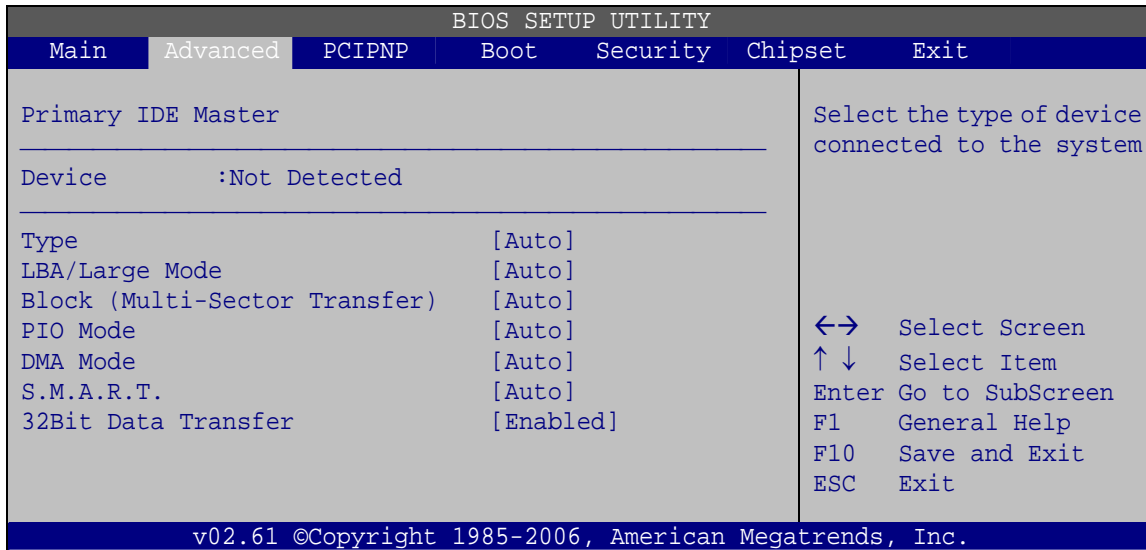
When entering setup, BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE devices. BIOS displays the status of the auto detected IDE devices. The following IDE devices are detected and are shown in the **IDE Configuration** menu:

- Primary IDE Master
- Primary IDE Slave
- Secondary IDE Master
- Secondary IDE Slave
- Third IDE Master
- Fourth IDE Master

The **IDE Configuration** menu (Error! Reference source not found.) allows changes to the configurations for the IDE devices installed in the system. If an IDE device is detected and one of the above listed four BIOS configuration options are selected, the IDE configuration options shown in **Section 5.3.2.1** appear.

### 5.3.2.1 IDE Master, IDE Slave

Use the **IDE Master** and **IDE Slave** configuration menu to view both primary and secondary IDE device details and configure the IDE devices connected to the system.



## BIOS Menu 5: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration

### → Auto-Detected Drive Parameters

The “grayed-out” items in the left frame are IDE disk drive parameters automatically detected from the firmware of the selected IDE disk drive. The drive parameters are listed as follows:

- **Device:** Lists the device type (e.g. hard disk, CD-ROM etc.)
- **Type:** Indicates the type of devices a user can manually select
- **Vendor:** Lists the device manufacturer
- **Size:** List the storage capacity of the device.
- **LBA Mode:** Indicates whether the LBA (Logical Block Addressing) is a method of addressing data on a disk drive is supported or not.
- **Block Mode:** Block mode boosts IDE drive performance by increasing the amount of data transferred. Only 512 bytes of data can be transferred per interrupt if block mode is not used. Block mode allows transfers of up to 64 KB per interrupt.
- **PIO Mode:** Indicates the PIO mode of the installed device.
- **Async DMA:** Indicates the highest Asynchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- **Ultra DMA:** Indicates the highest Synchronous DMA Mode that is supported.
- **S.M.A.R.T.:** Indicates whether or not the Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology protocol is supported.

- **32Bit Data Transfer:** Enables 32-bit data transfer.

### → Type [Auto]

Use the **Type** BIOS option select the type of device the AMIBIOS attempts to boot from after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) is complete.

- **Not Installed** BIOS is prevented from searching for an IDE disk drive on the specified channel.
- **Auto**                    **DEFAULT** The BIOS auto detects the IDE disk drive type attached to the specified channel. This setting should be used if an IDE hard disk drive is attached to the specified channel.
- **CD/DVD** The CD/DVD option specifies that an IDE CD-ROM drive is attached to the specified IDE channel. The BIOS does not attempt to search for other types of IDE disk drives on the specified channel.
- **ARMD** This option specifies an ATAPI Removable Media Device. These include, but are not limited to:
  - ZIP
  - LS-120

### → LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Use the **LBA/Large Mode** option to disable or enable BIOS to auto detects LBA (Logical Block Addressing). LBA is a method of addressing data on a disk drive. In LBA mode, the maximum drive capacity is 137 GB.

- **Disabled** BIOS is prevented from using the LBA mode control on the specified channel.
- **Auto**                    **DEFAULT** BIOS auto detects the LBA mode control on the specified channel.

### → **Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto]**

Use the **Block (Multi Sector Transfer)** to disable or enable BIOS to auto detect if the device supports multi-sector transfers.

- **Disabled**                      BIOS is prevented from using Multi-Sector Transfer on the specified channel. The data to and from the device occurs one sector at a time.
- **Auto              DEFAULT**      BIOS auto detects Multi-Sector Transfer support on the drive on the specified channel. If supported the data transfer to and from the device occurs multiple sectors at a time.

### → **PIO Mode [Auto]**

Use the **PIO Mode** option to select the IDE PIO (Programmable I/O) mode program timing cycles between the IDE drive and the programmable IDE controller. As the PIO mode increases, the cycle time decreases.

- **Auto      DEFAULT**      BIOS auto detects the PIO mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.
- **0**                              PIO mode 0 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 3.3 MB/s
- **1**                              PIO mode 1 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 5.2 MB/s
- **2**                              PIO mode 2 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s
- **3**                              PIO mode 3 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 11.1 MB/s
- **4**                              PIO mode 4 selected with a maximum transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s  
(This setting generally works with all hard disk drives manufactured after 1999. For other disk drives, such as IDE CD-ROM drives, check the specifications of the drive.)

### → **DMA Mode [Auto]**

Use the **DMA Mode** BIOS selection to adjust the DMA mode options.

- **Auto**      **DEFAULT**      BIOS auto detects the DMA mode. Use this value if the IDE disk drive support cannot be determined.
- **SWDMA0**      Single Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 2.1 MB/s
- **SWDMA1**      Single Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2 MB/s
- **SWDMA2**      Single Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 8.3 MB/s
- **MWDMA0**      Multi Word DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 4.2 MB/s
- **MWDMA1**      Multi Word DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 13.3 MB/s
- **MWDMA2**      Multi Word DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
- **UDMA1**      Ultra DMA mode 0 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 16.6 MB/s
- **UDMA1**      Ultra DMA mode 1 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 25 MB/s
- **UDMA2**      Ultra DMA mode 2 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 33.3 MB/s
- **UDMA3**      Ultra DMA mode 3 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 44 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an 80-conductor ATA cable is used.)
- **UDMA4**      Ultra DMA mode 4 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 66.6 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an 80-conductor ATA cable is used.)
- **UDMA5**      Ultra DMA mode 5 selected with a maximum data transfer rate of 99.9 MB/s (To use this mode, it is required that an 80-conductor ATA cable is used.)

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### → S.M.A.R.T [Auto]

Use the **S.M.A.R.T** option to auto-detect, disable or enable Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) on the drive on the specified channel. **S.M.A.R.T** predicts impending drive failures. The **S.M.A.R.T** BIOS option enables or disables this function.

- **Auto**      **DEFAULT**      BIOS auto detects HDD SMART support.
- **Disabled**                      Prevents BIOS from using the HDD SMART feature.
- **Enabled**                      Allows BIOS to use the HDD SMART feature

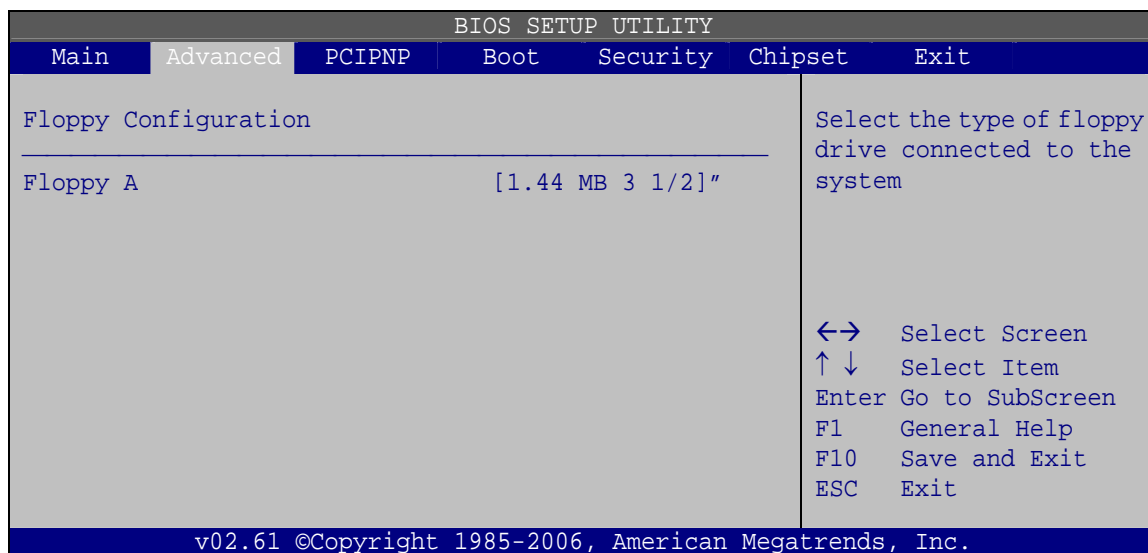
### → 32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Use the **32Bit Data Transfer** BIOS option to enables or disable 32-bit data transfers.

- **Disabled**                      Prevents the BIOS from using 32-bit data transfers.
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      Allows BIOS to use 32-bit data transfers on supported hard disk drives.

## 5.3.3 Floppy Configuration

Use the **Floppy Configuration menu** to configure the floppy disk drive connected to the system.



**BIOS Menu 6: IDE Master and IDE Slave Configuration**

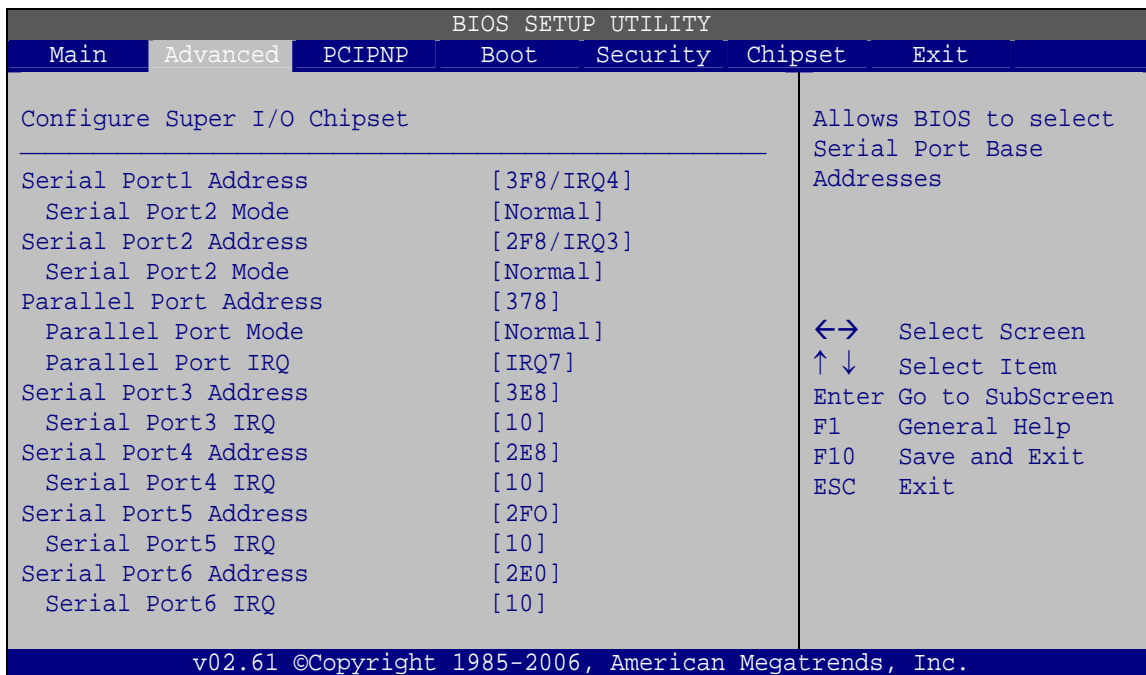
**→ Floppy A**

Use the **Floppy A/B** option to configure the floppy disk drive. Options are listed below:

- Disabled
- 360 KB 51/4"
- 1.2 MB 51/4"
- 720 KB 31/2"
- 1.44 MB 31/2"
- 2.88 MB 31/2"

**5.3.4 Super I/O Configuration**

Use the **Super I/O Configuration** menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to set or change the configurations for the FDD controllers, parallel ports and serial ports.



**BIOS Menu 7: Super IO Configuration**



➔ **Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]**

Use the **Serial Port1 Address** option to select the Serial Port 1 base address.

- ➔ **Disabled**                      No base address is assigned to Serial Port 1
- ➔ **3F8/IRQ4**    **DEFAULT**    I/O port address is 3F8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- ➔ **3E8/IRQ4**                      I/O port address is 3E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- ➔ **2E8/IRQ3**                      I/O port address is 2E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3

➔ **Serial Port1 Mode [Normal]**

Use the **Serial Port1 Mode** option to select the Serial Port1 operational mode.

- ➔ **Normal**        **DEFAULT**    Serial Port 1 mode is normal
- ➔ **IrDA**                              Serial Port 1 mode is IrDA
- ➔ **ASK IR**                            Serial Port 1 mode is ASK IR

➔ **Serial Port2 Address [2F8/IRQ3]**

Use the **Serial Port2 Address** option to select the Serial Port 2 base address.

- ➔ **Disabled**                      No base address is assigned to Serial Port 2
- ➔ **2F8/IRQ3**    **DEFAULT**    I/O port address is 3F8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3
- ➔ **3E8/IRQ4**                      I/O port address is 3E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ4
- ➔ **2E8/IRQ3**                      I/O port address is 2E8 and the interrupt address is IRQ3

➔ **Serial Port2 Mode [Normal]**

Use the **Serial Port2 Mode** option to select the Serial Port2 operational mode.

- ➔ **Normal**        **DEFAULT**    Serial Port 2 mode is normal
- ➔ **IrDA**                              Serial Port 2 mode is IrDA

→ **ASK IR** Serial Port 2 mode is ASK IR

→ **Parallel Address [378]**

The **Parallel Port Address** BIOS option assigns the I/O port address of the parallel port. The following address options are available:

→ **Disabled** No I/O port address is assigned to the parallel port

→ **378** **DEFAULT** Parallel Port I/O port address is 378

→ **278** Parallel Port I/O port address is 278

→ **3BC** Parallel Port I/O port address is 3BC

→ **Parallel Port Mode [Normal]**

The Parallel Port Mode selection selects the mode the parallel port operates in.

→ **Normal** **DEFAULT** The normal parallel port mode is the standard mode for parallel port operation.

→ **EPP** The parallel port operates in the enhanced parallel port mode (EPP). The EPP mode supports bi-directional communication between the system and the parallel port device and the transmission rates between the two are much faster than the Normal mode.

→ **ECP** The parallel port operates in the extended capabilities port (ECP) mode. The ECP mode supports bi-directional communication between the system and the parallel port device and the transmission rates between the two are much faster than the SPP mode.

➔ **EPP + ECP**

The parallel port operates in the extended capabilities port (ECP) mode. The ECP mode supports bi-directional communication between the system and the parallel port device and the transmission rates between the two are much faster than the Normal mode

The parallel port becomes compatible with EPP devices described above

➔ **Parallel Port IRQ [IRQ7]**

The **Parallel Port Address** BIOS option assigns the parallel port interrupt address. The following address options are available.

- ➔ **IRQ5** Parallel port interrupt address is IRQ5
- ➔ **IRQ7** **DEFAULT** Parallel port interrupt address is IRQ7

### 5.3.5 Hardware Health Configuration

The **Hardware Health Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 8**) shows the operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Main	Advanced
PCIPNP    Boot    Security    Chipset    Exit	
Hardware Health Configuration	
Fan configuration mode setting	
CPU FAN Mode Setting	[Automatic Mode]
CPU Temp. Limit of OFF	[000]
CPU Temp. Limit of Start	[020]
CPU FAN Start PWM	[070]
PWM Slope	[0.5 PWM]
NB FAN Mode Setting	[Automatic Mode]
CPU Temp. Limit of OFF	[035]
CPU Temp. Limit of Start	[055]
NB FAN Start PWM	[050]
PWM Slope	[4 PWM]
<hr/>	
CPU Temperature	:45°C/113°F
System Temperature	:34°C/93°F
CPU Fan Speed	:4821 RPM
SYS Fan Speed	:4821 RPM
NB Fan Speed	:4821 RPM
CPU Core	:1.280 V
Vcc	:1.120 V
+3.30V	:3.280 V
+5.00V	:4.972 V
+12.0V	:11.840 V
+1.50V	:1.504 V
+1.80V	:1.904 V
5VSB	:4.945 V
VBAT	:3.024 V
←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item Enter Go to SubScreen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit	
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#### BIOS Menu 8: Hardware Health Configuration

##### → FAN Mode Setting [Full On Mode]

Use the **FAN Mode Setting** option to configure the fan mode options for the following fans:

- CPU fan
- NB fan
- System fan

The fan mode setting options are listed below.

- ➔ **Full On Mode**      **DEFAULT**      Fan is on all the time
- ➔ **Automatic mode**      Fan is off when the temperature is low enough.  
Parameters must be set by the user.

When the **FAN Mode Setting** option is in the **Automatic Mode**, the following parameters can be set.

- CPU Temp. Limit of OFF
- CPU Temp. Limit of Start
- CPU Fan Start PWM
- PWM Slope

➔ **CPU Temp. Limit of OFF [000]**



**WARNING:**

Setting this value too high may cause the fan to stop when the CPU is at a high temperature and therefore cause the system to be damaged.

---

The **CPU Temp. Limit of OFF** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic Mode**. Use the **CPU Temp. Limit of OFF** option to select the CPU temperature at which the cooling fan should automatically turn off. To select a value, select the **CPU Temp. Limit of OFF** option and enter a decimal number between 000 and 127. The temperature range is specified below.

- Minimum Value: 0°C
- Maximum Value: 127°C

→ CPU Temp. Limit of Start [020]

---



**WARNING:**

Setting this value too high may cause the fan to start only when the CPU is at a high temperature and therefore cause the system to be damaged.

---

The **CPU Temp. Limit of Start** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic Mode**. Use the **CPU Temp. Limit of Start** option to select the CPU temperature at which the cooling fan should automatically turn on. When the fan starts, it rotates using the starting pulse width modulation (PWM) specified in the **Fan 3 Start PWM** option below. To select a value, select the **CPU Temp. Limit of Start** option and enter a decimal number between 000 and 127. The temperature range is specified below.

- Minimum Value: 0°C
- Maximum Value: 127°C

→ CPU Fan Start PWM [070]

The **Fan 3 Start PWM** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic Mode**. Use the **Fan 3 Start PWM** option to select the PWM mode the fan starts to rotate with after the temperature specified in the **Temperature 3 Limit of Start** is exceeded. The Super I/O chipset supports 128 PWM modes. To select a value, select the **Fan 3 Start PWM** option and enter a decimal number between 000 and 127. The temperature range is specified below.

- PWM Minimum Mode: 0
- PWM Maximum Mode: 127

→ Slope PWM 1 [1 PWM]

The **Slope PWM 1** option can only be set if the **CPU FAN Mode Setting** option is set to **Automatic Mode**. Use the **Slope PWM 1** option to select the linear rate at which the PWM mode increases with respect to an increase in temperature. A list of available options is shown below:

- 0.125 PWM
- 0.25 PWM
- 0.5 PWM
- 1 PWM
- 2 PWM
- 4 PWM
- 8 PWM
- 15 PWM

### → Hardware Health Monitoring

The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

- **System Temperatures:** The following system temperatures are monitored
  - CPU Temperature
  - System Temperature 1
  - System Temperature 2
- **Fan Speeds:** The CPU cooling fan speed is monitored.
  - CPU fan speed
  - System fan 1 speed
  - System fan 2 speed
- **Voltages:** The following system voltages are monitored
  - CPU Core
  - DDR2 +1.8 V
  - +3.30 V
  - +5.00 V
  - +12.0 V
  - FSB VTT
  - +1.5 V
  - +1.25 V
  - VBAT

### 5.3.6 AHCI Configuration

Use the **AHCI Configuration** Settings menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) to report on the auto-detection of devices connected to the onboard SATA drive connectors.

```

BIOS SETUP UTILITY
Main  Advanced  PCIPNP  Boot  Security  Chipset  Exit
-----
AHCI Settings
-----
AHCI CD/DVD Boot Time out      [15]
-----
> AHCI Port0 [Not Detected]
> AHCI Port1 [Not Detected]
> AHCI Port2 [Not Detected]
> AHCI Port3 [Not Detected]
> AHCI Port4 [Not Detected]
> AHCI Port5 [Not Detected]

Some SATA CD/DVD in AHCI
mode need to wait ready
longer

<->  Select Screen
↑ ↓   Select Item
Enter Go to SubScreen
F1    General Help
F10   Save and Exit
ESC   Exit

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```

#### BIOS Menu 9: AHCI Configuration

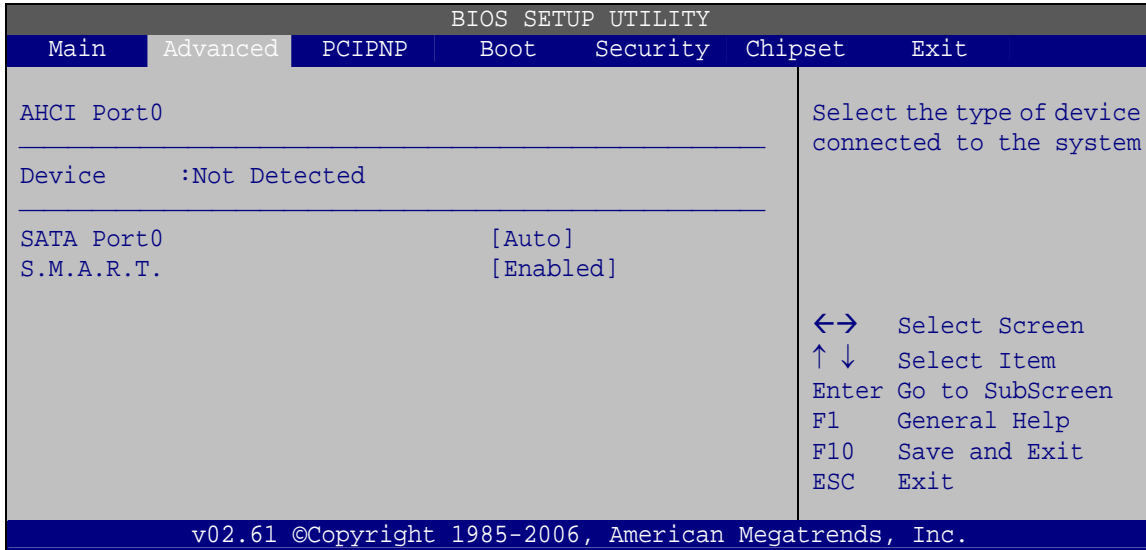
##### → AHCI Port n [Not Detected]

Use the **AHCI Port n** BIOS option to check which AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface) devices are detected on a specified SATA drive connector. If a device is detected, selecting the BIOS option, e.g. “**AHCI Port 3**” opens a new window.

#### 5.3.6.1 AHCI Port n

Use the **AHCI Port n** configuration menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to configure the drive connected to SATA connector n.





**BIOS Menu 10: AHCI Port n Configuration Menu**

➔ **SATA Port n [Auto]**

Use the **SATA Port n** option to enable the system to auto-detect the type of drive connected to SATA drive connector n.

➔ **S.M.A.R.T [Enabled]**

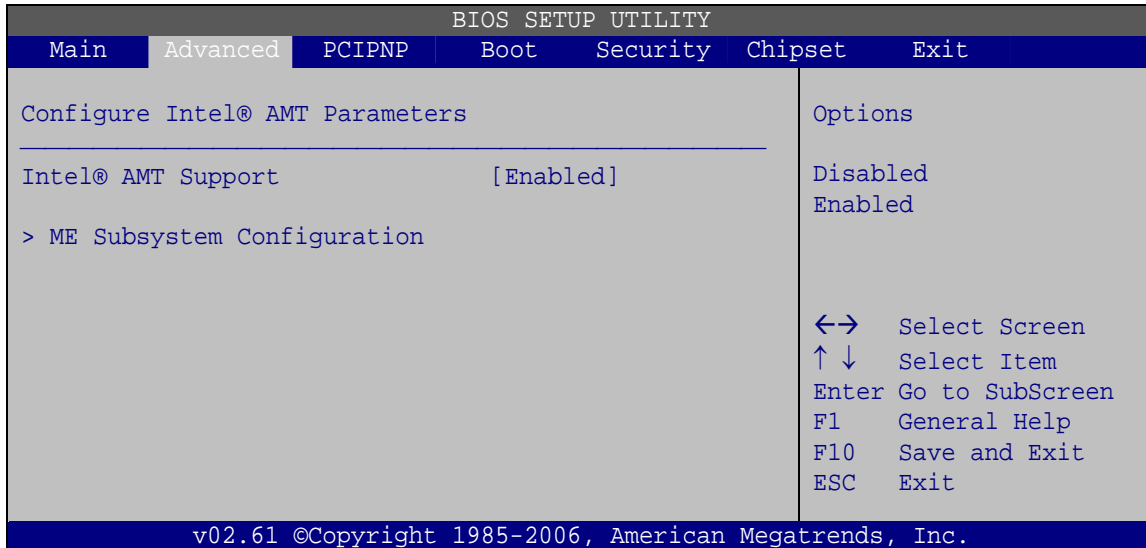
Use the **S.M.A.R.T** option to enable S.M.A.R.T (Self-Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology) on the drive connected to SATA drive connector n.

➔ **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      S.M.A.R.T is enabled on the drive connected to SATA drive connector n on the system

➔ **Disabled**                      S.M.A.R.T is disabled on the drive connected to SATA drive connector n on the system

### 5.3.7 Intel AMT Configuration

Use the **Intel AMT** menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to enable the system to be managed through the Intel® Active Management Technology (AMT) interface. The interface is implemented through LAN1.



#### BIOS Menu 11: Intel AMT Configuration

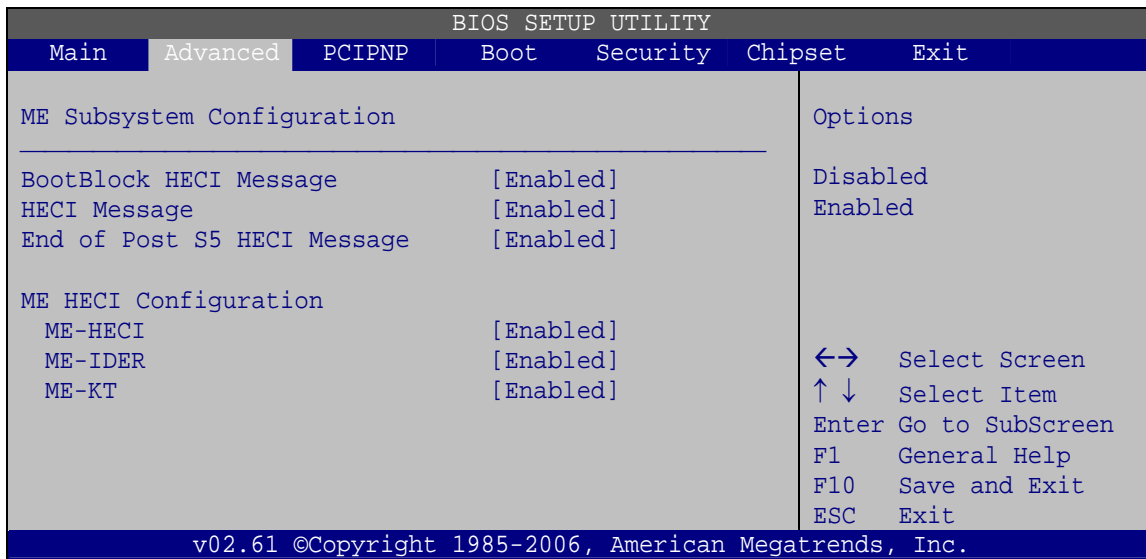
##### → Intel AMT Support (Disabled)

Use the **Intel AMT Support** option to enable or disable Intel AMT on the system.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Intel® AMT disabled
- **Enabled**           Intel® AMT enabled

## 5.3.7.1 ME Subsystem Configuration

Use the ME Subsystem Configuration menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to configure the Intel® Management Engine (ME) configuration options.



### BIOS Menu 12: ME Subsystem Configuration

#### → BootBlock HECI Message [Enabled]

Use the **BootBlock HECI Message** option to enable or disable boot disk sector that contains the Intel® AMT Host-Embedded Controller Interface (HECI) message.

- **Disabled**                      Boot sector disabled
- **Enabled**                      DEFAULT      Boot sector enabled

#### → HECI Message [Enabled]

Use the **HECI Message** option to enable or disable the Intel® AMT Host-Embedded Controller Interface (HECI) message.

- **Disabled**                      HECI message disabled
- **Enabled**                      DEFAULT      HECI message enabled

**→ End of Post S5 HECI Message [Enabled]**

Use the **End of Post S5 HECI Message** option to enable or disable the Intel® AMT the HECI message to wake the system in an S5 sleep state.

- **Disabled** HECI bus cannot rouse system from an S5 state
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      HECI bus can rouse system from an S5 state

**→ ME-HECI [Enabled]**

This option is not user configurable.

**→ ME-IDER [Enabled]**

Use the **ME-IDER** option to enable or disable the IDE-Redirection (IDER) protocol. This allows redirection of CD, floppy and DVD drives through the management engine.

- **Disabled**      The IDER protocol is disabled
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      The IDER protocol is enabled

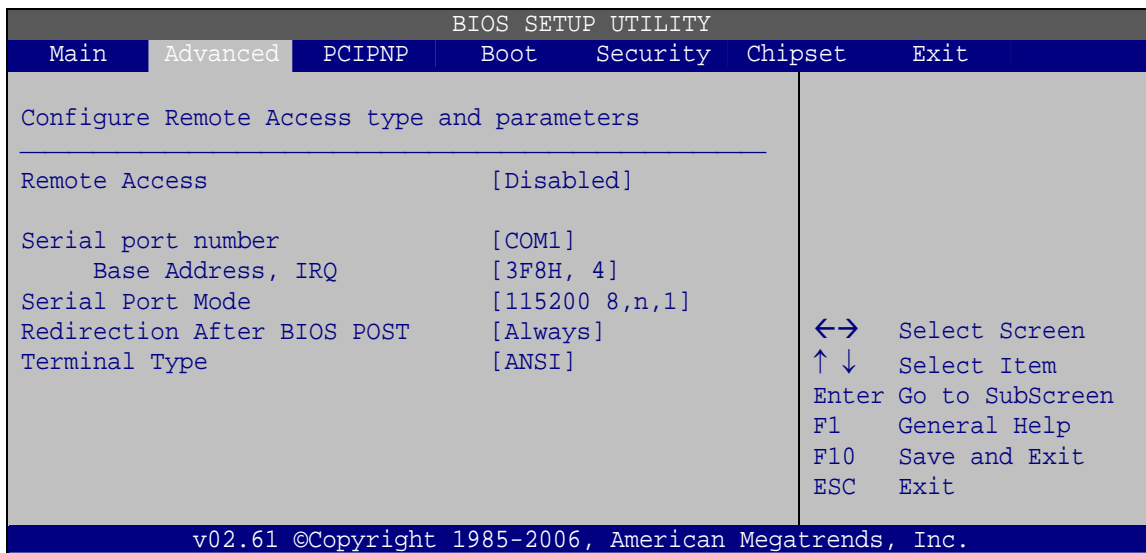
**→ ME-KT [Enabled]**

Use the **ME-KT** option to enable or disable the Serial Over LAN (SOL) protocol to enable the Intel® AMT enabled to redirect the keyboard/text through the management engine.

- **Disabled**      The SOL protocol is disabled
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      The SOL protocol is enabled

## 5.3.8 Remote Access Configuration

Use the **Remote Access Configuration** menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to configure remote access parameters. The **Remote Access Configuration** is an AMIBIOS feature and allows a remote host running a terminal program to display and configure the BIOS settings.



### BIOS Menu 13: Remote Access Configuration

#### → Remote Access [Disabled]

Use the **Remote Access** option to enable or disable access to the remote functionalities of the system.

→ **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Remote access is disabled.

- **Enabled**
- Remote access configuration options shown below appear:
- Serial Port Number
  - Serial Port Mode
  - Flow Control
  - Redirection after BIOS POST
  - Terminal Type
  - VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support
  - Sredir Memory Display Delay
- These configuration options are discussed below.

→ **Serial Port Number [COM1]**

Use the **Serial Port Number** option to select the serial port used for remote access.

- **COM1**    **DEFAULT**    System is remotely accessed through COM1
- **COM2**                    System is remotely accessed through COM2

**NOTE:** Make sure the selected COM port is enabled through the Super I/O configuration menu.

→ **Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4]**

The **Base Address, IRQ** option cannot be configured and only shows the interrupt address of the serial port listed above.

→ **Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1]**

Use the **Serial Port Mode** option to select baud rate through which the console redirection is made. The following configuration options are available

- 115200 8,n,1 **DEFAULT**
- 57600 8,n,1
- 38400 8,n,1
- 19200 8,n,1
- 09600 8,n,1

### → Redirection After BIOS POST [Always]

Use the **Redirection After BIOS POST** option to specify when console redirection should occur.

- |   |                    |                |  |
|---|--------------------|----------------|--|
| → | <b>Disabled</b>    |                | The console is not redirected after POST                               |
| → | <b>Boot Loader</b> |                | Redirection is active during POST and during Boot Loader               |
| → | <b>Always</b>      | <b>DEFAULT</b> | Redirection is always active (Some OSes may not work if set to Always) |

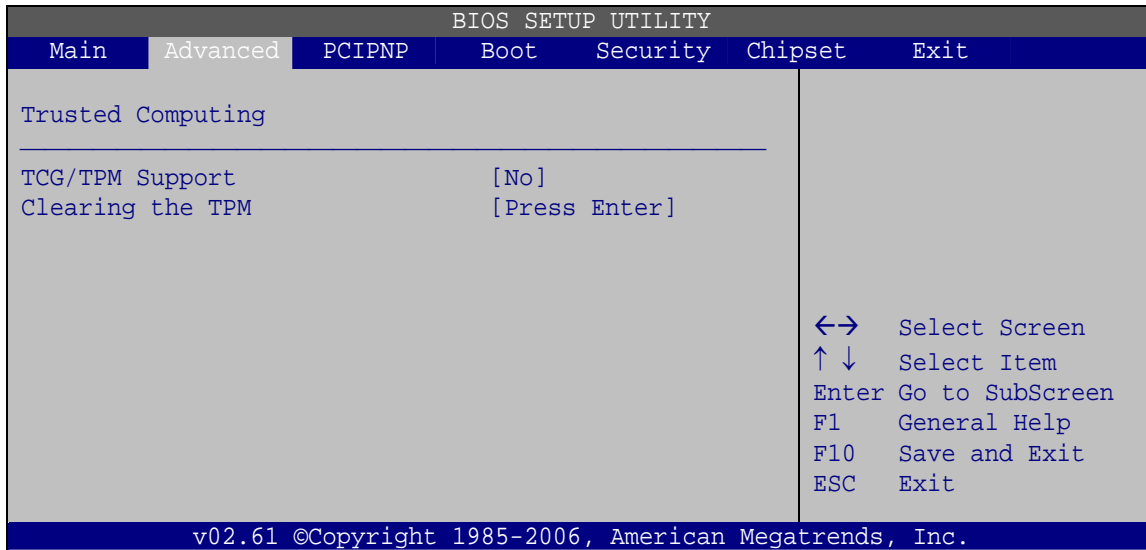
### → Terminal Type [ANSI]

Use the **Terminal Type** BIOS option to specify the remote terminal type.

- |   |                |                |                                     |
|---|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| → | <b>ANSI</b>    | <b>DEFAULT</b> | The target terminal type is ANSI    |
| → | <b>VT100</b>   |                | The target terminal type is VT100   |
| → | <b>VT-UTF8</b> |                | The target terminal type is VT-UTF8 |

### 5.3.9 Trusted Computing

Use the **Trusted Computing** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) to configure settings related to the Trusted Computing Group (TCG) Trusted Platform Module (TPM).



#### BIOS Menu 14: Trusted Computing

##### → TCG/TPM Support [No]

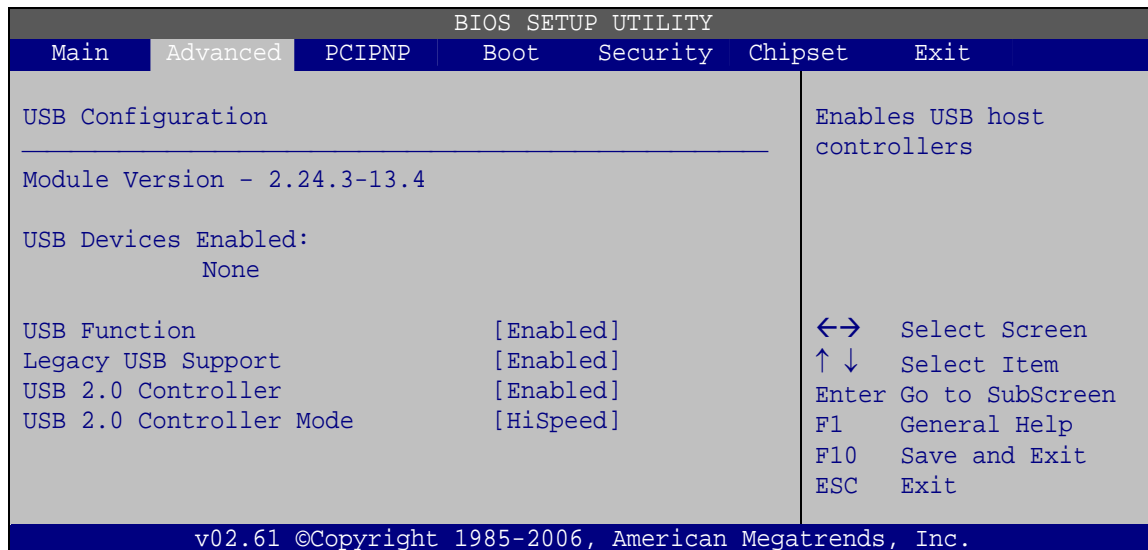
Use the **TCG/TPM Support** option to configure support for the TPM.

- **No**    **DEFAULT**    TPM support is disabled.
- **Yes**                    TPM support is enabled.



## 5.3.10 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.



### BIOS Menu 15: USB Configuration

#### → USB Functions [Enabled]

Use the **USB Function** BIOS option to enable or disable USB function support.

- **Disabled**                      USB function support disabled
- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      USB function support enabled

#### → Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

- **Disabled** Legacy USB support disabled
- **Enabled**     **DEFAULT** Legacy USB support enabled
- **Auto** Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

→ **USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]**

Use the **USB 2.0 Controller** BIOS option to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller

- **Disabled** USB 2.0 controller disabled
- **Enabled**     **DEFAULT** USB 2.0 controller enabled

→ **USB2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]**

Use the **USB2.0 Controller Mode** option to set the speed of the USB2.0 controller.

- **FullSpeed** The controller is capable of operating at 12 Mb/s
- **HiSpeed**     **DEFAULT** The controller is capable of operating at 480 Mb/s

## 5.4 PCI/PnP

Use the PCI/PnP menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to configure advanced PCI and PnP settings.



**WARNING:**

Setting wrong values for the BIOS selections in the PCIPnP BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

---

BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
Main	Advanced	PCIPNP
Advanced PCI/PnP Settings		Available: Specified IRQ is available to be use the PCI/PnP devices
WARNING: Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction		Reserved: Specified IRQ is reserved for use by legacy ISA devices
IRQ3	[Reserved]	
IRQ4	[Reserved]	
IRQ5	[Available]	
IRQ7	[Reserved]	
IRQ9	[Available]	
IRQ10	[Available]	
IRQ11	[Available]	
IRQ14	[Available]	
IRQ15	[Available]	
DMA Channel 0	[Available]	←→ Select Screen
DMA Channel 1	[Available]	↑↓ Select Item
DMA Channel 3	[Available]	Enter Go to SubScreen
DMA Channel 5	[Available]	F1 General Help
DMA Channel 6	[Available]	F10 Save and Exit
DMA Channel 7	[Available]	ESC Exit
Reserved Memory Size	[Disabled]	
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## BIOS Menu 16: PCI/PnP Configuration

### → IRQ# [Available]

Use the **IRQ#** address to specify what IRQs can be assigned to a particular peripheral device.

- **Available**    **DEFAULT**    The specified IRQ is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices
- **Reserved**                    The specified IRQ is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices

Available IRQ addresses are:

- IRQ3
- IRQ4
- IRQ5
- IRQ7
- IRQ9

- IRQ10
- IRQ 11
- IRQ 14
- IRQ 15

→ **DMA Channel# [Available]**

Use the **DMA Channel#** option to assign a specific DMA channel to a particular PCI/PnP device.

- |   |                  |                |  |
|---|------------------|----------------|--|
| → | <b>Available</b> | <b>DEFAULT</b> | The specified DMA is available to be used by PCI/PnP devices |
| → | <b>Reserved</b>  |                | The specified DMA is reserved for use by Legacy ISA devices  |

Available DMA Channels are:

- DM Channel 0
- DM Channel 1
- DM Channel 3
- DM Channel 5
- DM Channel 6
- DM Channel 7

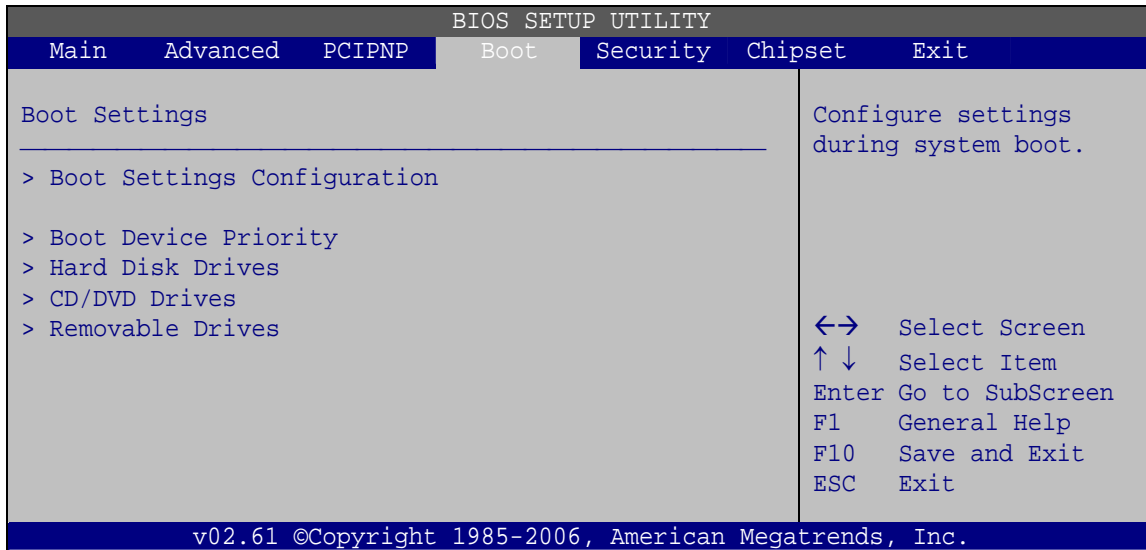
→ **Reserved Memory Size [Disabled]**

Use the **Reserved Memory Size** BIOS option to specify the amount of memory that should be reserved for legacy ISA devices.

- |   |                 |                |   |
|---|-----------------|----------------|---|
| → | <b>Disabled</b> | <b>DEFAULT</b> | No memory block reserved for legacy ISA devices |
| → | <b>16K</b>      |                | 16 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices           |
| → | <b>32K</b>      |                | 32 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices           |
| → | <b>64K</b>      |                | 54 KB reserved for legacy ISA devices           |

## 5.5 Boot

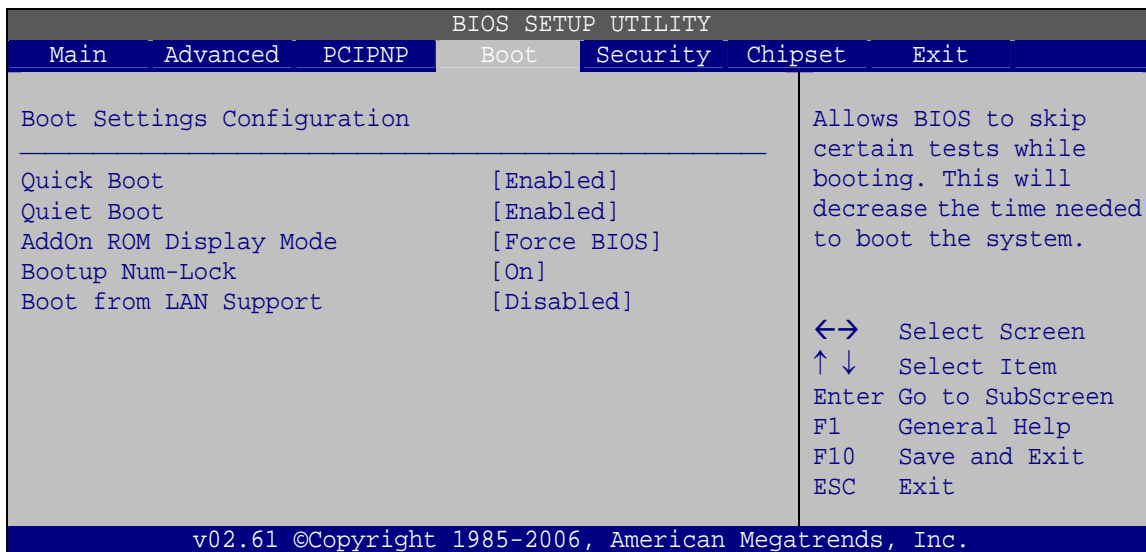
Use the Boot menu (**BIOS Menu 17**) to configure system boot options.



**BIOS Menu 17: Boot**

### 5.5.1 Boot Settings Configuration

Use the Boot Settings Configuration menu (**BIOS Menu 17**) to configure advanced system boot options.



**BIOS Menu 18: Boot Settings Configuration**

**→ Quick Boot [Enabled]**

Use the **Quick Boot** BIOS option to make the computer speed up the boot process.

- **Disabled** No POST procedures are skipped
- **Enabled** **DEFAULT** Some POST procedures are skipped to decrease the system boot time

**→ Quiet Boot [Disabled]**

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

- **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Normal POST messages displayed
- **Enabled** OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

**→ AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]**

The **AddOn ROM Display Mode** option allows add-on ROM (read-only memory) messages to be displayed.

- **Force BIOS** **DEFAULT** Allows the computer system to force a third party BIOS to display during system boot.
- **Keep Current** Allows the computer system to display the information during system boot.

**→ Bootup Num-Lock [Off]**

The **Bootup Num-Lock** BIOS option allows the Number Lock setting to be modified during boot up.

- **Off** **DEFAULT** Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.

- ➔ **On** Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

### ➔ **GbE LAN Boot (82566) [Disabled]**

The **GbE LAN Boot** option enables remote boot of the system through LAN1. This LAN port also supports remote management using Intel® AMT.

- ➔ **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Cannot be booted remotely through this port
- ➔ **Enabled**                      Can be booted remotely through this port

### ➔ **Boot From LAN Support (82573L) [Disabled]**

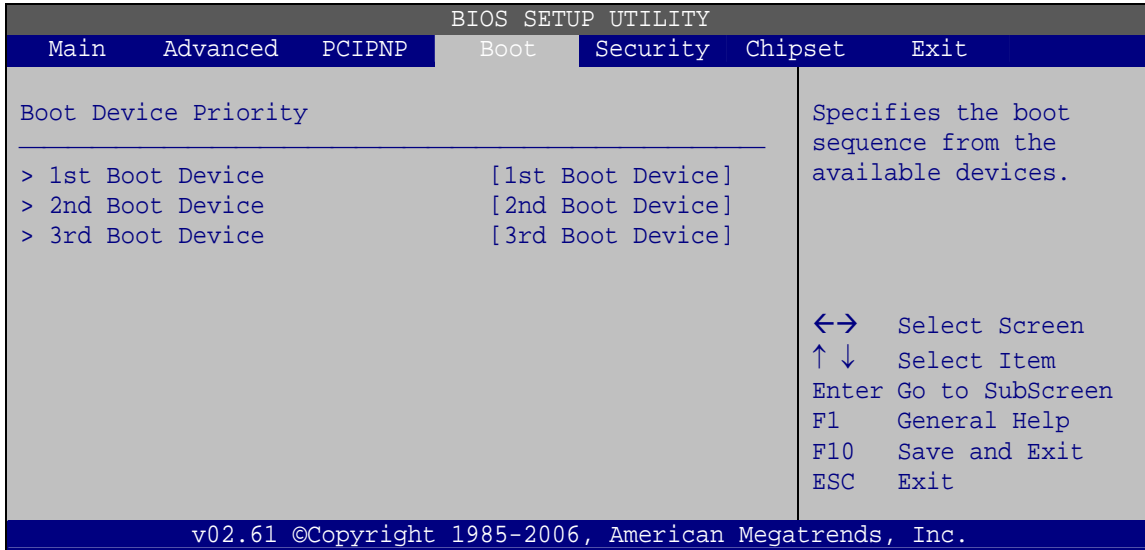
The **BOOT From LAN Support** allows the system to be booted remotely over a network through LAN2.

- ➔ **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Cannot be booted remotely through this port
- ➔ **Enabled**                      Can be booted remotely through this port

## 5.5.2 Boot Device Priority

Use the **Boot Device Priority** menu (**BIOS Menu 19**) to specify the boot sequence from the available devices. The following options are available:

- 1<sup>st</sup> Boot Device
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Boot Device
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Boot Device



### BIOS Menu 19: Boot Device Priority Settings

## 5.5.3 Hard Disk Drives

Use the **Hard Disk Drives** menu to specify the boot sequence of the available HDDs. When the menu is opened, the HDDs connected to the system are listed as shown below:

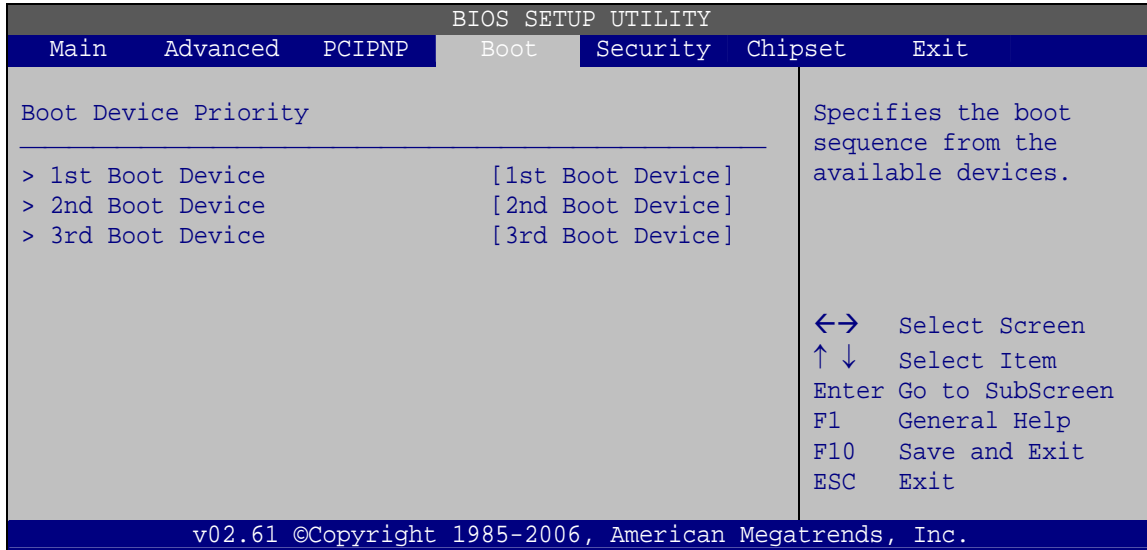
- 1st Drive
- 2nd Drive
- 3rd Drive



#### NOTE:

Only installed drives are shown in the list.





## BIOS Menu 20: Boot Device Priority Settings

### 5.5.4 CD/DVD Drives

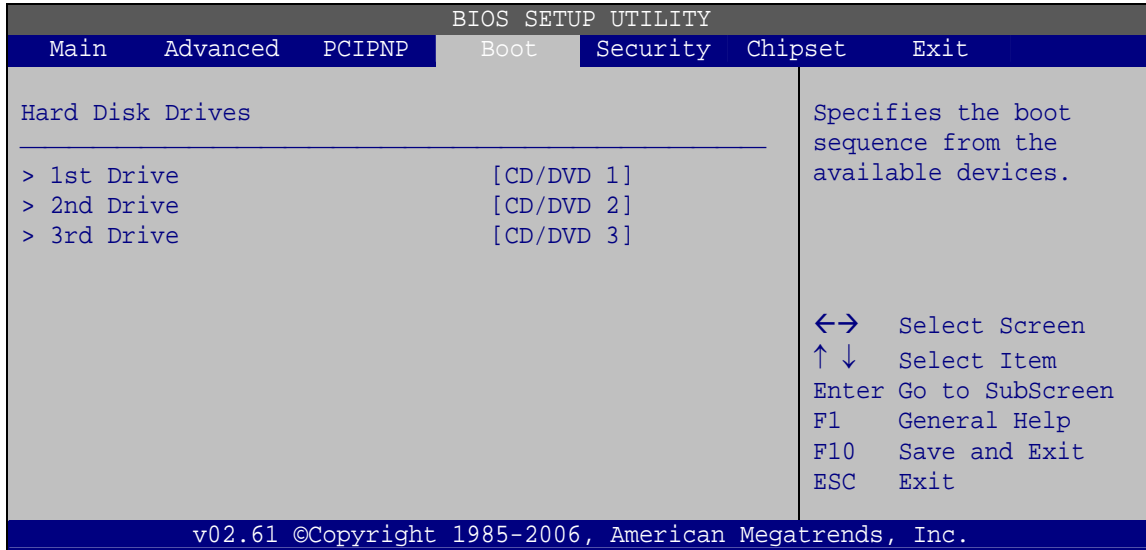
Use the **CD/DVD Drives** menu to specify the boot sequence of the available CD/DVD drives. When the menu is opened, the CD drives and DVD drives connected to the system are listed as shown below:

- 1st Drive
- 2nd Drive
- 3rd Drive



#### NOTE:

Only installed CD and DVD drives are shown in the list



### BIOS Menu 21: CD/DVD Drives

## 5.5.5 Removable Drives

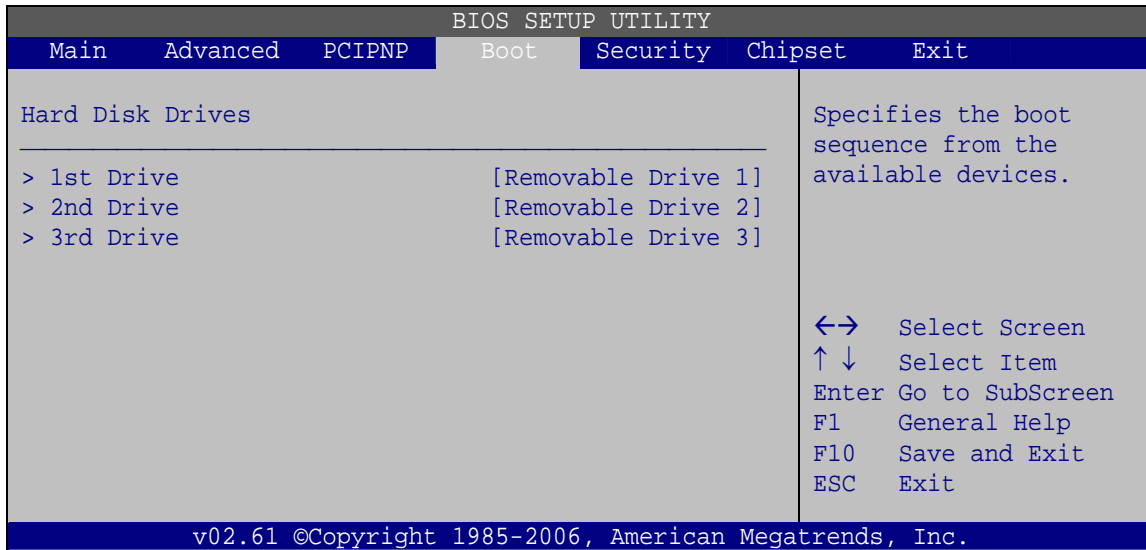
Use the **Removable Drives** menu (**BIOS Menu 22**) to specify the boot sequence of the available FDDs. When the menu is opened, the FDDs connected to the system are listed as shown below:

- 1st Drive
- 2nd Drive



#### NOTE:

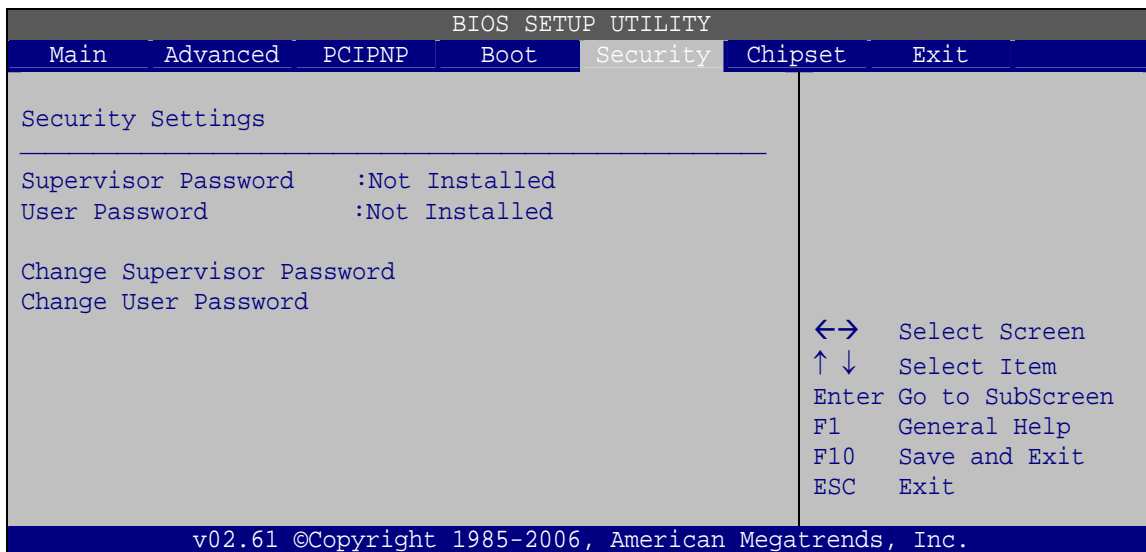
Only installed removable drives are shown in the list. This menu does not show if there are no removable drives.



**BIOS Menu 22: Removable Drives**

## 5.6 Security

Use the Security menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to set system and user passwords.



**BIOS Menu 23: Security**

→ **Change Supervisor Password**

Use the **Change Supervisor Password** to set or change a supervisor password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a supervisor password must be installed, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change Supervisor Password**.

→ **Change User Password**

Use the **Change User Password** to set or change a user password. The default for this option is **Not Installed**. If a user password must be cleared, select this field and enter the password. After the password has been added, **Install** appears next to **Change User Password**.

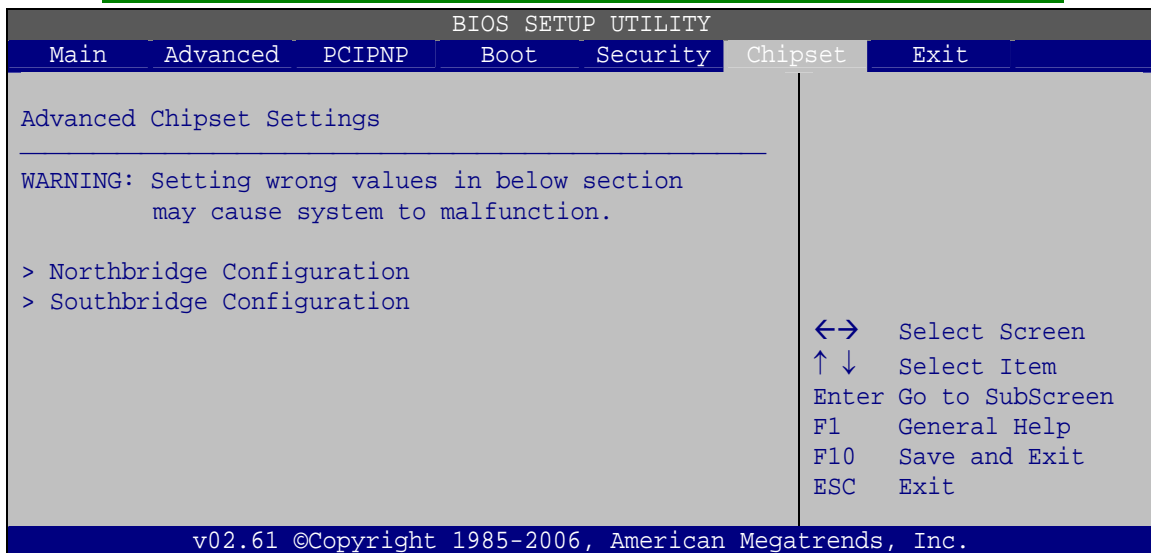
## 5.7 Chipsets

Use the **Chipset** menu to access the Northbridge and Southbridge configuration menus



**WARNING:**

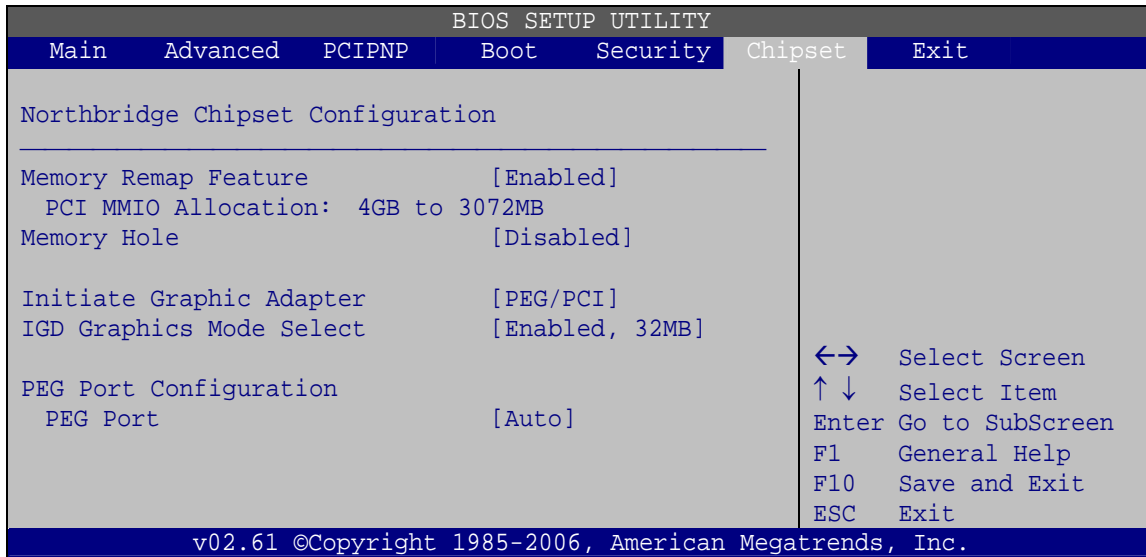
Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.



**BIOS Menu 24: Chipset**

## 5.7.1 Northbridge Chipset Configuration

Use the Northbridge Chipset Configuration menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to configure the Northbridge chipset settings.



### BIOS Menu 25: Northbridge Chipset Configuration

#### → Memory Remap Feature [Enabled]

Use the **Memory Remap Feature** option to allow the overlapped PCI memory above the total physical memory to be remapped. Enabling this option allows full use of 4 GB or more RAM in Windows VISTA, which reports only up to 3.12 GB when this feature is disabled.

- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      Overlapped PCI memory can be remapped
- **Disabled**                      Overlapped PCI memory cannot be remapped

#### → Memory Hole [Disabled]

The **Memory Hole** reserves the memory space between 15 MB and 16 MB for ISA expansion cards that require a specified area of memory to work properly. If an older ISA expansion card is used, please refer to the documentation that came with the card to see if it is necessary to reserve the space.

- ➔ **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Memory is not reserved for ISA expansion cards
- ➔ **Enabled**                      Memory is reserved for ISA expansion cards

➔ **Initiate Graphic Adapter**

Use the **Initiate Graphic Adapter** option to select the graphics controller used as the primary boot device. Select either an integrated graphics controller (IGD) or a combination of PCI graphics controller, a PCI express (PEG) controller or an IGD. Configuration options are listed below:

- IGD
- PEG/IGD
- PEG/PCI              **DEFAULT**
- PCI/PEG
- PCI/IGD

➔ **IGD Graphics Mode Select [Enabled, 32 MB]**

The **IGD Graphics Mode Select** option determines the amount of system memory that can be used by the internal graphics device.

- ➔ **Disabled,**                      Zero memory used by internal graphics device
- ➔ **Enabled,                      DEFAULT      32 MB of memory used by internal graphics device**  
**32 MB**
- ➔ **Enabled,                      64 MB of memory used by internal graphics device**  
**64 MB**
- ➔ **Enabled,                      128 MB of memory used by internal graphics device**  
**128 MB**                      device

➔ **PEG Port [Enabled]**

Use the **PEG Port** option to enable or disable the PCI Express port.

- ➔ **Disabled**                      Installed PEG cards cannot function.
- ➔ **Enabled                      DEFAULT      PEG card functions normally.**

## 5.7.2 Southbridge Chipset Configuration

Use the Southbridge Configuration menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to configure the Southbridge chipset.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
Main	Advanced	Chipset
Southbridge Configuration		Options
ASF Support	[Enabled]	Disabled
HDA Controller	[Enabled]	Enabled
Onboard I82574L LAN	[Enabled]	
I82574L LAN Boot	[Disabled]	
Onboard I82567LM LAN	[Enabled]	
GbE LAN Boot	[Disabled]	
GbE Wake Up from S5	[Disabled]	
Suspend Mode	[S1 (POS)]	←→ Select Screen
Restore On AC Power Loss	[Last State]	↑↓ Select Item
Restore On Keyboard/Mouse	[Enabled]	Enter Go to SubScreen
PCIE Ports Configuration		F1 General Help
PCIE x4 Slot	[Enabled]	F10 Save and Exit
		ESC Exit
v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.		

### BIOS Menu 26: Southbridge Chipset Configuration

#### ➔ HDA Controller [Disabled]

Use the **HDA Controller** option to enable the Southbridge high definition audio controller. If the optional AC-KIT-833HD has been connected to the system, or any other HDA device, this option should be enabled.

- ➔ **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Southbridge HDA controller is disabled
- ➔ **Enabled**                      Southbridge HDA controller is enabled

#### ➔ ASF Support [Enabled]

Use the **ASF Support** BIOS to allow remote management using ASF technology.

- ➔ **Disabled**                      The system will not communicate with a remote management server.

- **Enabled**      **DEFAULT**      The Alert Standard Format (ASF) controller is activated and can communicate with a remote management server.

#### → **I82574L LAN Boot [Disabled]**

The I82574L **LAN Boot** option enables remote boot of the system through LAN1.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Cannot be booted remotely through this port
- **Enabled**                              Can be booted remotely through this port

#### → **GbE LAN Support (I82567LM) [Disabled]**

The GbE LAN **Boot option** allows the system to be booted remotely over a network through LAN2. This LAN port also supports remote management using Intel® AMT.

- **Disabled**      **DEFAULT**      Cannot be booted remotely through this port
- **Enabled**                              Can be booted remotely through this port

#### → **Suspend Mode [S1 (POS)]**

Use the **Suspend Mode** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

- **S1 (POS)**                              The system enters S1 (POS) sleep state. The system appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is refreshed; the system is running in a low power mode.
- **S3 (STR)**      **DEFAULT**      The system enters S3 (STR) sleep state.

#### → **Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]**

Use the **Restore on AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

- **Power Off**                              The system remains turned off
- **Power On**                              The system turns on



- ➔ **Last State**    **DEFAULT**    The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

- ➔ **Resume on Keyboard/Mouse [Disabled]**

Use the **Resume on Keyboard/Mouse** BIOS option to enable activity on either the keyboard or mouse to rouse the system from a suspend or standby state. That is, the system is roused when the mouse is moved or a button on the keyboard is pressed.

- ➔ **Disabled**    **DEFAULT**    Wake event not generated by activity on the keyboard or mouse
- ➔ **Enabled**                  Wake event generated by activity on the keyboard or mouse
- ➔ **Disabled**    **DEFAULT**    Wake event not generated by an incoming call
- ➔ **Enabled**                  Wake event generated by an incoming call

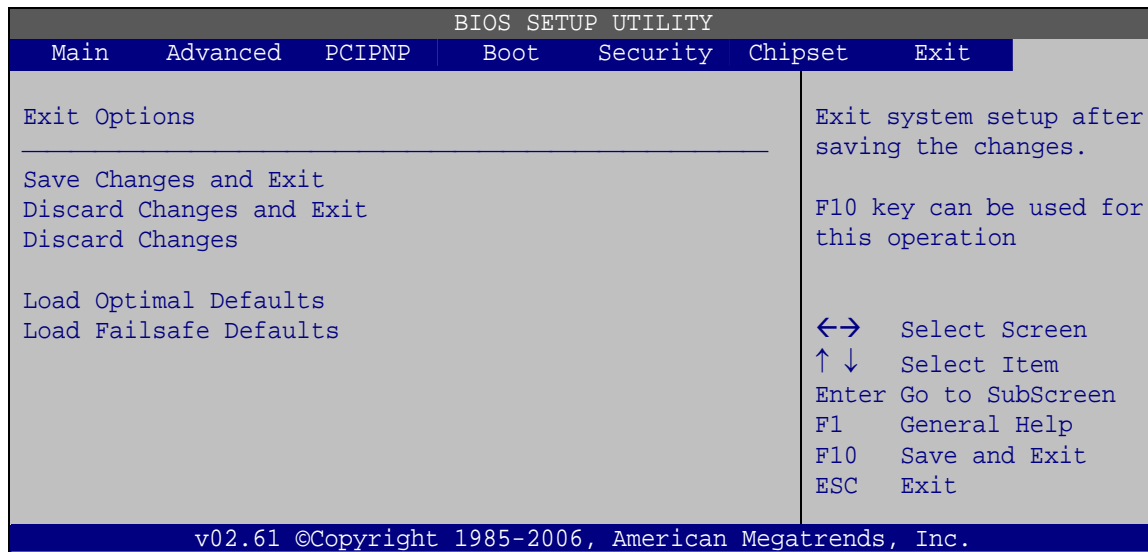
- ➔ **PCIE Ports Configuration [Enabled]**

Use the **PCIE Ports Configuration** option to determine enable or disable the PCIE ports.

- ➔ **Disabled**                  PCIE port is disabled.
- ➔ **Enabled**    **DEFAULT**    PCIE E port is enabled.

## 5.8 Exit

Use the **Exit** menu (Error! Reference source not found.) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.



### BIOS Menu 27: Exit

#### → Save Changes and Exit

Use the **Save Changes and Exit** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and to exit the BIOS configuration setup program.

#### → Discard Changes and Exit

Use the **Discard Changes and Exit** option to exit the BIOS configuration setup program without saving the changes made to the system.

#### → Discard Changes

Use the **Discard Changes** option to discard the changes and remain in the BIOS configuration setup program.

#### → Load Optimal Defaults

Use the **Load Optimal Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F9 key can be used for this operation.**

### → Load Failsafe Defaults

Use the **Load Failsafe Defaults** option to load failsafe default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F8 key can be used for this operation.**



Chapter

6

# Software Drivers

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## 6.1 Available Software Drivers

---

**NOTE:**

The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice.

---

The following drivers can be installed on the system:

▪ 6.3 Chipset Driver .....	143
▪ 6.4 Graphics Driver .....	145
▪ 6.5 LAN Driver.....	149
▪ 6.6 Audio Driver.....	153
▪ 6.7 Intel <sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager Driver .....	155
▪ 6.8 Intel <sup>®</sup> AMT (HECI) Driver.....	160
▪ 6.9 Intel <sup>®</sup> AMT (SOL) Driver .....	163

Installation instructions are given below.

## 6.2 Starting the Driver Program

To access the driver installation programs, please do the following.

**Step 1:** Insert the CD-ROM that came with the system into a CD-ROM drive attached to the system.

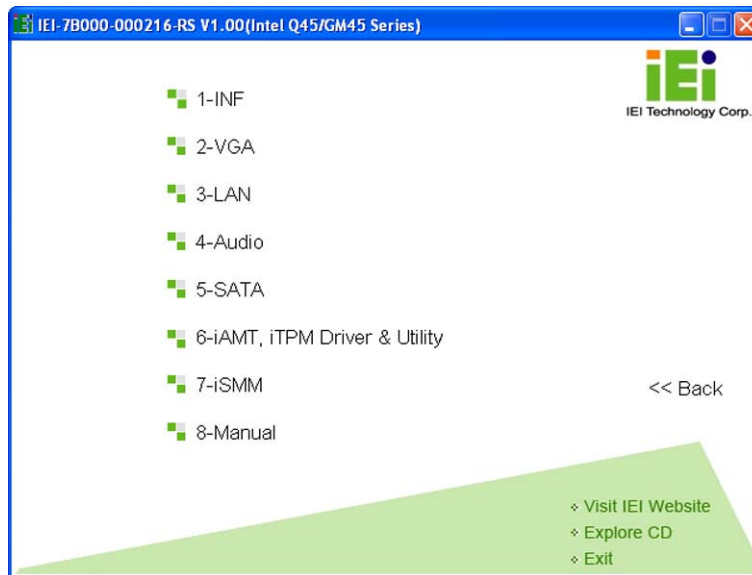
**Step 2:** The screen in **Figure 6-1** appears.



**Figure 6-1: Start Up Screen**

**Step 3:** Click **IMBA-Q454**.

**Step 4:** The list of drivers in **Figure 6-2** appears.



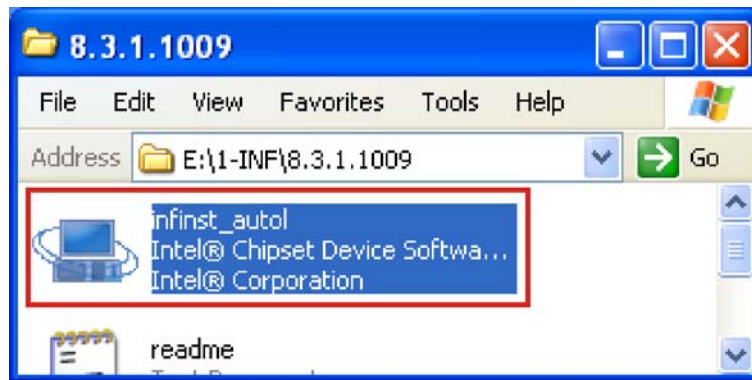
**Figure 6-2: Drivers**

## 6.3 Chipset Driver

To install the Intel® chipset driver, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Click "INF" in the drivers list.

**Step 2:** Double-click "infinst\_autol" in **Figure 6-3**.



**Figure 6-3: Intel® Chipset Driver Directory**

**Step 3:** The Welcome screen appears (**Figure 6-4**).



**Figure 6-4: Intel® Setup Welcome Screen**

**Step 4:** Click **NEXT** to continue.

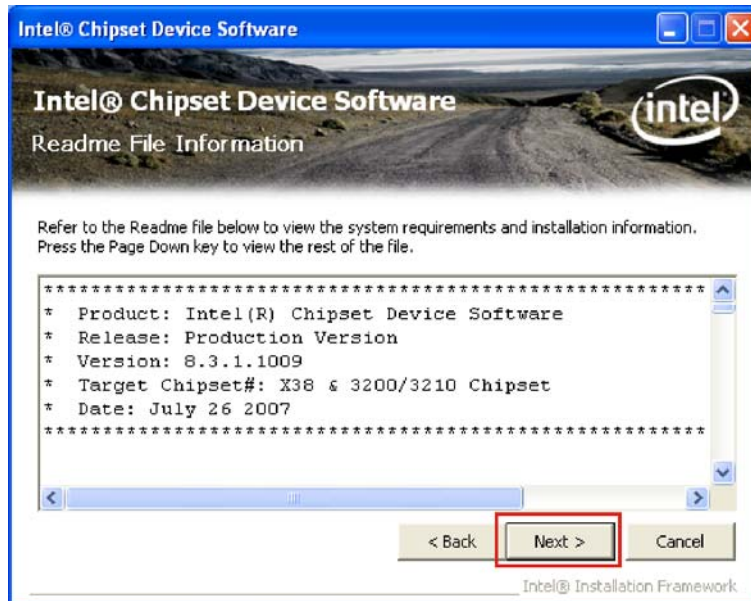
**Step 5:** The Intel® license agreement screen appears (**Figure 6-5**).



**Figure 6-5: Intel® Chipset Driver License Agreement**

**Step 6:** Click **YES** to accept the agreement and continue.

**Step 7:** The Readme file contents are displayed (**Figure 6-6**).



**Figure 6-6: Readme File**



**Step 8:** Click **NEXT** to begin the installation.

**Step 9:** When the setup is complete, the final screen appears (**Figure 6-7**).



**Figure 6-7: Intel® Chipset Driver Complete Installation Screen**

**Step 10:** To exit the installation, click **FINISH**.

## 6.4 Graphics Driver

To install the chipset driver, please follow the steps below:

**Step 1:** Click "**VGA**" from the driver menu.

**Step 2:** Browse to the graphics driver folder ("**E:\2-VGA\WIN2K\_XP\14.31.1.4864**") for Windows XP (**Figure 6-8**).

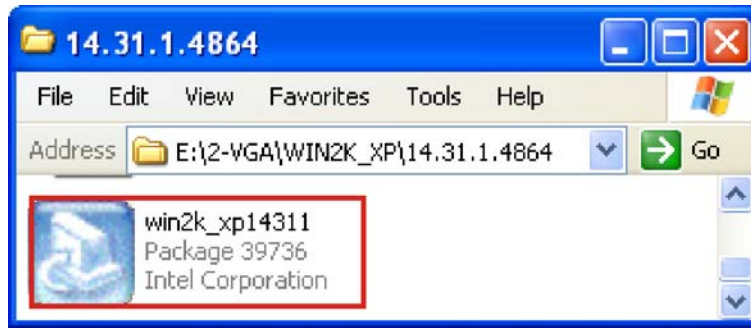


Figure 6-8: Graphics Driver File

**Step 3:** Double-click the driver file

**Step 4:** The version information file appears (Figure 6-9).

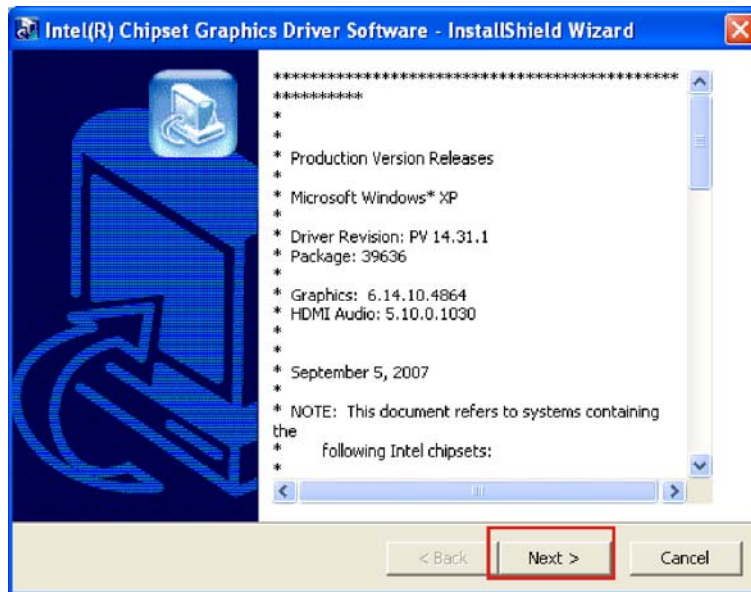


Figure 6-9: Graphics Driver Readme File

**Step 5:** Click NEXT to continue.

**Step 6:** The welcome screen appears (Figure 6-10).

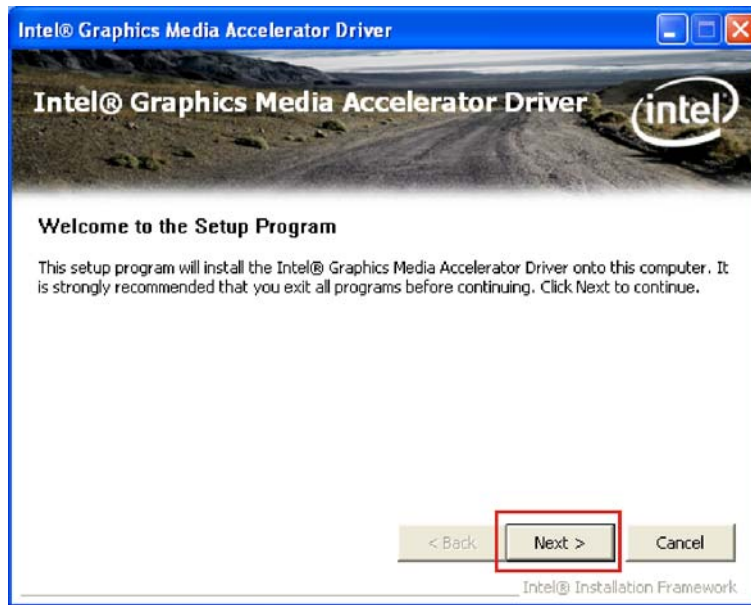


Figure 6-10: Graphics Driver Installation Welcome Screen

**Step 7:** Click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 8:** The license agreement appears (**Figure 6-11**).

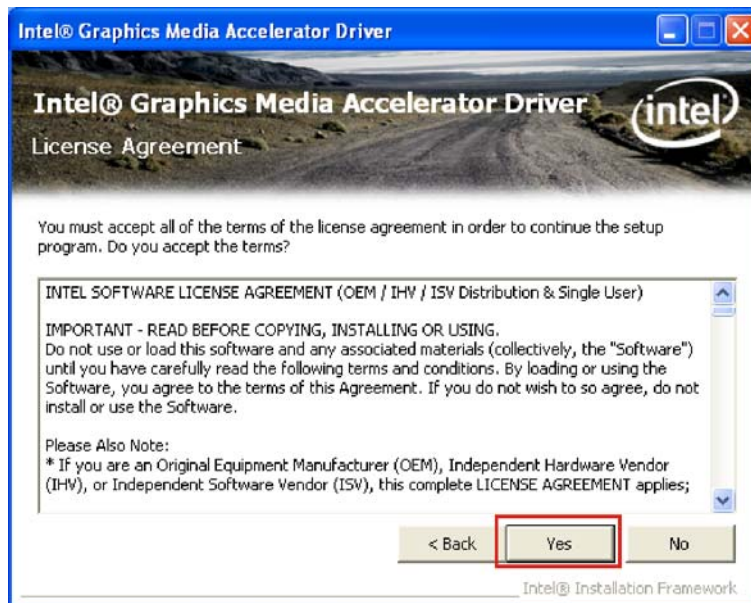
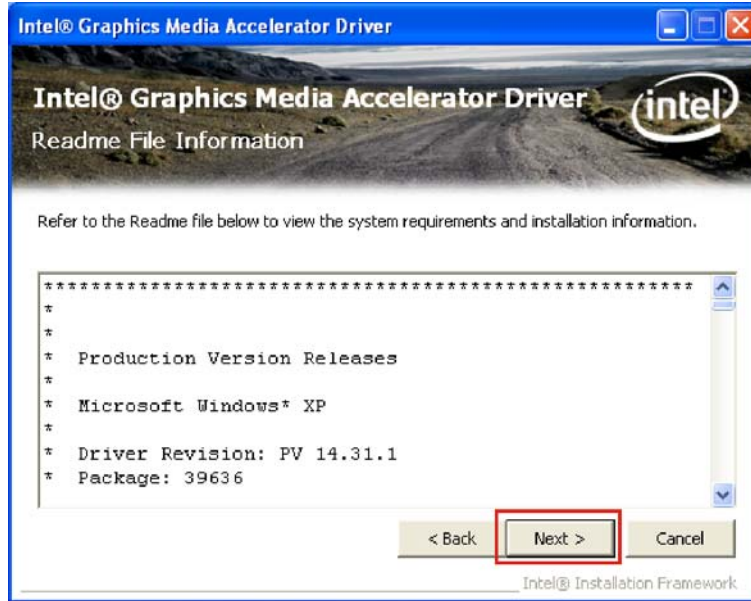


Figure 6-11: GMA Driver License Agreement

**Step 9:** Click **YES** to continue.

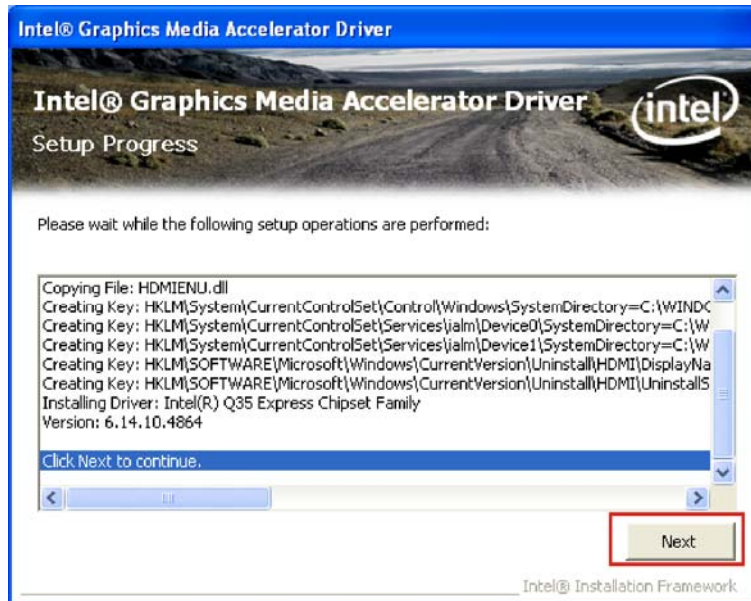
**Step 10:** The Readme file appears (Figure 6-12).



**Figure 6-12: GMA Driver Installing Notice**

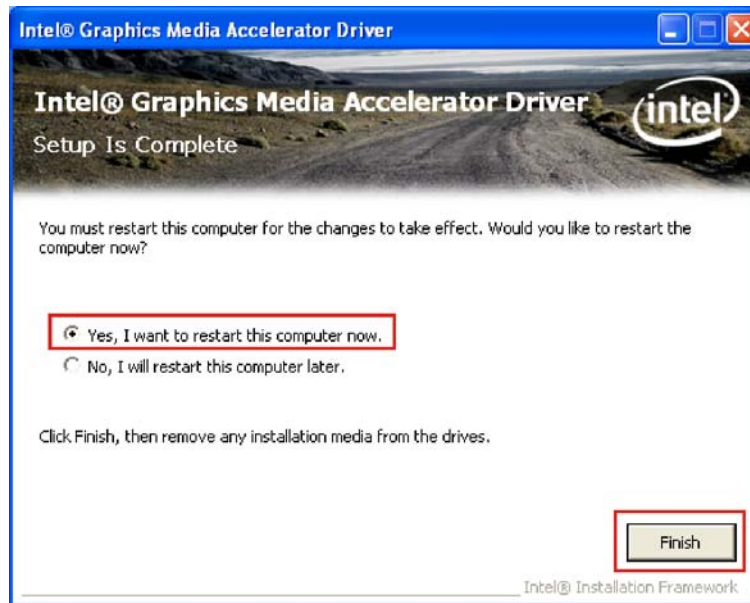
**Step 11:** Click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 12:** The driver installation progress is shown (Figure 6-13).



**Figure 6-13: GMA Driver Installation Complete**

**Step 13:** Click **NEXT** to continue to the final screen.



**Figure 6-14: GMA Driver Installing Notice**

**Step 14:** For newly installed drivers to take effect, the computer must be restarted. Select "Yes" to restart the computer now (close any other programs first), or "No" to restart it later. Click **FINISH** to complete the installation.

## 6.5 LAN Driver

To install the LAN drivers, please follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Click "LAN" in the driver menu.

**Step 2:** Browse to the LAN driver directory ("E:\3-LAN\Intel\Intel 82566DM, MMWIN\_2KXP\32bit\12" for Windows XP (Figure 6-15).

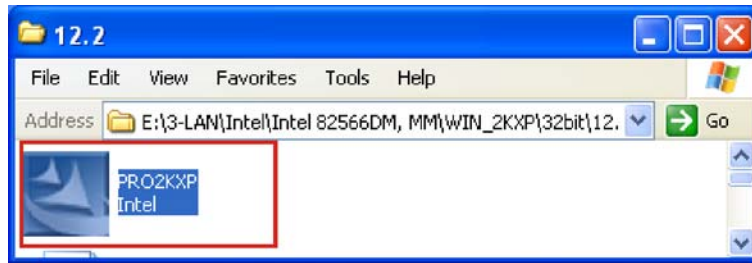


Figure 6-15: LAN Driver File

**Step 3:** Double click **PRO2KXP** icon.

**Step 4:** The welcome screen appears (Figure 6-16).

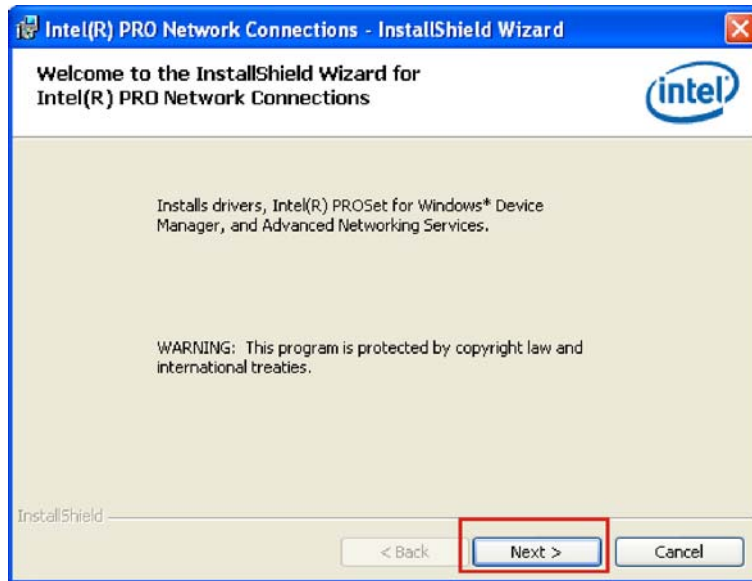


Figure 6-16: LAN Driver Welcome Screen

**Step 5:** Click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 6:** The license agreement appears (Figure 6-17).

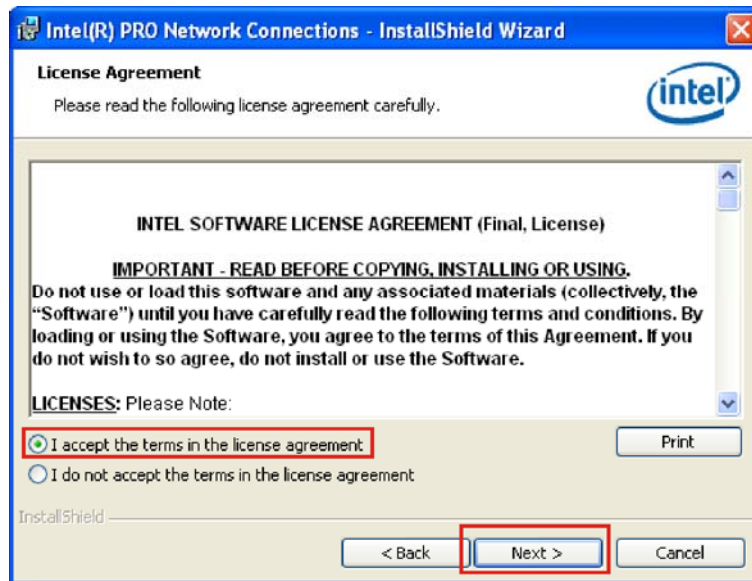


Figure 6-17: LAN Driver License Agreement

**Step 7:** Accept the conditions of the license agreement and click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 8:** The Setup Options screen appears (Figure 6-18).

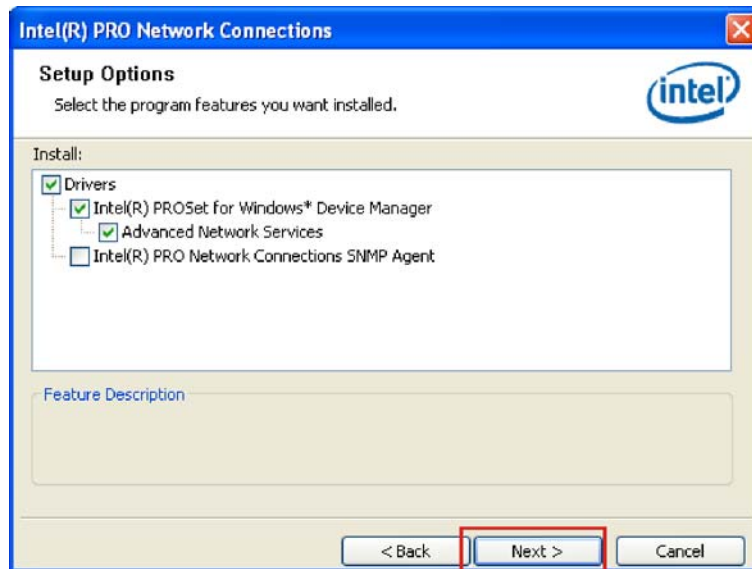
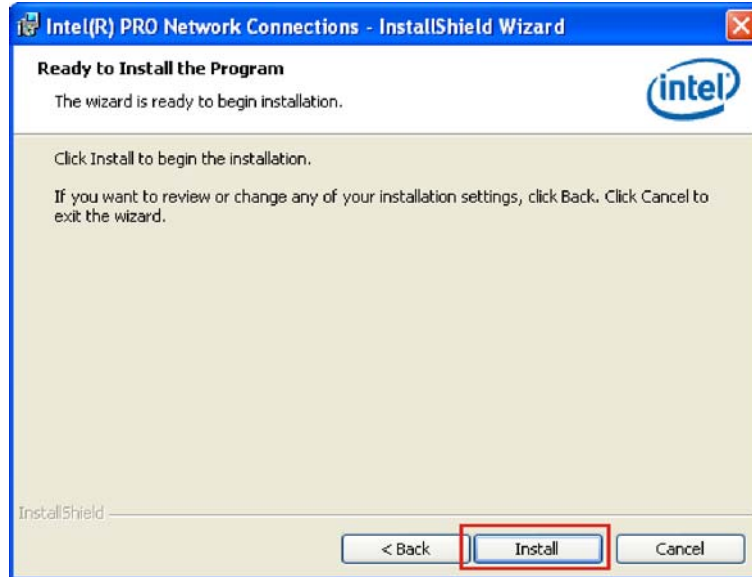


Figure 6-18: LAN Driver Setup Options

**Step 9:** Select the setup options (default recommended) and click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 10:** The drivers are ready to install. Click **INSTALL** to begin the installation process (Figure 6-19).



**Figure 6-19: LAN Driver Installation Ready Window**

**Step 11:** Click **INSTALL** to begin the driver installation.

**Step 12:** The window shows the installation is complete (Figure 6-20).



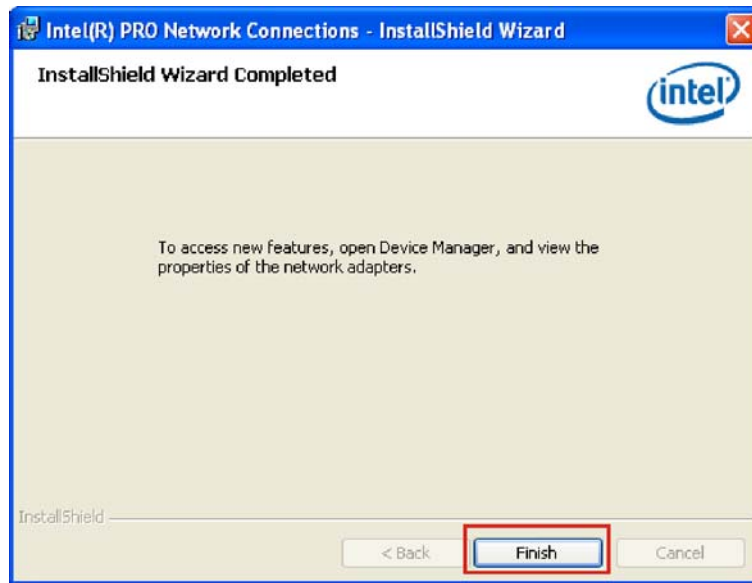


Figure 6-20: LAN Driver Installation Progress

**Step 13:** Click **FINISH** to exit the setup program.

## 6.6 Audio Driver

To install the Realtek High Definition (HD) Audio driver, please follow the steps below.



### NOTE:

This driver only needs to be installed if an external audio kit with a Realtek ALC888 codec is installed.

### 6.6.1 BIOS Setup

**Step 1:** Enter the BIOS setup. To do this, reboot the system and press **DEL** during POST.

**Step 2:** Go to the Southbridge Configuration menu. Enable the High Definition Audio controller.

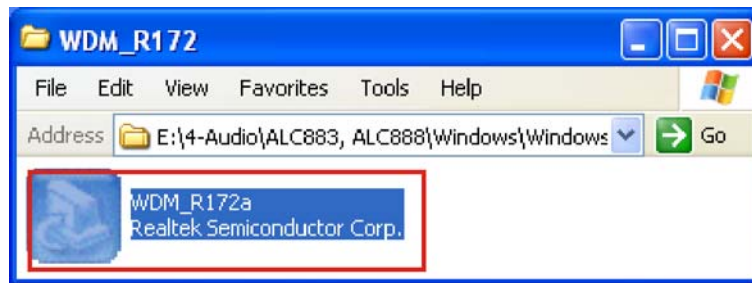
**Step 3:** Press **F10** to save the changes and exit the BIOS setup. The system reboots.

## 6.6.2 Driver Installation

To install the audio driver please follow the steps below.

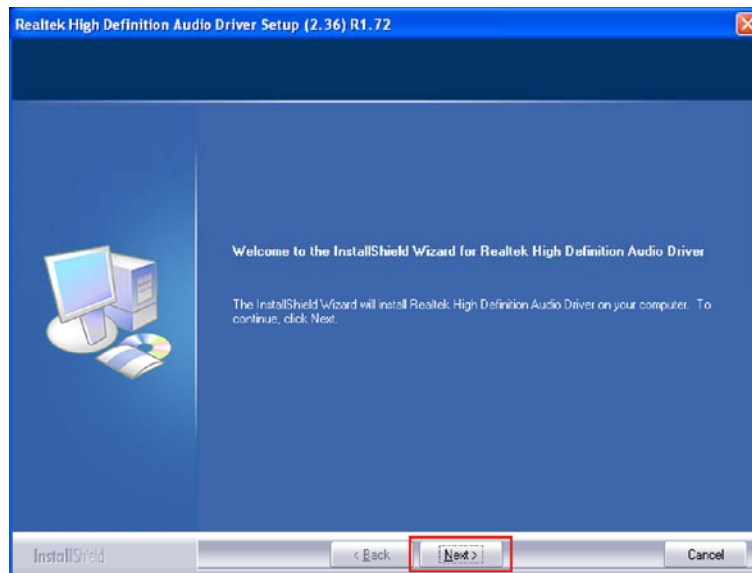
**Step 1:** Select "**AUDIO**" from the main menu.

**Step 2:** Browse to the audio setup file directory (**Figure 6-21**).



**Figure 6-21: Audio Setup File**

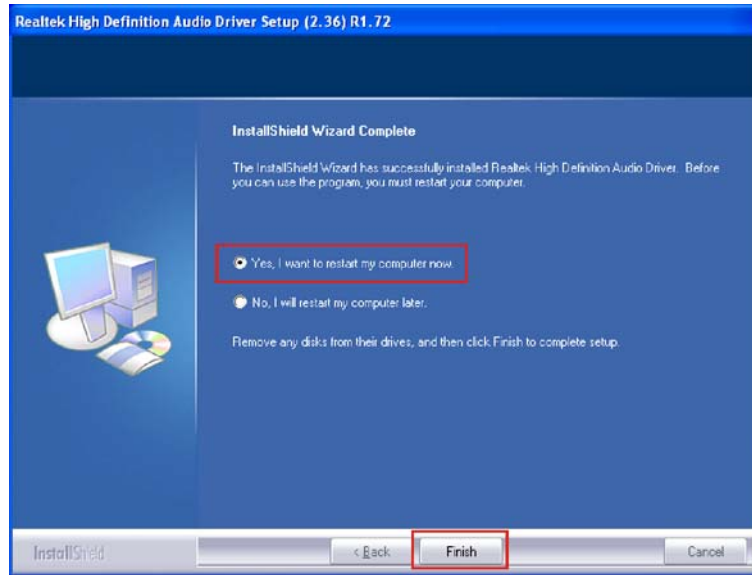
**Step 3:** The audio driver InstallShield wizard begins (**Figure 6-22**).



**Figure 6-22: InstallShield Wizard Welcome Screen**

**Step 4:** Click **NEXT** to continue the installation.

**Step 5:** Don't click on any screens until the final screen appears (**Figure 6-23**).



**Figure 6-23: Installation Wizard Finished**

**Step 6:** For the audio drivers to take effect, the computer must be restarted. Select "Yes" to restart the computer immediately after exiting the wizard, or "No" to restart it later. Click **FINISH** to exit the InstallShield Wizard.

## 6.7 Intel® Matrix Storage Manager Driver

To install the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager driver, please follow the steps below:

**Step 1:** Select **SATA**.

**Step 2:** A new window opens (Error! Reference source not found.).

**Step 3:** Double-click the `iata62_cd.exe` program icon in **Figure 6-24**.

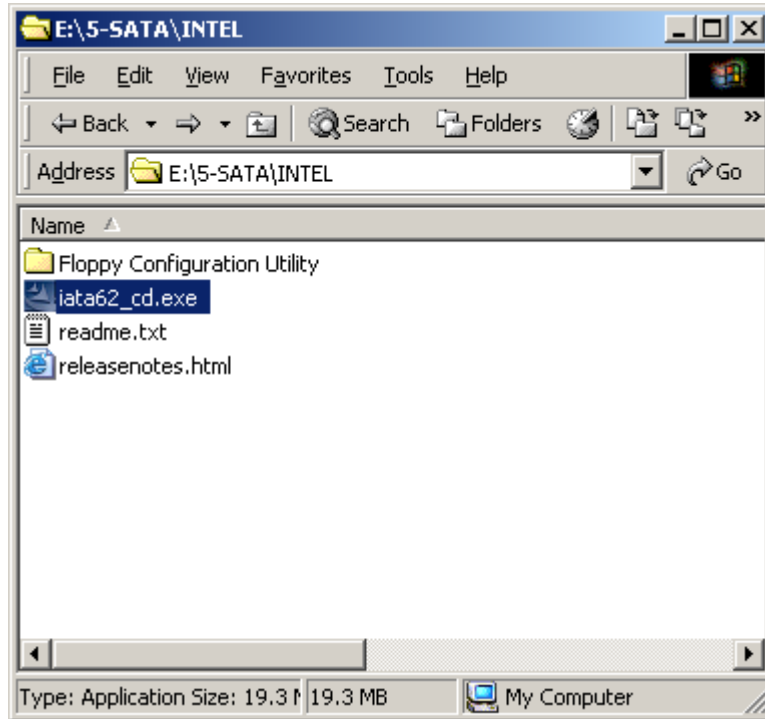


Figure 6-24: SATA RAID Setup Program Icon

**Step 4:** Figure 6-25 shows the InstallShield Wizard preparing to guide the user through the rest of the process.

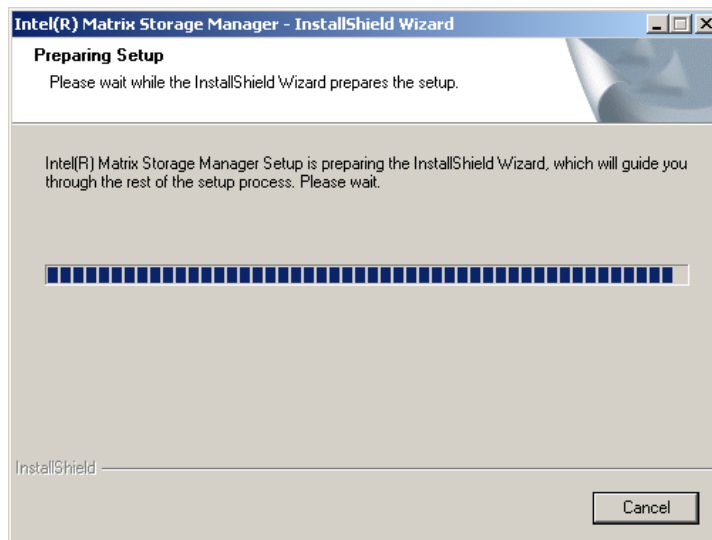
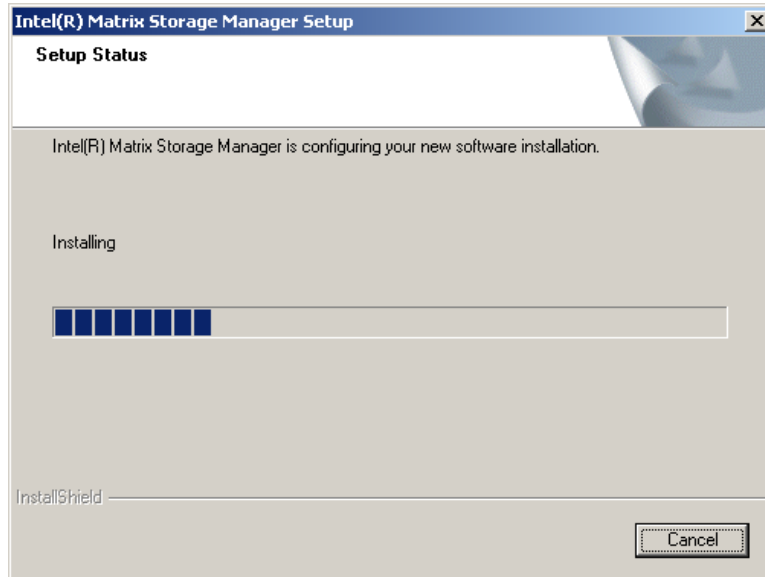


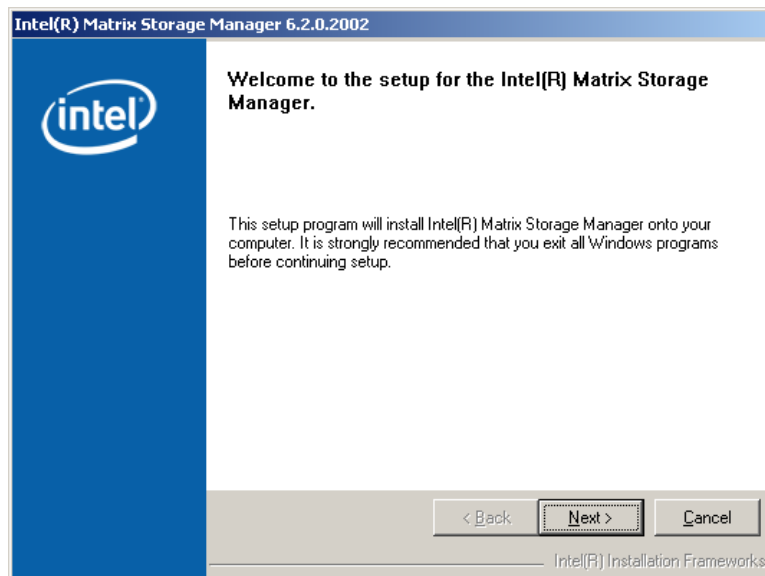
Figure 6-25: InstallShield Wizard Setup Screen

**Step 5:** Figure 6-26 shows the Matrix Storage Manager software configuring the installation process.



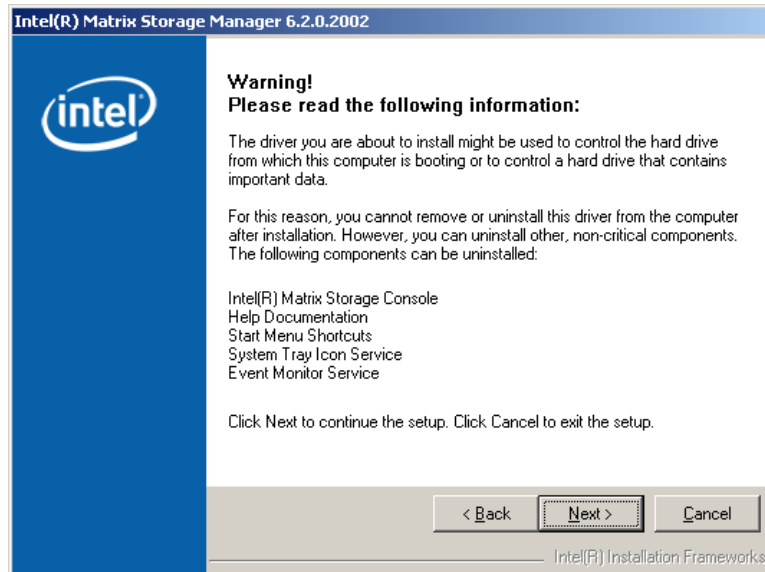
**Figure 6-26: Matrix Storage Manager Setup Screen**

**Step 6:** Figure 6-27 shows the Matrix Storage Manager welcome screen.



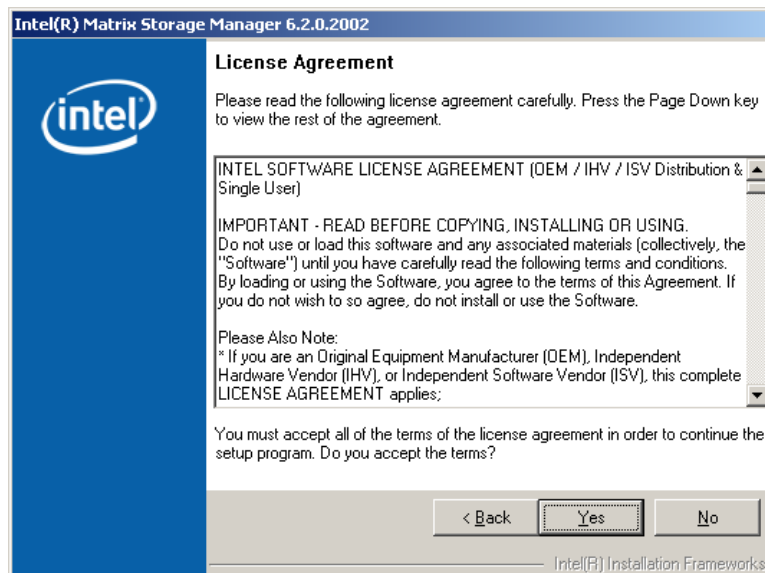
**Figure 6-27: Matrix Storage Manager Welcome Screen**

**Step 7:** Click **NEXT** and a warning appears (**Figure 6-28**). Read the warning carefully and decide whether or not to continue the installation process.



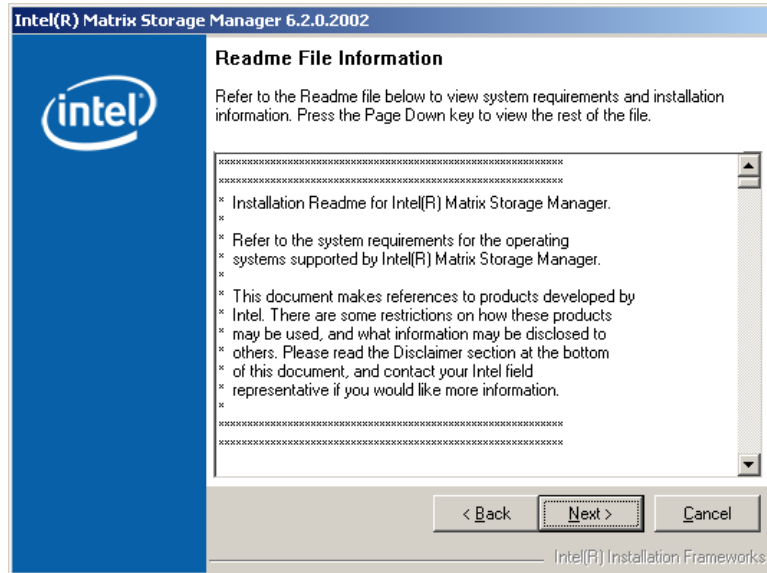
**Figure 6-28: Matrix Storage Manager Warning Screen**

**Step 8:** Click **NEXT** and a license agreement appears (**Figure 6-29**).



**Figure 6-29: Matrix Storage Manager License Agreement**

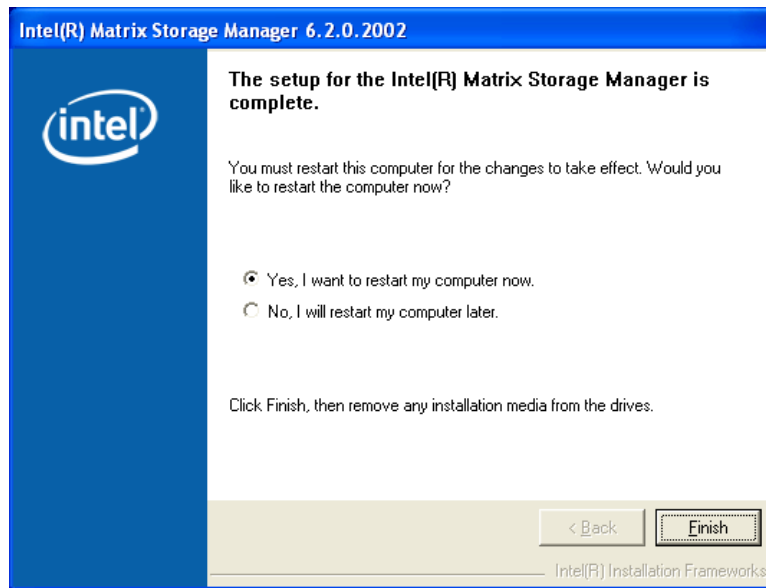
**Step 9:** Read the license agreement. To accept the terms and conditions stipulated in the license agreement shown, click **YES** and the Readme information file shown in **Figure 6-30** appears.



**Figure 6-30: Matrix Storage Manager Readme File**

**Step 10:** Read the Readme file information and click **NEXT**.

**Step 11:** After the driver installation process is complete, a confirmation screen appears (**Figure 6-31**).



**Figure 6-31: Matrix Storage Manager Setup Complete**

**Step 12:** The confirmation screen offers the option of restarting the computer now or later.

For the settings to take effect, the computer must be restarted. Click **FINISH** to exit the wizard.

## 6.8 Intel® AMT (HECI) Driver

The Intel® AMT HECI drivers are a software interface between the operating system and the AMT subsystem. All communications between the OS and AMT is accomplished through the HECI interface. For more information on Intel® AMT, please visit <http://www.intel.com/technology/platform-technology/intel-amt/>. To install the Intel® AMT HECI drivers, please follow the steps below:

**Step 1:** Select "**iAMT, iTPM & Utility**" from the drivers menu.

**Step 2:** Browse to the "**HECI**" folder (**Figure 6-32**).



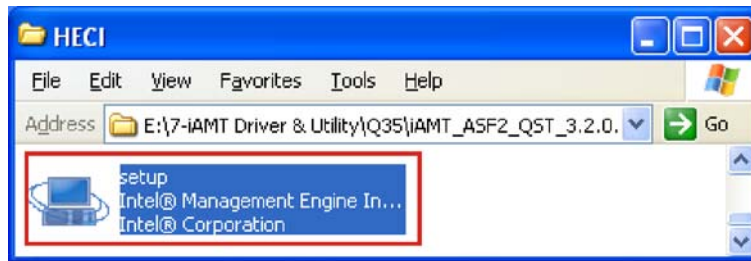


Figure 6-32: AMT HECI Driver Directory

**Step 3:** Double-click the setup file (Figure 6-33).

**Step 4:** The welcome screen appears (Figure 6-33).

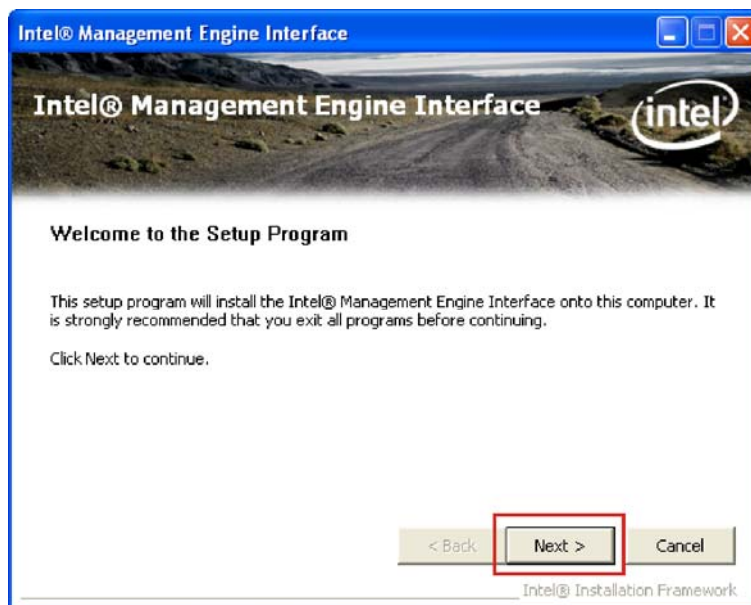


Figure 6-33: AMT HECI Welcome Screen

**Step 5:** Click NEXT to continue.

**Step 6:** The License Agreement appears (Figure 6-34).

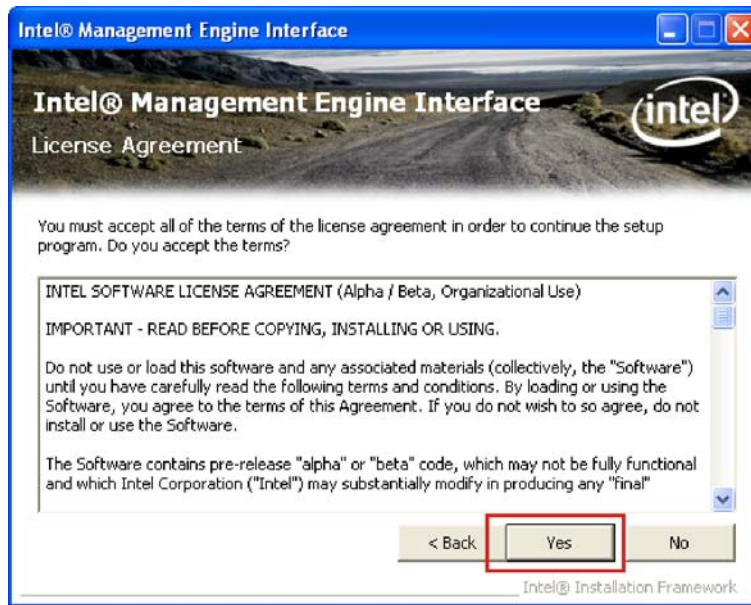


Figure 6-34: AMT HECI License Agreement

**Step 7:** Click **YES** to agree to the terms of the agreement and continue installation.

**Step 8:** The IAMT Readme file appears (Figure 6-35).

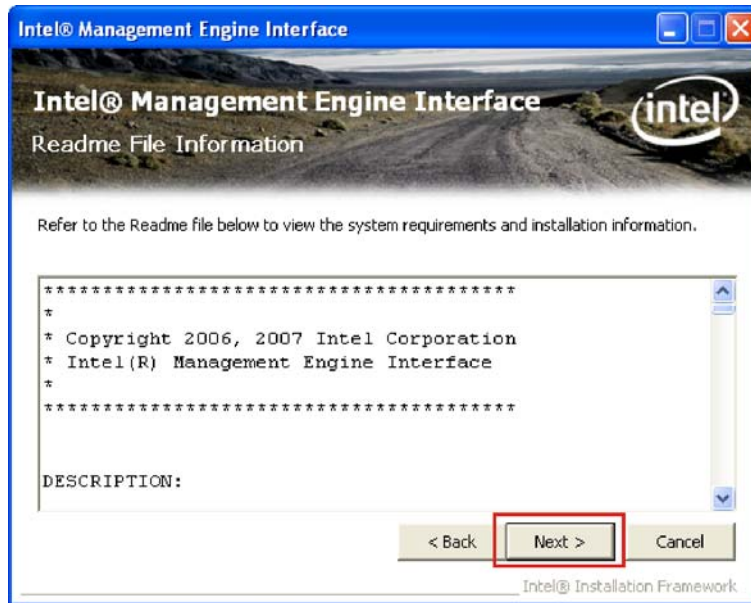


Figure 6-35: AMT HECI Driver Readme File

**Step 9:** Click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 10:** Driver setup is complete.



**Figure 6-36: AMT HECI Driver Installation Complete**

**Step 11:** Click **FINISH** to exit the InstallShield wizard.

## 6.9 Intel® AMT (SOL) Driver

The Intel® AMT Serial Over LAN (SOL) drivers allow remote management of the system through a serial port device redirected through the LAN interface. For more information on Intel® AMT, please visit <http://www.intel.com/technology/platform-technology/intel-amt/>. To set up SOL, please follow the steps below:

**Step 1:** Select "**iAMT and Utilities**" from the drivers menu.

**Step 2:** Browse to the "**HECI**" folder (**Figure 6-37**).

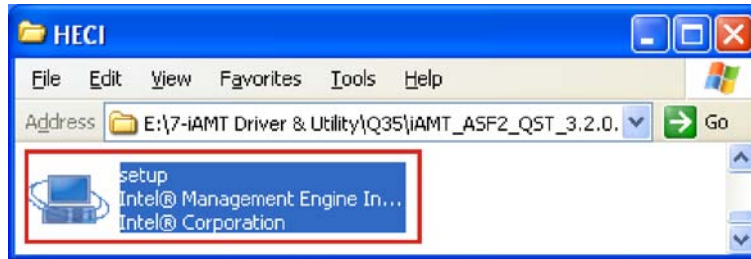


Figure 6-37: IAMT Driver Directory

**Step 3:** The welcome screen appears (Figure 6-38).

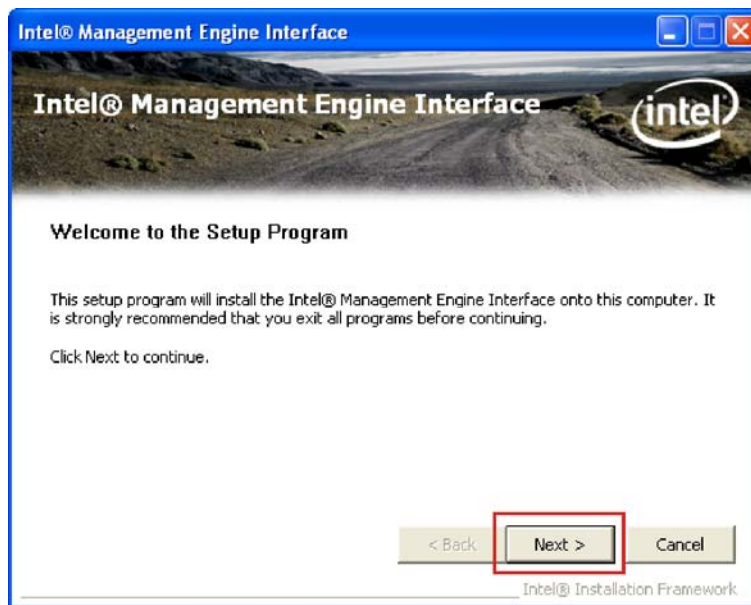


Figure 6-38: IAMT Welcome Screen

**Step 4:** Click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 5:** The License Agreement appears (Figure 6-39).

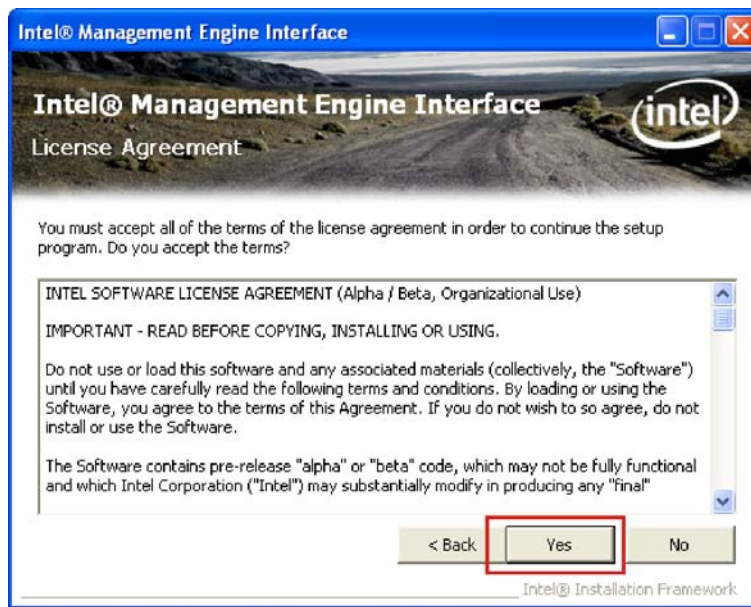


Figure 6-39: IAMT License Agreement

**Step 6:** Click **YES** to agree to the terms of the agreement and continue the installation.

**Step 7:** The IAMT Readme file appears (**Figure 6-40**).

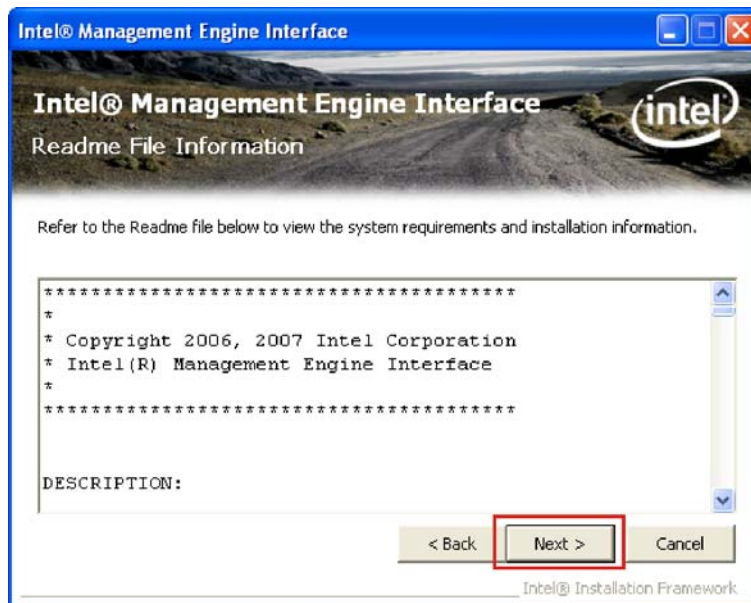


Figure 6-40: IAMT Readme File

**Step 8:** Click **NEXT** to continue.

**Step 9:** The final installation screen appears (Figure 6-41).



**Figure 6-41: Completed Installation**

**Step 10:** Click **FINISH** to complete the IAMT installation.

Chapter

7

# Intel<sup>®</sup> AMT Setup

---

## 7.1 Intel® AMT Setup Procedure

The IMBA-Q454-R10 is featured with the Intel® Active Management Technology (AMT) 3.0. To enable the Intel® AMT function, follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Make sure the **DIMM1** socket is installed with one DDR2 DIMM.

**Step 2:** Connect an Ethernet cable to the RJ-45 connector labeled **LAN2\_USB23**.

**Step 3:** The AMI BIOS options regarding the Intel® ME or Intel® AMT must be enabled, including:

- Intel® AMT Configuration [Advanced]
- ME Subsystem Configuration [Advanced]
- Configure the Intel® Management Engine BIOS extension (MEBx) (see **Section 7.2** below)

**Step 4:** Properly install the Intel® AMT drives. Make sure to install both HECI and LMS\_SOL drivers from the iAMT Driver & Utility directory in the driver CD (see **Section 6.8**).

**Step 5:** The following dialog window is displayed after the OS is loaded to show the Intel® AMT status on the IMBA-Q454-R10 is enabled.



Figure 7-1: Intel® Active Management Technology Status Dialog

## 7.2 Intel® Management Engine BIOS Extension

This section describes the essential steps for using the Intel® Management Engine BIOS extension (MEBx).



- Step 1:** A screen prompts the user to press <Ctrl+P> after a single beep during boot-up process. To get into the Intel® MEBx settings, press <Ctrl+P>.
- Step 2:** Enter the Intel® current ME password as required (**Figure 7-2**). Enter the factory default ME password: **Abab12!@** (the Intel® default password is **admin**).

**NOTE:**

The default Intel® ME password is "admin". When the BIOS is cleared, the password will reset to "admin".



**Figure 7-2: Intel® Current ME Password**

- Step 3:** To change the password, select **Change Intel® ME Password**. Enter a new password following the strong password rule (containing at least one upper case letter, one lower case letter, one digit and one special character, and be at least eight characters). (**Figure 7-3**)

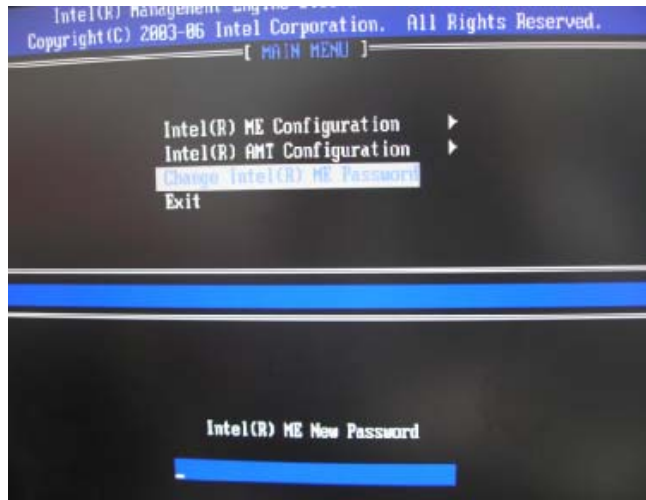


Figure 7-3: Change Intel® ME Password

**Step 4:** Verify the new password by entering again (Figure 7-4).

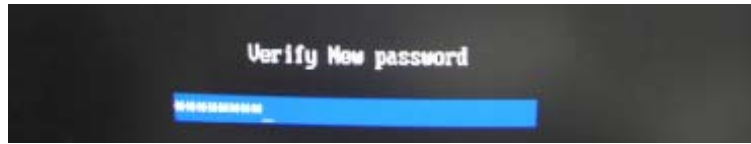


Figure 7-4: Verify New Password

**Step 5:** Select Intel® AMT Configuration and press Enter (Figure 7-5).



Figure 7-5: Intel® AMT Configuration

**Step 6:** Select Provision Model and press Enter. (Figure 7-6)

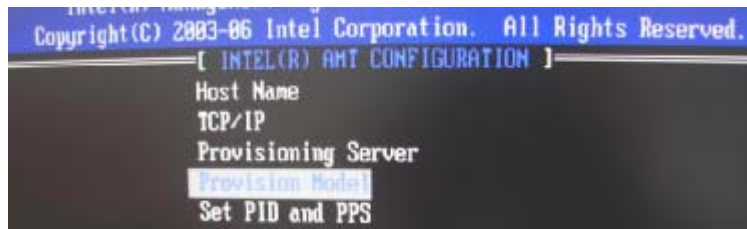


Figure 7-6: Provision Model

**Step 7:** When the screen in **Figure 7-7** prompts, enter N and press Enter.

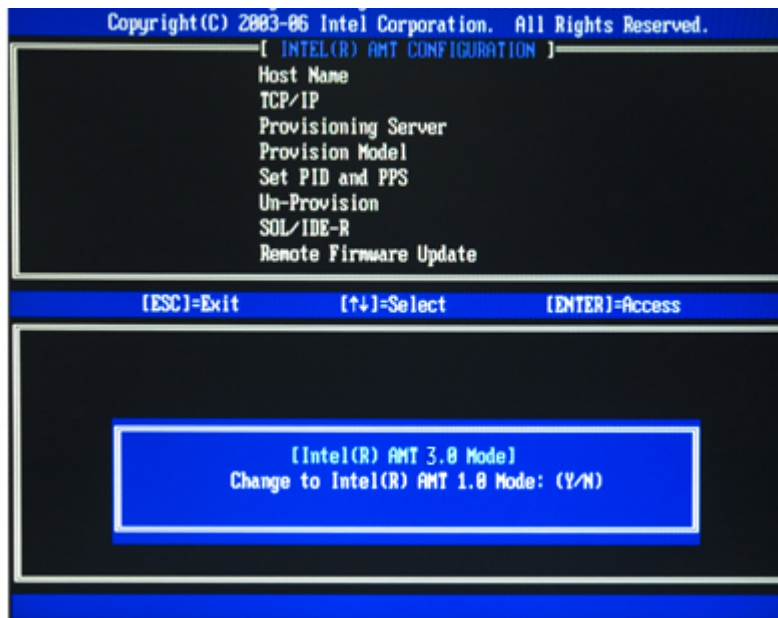


Figure 7-7: Intel® AMT 5.0 Mode

**Step 8:** A message prompts to confirm to Change to Small Business (**Figure 7-8**). Enter Y and press **Enter**.



Figure 7-8: Enterprise

**Step 9:** Select TCP/IP (in Intel AMT Configuration) and press **Enter**. A message prompts for disabling network interface. Enter **N** to enable network interface.

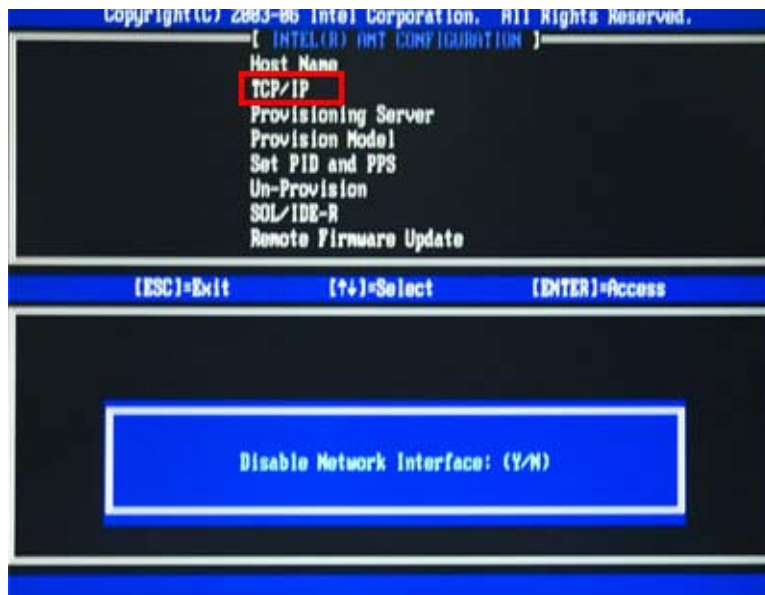


Figure 7-9: Enable Network Interface

**Step 10:** Enable or disable DHCP. DHCP is enabled by default. If DHCP is disabled, enter the following TCP/IP settings:

- Static TCP/IP address (the static TCP/IP address and Intel® AMI Host Name must be different from those configured in the operating system)
- Subnet mask
- Default Gateway address (optional)
- Preferred Domain Naming Services (DNS) server address (optional)
- Alternate DNS server address (optional)
- Domain name (optional)

**Step 11:** Make other necessary settings in the Intel® MEBx depending on users' need.

**Step 12:** To exit the Intel® MEBx, return to the main menu and select **Exit**. (Figure 7-10)

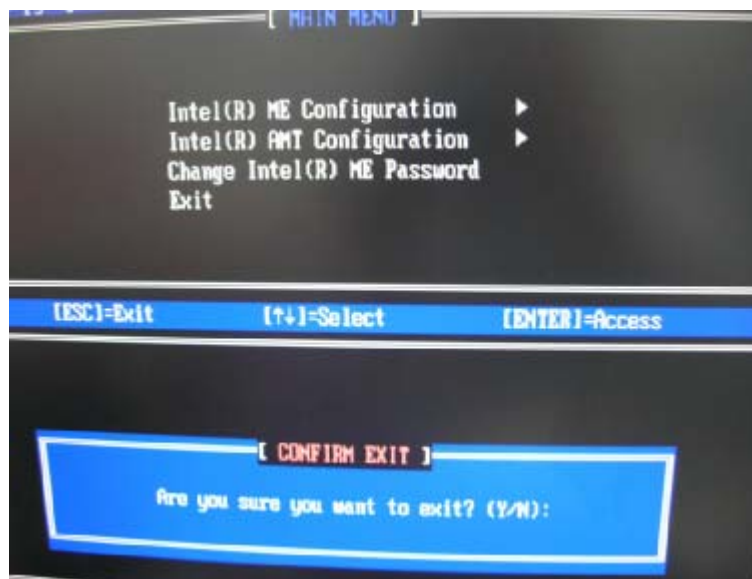


Figure 7-10: Exit

### 7.3 Using the Intel® AMT Web Interface



#### NOTE:

Prior to use the Intel® AMT web interface, please make sure the Intel® AMT drivers are properly installed in the IMBA-Q454-R10 and the Intel® AMT enabled confirmation dialog window displays after boot-up.

To access an Intel® AMT client system from a remote console, follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Obtain the IP address of the client system.

**Step 2:** On the remote management console, open a web browser.

**Step 3:** If DHCP is enabled in the TCP/IP menu of the Intel® ME BIOS (**Section 7.2, Step 10**), get the client system IP address in the MS DOS. Enter the client system IP address and the port number in the web browser:

`http://ip_address:16992` Example: `http://192.168.1.7:16992` (**Figure 7-11**)

Or simply enter the defined host name: `http://host_name:16992`

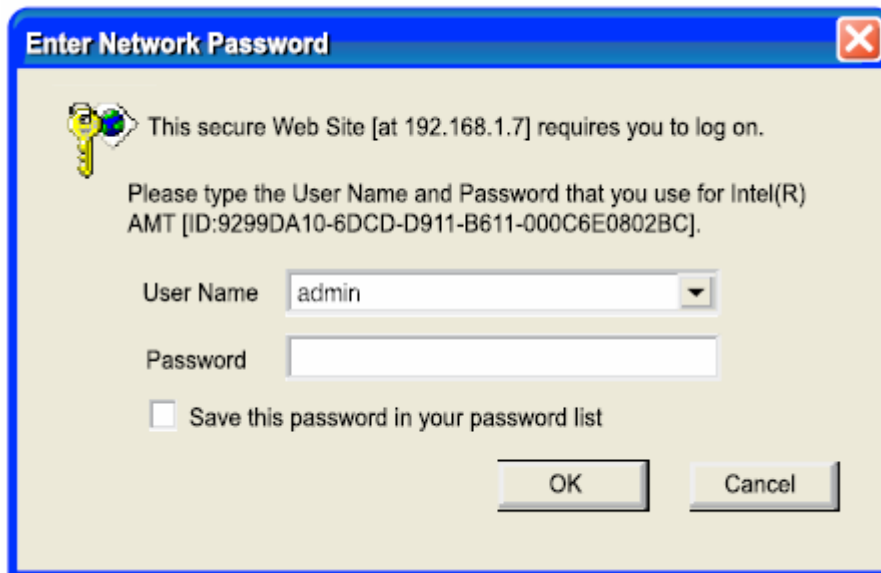
Example: `http://AMTsystem:16992`



**Figure 7-11: Intel® AMT Web Address**

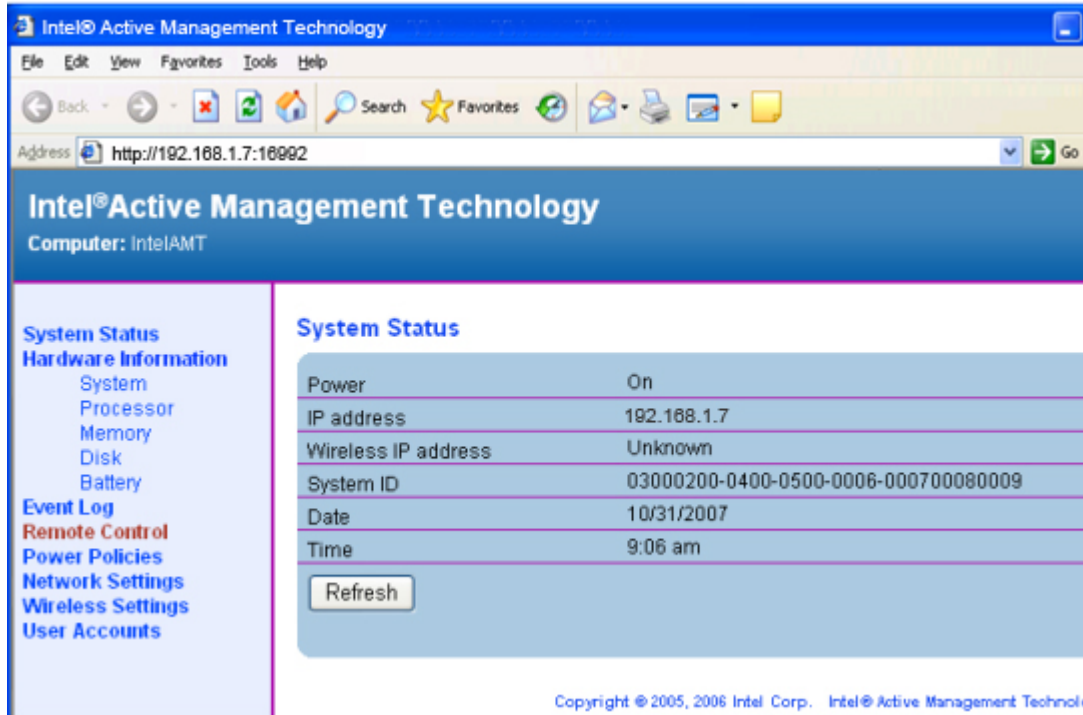
**Step 4:** If a static IP address is defined for the Intel® AMT client system, enter the defined client system IP address and the port number in the web browser.

**Step 5:** A login window prompts (**Figure 7-12**).



**Figure 7-12: Intel® AMT Web Login Dialog**

- Step 6:** Enter admin as the user name (**Figure 7-12**).
- Step 7:** Enter the password changed in the Intel® MEBx configuration. The default password is **Abab12!@**
- Step 8:** Press **OK** and the Intel® AMT web interface appears (**Figure 7-13**).



**Figure 7-13: Intel® AMT Web Interface**



**NOTE:**

To enhance the platform manageability of the IMBA-Q454-R10, work with the Independent Software Vendors (ISV) to implement the Intel® AMT management utility on the system.



Chapter

8

# iSMM Setup

---

## 8.1 iSMM Introduction

The IEI Intelligent System Management Module (iSMM) application monitors and shows the voltage, fan speed, temperature, and watchdog time, DIO and cash drawer information of the system. The users can control the setting in the following pages:

- Voltage Page
- Fan Page
- Temperature Page
- DIO Page
- WDT Page
- Cashdrawer Page

## 8.2 iSMM Installation

Follow the steps below to install the iSMM application.

**Step 1:** Insert the utility CD that came with the IMBA-Q454-R10 into a CD drive connected to the system.

**Step 2:** Click the **setup.exe** in the IEI iSMM folder.

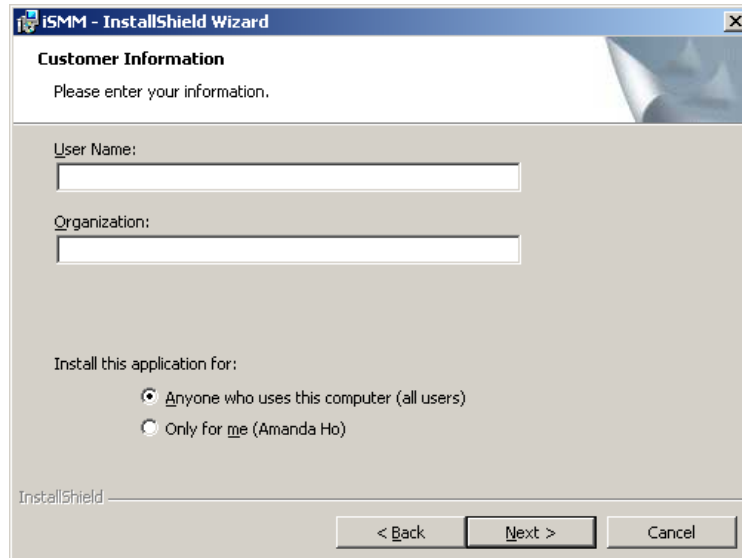
**Step 3:** The welcome screen in **Figure 8-1** appears.



**Figure 8-1: iSMM Installation Welcome Screen**

**Step 4:** Click **NEXT** to continue the installation process.

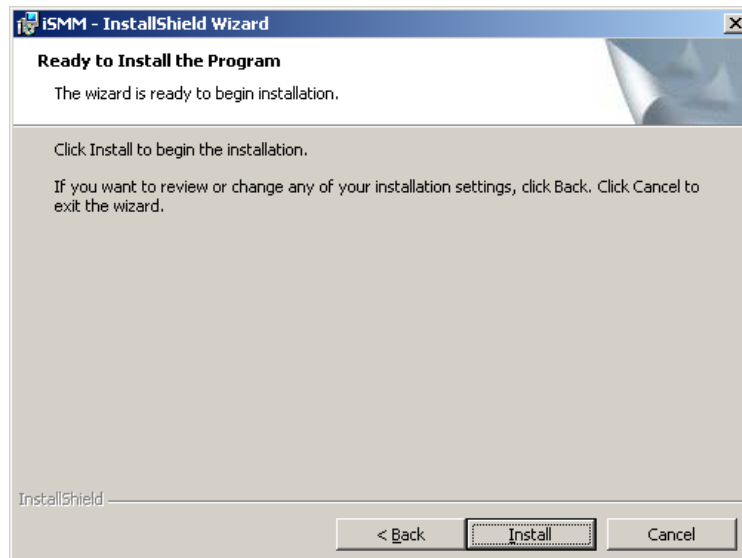
**Step 5:** The customer information in **Figure 8-2** appears.



**Figure 8-2: iSMM Installation Customer Information**

**Step 6:** Fill out the information and click **NEXT**.

**Step 7:** The Ready to Install the Program in **Figure 8-3** appears.



**Figure 8-3: Ready to Install the Program Window**

**Step 8:** Click **NEXT** to start the software installation.

**Step 9:** After the driver installation process is complete, a confirmation screen appears.

**Step 10:** Click **FINISH** to complete the software installation.

### 8.3 Voltage Page

The IEI iSMM application monitors and shows the current system voltages on the Voltage Page (**Figure 8-4**). The following sections describe the Voltage Page in details.

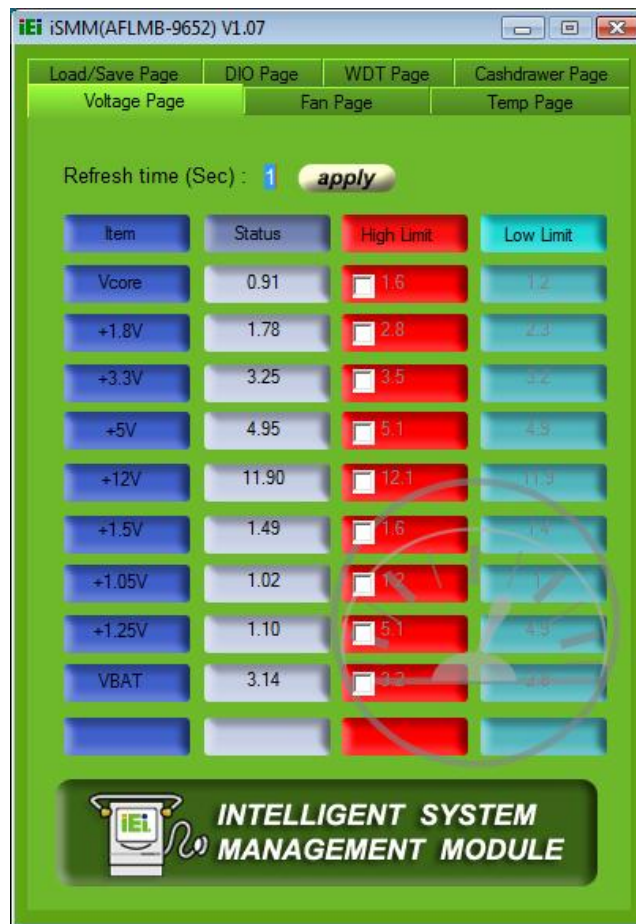


Figure 8-4: Voltage Page

### 8.3.1 Refresh Time Setting

The iSMM refreshes the voltage values according to the refresh time period set by the user. Follow the steps below to set the refresh time:

**Step 1:** Click on the Voltage Page tab.

**Step 2:** Entering a value beside the **Refresh time (Sec)** (Figure 8-5).

**Step 3:** Click **apply** (Figure 8-5).



Figure 8-5: Voltage Refresh Time Setting

### 8.3.2 High Limit Value and Low Limit Value Setting

The high limit value and low limit value of each voltage can be set by the user. When the voltage is greater than the high limit value or less than the low limit value, the voltage value shows in red. For example, the VBAT voltage (3.22V) shows in red in **Figure 8-4** since the current VBAT voltage is greater than the high limit value (3.2V).

To set the high limit value or low limit value, follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Double click a high limit value or a low limit value to enter the new value (Figure 8-6).

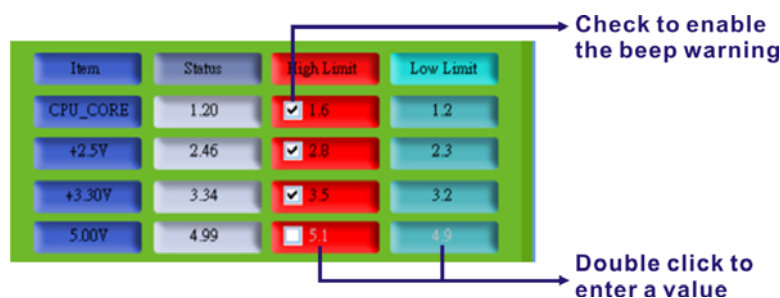


Figure 8-6: Voltage Page – High Limit and Low Limit

**Step 2:** Check the high or low limit value to have the system use the beep warning when the specified system voltage is greater or smaller than the high limit or low limit (Figure 8-6). (Make sure to enable beep/audio alarm on the Load/Save Page. Refer to **Section 8.8**)

## 8.4 Fan Page

The IEI iSMM application monitors and shows the fan speeds on the Fan Page (Figure 8-7). The following sections describe the Fan Page in details.

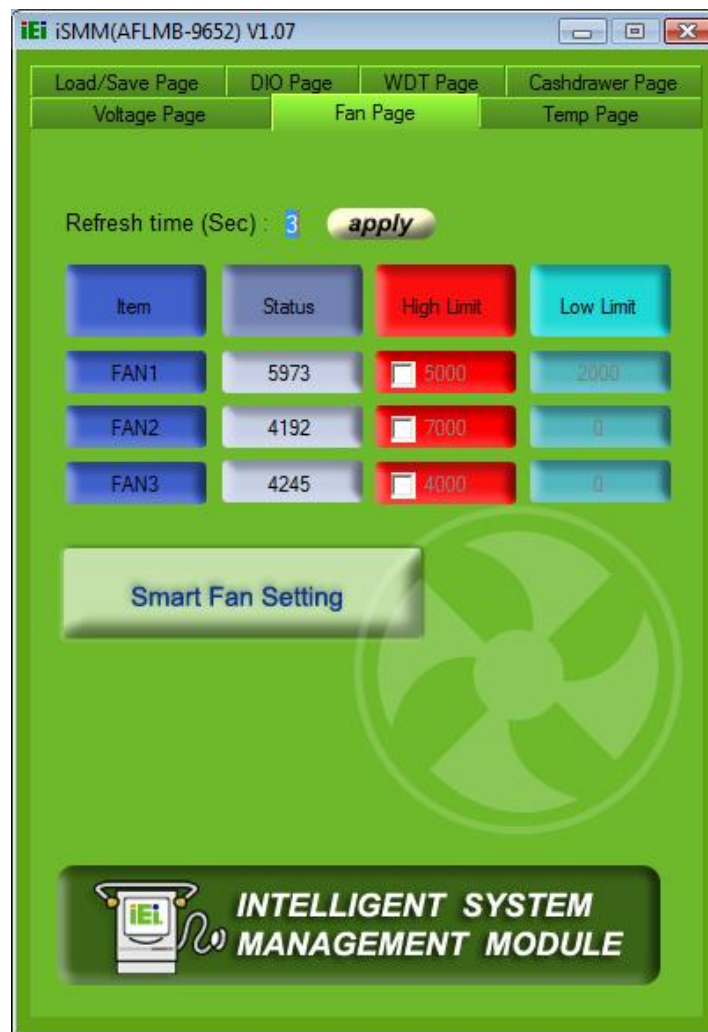


Figure 8-7: Fan Page

### 8.4.1 Refresh Time Setting

The iSMM refreshes the fan speed values according to the refresh time period set by the user. Follow the steps below to set the refresh time:

**Step 1:** Click on the Fan Page tab.

**Step 2:** Entering a value beside the **Refresh time (Sec)** (Figure 8-8).

**Step 3:** Click **apply** (Figure 8-8).



Figure 8-8: Fan Speed Refresh Time Setting

### 8.4.2 High Limit Value and Low Limit Value Setting

The high limit value and low limit value of each fan speed can be set by the user. When the fan speed is greater than the high limit value or less than the low limit value, the fan speed value shows in red. For example, the CPU fan speed (1920) shows in red in **Figure 8-7** since the current CPU speed is lower than the low limit value (2000).

To set the high limit value or low limit value, follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Double click a high limit value or a low limit value to enter the new value (**Figure 8-9**).

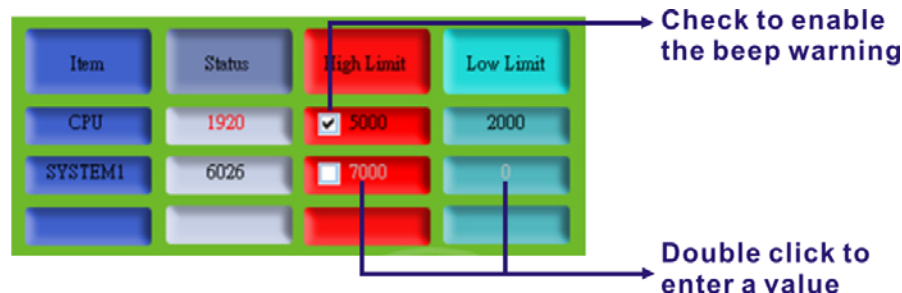


Figure 8-9: Fan Page – High Limit and Low Limit

**Step 2:** Check the high or low limit value to have the system use the beep warning when the specified fan speed is greater or smaller than the high limit or low limit (Figure 8-9). (Make sure to enable beep/audio alarm on the Load/Save Page. Refer to Section 8.8)

### 8.4.3 Smart Fan Setting

The Smart Fan Setting page is for advanced fan setting. The user can enable or disable the specific fan. When the fan is enabled, the user can control the fan in three different modes (On/Off Mode, PWM Mode and Automatic Mode).

#### 8.4.3.1 On/Off Mode

In the On/Off Mode, choose **Off** or **On** to turn off or turn on the fan. Click **apply** or **ok** when finish.

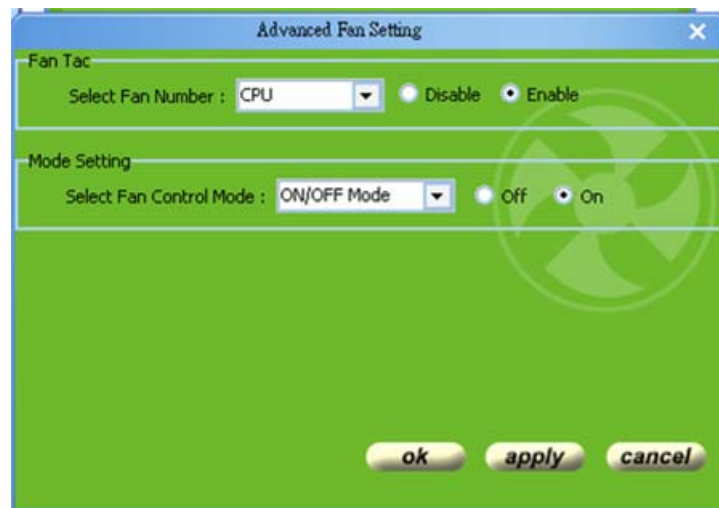


Figure 8-10: Smart Fan Setting – On/Off Mode

#### 8.4.3.2 PWM Mode

In the PWM Mode, the user can set the PWM value from 0 to 127 by entering a value (Figure 8-11). To set the value, double click the number and enter a new value. Click **apply** or **ok** when finish.





Figure 8-11: Smart Fan Setting – PWM Mode

#### 8.4.3.3 Automatic Mode

In the Automatic Mode, the user can set the temperature that decides the fan activity. The following value can be set (**Figure 8-12**):

- Fan Start (°C): the fan starts when the temperature reaches the set value
- Fan Off (°C): the fan turns off when the temperature reaches the set value
- Full Speed (°C): the fan runs at full speed when the temperature reaches the set value
- Start PWM Value (0~127): the initial PWM value when the fan starts
- Slope (PWM Value (add/°C)): the PWM value added per degree Celsius (°C) of temperature increase when the fan start running

To set the value, double click the number and enter a new value. Click **apply** or **ok** when finish.

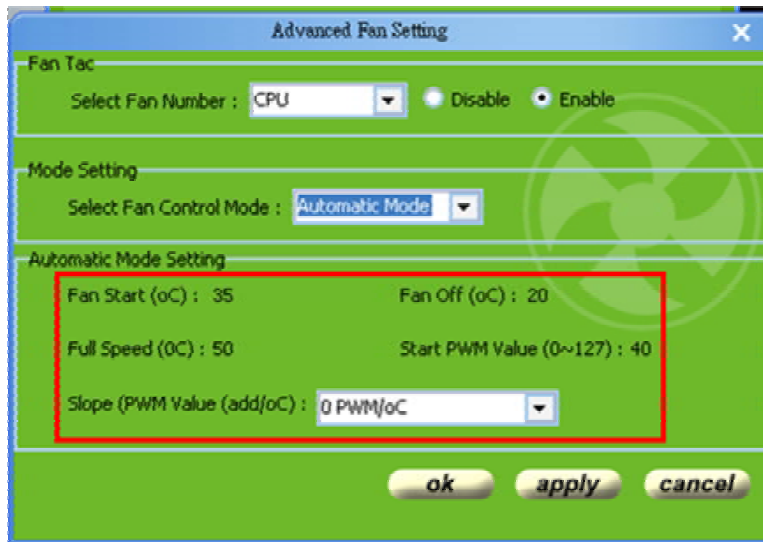


Figure 8-12: Smart Fan Setting – Automatic Mode

## 8.5 Temperature Page

The IEI iSMM application monitors the current CPU temperature and system temperature and shows the temperature on the Temperature Page (**Figure 8-13**). The following sections describe the Temperature Page in details.



Figure 8-13: Temperature Page

### 8.5.1 Refresh Time Setting

The iSMM refreshes the CPU and system temperature according to the refresh time period set by the user. Follow the steps below to set the refresh time:

- Step 1:** Click on the Temperature Page tab.
- Step 2:** Entering a value beside the **Refresh time (Sec)** (Figure 8-14).
- Step 3:** Click apply (Figure 8-14).

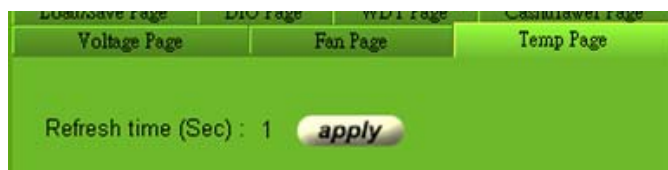


Figure 8-14: Temperature Refresh Time Setting

## 8.5.2 High Limit Value and Low Limit Value Setting

The high limit value and low limit value of each temperature can be set by the user. When the temperature is greater than the high limit value or less than the low limit value, the temperature value shows in red. For example, the SYSTEM1 temperature (48) shows in red in **Figure 8-13** since the current system temperature is greater than the high limit value (40). The temperature scale can be changed from Celsius scale (°C) to Fahrenheit scale (°F).

To set the high limit value or low limit value, follow the steps below.

**Step 1:** Double click a high limit value or a low limit value to enter the new value (Figure 8-15).

Item	Status	High Limit	Low Limit
CPU	29.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 30	10
SYSTEM1	48.00	<input type="checkbox"/> 40	10
SYSTEM2	35.00	<input type="checkbox"/> 50	10

Check to enable the beep warning

Double click to enter a value

**Figure 8-15: Temperature Page – High Limit and Low Limit**

**Step 2:** Check the high or low limit value to have the system use the beep warning when the specified temperature is greater or lower than the high limit or low limit (Figure 8-15). (Make sure to enable beep/audio alarm on the Load/Save Page. Refer to **Section 8.8**). (Make sure to enable beep/audio alarm on the Load/Save Page.)

## 8.6 Cash Drawer Page

The Cashdrawer Page of the IEI iSMM application allows users to view and control the cash drawers connected to the IMBA-Q454-R10. **Figure 8-17** shows an example of the status of the cash drawers:

- No. 1 cash drawer: open
- No. 2 cash drawer: closed

The user can change the status of the cash drawer by clicking the image.

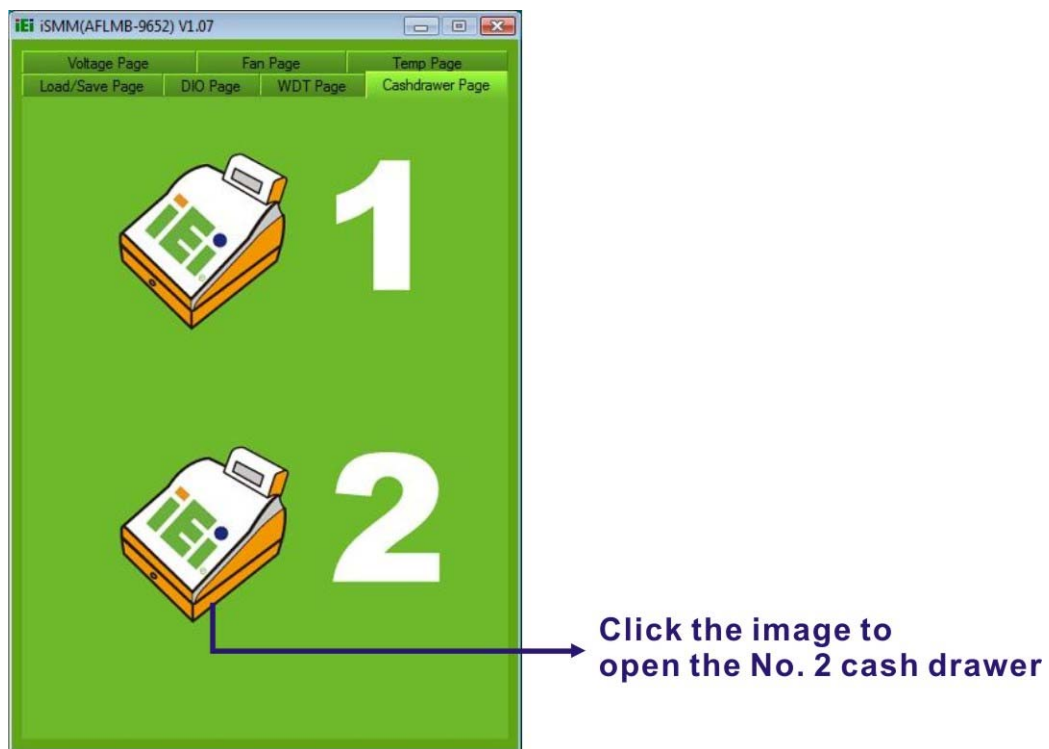


Figure 8-16: Cash Drawer Page

## 8.7 Watchdog Timer Page

The IEI iSMM application allows users to set watchdog timer on the WDT Page (Figure 8-17).

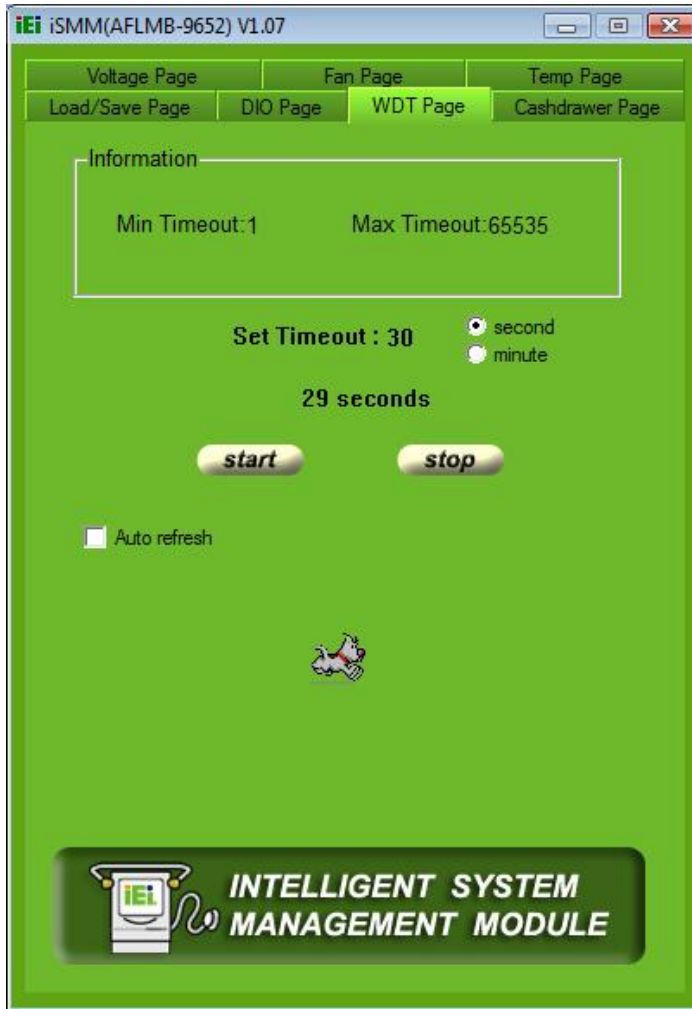


Figure 8-17: WDT Page

Set Timeout	Set the watchdog timer value. The value is a period of time that the system will shut down if the timer is not reset in that period of time.
Start	Click to start the watchdog timer
stop	Click to stop the watchdog timer
Auto refresh	The watchdog timer auto resets before timeout.

## 8.8 DIO Page

The IEI iSMM application monitors the current voltage of the digital input and digital output and shows the information on the DIO Page (**Figure 8-18**). The digital output information can be set and written to an internal register to control the state driven on the output pin.





**Figure 8-18: DIO Page**

### 8.8.1 GPO Information Setting

Follow the steps below to set the GPO.

**Step 1:** Click the DIO Page.

**Step 2:** Click the icon in the GPO Information section to change the output pin state.

( : voltage pull high) ( : voltage pull low)

**Step 3:** Click **Write** to write to an internal register to control the state after finish setting the output pin.

## 8.9 Load/Save Page

The IEI iSMM application allows the user to save the settings of all the high limit/low limit values and smart fan setting as an \*.ini file. Thus, the user can load the setting easily to the iSMM if necessary. The saving and loading action is done from the Load/Save Page of the iSMM (**Figure 8-19**). This page can also enable the beep/audio alarm.

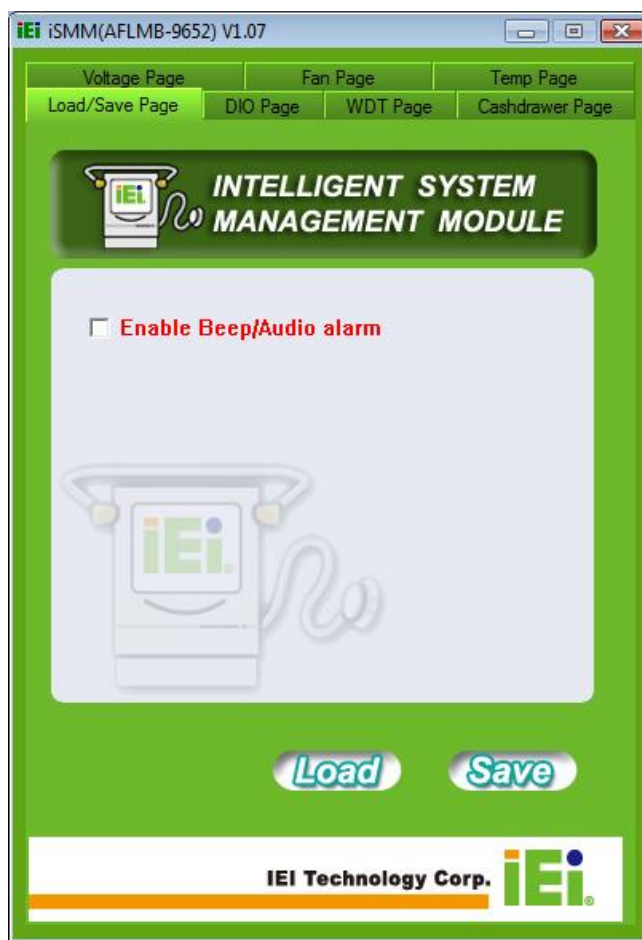


Figure 8-19: Load/Save Page



Appendix

A

# BIOS Options

---

Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

<b>System Overview .....</b>	<b>93</b>
<b>System Time [hh:mm:ss] .....</b>	<b>94</b>
<b>System Date [DAY dd/mm/yyyy] .....</b>	<b>94</b>
<b>SATA#n Configuration [Enhanced].....</b>	<b>97</b>
<b>Configure SATA#n as [IDE].....</b>	<b>97</b>
<b>IDE Master and IDE Slave.....</b>	<b>98</b>
<b>Auto-Detected Drive Parameters.....</b>	<b>99</b>
<b>Type [Auto] .....</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>LBA/Large Mode [Auto].....</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Block (Multi Sector Transfer) [Auto] .....</b>	<b>101</b>
<b>PIO Mode [Auto].....</b>	<b>101</b>
<b>DMA Mode [Auto].....</b>	<b>101</b>
<b>S.M.A.R.T [Auto].....</b>	<b>103</b>
<b>32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled].....</b>	<b>103</b>
<b>Floppy A.....</b>	<b>104</b>
<b>Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4] .....</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Serial Port1 Mode [Normal].....</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Serial Port2 Address [2F8/IRQ3] .....</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Serial Port2 Mode [Normal].....</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Parallel Address [378] .....</b>	<b>106</b>
<b>Parallel Port Mode [Normal].....</b>	<b>106</b>
<b>Parallel Port IRQ [IRQ7].....</b>	<b>107</b>
<b>FAN Mode Setting [Full On Mode].....</b>	<b>108</b>
<b>CPU Temp. Limit of OFF [000] .....</b>	<b>109</b>
<b>CPU Temp. Limit of Start [020] .....</b>	<b>110</b>
<b>CPU Fan Start PWM [070].....</b>	<b>110</b>
<b>Slope PWM 1 [1 PWM] .....</b>	<b>110</b>
<b>Hardware Health Monitoring .....</b>	<b>111</b>
<b>AHCI Port n [Not Detected] .....</b>	<b>112</b>
<b>SATA Port n [Auto] .....</b>	<b>113</b>
<b>S.M.A.R.T [Enabled].....</b>	<b>113</b>
<b>Intel AMT Support (Disabled).....</b>	<b>114</b>
<b>BootBlock HECI Message [Enabled].....</b>	<b>115</b>

HECI Message [Enabled].....	115
End of Post S5 HECI Message [Enabled] .....	116
ME-HECI [Enabled] .....	116
ME-IDER [Enabled] .....	116
ME-KT [Enabled] .....	116
Remote Access [Disabled].....	117
Serial Port Number [COM1].....	118
Base Address, IRQ [3F8h,4].....	118
Serial Port Mode [115200 8,n,1].....	118
Redirection After BIOS POST [Always] .....	119
Terminal Type [ANSI].....	119
TCG/TPM Support [No].....	120
USB Functions [Enabled].....	121
Legacy USB Support [Enabled].....	121
USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled].....	122
USB2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed].....	122
IRQ# [Available].....	123
DMA Channel# [Available] .....	124
Reserved Memory Size [Disabled] .....	124
Quick Boot [Enabled] .....	126
Quiet Boot [Disabled] .....	126
AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS] .....	126
Bootup Num-Lock [Off] .....	126
GbE LAN Boot (82566) [Disabled] .....	127
Boot From LAN Support (82573L) [Disabled] .....	127
Change Supervisor Password.....	132
Change User Password.....	132
Memory Remap Feature [Enabled].....	133
Memory Hole [Disabled].....	133
Initiate Graphic Adapter .....	134
IGD Graphics Mode Select [Enabled, 32 MB].....	134
PEG Port [Enabled].....	134
HDA Controller [Disabled].....	135
ASF Support [Enabled].....	135
I82574L LAN Boot [Disabled].....	136

<b>GbE LAN Support (I82567LM) [Disabled]</b> .....	<b>136</b>
<b>Suspend Mode [S1 (POS)]</b> .....	<b>136</b>
<b>Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]</b> .....	<b>136</b>
<b>Resume on Keyboard/Mouse [Disabled]</b> .....	<b>137</b>
<b>PCIE Ports Configuration [Enabled]</b> .....	<b>137</b>
<b>Save Changes and Exit</b> .....	<b>138</b>
<b>Discard Changes and Exit</b> .....	<b>138</b>
<b>Discard Changes</b> .....	<b>138</b>
<b>Load Optimal Defaults</b> .....	<b>138</b>
<b>Load Failsafe Defaults</b> .....	<b>139</b>

Appendix

**B**

# Terminology

---

<b>AC '97</b>	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel® in 1997.
<b>ACPI</b>	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
<b>AHCI</b>	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
<b>ATA</b>	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
<b>ARMD</b>	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
<b>ASKIR</b>	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude (“volume”) of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
<b>BIOS</b>	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
<b>CODEC</b>	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
<b>CompactFlash®</b>	CompactFlash® is a solid-state storage device. CompactFlash® devices use flash memory in a standard size enclosure. Type II is thicker than Type I, but a Type II slot can support both types.
<b>CMOS</b>	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
<b>COM</b>	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
<b>DAC</b>	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
<b>DDR</b>	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.

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<b>DMA</b>	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.
<b>DIMM</b>	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
<b>DIO</b>	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
<b>EHCI</b>	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
<b>EIDE</b>	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
<b>EIST</b>	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
<b>FSB</b>	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
<b>GbE</b>	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
<b>GPIO</b>	General purpose input
<b>HDD</b>	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
<b>ICH</b>	The Input/Output Control Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
<b>IrDA</b>	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
<b>L1 Cache</b>	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
<b>L2 Cache</b>	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.

<b>LCD</b>	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.
<b>LVDS</b>	Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.
<b>POST</b>	The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.
<b>RAM</b>	Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.
<b>SATA</b>	Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.
<b>S.M.A.R.T</b>	Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.
<b>UART</b>	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.
<b>UHCI</b>	The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.
<b>USB</b>	The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.
<b>VGA</b>	The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.



Appendix

C

# Digital I/O Interface

---

## C.1 Introduction

The DIO connector on the IMBA-Q454-R10 is interfaced to GPIO ports on the Super I/O chipset. The DIO has both 4-bit digital inputs and 4-bit digital outputs. The digital inputs and digital outputs are generally control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.



### NOTE:

For further information, please refer to the datasheet for the Super I/O chipset.

## C.2 DIO Connector Pinouts

The following table describes how the DIO connector pins are connected to the Super I/O GPIO port 1.

Pin	Description	Super I/O Pin	Super I/O Pin Description
1	Ground	N/A	N/A
2	VCC	N/A	N/A
3	Output 3	GP27	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 7.
4	Output 2	GP26	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 6.
5	Output 1	GP25	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 5.
6	Output 0	GP24	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 4.
7	Input 3	GP23	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 3.
8	Input 2	GP22	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 2
9	Input 1	GP21	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 1
10	Input 0	GP20	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 0

**Table C-1: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts**

## **C.3 Assembly Language Samples**

### **C.3.1 Enable the DIO Input Function**

The BIOS interrupt call INT 15H controls the digital I/O. An assembly program to enable digital I/O input functions is listed below.

<b>MOV</b>	<b>AX, 6F08H</b>	Sets the digital port as input
<b>INT</b>	<b>15H</b>	Initiates the INT 15H BIOS call

### **C.3.2 Enable the DIO Output Function**

The BIOS interrupt call INT 15H controls the digital I/O. An assembly program to enable digital I/O output functions is listed below.

<b>MOV</b>	<b>AX, 6F09H</b>	Sets the digital port as output
<b>MOV</b>	<b>BL, 09H</b>	
<b>INT</b>	<b>15H</b>	Initiates the INT 15H BIOS call



Appendix

D

# Watchdog Timer

---



**NOTE:**

The following discussion applies to DOS environment. IEI support is contacted or the IEI website visited for specific drivers for more sophisticated operating systems, e.g., Windows and Linux.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

<b>AH – 6FH Sub-function:</b>	
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).

**Table D-1: AH-6FH Sub-function**

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.



**NOTE:**

When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer, otherwise the system resets.

**EXAMPLE PROGRAM:**

**; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER**

;

**W\_LOOP:**

;

```

MOV      AX, 6F02H      ;setting the time-out value
MOV      BL, 30         ;time-out value is 48 seconds
INT      15H

```

;

**; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE**

;

```

CMP      EXIT_AP, 1     ;is the application over?
JNE      W_LOOP         ;No, restart the application

MOV      AX, 6F02H      ;disable Watchdog Timer
MOV      BL, 0          ;
INT      15H

```

;

**; EXIT ;**

Appendix

**E**

# Compatibility

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**NOTE:**

The compatible items described here have been tested by the IEI R&D team and found to be compatible with the IMBA-Q454-R10

## E.1 Compatible Operating Systems

The following operating systems have been successfully run on the IMBA-Q454-R10.

- Microsoft Windows Vista
- Microsoft Windows XP (32-bit)
- Microsoft Windows 2000
- Fedora 9.0

## E.2 Compatible Processors

The following Intel® Socket LGA775 processors have been successfully tested on the IMBA-Q454-R10

<b>CPU</b>	<b>FSB</b>	<b>Frequency</b>	
Intel® Core 2 Duo E2140	800 MHz	1.6 GHz	65 nm
Intel® Core 2 Duo E2180	800 MHz	2 GHz	65 nm
Intel® Core 2 Duo E6700	1066 MHz	2.13 GHz	65 nm
Intel® Core 2 Duo E8500(ES)	1333 MHz	3.16 GHz	45 nm
Intel® Core 2 Quad Q9300(ES)	1333 MHz	2.5 GHz	45 nm

**Table E-1: Compatible Processors**



## E.3 Compatible Memory Modules



**NOTE:**

The memory modules listed below have been tested on the IMBA-Q454-R10 other memory modules that comply with the specifications may also work on the IMBA-Q454-R10 but have not been tested.

The following memory modules have been successfully tested on the IMBA-Q454-R10.

Manufacturer	Model	Capacity	Speed	Type
ADATA	512 MB DDRII 667MHz	512 MB	667 MHz	DDR2
Apacer	512 MB DDRII 667MHz	512 MB	667 MHz	DDR2
DSL	512 MB DDRII 800MHz	512 MB	800 MHz	DDR2
Kingbox	512 MB DDRII 800MHz	512 MB	800 MHz	DDR2
Kingston	1 GB DDRII 800MHz	1 GB	800 MHz	DDR2
Kingston	512 MB DDRII 800MHz	512 MB	800 MHz	DDR2
NEXS	1 GB DDRII 800MHz	1 GB	800 MHz	DDR2
Transcend	512 MB DDRII 800MHz	512 MB	800 MHz	DDR2
Transcend	1 GB DDRII 800MHz	1 GB	800 MHz	DDR2
Transcend	512 MB DDRII 667MHz	512 MB	667 MHz	DDR2
UMAX	512 MB DDRII 800MHz	512 MB	800 MHz	DDR2
UNIGEN	512 MB DDRII 667MHz	512 MB	667 MHz	DDR2

**Table E-2: Compatible Memory Modules**



Appendix

F

# Hazardous Materials Disclosure

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## **F.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury**

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated “Environmentally Friendly Use Period” (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would “not leak out or undergo abrupt change.” This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
<b>Housing</b>	X	O	O	O	O	X
<b>Display</b>	X	O	O	O	O	X
<b>Printed Circuit Board</b>	X	O	O	O	O	X
<b>Metal Fasteners</b>	X	O	O	O	O	O
<b>Cable Assembly</b>	X	O	O	O	O	X
<b>Fan Assembly</b>	X	O	O	O	O	X
<b>Power Supply Assemblies</b>	X	O	O	O	O	X
<b>Battery</b>	O	O	O	O	O	O

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

## IMBA-Q454-R10 User Manual

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有“环境友好使用期限”的标签，此期限是估算这些物质“不会有泄漏或突变”的年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件，像是电池或灯管，这些元件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (CR(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯 醚 (PBDE)
壳体	X	O	O	O	O	X
显示	X	O	O	O	O	X
印刷电路板	X	O	O	O	O	X
金属螺帽	X	O	O	O	O	O
电缆组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
风扇组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电力供应组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电池	O	O	O	O	O	O

O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。  
X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。